

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \frac{x}{n})^n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=0}^n \binom{n}{i} \left(\frac{x}{n}\right)^i = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{n!/(n-i)!}{n^i} \frac{x^i}{i!} = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^i}{i!} = f(x) : \begin{matrix} f(0) = 1 \\ f(1) \equiv e \end{matrix}$$

$$\bullet \ x < y \Rightarrow \underline{0 < f(x) < f(y) < \infty} \quad \bullet \ f(x) = f(y) \Rightarrow x = y$$

$$\bullet \ f(x+y) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(x+y)^n}{n!} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \left[ \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{n!}{i!(n-i)!} x^i y^{n-i} \right] = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{x^i}{i!} \frac{y^{n-i}}{(n-i)!} = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^i}{i!} \left[ \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{y^j}{j!} \right] = f(x)f(y)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \frac{x}{n})^{kn} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=0}^n \left\{ \frac{(kn)!}{(kn-i)!} \right\} \frac{1}{i!} \left(\frac{x}{n}\right)^i = f(kx) = (f(x))^k : \begin{matrix} f(0) = f(0)^k = 1^k \\ f(k) = f(1)^k = e^k \\ f(k)^n = e^{kn} = (e^k)^n \end{matrix} \quad \left| \quad \begin{matrix} e^x \equiv f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!} \\ \bullet \ e^{x+y} = e^x e^y \\ \bullet \ \underline{e^{xk} = (e^x)^k} \end{matrix} \right.$$

$$\left[ \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-kx)^i}{i!} \right] e^{kx} = 1 + \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-kx)^i}{i!} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \frac{(kx)^j}{j!} \Rightarrow \bullet \ e^{-kx} = \left[ (e^x)^{-k} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \frac{x}{n})^{-kn} = \frac{1}{e^{kx}} \right]$$

$$\left[ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \frac{x}{n})^{-kn} \right] (e^x)^k \leq 1 + \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \sum_{i=0}^j \frac{(-kx)^i}{i!} \frac{(kx)^{j-i}}{(j-i)!} = 1$$

$$[(e^x)^{\frac{1}{k}}]^k = [e^{\frac{x}{k}}]^k \rightarrow \left( e^x \right)^{\frac{1}{k}} \equiv e^{\frac{x}{k}} \quad \bullet \ e^{-\frac{x}{k}} = \frac{1}{e^{x/k}} = \frac{1}{(e^x)^{1/k}} = (e^x)^{-\frac{1}{k}} \quad \bullet \ e^{\frac{xp}{q}} = (e^x)^{\frac{p}{q}}$$

$$\ln a : e^{\ln a} = a \in (0, \infty) \quad \bullet \ln a = \ln b \Rightarrow a = b \quad \bullet a < b \Rightarrow -\infty < \ln a < \ln b < \infty \quad \left| \quad \ln x = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt[n]{x} - 1)/n \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^n &= (e^{\ln a})^n = e^{n \ln a} & \bullet \ a^x &= a^y \Rightarrow x = y & \bullet \ (a^y)^x &= e^{x \ln a^y} = e^{x \ln e^{y \ln a}} = e^{xy \ln a} \\ &\Rightarrow \boxed{a^x = (e^{\ln a})^x \equiv e^{x \ln a}} & \bullet \ x < y &\Rightarrow a^x < a^y & &= a^{xy} = (a^x)^y \\ & & \bullet \ (e^y)^x &= e^{xy} = (e^x)^y & \bullet \ a^{x+y} &= e^{(x+y) \ln a} = a^x a^y \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} e^{x' \frac{d}{dx}} f(x) &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (1 + dx' \frac{d}{dx})^n f(x) \xrightarrow{(dx' = \frac{x'}{n})} e^{dx' \frac{d}{dx}} = e^{dx' g(x)} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{d}{dx} \equiv h(x) \Rightarrow e^{x' \frac{d}{dx}} = e^{\int_x^{x+x'} g(t) dt}} \\ f(x+x') &= f(x) + \int_x^{x+x'} f'(x_1) dx_1 = f(x) + \int_x^{x+x'} \left[ f'(x) + \int_x^{x+x_1} f''(x_2) dx_2 \right] dx_1 \\ &= f(x) + \int_x^{x+x'} f'(x) dx_1 + \int_x^{x+x'} \int_x^{x+x_1} \left[ f''(x) + \int_x^{x+x_2} f^{(3)}(x_3) dx_3 \right] dx_2 dx_1 \\ &= f(x) + \int_x^{x+x'} f'(x) dx_1 + \int_x^{x+x'} \int_x^{x+x_1} f''(x) dX_{21} + \int_x^{x+x'} \int_x^{x+x_1} \int_x^{x+x_2} f^{(3)}(x) dX_{31} + \dots \\ &= \sum_n \frac{(x')^n}{n!} f^{(n)}(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{d\theta} (\cos \theta + g \sin \theta) &= g(\cos \theta + \frac{-1}{g} \sin \theta) \equiv i(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta) \\ e^{\theta' \frac{d}{d\theta}} (\cos \theta + i \sin \theta) &= e^{\theta' i} (\cos \theta + i \sin \theta) = \cos(\theta + \theta') + i \sin(\theta + \theta') \Rightarrow \boxed{\begin{matrix} z = e^{s+it} \\ = e^s (\cos t + i \sin t) \end{matrix}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\ln(z) = \ln|z| + i \arg(z) \rightarrow \left[ \begin{matrix} \text{Arg}(z) \in (-\pi, \pi] \\ \text{Ln}(z) = \ln|z| + i \text{Arg}(z) \end{matrix} \right] \rightarrow \boxed{z = x + it = e^{\ln|z| + i \text{Arg}(z)}}$$

