Beyond Constants: Mastering Python Enums

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Bio

What This Talk Is About

Two development stories ...

- The hdate library (with real examples)
- 💻 An internal Intel library (with all the secret sauce taken out 😌)

about ...

- How Enums improved our code (with some cool tricks)
- The late night debugging of our own stupidity

Part I - The story of the hdate library

Or "Why should I use Enums? "

This month shall mark for you the beginning of the months (Exodus 12:2)

The hdate library started off as a Python port of some C-code back in April 2016.

```
>>> from datetime import date
>>> today = HDate(date(2016, 4, 26))
>>> today.get_hebrew_date()
(10, 1, 5776)
```

Using numbers is not very user friendly to the user

```
>>> str(today)
"Monday 10 Nissan 5776"
```

But what about the programmer?

Guess what the following does?

```
if date.month == 13:
    month = 12
if date.month == 14:
    month = 12
    day += 30
```

Even better: debugging test code 😈



A snippet from our tests codebase from 6 years ago

```
@pytest.mark.parametrize(("date", "holiday"), [
    ((21, 1), "pesach_vii"),
    ((6, 3), "shavuot"),
    ((25, 9), "chanukah"),
def test_holidays(date, holiday):
    . . .
```

Not really friendly when debugging. 😩

Hey, we should use enums



A month is literally an enumerated type

```
class Months(Enum):
    TISHREI = auto()
    CHESHVAN = auto()
    KISLEV = auto()
    TEVET = auto()
```

Available since Python 3.4 (That's more than 10 years ago (3)

Incrementing dates

Our goal:

```
HebrewDate(5785, Months.AV, 7) + timedelta(days=35)
```

A simplified ___add__ method

```
1. def __add__(self, other: timedelta):
       _year, _month, _day = self.year, self.month, self.day
2.
3.
    days_remaining = other.days
4.
       while days_remaining > 0:
5.
6.
           days_left_in_month = get_month_length(_month, _year) - ...
7.
8.
           if days_remaining > days_left_in_month:
9.
               _month = get_next_month(_month, _year)
.0.
                . . .
.1.
       return HebrewDate(_year, _month, _day)
.2.
```

Enums are classes (and can have methods)

```
1. class Months(Enum):
2.
3.
       def next_month(self, year) -> Months:
            """Return the next month."""
4.
           if self == Months.ELUL:
5.
6.
               return Months.TISHREI
7.
           if self in {Months.ADAR, Months.ADAR_II}:
8.
               return Months.NTSAN
9.
           if is_leap_year(year) and self == Months.SHVAT:
.0.
                return Months.ADAR I
.1.
           return Months(self._value_ + 1)
```

... and even attributes

```
1. class Months(Enum):
2. TISHREI = 1, 30
3. TEVET = 4, 29
4.
5. def __new__(cls, value, length):
         obj = object.__new__(cls, value)
6.
         obj._value_ = value
7.
         obj._length = length
8.
         return obj
9.
.0.
.1. # Usage
.2. print(Months.TISHREI._length) # 30
.3. print(Months.TEVET.value)
                           # 4
```

... which can be dynamic 🧎

```
1. class Months(Enum):
       MARCHESHVAN = 2, lambda year: 30 if long_cheshvan(year) else 29
2.
       KISLEV = 3, lambda year: 30 if not short_kislev(year) else 29
3.
4.
5.
       def length(self, year = None):
           """Return the number of days in this month."""
6.
7.
           if callable(self._length):
8.
               return self._length(year)
          return self._length
9.
```

Part II - Creating Enums dynamically

The (simplified) Intel story: A YAML config with product-specific settings

```
    name: "feature_a"
    products: ["process_y"]
    name: "feature_b"
    products: ["process_x"]
    name: "debug_mode" # No products -> ALL
```

Problem 👺

- **Z** Large changes when the manufacturing process changes
- Typos in YAML cause silent failures (Non-existent process_z)

Solution /

Create a project configuration ...

```
products:
   - SERVER: process_x
   - CLIENT: process_y
```

... mapped at runtime to an Enum:

```
with open("config.yaml") as f:
    project_config = yaml.safe_load(f)

mapping = project_config["products"]
ProcessConfig = StrEnum("ProcessConfig", mapping)
```

A more streamlined approach

- Automatic validation of process names
- No need to change YAML configuration in multiple locations

```
Bonus: type-safety throughout our code

@dataclass
class Features:
    processes: list[ProcessConfig]
```

The pitfalls of using enums

Or "How we learned not to do stupid stuff the hard way 🙎 "



Example #1: Setting the language

```
>>> today = HebrewDate(5785, Months.ELUL, 7)
>>> today.set_language("he")
>>> str(today)
'ז אלול תשפ"ה'
>>> tomorrow = HebrewDate(5785, Months.ELUL, 8)
>>> assert tomorrow - today == timdelta(days=1)
True
>>> str(today)
"תשפ"ה Elul ה' # WAIT... Why did the month change to English??
```

OOPS!

Enums are singletons 🔐



Example #2: Test pollution

Sometimes we want "different" Adar's to be considered the same.

```
def test_set_comparison_mode():
    Months.ADAR.set_comparison_mode(ComparisonMode.ADAR_IS_ADAR_I)
    assert Months.ADAR == Months.ADAR_I

def test_compare():
    assert HebrewDate(5785, Months.ADAR_I, 4) \
    != HebrewDate(5785, Months.ADAR, 4)
```

When to Use Enum attributes

DO use attributes:

- Behavior belongs to enum member
- Data is constant and well-defined

Examples:

Pre-defined values (length, position)

X DON'T use attributes:

- Attribute state will be modified during runtime
- Behavior dependent on context

Examples:

Storing preferences

When to Use Dynamic Enums

Perfect for:

- Config that varies between runs
- External data sources

Examples:

- Product SKUs from files
- API endpoints (dev/staging/prod)

X Not suitable for:

Values changing during execution

Examples:

Runtime feature toggles that can be switched

"Simple is better than complex. Complex is better than complicated."

— The Zen of Python (PEP20)

Enums should make your code more readable, not less!

Resources

- Python Enum Documentation: https://docs.python.org/3/library/enum.html
- PEP 435 -- Adding an Enum type to the Python standard library: https://peps.python.org/pep-0435/
- hdate library: https://github.com/py-libhdate/py-libhdate

Thank you

