

# OTP MOD Sandbox: Technical Overview

Wednesday, January 18, 2017



# Overview

- Review Conveyal Scope of Work Requirements
- Review Existing OTP UI Resources
- Why a New UI Framework? React/Redux Basics
- Proposed Project Structure and Development Milestones
- Technical Questions to Be Addressed
- Preliminary Design/UX Concepts

# **Key Requirements of Conveyal Scope of Work**

- OpenTripPlanner Routing/Back-End Enhancements
  - Extend OTP to Support Shared-Use Mobility Services
  - Improve Support for Real-time Transit Information
  - Improve Support for Pedestrian and Wheelchair Routing
  - Improve Bikeshare Support including GBFS Import

# Key Requirements of Conveyal Scope of Work

- Create Comprehensive New UI Framework
  - Fully Responsive UI For Use on Desktops and Full Range of Mobile Devices
  - Use React and Redux Architecture
  - Support Itinerary- and Profile-based Routing
  - Integrate with Pelias Geocoder
  - Incorporation of OTP Routing Enhancements (e.g. SUM Support) into Narrative/Map Display

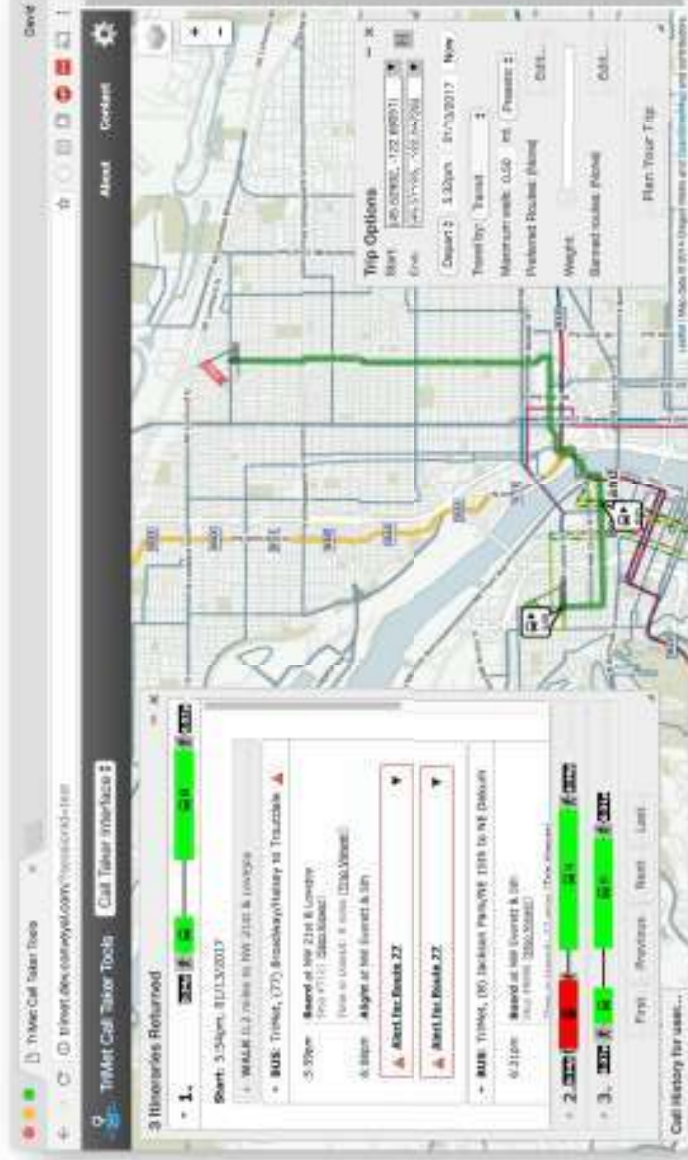
# Existing UI frameworks: TriMet Current

