Hitch Design

Motivation

Hitch is an app to allow users to easily find people to share rides simply by entering a pickup location, destination, and a date.

Purposes:

- Save money: Users can split the cost of an expensive ride
- Find reliable users to share rides: Allow users to find other people going to and from the same place to share rides
- Plan rides: Apps like Uber or Lyft allow users to share rides, but don't allow them to plan beforehand. We allow users to find others who are also looking for rides in advance.
- Meet new people: Users can meet other students from MIT that they may not know through planning rides together.
- Currently, people may ask their friends or email out to mailing lists asking if anyone would like to share rides. However, this is not a centralized way to plan and find rides.

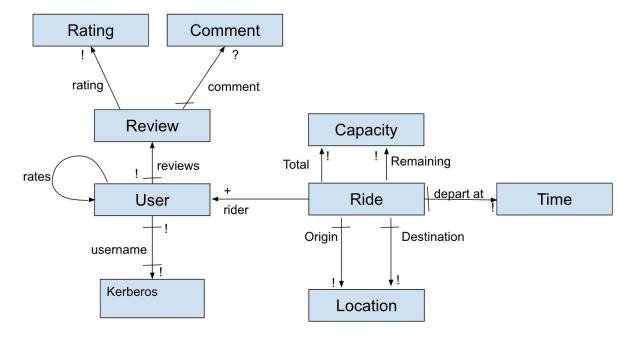
Concepts

- Ride
 - O Purpose: To save money, to plan rides in advance, and to meet new people
 - O Operational principle: A user can input their pickup and destination locations and departure time, and either join an existing ride or create a new one in order to find people going to and from the same place as you to share a ride with.

Review

- O Purpose: To find reliable users to carpool with
- O Operational principle: For quality assurance, after a user has participated in a ride, they will be prompted to leave reviews for users they have carpooled with, by assigning them a rating on a scale of 1 5 and an optional comment. These reviews are then viewable to other Hitch users.
- O Anticipated misfit: We cannot guarantee that users will join overlapping rides. We've decided that it is the user's responsibility to avoid this situation. If they do not, then the other users that they were supposed to share a ride with may give them a bad review for not showing up.

Data Model



Textual constraints:

- 1. A user can only review another user once after they share a ride together.
- 2. A ride is deleted if its users all leave.
- 3. A ride is closed either when it is at capacity or when the current time is past the departure time.
- 4. A user is automatically approved for a ride, but users can vote to remove a user (for example if he has low ratings).

Insights:

- 1. A user can leave a ride he has created.
- 2. A user can sign up for multiple rides at the same departure time .

Security Concerns

Security Policy (goals for what behavior we intend to support):

- Only MIT students can register for an account using MIT certificates.
- Users can only join rides with their own accounts
- Only users who have joined a ride can access the secret passphrase.
- Users can only rate other users once after each time they share a ride (if they are still part of a ride after the departure time)

Threat Model (assumptions about the capabilities of attackers):

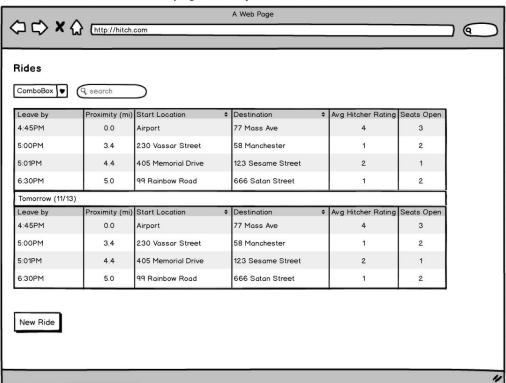
- There isn't much sensitive information on Hitch, so we don't have to worry as much about attackers.
- Users can construct requests (curl, Postman) to join or delete other users' rides

User Interface

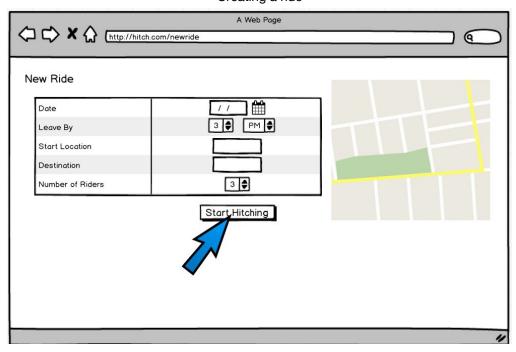
Error handling shown, for validation errors and anticipated failures

