

Google Login With Django

Dr. Tyler W Thomas

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Please email if anything becomes out of date or broken.

What this does:

When you finish, you'll:

- Open `http://localhost:8000/`
- Click "Login with Google"
- Get redirected back and see your Google email

How we get there:

Step 0 – Create a folder and (optionally) a virtualenv

0.1- First create a new google account for the application (safer to avoid using your real acct).

Open a terminal and run:

0.2 – Create and enter a project folder

```
mkdir google_login_demo
```

```
cd google_login_demo
```

0.3 – (Recommended) create a virtual environment

```
python -m venv venv
```

0.4 – Activate the virtualenv

On macOS / Linux:

```
source venv/bin/activate
```

On Windows (Command Prompt):

```
# venv\Scripts\activate
```

On Windows (PowerShell):

```
# venv\Scripts\Activate.ps1
```

Step 1 – Install Django and requests

```
pip install django requests
```

(note. It may prompt for a newer version of pip. I used the default for consistency. Newer versions may also work.)

Step 2 – Create a new Django project

Still inside the `google_login_demo` folder:

```
django-admin startproject google_login_demo
cd google_login_demo
```

You now have this structure:

```
google_login_demo/      # (project root with manage.py)
  manage.py
google_login_demo/      # (inner package with settings, urls)
  __init__.py
  settings.py
  urls.py
  asgi.py
  wsgi.py
```

We will:

- put our settings and URLs in `google_login_demo/settings.py` and `google_login_demo/urls.py`
- create our views in `google_login_demo/views.py` (this file doesn't exist yet)

Step 3 – Create Google OAuth credentials

Do this once in your browser:

- Go to the Google Cloud Console (search for “Google Cloud Console”).

- Create a project (or select an existing one).

- In the left menu, go to “APIs & Services → OAuth consent screen”:

(Note: you may have to click “get started”) to go through the steps. I named the app “login_app”

Choose External user type (IMPORTANT NOTE: As of the date of this writing, Google Verification is NOT required for TEST accounts with External selected. Additionally, you can add up to 100 testing accounts. “Internal” requires complex organization modification and policy modification and I recommend avoiding it entirely)

Important note 2: You may wish to add email addresses as test accounts later so they can use the login. You can do that from the “Audience” category of “Google Auth Platform”

- Fill in minimum required info (app name, support email, etc.)
- Save and continue until it's done

- In the left menu, go to “APIs & Services → Credentials”.

- Click “+ CREATE CREDENTIALS” → “OAuth client ID”.

- Choose Application type: Web application.

- Under Authorized redirect URIs, add:

<http://localhost:8000/oauth2callback/>

Click Create.

You'll see a Client ID and Client secret. Keep that browser tab open or copy them somewhere; we'll paste them into settings.py. Please save them.

Step 4 – Edit Django settings

Open `google_login_demo/settings.py` in an editor and make these changes:

Set allowed hosts for local dev (near the top, after `DEBUG`):

```
DEBUG = True
```

```
ALLOWED_HOSTS = ["localhost", "127.0.0.1"]
```

2. Add Google OAuth settings at the bottom (use your own values):

```
# Google OAuth settings for this demo
GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID = "YOUR_GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID_HERE"
GOOGLE_CLIENT_SECRET = "YOUR_GOOGLE_CLIENT_SECRET_HERE"
GOOGLE_REDIRECT_URI = "http://localhost:8000/oauth2callback/"
```

`GOOGLE_REDIRECT_URI` must exactly match what you set in Google Cloud.

Do not remove anything else; the default `INSTALLED_APPS`, `MIDDLEWARE`, etc., are fine.