$$\bullet \ \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (x + iy) = g(t)z \Rightarrow e^{\Delta t \frac{\partial}{\partial t}} z(t_0) = e^{\int_{t_0}^{t_f} \frac{(x+iy)'}{x+iy} dt} z(t_0) = \underline{e^{\ln \sqrt{x^2+y^2}|_{t_0}^{t_f} + i \text{Arctan} \frac{y}{x}|_{t_0}^{t_f}} z(t_0)} = z(t_f)$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
e^{t\frac{d}{dt}}z = e^{t'\mathbb{g}}z = z(t+t') \\
z = \pm \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \hat{x} \\ + \sin \theta \hat{y} \end{pmatrix}, \pm \begin{pmatrix} -\sin \theta \hat{x} \\ + \cos \theta \hat{y} \end{pmatrix} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} {}^{\pm}iz \leftarrow [\hat{x}|\hat{y}] = [1|\pm i] \\ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} z = -i\sigma_y z = \hat{j}z \leftarrow [\hat{x}|\hat{y}] = \pm \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \pm \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \end{array} \right. \\
\\
z = \pm \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \hat{x} \\ -\sin \theta \hat{y} \end{pmatrix}, \pm \begin{pmatrix} \sin \theta \hat{x} \\ + \cos \theta \hat{y} \end{pmatrix} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} {}^{\pm}-iz \leftarrow [\hat{x}|\hat{y}] = [1|\pm i] \\ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} z = i\sigma_y z = -\hat{j}z \leftarrow [\hat{x}|\hat{y}] = \pm \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \pm \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \end{array} \right. \\
\\
z = \pm \begin{pmatrix} \cosh \phi \hat{x} \\ \sinh \phi \hat{y} \end{pmatrix}, \pm \begin{pmatrix} \sinh \phi \hat{x} \\ \cosh \phi \hat{y} \end{pmatrix} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} {}^{\pm}jz, {}^{\pm}1z \leftarrow [\hat{x}|\hat{y}] = [1|{}^{\pm}j, {}^{\pm}1] \\ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} z = \sigma_x z \leftarrow [\hat{x}|\hat{y}] = \pm \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \pm \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \end{array} \right. \\
\\
z = \pm \begin{pmatrix} \cosh \phi \hat{x} \\ -\sinh \phi \hat{y} \end{pmatrix}, \pm \begin{pmatrix} \sinh \phi \hat{x} \\ -\cosh \phi \hat{y} \end{pmatrix} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} z = -\sigma_x z \leftarrow [\hat{x}|\hat{y}] = \pm \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \right.
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(v_0 t \hat{x} + m v_0 \hat{p}) = \frac{1}{m} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_0 t \\ m v_0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow e^{\frac{\Delta t}{m} \epsilon} \begin{bmatrix} v_0 t \\ m v_0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v_0(t + \Delta t) \\ m v_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
a(-b+b) = a(-b) + ab = 0 \Rightarrow a(-b) = -(ab) \\
(-a+a)b = (-a)b + ab = 0 \Rightarrow (-a)b = -(ab) \\
-a(-b+b) = (-a)(-b) + (-a)b = 0 \Rightarrow (-a)(-b) = ab
\end{array} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} -1+1=0 \\ \boxed{(-1)^2(1)=1} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
y' = y : y = e^x \\
y'' = y : y = e^x, e^{-x}/e^{jx} \\
y^{(3)} = y : y = e^x, e^{kx}, e^{k^2x} \\
y^{(4)} = y : y = e^x, e^{ix}, e^{-x}, e^{i^3x} \\
y^{(6)} = y : y = e^x, e^{hx}, e^{kx}, e^{h^3x}, e^{k^2x}, e^{h^5x} \\
y^{(N)} = y : y = e^{g(N,n)x}, 0 \leq n \leq N-1