- Circa 2009-2010
- Written in ExtJS and OpenLayers
- Not Responsive

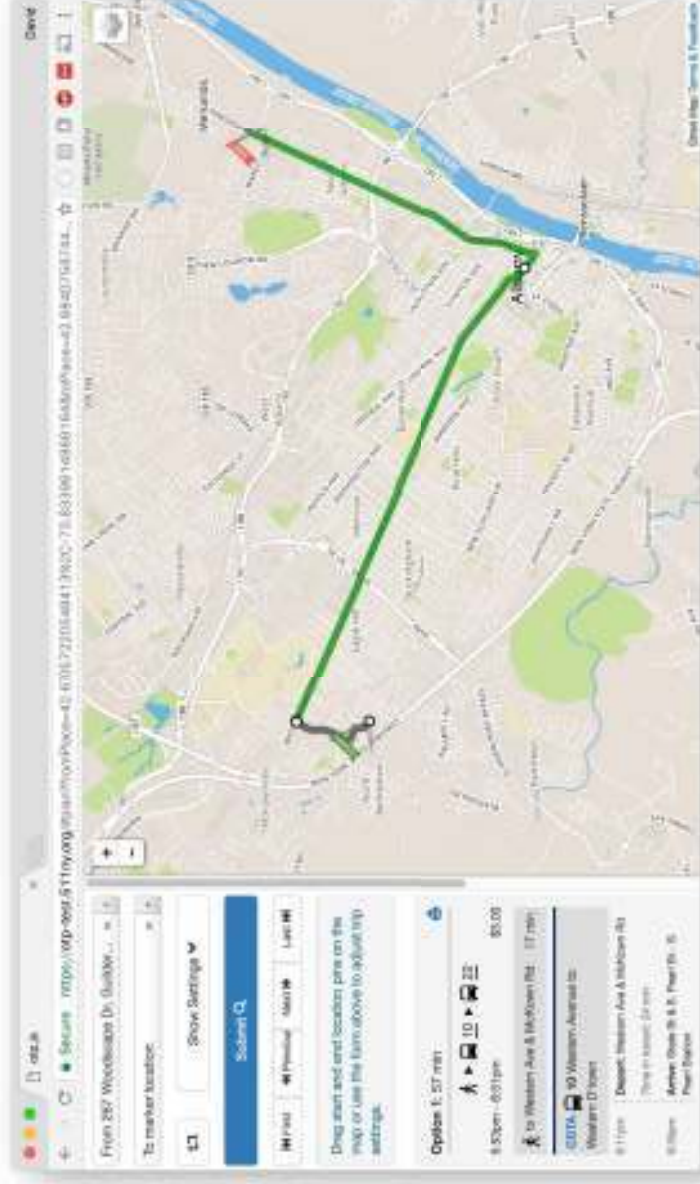


# Existing UI frameworks: OTP Default

- Circa 2012
- Written in JQuery UI and Leaflet
- Not Responsive
- Includes TriMet Call-taker tools (still in use)
- No dependency management / build system to speak of
- Monolithic codebase; difficult to maintain

