

Section A

1. (SAaSum)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
float aSum(int n, float vector[]);
int main()
{
    float vector[10];
    int i, n;

    printf("Enter vector size: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter %d data: ", n);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        scanf("%f", &vector[i]);
    printf("aSum(): %f", aSum(n, vector));
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
float aSum(int size, float vector[])
{
    float sum = 0;
    int j;

    for (j = 0; j < size; j++){
        sum += fabs(vector[j]);
    }
    return sum;
}
```

2. (SAreverseAr)

```
#include <stdio.h>
void reverseAr(int ar[ ], int size);
int main()
{
    int ar[20], i, size;
    printf("Enter array size: ");
    scanf("%d", &size);
    printf("Enter %d data: ", size);
    for (i=0; i <= size-1; i++)
        scanf("%d", &ar[i]);
    reverseAr(ar, size);
    printf("reverseAr(): ");
    if (size > 0) {
        for (i=0; i<size; i++)
            printf("%d ", ar[i]);
    }
}
```

```
        return 0;
    }
    /* write your code here */
    void reverseAr(int ar[ ], int size)
    {
        int i, temp;
        if (size > 0){
            for (i=0; i<size/2; i++){
                temp = ar[i];
                ar[i] = ar[size-i-1];
                ar[size-i-1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

3. (SAfindAr)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int findAr(int size, int ar[], int target);
int main()
{
    int ar[20];
    int size, i, target;

    printf("Enter array size: ");
    scanf("%d", &size);
    printf("Enter %d data: ", size);
    for (i=0; i<=size-1; i++)
        scanf("%d", &ar[i]);
    printf("Enter the target number: ");
    scanf("%d", &target);
    printf("findAr(): %d",
        findAr(size, ar, target));
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
int findAr(int size, int ar[], int target) {
    int j;
    for (j = 0; j < size; j++){
        if (ar[j] == target)
            return j;
    }
    return -1;
}
```

4. (SAswap2Rows)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define SIZE 3
void swap2Rows(int ar[SIZE][SIZE], int r1, int r2);
void display(int ar[SIZE][SIZE]);
int main()
{
    int ar[SIZE][SIZE];
    int row1, row2;
    int i,j;

    printf("Enter the matrix row by row: \n");
    for (i=0; i<SIZE; i++)
        for (j=0; j<SIZE; j++)
            scanf("%d", &ar[i][j]);
    printf("Enter two rows for swapping: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &row1, &row2);
    swap2Rows(ar, row1, row2);
    printf("The array is: \n");
    display(ar);

    return 0;
}

void display(int M[SIZE][SIZE])
{
    int l,m;
    for (l = 0; l < 3; l++) {
        for (m = 0; m < 3; m++)
            printf("%d ", M[l][m]);
        printf("\n");
    }
}

/* write your code here */
void swap2Rows(int M[SIZE][SIZE], int r1, int r2)
{
    int temp;
    int n;
    for(n = 0; n < SIZE; n++){
        temp = M[r1][n] ;
        M[r1][n] = M[r2][n];
        M[r2][n] = temp;
    }
}
```

5. (SAswap2Cols)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define SIZE 3
void swap2Cols(int ar[SIZE][SIZE], int c1, int c2);
void display(int ar[SIZE][SIZE]);

int main()
{
    int ar[SIZE][SIZE];
    int col1, col2;
    int i,j;

    printf("Enter the matrix row by row: \n");
    for (i=0; i<SIZE; i++)
        for (j=0; j<SIZE; j++)
            scanf("%d", &ar[i][j]);
    printf("Enter two columns for swapping: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &col1, &col2);
    swap2Cols(ar, col1, col2);
    printf("The array is: \n");
    display(ar);
    return 0;
}

void display(int M[SIZE][SIZE])
{
    int l,m;
    for (l = 0; l < 3; l++) {
        for (m = 0; m < 3; m++)
            printf("%d ", M[l][m]);
        printf("\n");
    }
}

/* write your code here */
void swap2Cols(int M[SIZE][SIZE], int c1, int c2)
{
    int temp;
    int n;
    for(n = 0; n < SIZE; n++){
        temp = M[n][c1] ;
        M[n][c1] = M[n][c2];
        M[n][c2] = temp;
    }
}
```

6. (SAminMax)