Wireframes

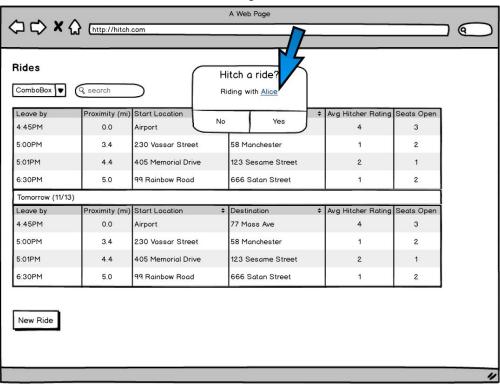
Home page where you can view all rides



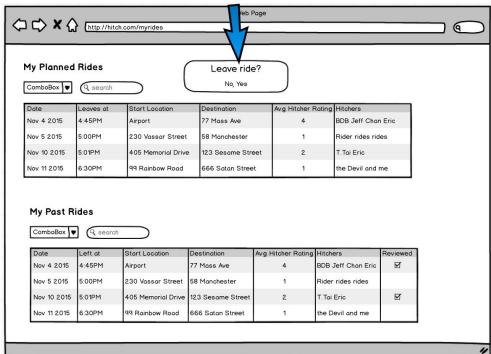
Creating a ride



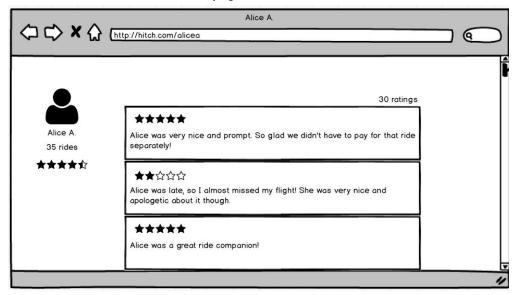
Hitching a ride



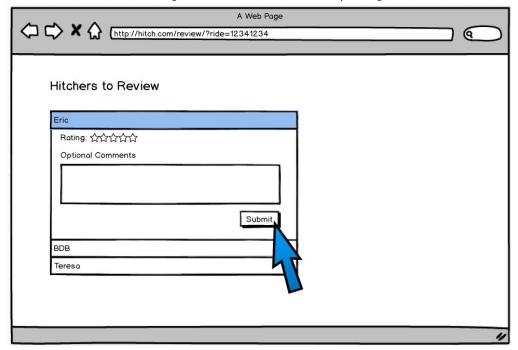
Leaving a ride



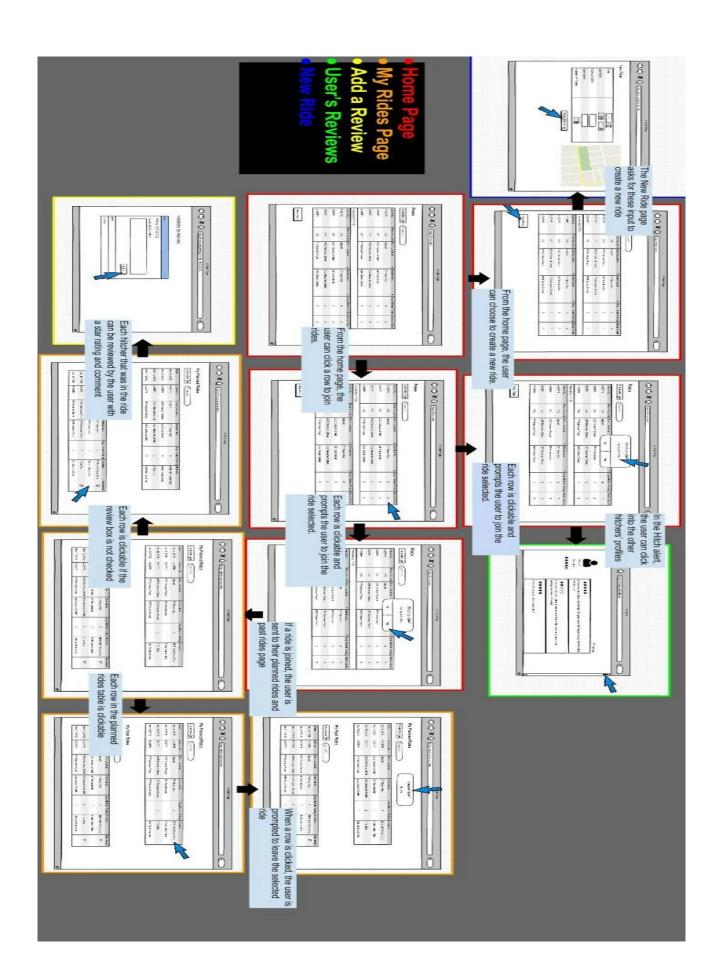
Review page for a user in a ride



Leaving a review for a user after carpooling

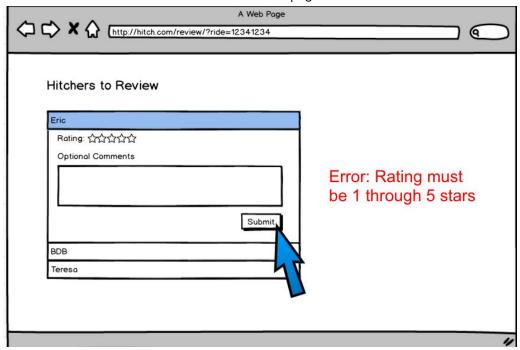


Transition Diagram

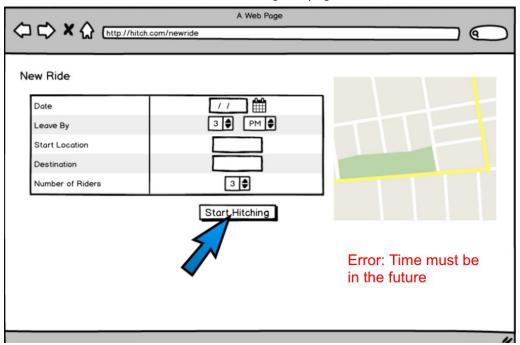


Error Handling

Error on review page



Error on creating ride page



Design Challenges

List of problems to resolve in concepts, data model or user interface For each problem: options available, evaluation, which chosen Data design choices and their justifications

- We could either have users who join a ride be approved by the creator. We decided that it would be more fair to allow users to vote if they think a user should leave a ride. Note that this removed the need for a "creator," who is now just a regular user.
- We decided pickup or destination locations or pickup time cannot be changed once the ride has been created, since that may affect other users on the same ride who are relying on those locations and time.
- When a user searches for a ride, we could either sort the results by departure time or by proximity to start location, but we felt that the default departure time sorting would make it easier for users to browse. They would have the option to sort by proximity if they wish.