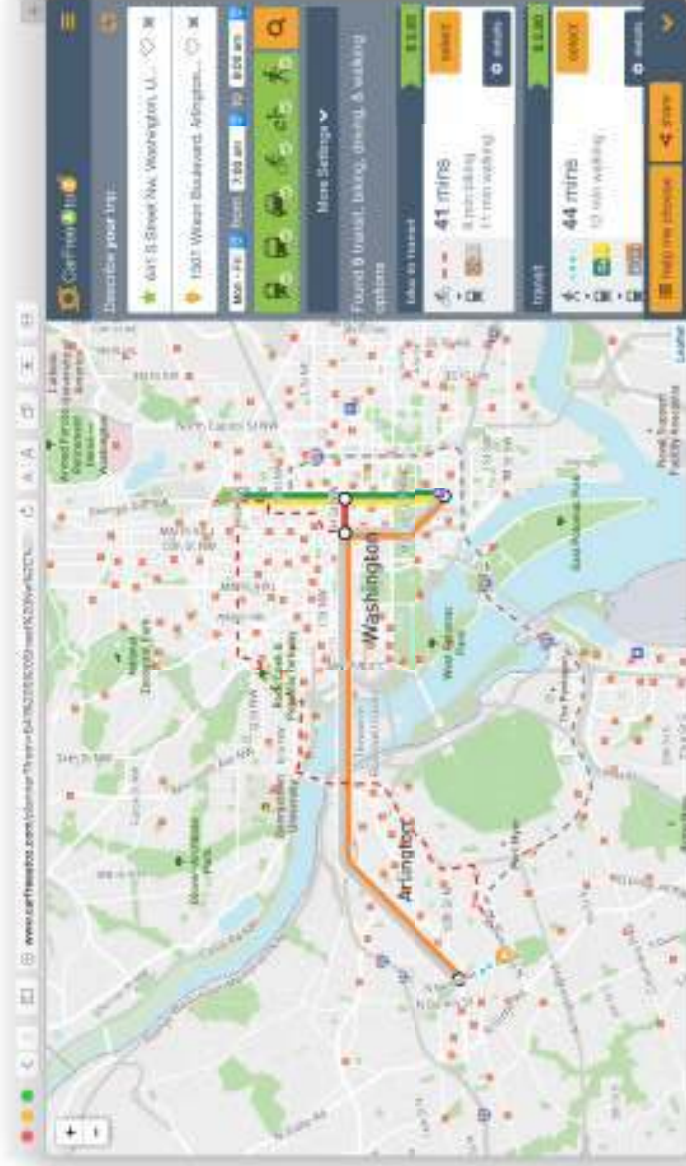


# Existing UI Frameworks: otp.js



- Circa 2014; developed as lightweight, responsive alternative to stock OTP UI
- Pluggable Geocoding Support
- Uses backbone.js MVP framework
- Uses component for build management (deprecated)

# Existing UI Frameworks: Modeify



- Circa 2014, developed for Arlington County (Va.) TDM Agency
- Focus on “profile-based” routing
- Uses component for modeling/templating (deprecated), internal Conveyal tooling for build management