```
#include <stdio.h>
void minMax(int a[5][5], int *min, int *max);
int main()
{
    int A[5][5];
    int i, j;
    int min, max;

    printf("Enter the matrix (5x5) row by row: \n");
    for (i=0; i<5; i++)
        for (j=0; j<5; j++)
            scanf("%d", &A[i][j]);
    minMax(A, &min, &max);
    printf("min = %d; max = %d", min, max);
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
void minMax(int a[5][5], int *min, int *max)
{
    int i, j;
    *max = a[0][0];
    *min = a[0][0];
    for (i=0; i<5; i++){
        for (j=0; j<5; j++){
            if (a[i][j] > *max)
                *max = a[i][j];
            else if (a[i][j] < *min)
                *min = a[i][j];
        }
    }
}
```

Section B

1. (SBprocessString)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
void processString(char *str, int size);
int main()
{
    char str[50];
    int size;

    printf("Enter a string: ");
    gets(str);
    size = strlen(str);
    processString(str, size);
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
void processString(char *str, int size)
{
    int totVowels = 0, totDigits = 0;
    int i;

    for (i=0; i < size; i++){
        if (str[i] == 'a' || str[i] == 'e' || str[i] == 'i' ||
str[i] == 'o' || str[i] == 'u' || str[i] == 'A' || str[i] ==
'E' || str[i] == 'I' || str[i] == 'O' || str[i] == 'U')
            totVowels++;
        else if (str[i] >= '0' && str[i] <= '9')
            totDigits++;
    }
    printf("Total vowels = %d\n", totVowels);
    printf("Total digits = %d\n", totDigits);
}
```

2. (SBstringncpy)

```
#include <stdio.h>
char *stringncpy(char *s1, char *s2, int n);
int main()
{
    char sourceStr[40] = "source";
    char targetStr[40], *target;
    int length;

    printf("Enter a string: ");
    gets(sourceStr);
    printf("Enter no. of characters: ");
    scanf("%d", &length);
    target = stringncpy(targetStr, sourceStr, length);
    printf("stringncpy(): %s", target);
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
char *stringncpy(char *s1, char *s2, int n)
{
    int k, h;

    for (k = 0; k < n; k++) {
        if (s2[k] != '\0')
            s1[k] = s2[k];
        else
            break;
    }
    s1[k] = '\0';

    for (h = k; h < n; h++) {
        s1[h] = '\0';
    }
    return s1;
}
```

3. (SBfindTarget)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define SIZE 10
int findTarget(char *target, char nameptr[SIZE][80], int size);
int main()
{
    char nameptr[SIZE][80];
    char t[40];
    int i, result, size;

    printf("Enter no. of names: ");
    scanf("%d", &size);
    printf("Enter %d names: ", size);
    for (i=0; i<size; i++)
        scanf("%s", nameptr[i]);
    printf("Enter target name: ");
    scanf("%s", t);
    gets(t);
    result = findTarget(t, nameptr, size);
    printf("findTarget(): %d\n", result);
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
```

```

int findTarget(char *target, char nameptr[SIZE][80], int
size) {
    int x, y, count, same, found = 0;
    for (x = 0; x < size; x++) {
        count = same = 0;
        while (nameptr[x][count] != '\0' || *(target +
count) != '\0') {
            if (*(target + count) == nameptr[x][count]) {
                same += 1;
            }
            else {
                same = -1;
                break;
            }
            count += 1;
        }

        if (count == same) {
            found = x;
            break;
        }
        found = -1;
    }
    return found;
}

```

4. (SBintersect)

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
struct circle {
    double radius;
    double x;
    double y;
};

int intersect(struct circle c1, struct circle c2);
int main()
{
    struct circle c1, c2;
    printf("Enter circle 1 (radius x y): ");
    scanf("%lf %lf %lf", &c1.radius, &c1.x, &c1.y);
    printf("Enter circle 2 (radius x y): ");
    scanf("%lf %lf %lf", &c2.radius, &c2.x, &c2.y);
    printf("intersect(): %d\n", intersect(c1, c2));
    return 0;
}

/* write your code here */
int intersect(struct circle c1, struct circle c2)
{
    double a, b;
    int result;

    a = c1.x - c2.x;
    b = c1.y - c2.y;
    return (sqrt(a*a + b*b) <= (c1.radius + c2.radius));
}

int intersect(struct circle c1, struct circle c2) {
    float distance = sqrt(pow((c2.x - c1.x), 2) + pow((c2.y -
c1.y), 2));
    return (distance <= (c2.radius + c1.radius));
}

