



STM32G4 Technique Training

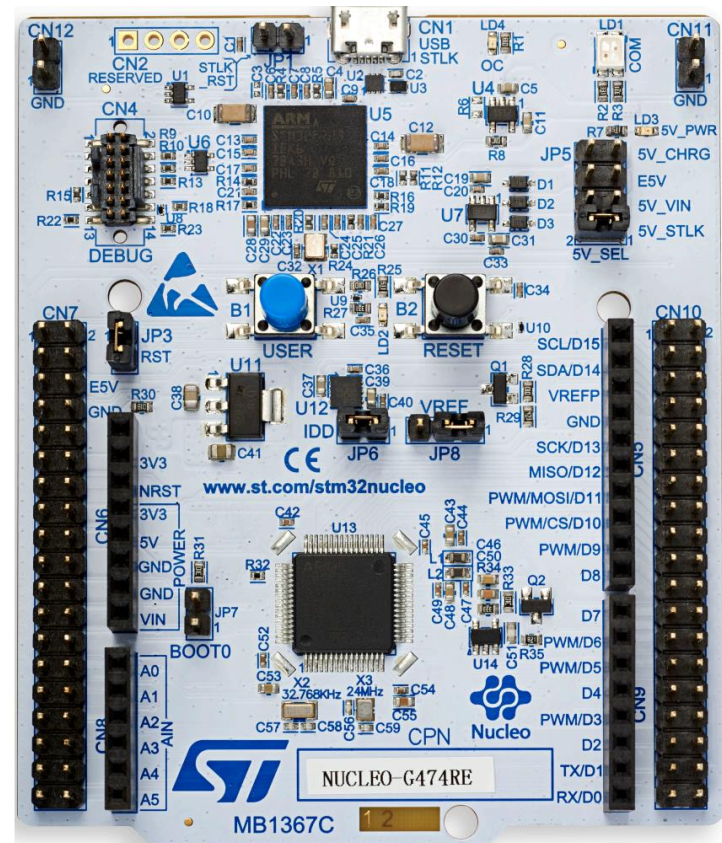


STM32G4 hands-on LAB3

STM32G4 hands-on

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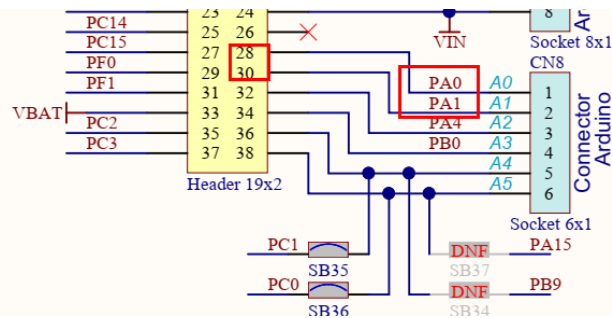
- Objective
 - ADC HW Oversampling
 - Enable DMA feature : get ADC result then transfer into user buffer
- Step 1
 - Create a project in STM32CubeIDE
 - Configure ADC1 input ch1 and ch2 + HW Oversampling
 - Generate initialization code
- Step 2
 - Configure DMA Channel
 - Generate initialization code
 - Add the user code
 - Compile again and run



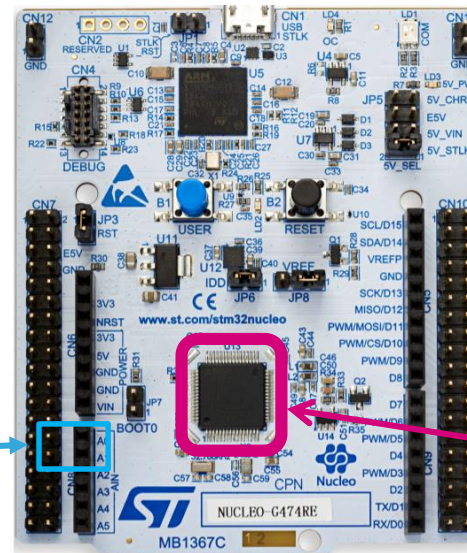


LAB2 ADC HW Oversampling + DMA

- MCU – STM32G474RET6



ADC1_IN0 and ADC1_IN1



STM32G4 MCU

- ARM Cortex-M4 core 170MHz
- 512KBytes of Flash
- 128 KB of RAM

Regenerating the initialization code

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- Selector ADC1 for use

- Configure ADC1 inupt ch1 and ch2 with Single-ended mode.
- Set 2ch of Conversion.
- Enabled Scan Conversion Mode.
- Set Low-power modes (AUTDLY).
- Enable Continuous Conversion Mode