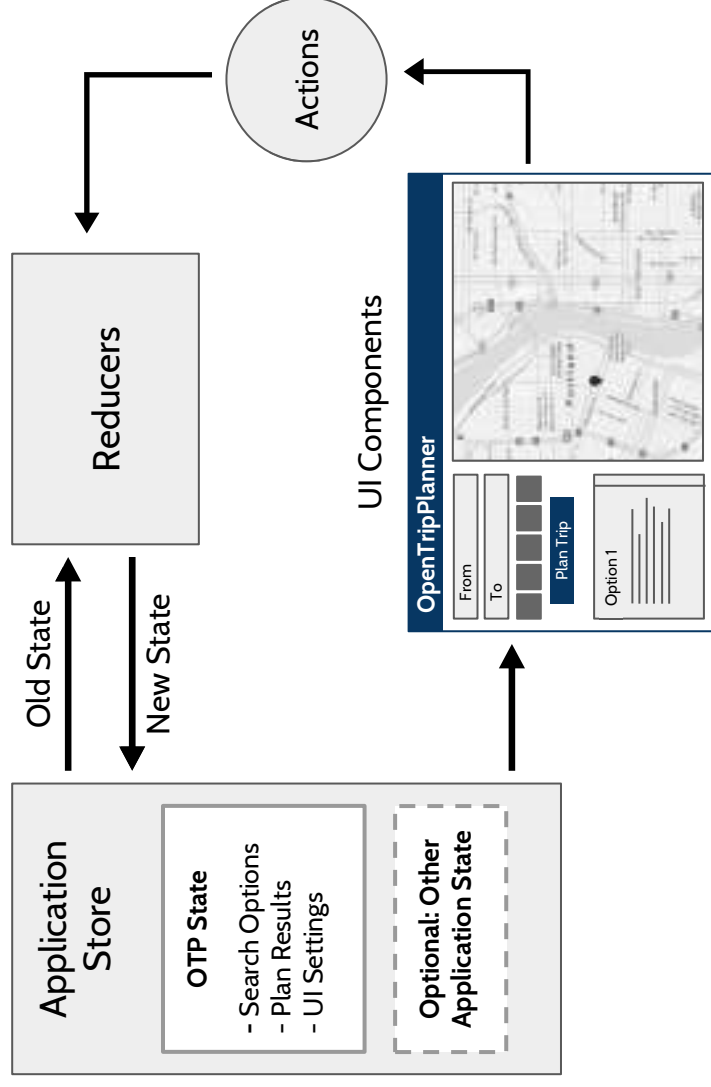


## Why Another OTP UI Framework?

- Javascript Ecosystem has Evolved Rapidly
- New Frameworks like React Help Enable Development of Truly Modular, Extensible Library
- Opportunity to Combine Best Aspects of Existing UIs (e.g. Route Viewer from TriMet UI, Profile-based Display from Modeify)

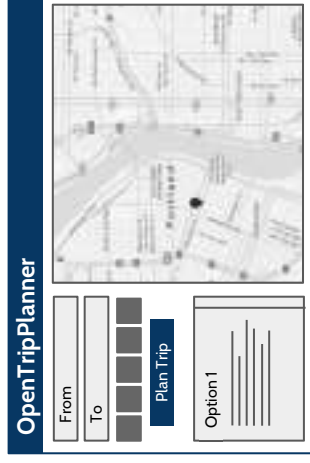
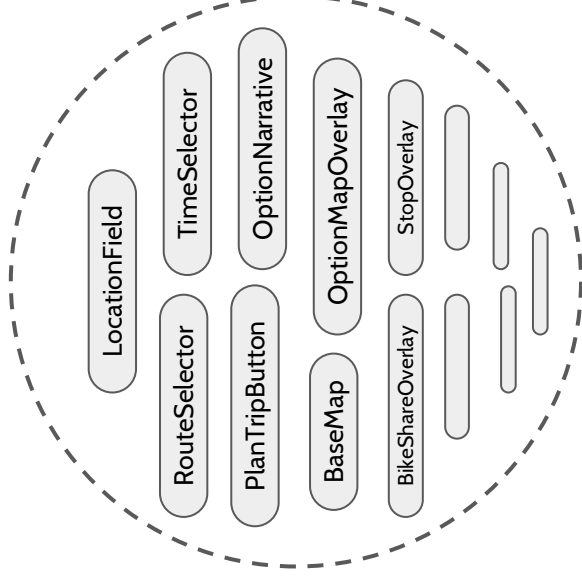
# React/Redux Basics and Architecture

- Central Store includes Entire Application State - “Single Source of Truth”
- One-Way Flow Of Information From State to UI
- State is Transformed via Actions and Pure “Reducer” Functions
- Separation of Presentational (“Dumb”) and Container (“Smart”) Components