\end{array} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} 0 = z^N - 1, 0 = 1 + z + z^2 + \dots + z^{N-1} \text{ (no need)} \\ \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi \\ \sin \phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\phi + \theta) \\ \sin(\phi + \theta) \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \phi \\ \cos \phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\phi + 90) \\ \sin(\phi + 90) \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi - \sin \phi \\ \sin \phi \cos \phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\phi + \theta) - \sin(\phi + \theta) \\ \sin(\phi + \theta) \cos(\phi + \theta) \end{bmatrix} \\ \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} \cos \frac{2\pi n}{N} & -\sin \frac{2\pi n}{N} \\ \sin \frac{2\pi n}{N} & \cos \frac{2\pi n}{N} \end{smallmatrix} \right]^N = \mathbb{1}_2 = g^N_{(N,n)} \Rightarrow y = e^{g(N,n)x} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
e^{\theta \frac{d}{d\theta}} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi & -\sin \phi \\ \sin \phi & \cos \phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} R(\phi) \\
= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{1}{n} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{\theta}{n} \\ \frac{\theta}{n} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right]^n R(\phi) \\
\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 1 + \frac{\theta}{n} \frac{d}{d\theta} \right)^n R(\phi) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \mathbb{1}_2 + \frac{\theta}{n} \mathbb{i}_2 \right]^n R(\phi) \\
\frac{d}{d\theta} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{bmatrix} \\
\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ i & -i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 + i\delta\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 1 - i\delta\theta \end{bmatrix} P^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\delta\theta \\ \delta\theta & 1 \end{bmatrix}
\end{array} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\delta\theta \\ \delta\theta & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi \\ \sin \phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (1) \cos \phi - (\delta\theta) \sin \phi \\ (\delta\theta) \cos \phi + (1) \sin \phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\delta\theta + \phi) & -\sin(\delta\theta + \phi) \\ \sin(\delta\theta + \phi) & \cos(\delta\theta + \phi) \end{bmatrix} \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\delta\theta \\ \delta\theta & 1 \end{bmatrix}^n \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi \\ \sin \phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta + \phi) & -\sin(\theta + \phi) \\ \sin(\theta + \phi) & \cos(\theta + \phi) \end{bmatrix} \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\delta\theta \\ \delta\theta & 1 \end{bmatrix}^n \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \sim \delta\theta \end{bmatrix} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \begin{bmatrix} \binom{n}{0} - \binom{n}{2} \delta\theta^2 + \binom{n}{4} \delta\theta^4 + \dots \\ \binom{n}{1} \delta\theta - \binom{n}{3} \delta\theta^3 + \binom{n}{5} \delta\theta^5 + \dots \end{bmatrix} \right] \\ \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi \\ \sin \phi \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \frac{\theta^2}{2!} + \frac{\theta^4}{4!} + \dots \\ \theta - \frac{\theta^3}{3!} + \frac{\theta^5}{5!} + \dots \end{bmatrix} \\ e^{\theta \mathbb{i}} = \cos \theta \mathbb{1} + \sin \theta \mathbb{i} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\alpha = x + yg \Leftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}, \quad g^2 \Leftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} \neq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ b \end{bmatrix} \neq \begin{bmatrix} a \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \boxed{\mathfrak{g}\alpha = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & a \\ 1 & b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}}, \quad \begin{matrix} \beta = u + vg \\ \alpha + \beta = \beta + \alpha \end{matrix}, \quad \begin{matrix} \beta\alpha = ux + uyg + vgx + vgyg \\ \alpha\beta = xu + xvg + ygu + ygv g \end{matrix}$$