The screenshot displays the STM32CubeMX Pinout & Configuration window. The left sidebar shows the 'System Core' tree with 'ADC1' selected. The main area is titled 'ADC1 Mode and Configuration'. Under the 'Mode' section, 'IN1 IN1 Single-ended' and 'IN2 IN2 Single-ended' are selected. The 'Configuration' section is expanded, showing a table of parameters. The 'Parameter Settings' tab is active. The table lists various ADC settings, with several key parameters highlighted by red boxes and numbered yellow circles:

Parameter	Value	Annotation
IN1	IN1 Single-ended	
IN2	IN2 Single-ended	
Scan Conversion Mode	Enabled	3
End Of Conversion Selection	End of single conversion	
Low Power Auto Wait	Enabled	4
Continuous Conversion Mode	Enabled	5
Discontinuous Conversion Mode	Disabled	
DMA Continuous Requests	Enabled	
Overrun behaviour	Overrun data preserved	
ADC_Regular_ConversionMode		
Enable Regular Conversions	Enable	
Enable Regular Oversampling	Enable	
Oversampling Right Shift	4 bit shift for oversampling	
Oversampling Ratio	Oversampling ratio 256x	
Regular Oversampling Mode	Oversampling Resumed Mode	
Triggered Regular Oversampling	Single trigger for all oversampled conversions	
Number Of Conversion	2	2

Regenerating the initialization code

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- ADC_Regular_Conversion Mode

- Enable Regular Oversampling.
- 4 bit shift for oversampling.
- Oversampling ratio 256x.
- Rank1 for ch1 6.5 Cycles Sampling Time.
- Rank2 for ch2 6.5 Cycles Sampling Time.

✓ NVIC Settings		✓ DMA Settings		✓ GPIO Settings	
✓ Parameter Settings				✓ User Constants	
Configure the below parameters :					
<input type="text" value="Search (Ctrl+F)"/> ⏪ ⏩ ⓘ					
✓ ADC_Regular_ConversionMode					
Enable Regular Conversions	Enable				
Enable Regular Oversampling	Enable	1			
Oversampling Right Shift	4 bit shift for oversampling	2			
Oversampling Ratio	Oversampling ratio 256x	3			
Regular Oversampling Mode	Oversampling Continued Mode				
Triggered Regular Oversampling	Single trigger for all oversampled conversio...				
Number Of Conversion	2				
External Trigger Conversion Sour...	Regular Conversion launched by software				
External Trigger Conversion Edge	None				
✓ Rank	1	4			
Channel	Channel 1				
Sampling Time	6.5 Cycles	5			
Offset Number	No offset				
✓ Rank	2	6			
Channel	Channel 2				
Sampling Time	6.5 Cycles	7			
Offset Number	No offset				
✓ ADC_Injected_ConversionMode					
Enable Injected Conversions	Disable				

Regenerating the initialization code

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- DMA Settings

- Selector DMA Request of ADC1.
- Word of Transfer Data Width.
- DMA in circular mode to handle a continuous analog input data stream.