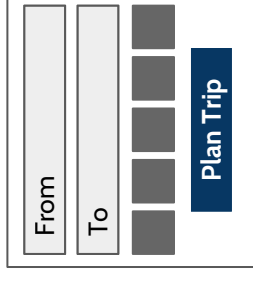


# Reusability of UI Components

*Common OTP React  
Components Library*



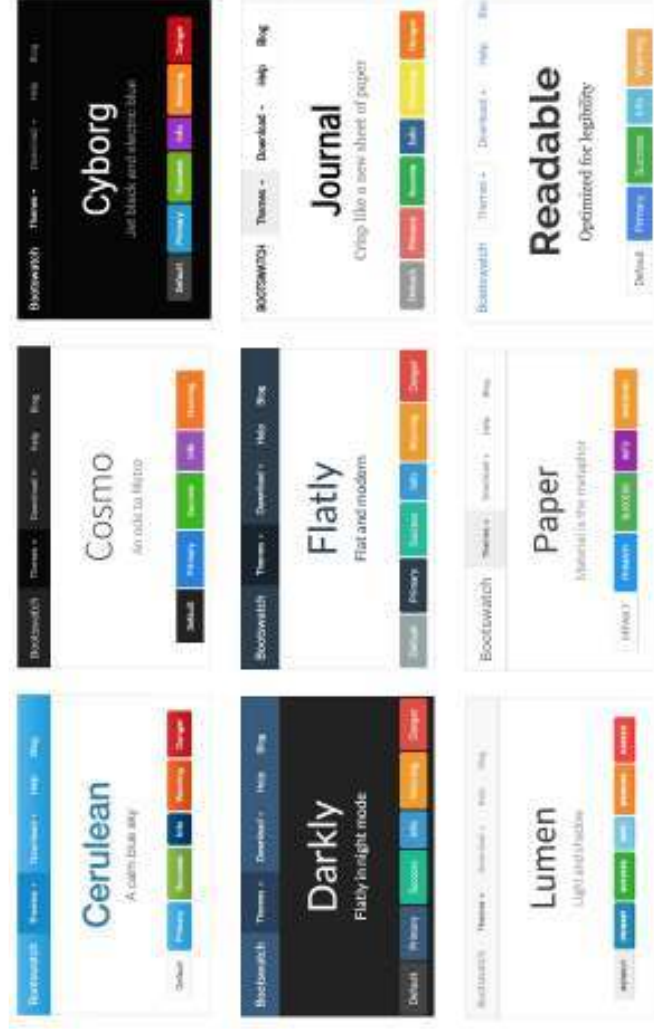
*Example: Full Responsive UI*



*Example: Embeddable  
Search Widget*

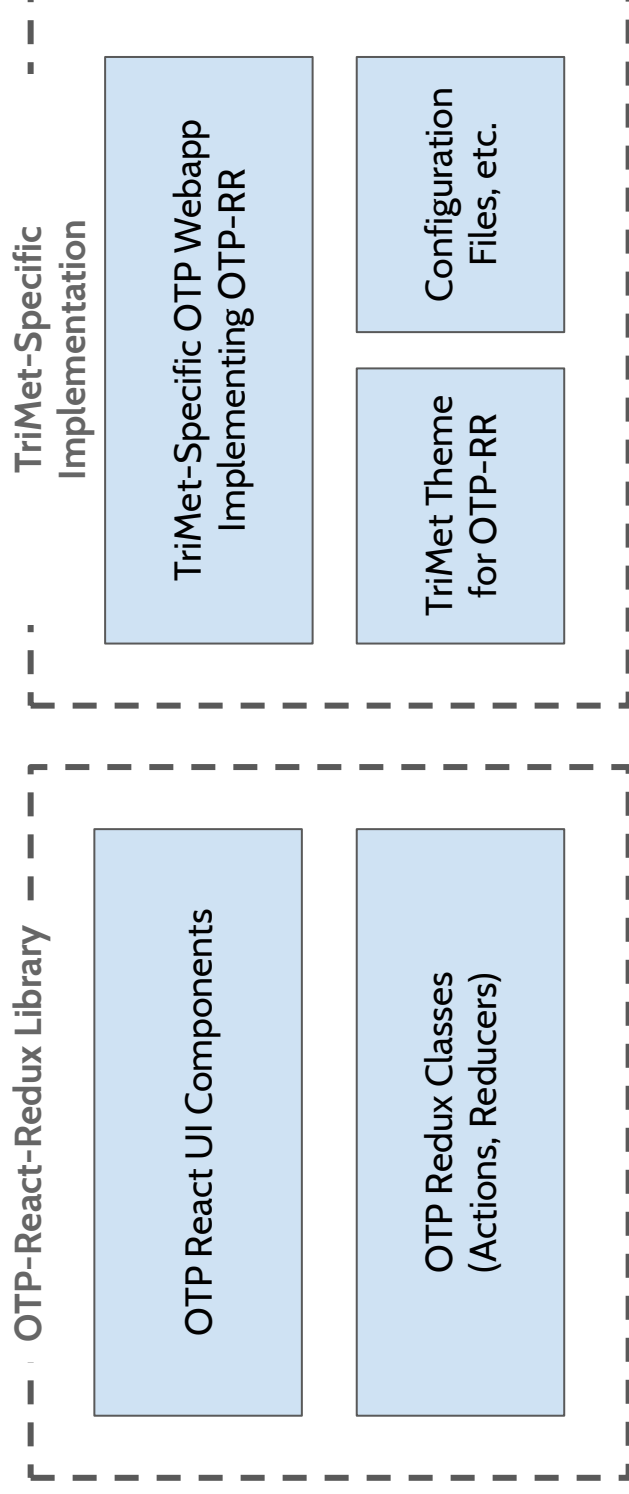
# UI Styling

- Look and Feel of UI Should be Separated from Core Component Definition
- Consider Supporting CSS-based “Themes” for OTP React Components
- Option to Use Established Base UI Framework with Existing Theme Ecosystem (e.g. Bootstrap)



Example of Bootstrap themes from [bootswatch.com](https://bootswatch.com)

# What We Propose Building



# Proposed Development Milestones

- **Milestone 1:** Itinerary-Based Trip Planning
- **Milestone 2:** Geocoding, Bikeshare Support, Profile-Based Trip Planning
- **Milestone 3:** Real-time Integration, Advanced Mapping
- **Milestone 4:** Shared-use Mobility, Wheelchair/Ped Routing