$$\underline{\hat{\beta}}\alpha = \left( \begin{bmatrix} u & 0 \\ 0 & u \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} v & 0 \\ 0 & v \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & a \\ 1 & b \end{bmatrix} \right) \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \hat{\alpha}\beta \leftarrow \underline{\beta}\alpha = \begin{bmatrix} u & va \\ v & u + vb \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & ya \\ y & x + yb \end{bmatrix} = \alpha\beta \quad (\text{see above}), \quad \mathfrak{g}^2 \stackrel{!!!}{=} \begin{bmatrix} a & ba \\ b & a + b^2 \end{bmatrix} = \alpha_{\mathfrak{g}^2}$$

$$* \alpha = x + yh; \quad h = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}, \quad h^2 = \begin{bmatrix} bc + a^2 & b(a + d) \\ c(a + d) & bc + d^2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x + ya & by \\ cy & x + yd \end{bmatrix} = \alpha_{h^2} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} (a, d) = (a, 0), \boxed{(0, d)} \\ = (a, a), (a, -a) \end{matrix}$$

$$\det(\mathfrak{g}^N) = \det \begin{bmatrix} 0 & a \\ 1 & b \end{bmatrix}^N = (-a)^N = 1 \Rightarrow a = \pm 1$$

$$\mathfrak{g}^N = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a}{\frac{b}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{4} + a}} & \frac{a}{\frac{b}{2} - \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{4} + a}} \\ \frac{b}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{4} + a} & \frac{b}{2} - \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{4} + a} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{b}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{4} + a} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{b}{2} - \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{4} + a} \end{bmatrix}^N P^{-1} = \mathbb{1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{b}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{4} + a} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{b}{2} - \sqrt{\frac{b^2}{4} + a} \end{bmatrix}^N \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} a \leq -\frac{b^2}{4} \\ b^2 \leq 4 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a \leq -\frac{b^2}{4} \\ b^2 = 4 \rightarrow \nexists P^{-1} \end{matrix}$$

$$* g(b/\theta) = \frac{b}{2} + \sqrt{-1} \sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2}{4}} = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta \Leftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}_i, \quad (\theta \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow b^2 \neq 4)$$

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(No need)

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$$1 = \alpha \cdot \alpha^{-1} = \frac{\begin{bmatrix} x & -y \\ y & x + yb \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x + yb & y \\ -y & x \end{bmatrix}}{x^2 + y^2 + xyb} > 0 \quad \square, \quad \alpha + \frac{\alpha^{-1}}{(\det \alpha)^{-1}} = \begin{bmatrix} 2x + yb & 0 \\ 0 & 2x + yb \end{bmatrix}, \quad \alpha - \frac{\alpha^{-1}}{(\det \alpha)^{-1}} = y \begin{bmatrix} -b & -2 \\ 2 & b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\alpha^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x^2 + y^2 a \\ y(2x + yb) \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} x = \frac{yb}{2}, 1, -1 \\ y = \frac{1}{\pm \sqrt{b^2/4 + a}}, 0 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \alpha_{\pm} = \pm 1$$

$$i^2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x^2 + y^2 a \\ y(2x + yb) \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} y = \frac{2}{\sqrt{4 - b^2}} \\ x = \sqrt{-1}, -\frac{yb}{2} \end{matrix} \Rightarrow i_{\pm} = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 - b^2}} \begin{bmatrix} -b \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} 1 = \mathfrak{g} \cdot \mathfrak{g}^{N-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & a \\ 1 & b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -b/a & 1 \\ 1/a & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \mathfrak{g} + \mathfrak{g}^{N-1} = \begin{bmatrix} b & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathfrak{g} - \mathfrak{g}^{N-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -b & -2 \\ 2 & b \end{bmatrix} \\ [\mathfrak{g} - \mathfrak{g}^{N-1}]^2 = -(4 - b^2) \mathbb{1}_2 \end{array} \right|$$


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