Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi

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"Gandhi" redirects here. For other uses, see Gandhi (disambiguation).

Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi

Born 2 October 1869

Porbandar, Kathiawar Agency, British Indian Empire^[1]

Died 30 January 1948 (aged 78)

New Delhi, Dominion of India

Cause of death Assassination by shooting

Resting place Cremated at <u>Rajghat</u>, <u>Delhi</u>.

28.6415°N 77.2483°E

Nationality Indian

Other names Mahatma Gandhi, Bapu, Gandhiji

<u>Alma mater</u> <u>Alfred High School, Rajkot,</u>

Samaldas College, Bhavnagar,

Inner Temple, London

Known for Prominent figure of <u>Indian independence movement</u>,

propounding the philosophy of Satyagraha and Ahimsa

advocating non-violence,

pacifism

Religion <u>Hinduism</u>

Spouse <u>Kasturba Gandhi</u>

Children Harilal

Manilal

Ramdas

Devdas

Parents Putlibai Gandhi (Mother)

Karamchand Gandhi (Father)

maganshi

Signature

Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi (pronounced: ['moːhendaːs 'keremtʃend 'gaːndʰi]; 2 October 1869^[1] – 30 January 1948), commonly known asMahatma Gandhi, was the preeminent leader of Indian nationalism in British-ruled India. Employing non-violent civil disobedience, Gandhi led India to independence and inspired movements for non-violence, civil rights and freedom across the world. [2][3]