```

5. (SBcontain)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
struct circle {
    double radius;
    double x;
    double y;
};
int contain(struct circle *c1, struct circle *c2);
int main()
{
    struct circle c1, c2;

    printf("Enter circle 1 (radius x y): ");
    scanf("%lf %lf %lf", &c1.radius, &c1.x, &c1.y);
    printf("Enter circle 2 (radius x y): ");
    scanf("%lf %lf %lf", &c2.radius, &c2.x, &c2.y);
    printf("contain(): %d\n", contain(&c1, &c2));
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
int contain(struct circle *c1, struct circle *c2)
{
    double a, b;

    a = c1->x - c2->x;
    b = c1->y - c2->y;
    return (c1->radius >= (c2->radius + sqrt(a * a + b * b)));
}

int contain(struct circle *c1, struct circle *c2) {
    float distance = sqrt(pow((c2->x - c1->x), 2) + pow((c2->y - c1->y), 2));
    return(c1->radius >= (c2->radius + distance));
}
```

6. (SBcompute2)

```
#include <stdio.h>
typedef struct {
    float operand1, operand2;
    char op;
} bexpression;
float compute2(bexpression *expr);
int main()
{
    bexpression e;
    printf("Enter expression (op1 op2 op) : ");
    scanf("%f %f %c", &e.operand1, &e.operand2, &e.op);
    printf("compute2(): %f\n", compute2(&e));
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
float compute2(bexpression *expr)
{
    switch (expr->op) {
        case '+': return expr->operand1 + expr->operand2;
        break;
        case '-': return expr->operand1 - expr->operand2;
        break;
        case '*': return expr->operand1 * expr->operand2;
        break;
        case '/': return expr->operand1 / expr->operand2;
        break;
        default: return 0;
    }
}
```

Section C

1. (SCrSumUp2)

```
#include <stdio.h>
void rSumUp2(int n, int *result);
int main()
{
    int n, result;

    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    rSumUp2(n, &result);
    printf("rSumUp2(): %d", result);
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
void rSumUp2(int n, int *result)
{
    if (n == 1){
        *result = 1;
    }
    else{
        rSumUp2(n-1, result);
        *result += n;
    }
}
```

2. (SCrNumDigits1)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int rNumDigits1(int num);
int main()
{
    int number;

    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    printf("rNumDigits1(): %d\n", rNumDigits1(number));
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
int rNumDigits1(int n)
{
    if (n < 10){
        return 1;
    }
    else{
        return rNumDigits1(n/10) + 1;
    }
}
```

3. (SCrDigitPos2)

```
#include <stdio.h>
void rDigitPos2(int num, int digit, int *pos);
int main()
{
    int number;
    int digit, result=0;

    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    printf("Enter the digit: ");
    scanf("%d", &digit);
    rDigitPos2(number, digit, &result);
    printf("rDigitPos2(): %d", result);
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
void rDigitPos2(int num, int digit, int *pos)
{
    if (num % 10 == digit){
        *pos = 1;
    }
    else if (num < 10){
        *pos = 0;
    }
    else{
        rDigitPos2(num/10, digit, pos);
        if (*pos > 0){
            *pos = *pos + 1;
        }
        else{
            *pos = 0;
        }
    }
}
```

4. (SCrDigitValue1)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int rDigitValue1(int, int);
int main()
{
    int k;
    int number, pos, digit;

    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    printf("Enter the position: ");
    scanf("%d", &k);
    printf("rDigitValue1(): %d\n", rDigitValue1(number, k));
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
int rDigitValue1(int n, int k)
{
    if (k==0){
        return 0;
    }
    if (k==1){
        return n%10;
    }
    return rDigitValue1(n/10, k-1);
}
```


5. (SCrSquare2)

```
#include <stdio.h>
void rSquare2(int num, int *result);
int main()
{
    int x, result;

    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    rSquare2(x, &result);
    printf("rSquare2(): %d", result);
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
void rSquare2(int num, int *result)
{
    if (num == 1){
        *result = 1;
    }
    else{
        rSquare2(num-1, result);
        *result += (2*num-1);
    }
}
```

6. (SCrCountArray)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define SIZE 10
int rCountArray(int ar[], int n, int a);
int main()
{
    int ar[SIZE];
    int index, count, target, size;

    printf("Enter array size: ");
    scanf("%d", &size);
    printf("Enter %d numbers: ", size);
    for (index = 0; index < size; index++)
        scanf("%d", &ar[index]);
    printf("Enter the target: ");
    scanf("%d", &target);
    count = rCountArray(ar, size, target);
    printf("rCountArray(): %d", count);
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
int rCountArray(int ar[], int n, int a)
{
    if (n == 1){
        if (ar[0] == a)
            return 1;
        else
            return 0;
    }
    if (ar[0] == a)
        return 1 + rCountArray(&ar[1], n-1, a);
    else
        return rCountArray(&ar[1], n-1, a);
}
```