- **Milestone 5:** Extended UI Functionality

## Key Technical Considerations

- How will new OTP UI be Integrated w/ TriMet Website?
- What Build/Dependency Management System to Use?
- Build UI Components using Existing Framework such as Bootstrap?
- What Future Extensions are Anticipated? (e.g. GTFS-Flex Support) How do these Impact Application Design?

# Design & UX Topics for Tomorrow

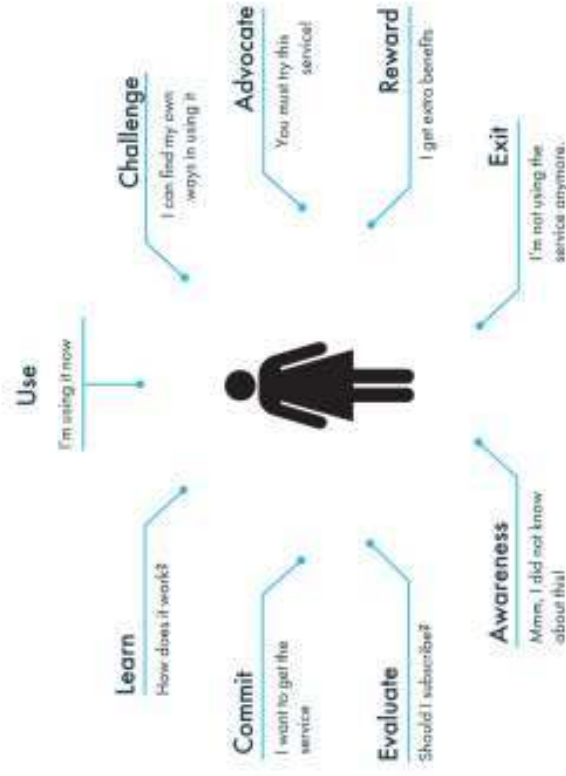
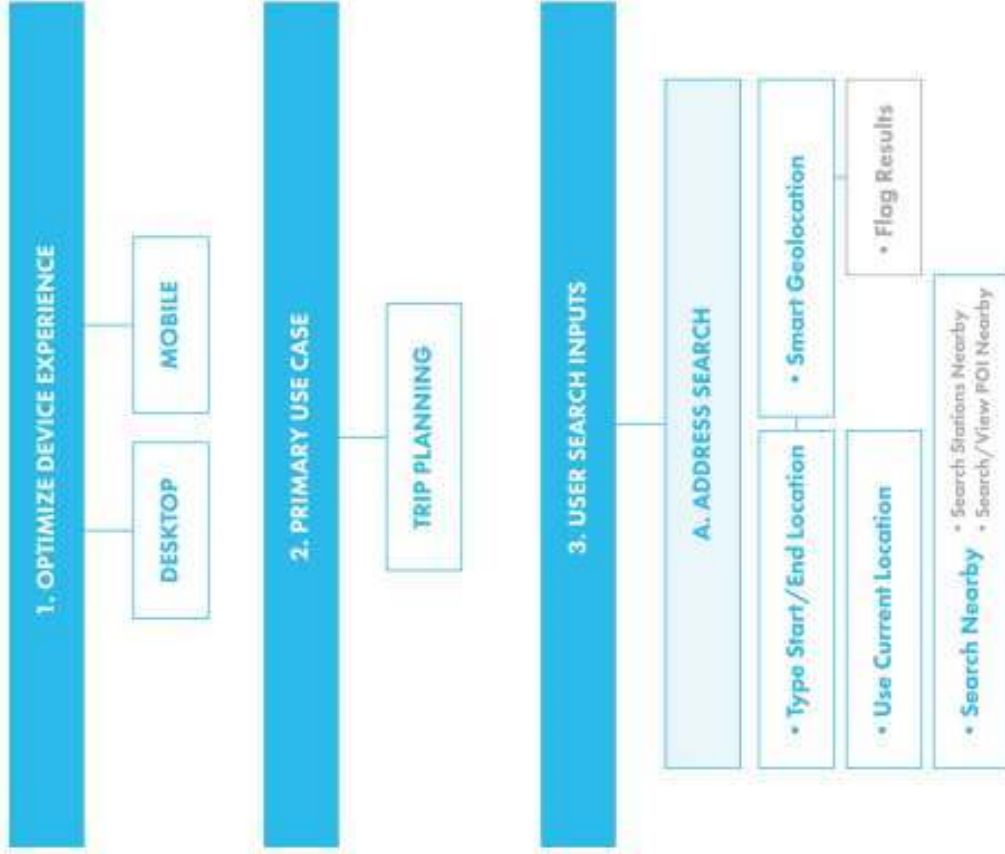
- Define System Use Cases
  - High Level Features and Flowchart
- User Goals for Routing
  - RT, Itinerary vs. Profile Based
- Establish Focused User Testing Process
  - Metrics of Success & Testing Team
- Brainstorm Session User Journeys & Scenarios
- Conduct Initial Guerilla Testing Session
  - Handmade Experience Prototypes
- Discuss Mode Filtering
  - TNCs from a User Standpoint, Dealing with a Proliferation of Options



