## frivol

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# **Chapter 1**

# **Class Index**

## 1.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

frivol::Array< T >
Simple fixed-size array of elements of type T
frivol::DummyPriorityQueue< PriorityT >
Simple implementation of PriorityQueueConcept
frivol::DummySearchTree< ElementT >
Simple implementation of SearchTreeConcept (a wrapper around std::list)
frivol::Policy < CoordT, EventQueueT, BeachLineT >
$frivol:: Priority Queue Concept < X, Priority T > \dots \dots$
frivol::SearchTreeConcept < X, ElementT >

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## **Chapter 2**

## **Class Documentation**

## 2.1 frivol::Array < T > Class Template Reference

Simple fixed-size array of elements of type T.

```
#include <array.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Array (Idx size)
- Idx getSize () const

Returns the size of the array.

- void resize (ldx size)
- const T & operator[] (Idx index) const
- T & operator[] (Idx index)

### 2.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

2.1.1.1 template<typename T > frivol::Array< T >::Array ( ldx size )

Creates an array with all elements default-constructed.

## **Parameters**

size The size of the array.

## 2.1.2 Member Function Documentation

2.1.2.1 template < typename T > const T & frivol::Array < T >::operator[] ( ldx index ) const

Returns reference to an element in the array.

### **Parameters**

index	The zero-based index of the element.	

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### **Exceptions**

std::out\_of\_range | if FRIVOL\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_CHECKING is defined and 'index' overflows.

2.1.2.2 template<typename T > T & frivol::Array< T >::operator[] ( ldx index )

Returns reference to an element in the array.

#### **Parameters**

index	The zero-based index of the element.

### **Exceptions**

std::out\_of\_range if FRIVOL\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_CHECKING is defined and 'index' overflows.

2.1.2.3 template<typename T > void frivol::Array< T >::resize ( ldx size )

Resizes the array to size. If size decreases the extra elements are removed. If size increases, the new elements are default-constructed. The operation may assign the current elements to a new place, and therefore pointers to the array may be invalidated.

#### **Parameters**

size	The new size.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- /home/topi/unison/Asiakirjat/frivol/frivol/array.hpp
- /home/topi/unison/Asiakirjat/frivol/frivol/array\_impl.hpp

## 2.2 frivol::DummyPriorityQueue < PriorityT > Class Template Reference

Simple implementation of PriorityQueueConcept.

```
#include <priority_queue_concept.hpp>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

- DummyPriorityQueue (Idx size)
- ldx **pop** ()
- bool empty () const
- void **setPriority** (ldx key, PriorityT priority)
- void setPriorityNIL (ldx key)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- /home/topi/unison/Asiakirjat/frivol/frivol/priority\_queue\_concept.hpp
- /home/topi/unison/Asiakirjat/frivol/frivol/priority\_queue\_concept\_impl.hpp

## 2.3 frivol::DummySearchTree < ElementT > Class Template Reference

Simple implementation of SearchTreeConcept (a wrapper around std::list).

```
#include <search_tree_concept.hpp>
```

## **Public Types**

 typedef std::list< ElementT > ::iterator Iterator

#### **Public Member Functions**

template<typename FuncT >
 Iterator search (FuncT func)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

/home/topi/unison/Asiakirjat/frivol/frivol/search tree concept.hpp

## 2.4 frivol::Policy < CoordT, EventQueueT, BeachLineT > Struct Template Reference

```
#include <policy.hpp>
```

## **Public Types**

• typedef CoordT Coord

### 2.4.1 Detailed Description

 $template < typename\ CoordT,\ template < typename\ PriorityT > class\ EventQueueT,\ template < typename\ ElementT > class\ Beach-LineT > struct\ frivol::Policy < CoordT,\ EventQueueT,\ Beach-LineT >$ 

Policy class for the Fortune's algorithm, specifying data types and data structures to use.

## **Template Parameters**

CoordT	The coordinate type to use. Should be a floating point type or similar type that does not over- or underflow easily.
EventQueueT	The priority queue type for events. Must conform to PriorityQueueConcept.
BeachLineT	The search tree to use for the "beach line" of arcs. Must conform to SearchTreeConcept.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

/home/topi/unison/Asiakirjat/frivol/frivol/policy.hpp

## 2.5 frivol::PriorityQueueConcept < X, PriorityT > Class Template Reference

#include <priority\_queue\_concept.hpp>

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### 2.5.1 Detailed Description

template<typename X, typename PriorityT>class frivol::PriorityQueueConcept< X, PriorityT>

Concept checking class for priority queues X with priority values of type PriorityT (or NIL). Priority queues are initialized with given size, and contain priority values for keys 0, 1, ..., size-1. Initially, all priority values are NIL. X must support the following operations:

- <construct>(ldx size) creates priority queue for keys 0, 1, ..., size-1.
- · bool empty() const returns true if all keys have NIL priority.
- · Idx pop() returns the key with lowest non-NIL priority and sets the priority of that key to NIL.
- · void setPriority(Idx key, PriorityT priority) sets the priority value of 'key' to non-NIL value 'priority'.
- void setPriorityNIL(Idx key) sets the priority value of key 'key' to NIL.

X may assume that PriorityT is ordered with <-operator. X may have undefined behavior if supplied keys are out of range or if pop() is called when empty() returns true.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

/home/topi/unison/Asiakirjat/frivol/frivol/priority gueue concept.hpp

## 2.6 frivol::SearchTreeConcept < X, ElementT > Class Template Reference

#include <search\_tree\_concept.hpp>

## **Public Types**

typedef X::Iterator IteratorT

## 2.6.1 Detailed Description

 $template < typename \ X, \ typename \ Element T > class \ frivol:: Search Tree Concept < \ X, \ Element T >$ 

Concept checking class for search trees X for elements of type ElementT. Search trees are sequence containers, the elements of which are iterated using iterator objects of type X::Iterator. The iterator must be a standard bidirectional iterator. X must support the following operations:

- <construct>() creates empty search tree.
- · bool empty() const returns true if the search tree is empty.
- Iterator begin() returns the iterator of the first element (or past-the-end if empty).
- Iterator end() returns the iterator past the last element.
- template<typename FuncT> Iterator search(FuncT func) searches the sequence using the supplied int(-Iterator)-function that for given iterator iter returns negative if the searched element is before iter, positive if it is after iter, and 0 if iter is the right element. If an element such that func returns 0 is found, it is returned, otherwise end() is returned.
- · void erase(Iterator iter) removes element at iter. Other iterators should not be invalidated.
- void insert(Iterator iter, const ElementT& elem) inserts elem before iter. Does not invalidate any iterators.

X may assume that ElementT is copy constructible.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• /home/topi/unison/Asiakirjat/frivol/frivol/search\_tree\_concept.hpp