Step 5 – Create the views

Create a new file:

`google_login_demo/google_login_demo/views.py`

Put this in it:

```
import secrets
from urllib.parse import urlencode

import requests
from django.conf import settings
from django.http import HttpResponseRedirect, HttpResponseBadRequest
from django.shortcuts import redirect

def home(request):
    """
    Simple page showing:
    - 'Login with Google' if not logged in
    - email + logout link if logged in
    """
```

```

user = request.session.get("user")
if not user:
    return HttpResponseRedirect('<a href="/login/">Login with Google</a>')
return HttpResponseRedirect(
    f"Hello {user['email']} "
    f'(<a href="/logout/">logout</a>)'
)

```

```

def google_login(request):
    """
    Redirects the user to Google's OAuth 2.0 authorization endpoint.
    """
    # Random string to protect against CSRF
    state = secrets.token_urlsafe(16)
    request.session["oauth_state"] = state

    params = {
        "client_id": settings.GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID,
        "redirect_uri": settings.GOOGLE_REDIRECT_URI,
        "response_type": "code",
        "scope": "openid email profile",
        "state": state,
    }

    url = "https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/v2/auth?" + urlencode(params)
    return redirect(url)

```

```

def google_callback(request):
    """
    Handles Google's redirect back:
    - checks 'state'
    - exchanges 'code' for an access token
    - fetches user info
    - stores email in the session
    """
    if request.GET.get("state") != request.session.get("oauth_state"):
        return HttpResponseRedirect("Invalid state")

    code = request.GET.get("code")
    if not code:
        return HttpResponseRedirect("Missing code")

    # Exchange code for tokens
    token_res = requests.post(
        "https://oauth2.googleapis.com/token",
        data={
            "code": code,

```

```

        "client_id": settings.GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID,
        "client_secret": settings.GOOGLE_CLIENT_SECRET,
        "redirect_uri": settings.GOOGLE_REDIRECT_URI,
        "grant_type": "authorization_code",
    },
)
if not token_res.ok:
    return HttpResponseBadRequest("Token request failed")

access_token = token_res.json().get("access_token")
if not access_token:
    return HttpResponseBadRequest("No access token")

# Fetch basic user info
userinfo_res = requests.get(
    "https://www.googleapis.com/oauth2/v3/userinfo",
    headers={"Authorization": f"Bearer {access_token}"},
)
if not userinfo_res.ok:
    return HttpResponseBadRequest("Userinfo request failed")

userinfo = userinfo_res.json()

# Store just the email in the session for this demo
request.session["user"] = {"email": userinfo.get("email")}
request.session.pop("oauth_state", None)

return redirect("/")

```

```

def logout_view(request):
    """Clear the session and go back to home."""
    request.session.pop("user", None)
    request.session.pop("oauth_state", None)
    return redirect("/")

```

Step 6 – Wire up URLs

Open `google_login_demo/google_login_demo/urls.py` and replace its contents with:

```

from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path
from . import views

urlpatterns = [
    path("admin/", admin.site.urls),
    path("", views.home, name="home"),
    path("login/", views.google_login, name="login"),
    path("oauth2callback/", views.google_callback, name="oauth2callback"),

```

```
    path("logout/", views.logout_view, name="logout"),  
]
```

Step 7 – Run database migrations

From the folder that contains manage.py (you should already be there: the inner google_login_demo folder):

```
python manage.py migrate
```

This sets up the database tables Django needs (including sessions).

Step 8 – Run the development server

```
python manage.py runserver
```

You should see something like:

Starting development server at <http://127.0.0.1:8000/>

You will probably also receive a nice “WARNING. This is a development server” or something like that. Ignore it (unless you actually plan to use this as a production server)

Step 9 – Test the Google login flow

Open A NEW BROWSER WINDOW OR TAB (otherwise it might use an old cookie and give an error) and go to <http://localhost:8000/>

Note: Do not use 127.0.0.1. Use localhost. We setup the google oauth credential and script to use localhost and they see that as something different from 127.0.0.1 even though in practice they should both point to the same device.

You should see a simple page with a “Login with Google” link.

Click it:

You’ll be redirected to Google’s login/consent screen.

Log in and accept.

Google redirects you back to:

<http://localhost:8000/oauth2callback/?code=...&state=...>

Then you’ll finally be redirected to / and see something like:

Hello your_email@example.com (logout)

Click logout; you’ll go back to the login link.

If it closes out and needs to be restarted, it can be done by running this command in the same directory as the manage.py file:

```
python manage.py runserver
```

Disclaimer:

This guide was developed and tested by Dr. Tyler W Thomas. An AI-assisted code generator was used to bootstrap the initial draft, and the final version was manually reviewed, edited, and verified on 02/22/2026.

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