## ASSUMPTIONS

- Either tourist or resident with a beginner level of experience with TriMet transportation
- Owns a smart phone
- All ages





### 1. OPTIMIZE DEVICE EXPERIENCE

- Desktop vs Mobile

### 2. FURTHER RESEARCH

- Route Viewing
- Route Settings

### 3. PRIMARY USE CASE

- Trip Planning

### 3. USER SEARCH INPUTS

#### Contextual Location Search

- Type Short/Full Address
- Use Current Location
- Search Nearby
- Recent/Geotagged Address and POI Search & Ability to Flag
- Recent Searches
- Recent Places

#### History and Profile Based Trips

- Leave Now
- Depart At
- Arrive By
- Specify Range

#### Mode and Preferences

- Select Mode(s)
- Set Alerts/Preferences including Speed, Max Distance, Blue Turnover Level, etc.

### 5. PANEL RESULTS DISPLAY

#### Dynamic Contextual Options Display with Filtered Results

- Alternative Directions
  - Turn By Turn
  - Cost
  - Time/Distance
  - Frequencies
- RT Service Alerts (Warnings)
- RT Tripod Schedules (Warnings)
- TRC Walk Time
- Ability to Flag/Report a Trip
- Feature Details (environmental, cost savings, health, etc.)
- Compare Options

### 4. MAP DISPLAY

- Pinpoint Origin
- Adjustable Custom Geo Layers
- Instant On and Offscreen Overlay
- Blindfold Overlay
- MyActive Link to Openness Maps

### 6. MAP RESULTS DISPLAY

- Stop Results Rendered on Map
- Schematic Visualization of Trip Plan
- Toggle between Subways and Compendious View
- Stop and Route Viewer
- Show and Hide Capacity Support
- Stop Results just Sideload on Board
- Elevation Profile

### 2. USER SEARCH

- Contextual Location Search
- Enter and click on map