Section D

1. (SDcomputeMatrix)

```
#include <stdio.h>
void computeM(float matrix[4][4]);
int main(){
    float ar[4][4];
    int i,j;

    printf("Input data: \n");
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        for (j = 0; j < 4; j++)
            scanf("%f", &ar[i][j]);
    }
    computeM(ar);
    printf("Output:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        for (j = 0; j < 4; j++)
            printf("%.2f ", ar[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
void computeM(float matrix[4][4]) {
    int x, y, sum;
    for (x = 0; x < 4; x++) {
        sum = 0;
        for (y = 0; y < 4; y++) {
            if (y == 3) {
                matrix[x][y] = sum / 3;
            }
            else {
                sum += matrix[x][y];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

2. (SDpalindrome)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int palindrome(char *str);
int main(){
    char str[80];

    printf("Enter your string: ");
    gets(str);
    if (palindrome(str))
        printf("palindrome(): A palindrome.\n");
    else
        printf("palindrome(): Not a palindrome.\n");
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
int palindrome(char *str) {
    int x, count = 0, same = 1;
    while (*(str + count) != '\0') {
        count++;
    }
    for (x = 0; x < count / 2; x++) {
        if (*(str + x) != *(str + count - x - 1)) {
            same = 0;
            break;
        }
    }
    return same;
}
```

3. (SDfindSubstring)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int findSubstring(char *s, char *t);
int main()
{
    char sourceStr[40], targetStr[40];

    printf("Enter a source string: ");
    gets(sourceStr);
    printf("Enter the target string: ");
    gets(targetStr);
    printf("findSubstring(): %d\n", findSubstring(sourceStr,
targetStr));
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
int findSubstring(char *s, char *t) {
    int x = 0, y, pos, stringFound = -1;
    while (*(t + x) != '\0') {
        if (*(t + x) == *s) {
            y = 0;
            pos = x;
            stringFound = 1;
            while (*(s + y) != '\0') {
                if (*(s + y) != *(t + pos + y)) {
                    stringFound = -1;
                    break;
                }
                y++;
            }
        }
        if (stringFound == 1) {
            break;
        }
        x++;
    }

    return stringFound;
}
```

4. (SDcustomer)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
struct account {
    struct
    {
        char lastName[10];
        char firstName[10];
    } names;
    int accountNum;
    double balance;
};
void nextCustomer(struct account *acct);
void printCustomer(struct account acct);
int main()
{
    struct account record;
    int flag = 0;
    do {
        nextCustomer(&record);
        if ((strcmp(record.names.firstName, "End") == 0) &&
            (strcmp(record.names.lastName, "Customer") == 0))
            flag = 1;
        if (flag != 1)
            printCustomer(record);
    } while (flag != 1);
}
/* write your code here */
```

```

void nextCustomer(struct account *acct)
{
    printf("Enter names (firstName lastName): ");
    scanf("%s" "%s", acct->names.firstName,
    acct->names.lastName);
    if ((strcmp(acct->names.firstName, "End") != 0) &&
    (strcmp(acct->names.lastName, "Customer") != 0)) {
        printf("Enter account number: ");
        scanf("%d", &acct->accountNum);
        printf("Enter balance: ");
        scanf("%lf", &acct->balance);
    }
}

void printCustomer(struct account acct)
{
    printf("Customer record: %s %s %d %lf\n",
    acct.names.firstName, acct.names.lastName,
    acct.accountNum, acct.balance);
}

5.      (SDrSumOddDigits1)
#include <stdio.h>
int rSumOddDigits1(int n);
int main()
{
    int num, result;

    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    printf("rSumOddDigits1(): %d\n", rSumOddDigits1(num));
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
int rSumOddDigits1(int n)
{
    if(n == 0)
        return 0;
    if(n%2 == 1)
        return n%10 + rSumOddDigits1(n/10);
    else
        return rSumOddDigits1(n/10);
}

```

```

6.      (SDrReverseAr)
#include <stdio.h>
void rReverseAr(int ar[], int size);
int main()
{
    int ar[10], size, i;

    printf("Enter array size: ");
    scanf("%d", &size);
    printf("Enter %d numbers: ", size);
    for (i=0; i<size; i++)
        scanf("%d", &ar[i]);
    rReverseAr(ar, size);
    printf("rReverseAr(): ");
    for (i=0; i<size; i++)
        printf("%d ", ar[i]);
    return 0;
}
/* write your code here */
void rReverseAr(int ar[], int n)
{
    if (n > 1){
        int temp = ar[n-1];
        ar[n-1] = ar[n-n];
        rReverseAr(&ar[1], n-2);
        ar[n-n] = temp;
    }
}

void rReverseAr(int ar[], int size) {
    if (size > 1) {
        int temp = ar[0];
        ar[0] = ar[size - 1];
        ar[size - 1] = temp;
        rReverseAr(ar + 1, size - 2);
    }
}

```