- Enabled DMA Continuous Requests

- Go back Parameter Settings Tab to Setting

DMA Request	Channel	Direction	Priority
ADC1	DMA1 Channel 1	Peripheral To Memory	Low

Add Delete

DMA Request Settings

Mode: Circular

Increment Address: ☐

Data Width: Word

Configure the below parameters :

Search (Ctrl+F)

ADCs_Common_Settings

Mode: Independent mode

ADC_Settings

Clock Prescaler: Asynchronous clock mode divided by 1

Resolution: ADC 12-bit resolution

Data Alignment: Right alignment

Gain Compensation: 0

Scan Conversion Mode: Enabled

End Of Conversion Selection: End of single conversion

Low Power Auto Wait: Enabled

Continuous Conversion Mode: Enabled

Discontinuous Conversion Mode: Disabled

DMA Continuous Requests: Enabled

Overrun behaviour: Overrun data preserved

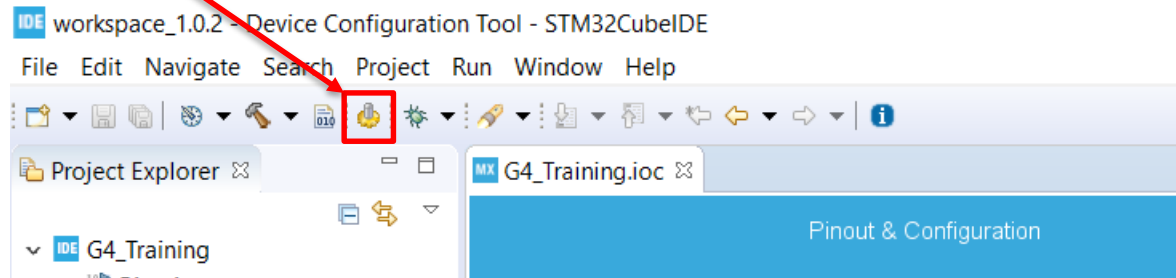
Generate Code

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- STM32CubeIDE

- Click “Code Generation” button to generate source code.

Code
Generation



Complete the new code

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- Add user buffer in application

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */  
__IO uint32_t aADCDualConvertedValue[2];  
/* USER CODE END 0 */
```

- Add application code in porjcet
 - Open main.c then add HAL_ADCEx_Calibration_Start() and HAL_ADC_Start_DMA()API in Infinite loop.
 - Each ADC provides an automatic calibration procedure
 - ADC generates a DMA transfer request each time a new conversion data is available in the data register

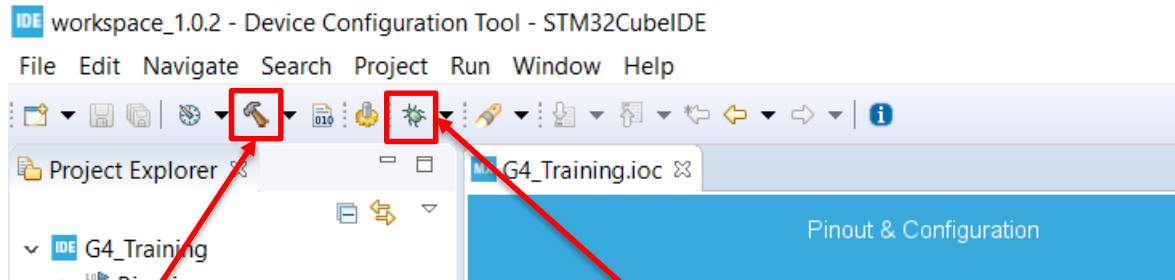
```
/* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */  
HAL_ADCEx_Calibration_Start(&hadc1, ADC_SINGLE_ENDED);  
HAL_ADC_Start_DMA(&hadc1, (uint32_t *)aADCDualConvertedValue,\n                  sizeof(aADCDualConvertedValue)/sizeof(uint32_t));  
/* USER CODE END 2 */
```

Build and Debug project

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- STM32CubeIDE

- Build the project by click “Make” and then “Download and Debug”.



Build
Project

Debug

- Add user buffer array in Live Expressions Field

<div> (x)= Variables Breakpoints Expressions Modules <div style="border: 2px solid red; padding: 2px;"> Live Expressions </div> SFRs </div>		
Expression	Type	Value
<div> <div> </div> aADCDualConvertedValue </div>	volatile uint32_t [2]	[2]
<div> (x)= aADCDualConvertedValue[0 </div>	volatile uint32_t	94
<div> (x)= aADCDualConvertedValue[1 </div>	volatile uint32_t	65520
<div> + Add new expression </div>		

Releasing Your Creativity

