## Modelo Relacional

ivm(serial\_number, manuf)

point\_of\_retail(address, name)

retailer(tin, name)

unique(name)

#### category(name)

- IC-1: name must exist in super\_category and/or simple\_category
- IC-2: name cannot exist in super\_category and simple\_category

## simple\_category(name)

• name: FK(category.name)

#### super\_category(name)

- name: FK(category.name)
- IC-3: In order to super\_category exist, name must participate in the relation has other

#### shelve(nr, serial number, manuf, height, name)

- serial\_number, manuf: FK(ivm)
- name: FK(category)
- IC-4: nr, serial\_number and manuf must exist in ambient\_temp\_shelf and/or warm\_shelf and/or cold\_shelf
- IC-5: nr, serial\_number and manuf cannot exist in ambient\_temp\_shelf and warm\_shelf
- IC-6: nr, serial\_number and manuf cannot exist in ambient\_temp\_shelf and cold shelf
- IC-7: nr, serial\_number and manuf cannot exist in warm\_shelf and cold\_shelf
- IC-8: nr, serial\_number and manuf cannot exist in ambient\_temp\_shelf and warm\_shelf and cold\_shelf

#### ambient\_temp\_shelf(nr,serial\_number, manuf)

name:FK(shelve.nr, shelve.serial\_number, shelve.manuf)

#### warm\_shelf(nr,serial\_number, manuf)

name:FK(shelve.nr, shelve.serial\_number, shelve.manuf)

## cold\_shelf(nr,serial\_number, manuf)

• name:FK(shelve.nr, shelve.serial\_number, shelve.manuf)

#### product(ean,descr)

• IC-9:every prouduct (ean) must participate in the 'has' association

#### planogram(nr, serial number, manuf, ean, faces, units, loc)

- nr, serial\_number, manuf: FK(shelve)
- ean: FK(product)

replenishment\_event(instant, ean, nr, serial\_number, manuf, units, tin)

- ean, nr, serial\_number, manuf: FK(planogram)
- tin: FK(retailer)
- IC-10: units <= planogram.units
- IC-11:a product can only be replenished if its category equals shelve.name
- IC-12:a product can onnly be replenished by a retailer of its category

#### installed\_at(serial\_number, manuf, address, nr)

- serial\_number, manuf: FK(ivm)
- address:FK(point of retail)

## responsible\_for(name, tin, serial\_number, manuf)

- name: FK(category)
- tin: FK(retailer)
- serial\_number, manuf: FK(ivm)

## has(ean, name)

- ean: FK(product)
- name: FK(category)

## has\_other(category, super\_category)

- category: FK(category)
- super\_category: FK(super\_category)
- IC-13: There cannot be cycles in categories hierarchies
- IC-14: category != super\_category

# Álgebra Relacional

- 1.  $\pi_{ean, descr}$  ( $\sigma_{Categoria = Barras Energéticas \land units > 10 \land instant > 31/12/2021}$  (product  $\bowtie$  shelve  $\bowtie$  replenishment event))
- **2.**  $\pi_{\text{serial\_number}}$  ( $\sigma_{\text{ean} = 9001490100070}$  (planogram  $\bowtie$  shelve))
- 3. GCOUNT()( $\sigma_{\text{super\_category}} = \text{Sopas Take-Away}$  (has\_other))
- **4.** sums <- ean, descr G<sub>SUM(units)</sub> -> c (replenishment\_event)

 $\pi_{ean, descr}(G_{MAX(C)} (sums) \bowtie sums)$ 

## **SQL**

```
SELECT ean, descr
       FROM product
       NATURAL JOIN shelve
       NATURAL JOIN replenishment event
       WHERE instante > 31/12/2021 AND units > 10
       AND name = 'Barras Energéticas';
2.
       SELECT serial_number
       FROM shelve
       NATURAL JOIN planogram
       WHERE ean = 9002490100070;
3.
       SELECT COUNT(*)
       FROM has_other
       WHERE super_category = 'Sopas Take-Away';
4.
       SELECT ean, descr
       FROM replenishment_event
       GROUP BY ean, descr
       HAVING SUM(units) >= ALL(
              SELECT SUM(units)
              FROM replenishment_event
              GROUP BY ean, descr);
```