## Notes Section 1.1 - Numbers, Data, and Problem Solving

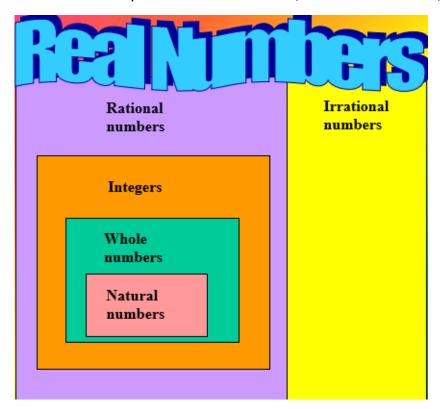
## Lesson Objectives

- 1. Classify real numbers
- 2. Convert a number from standard notation to scientific notation
- 3. Convert a number from scientific notation to standard notation
- 4. Use a calculator for computations involving scientific notation
- 5. Calculate Percent Change

۷. (	Classifying Real Numbers
1	numbers – the <b>counting</b> numbers {1, 2, 3,, ∞}
•	Includes any number that can simplify to a natural number
	• Examples: $\frac{4}{2}$ , $\sqrt{9}$ , $\frac{25}{5}$ , $\sqrt{49}$ , etc.
2	numbers – include and the <b>natural</b> numbers $\{0, 1, 2, 3,, \infty\}$
•	Think "" – write the "o" in the word "whole" with a zero instead
•	Includes any number that can <b>simplify</b> to a whole number
3. <b>_</b>	
•	Sort of like "mile markers" on a number line; often used for reference in graphing
•	Includes any number that can <b>simplify</b> to an integer
	Examples: $-\sqrt{4}$ , $-\frac{33}{11}$ , $-\sqrt{121}$ , $-\frac{48}{6}$ , etc., or examples from <b>natural</b> numbers
•	CAUTION! Just because a number is negative doesn't necessarily mean it's an integer!
•	They're "pretty" numbers. With integers, remember "ahh!," not "eww!"
4	numbers – can be written as a <b>ratio</b> (fraction, denominator not zero)
•	Includes all <b>integers</b>
•	Includes some (not all!) of the numbers the integers
•	Includes <b>all</b> forms of (that don't contain irrational numbers), positive or negative
	$\circ$ fraction (smaller/larger) – Examples: $-\frac{4}{7}, \frac{2}{5}$ , etc.
	o fraction (larger/smaller) – Examples: $-\frac{123}{6}$ , $\frac{1245}{1108}$ , etc.
	$\circ$ number – Examples: $-7\frac{3}{11}$ , $29\frac{17}{67}$ , etc.
•	Includes some (not all) types of decimal numbers, positive or negative
	o All decimals – they stop eventually
	<ul><li>Examples: -12.93, -6.1, -0.4556, 0.23, 4.51, 67.88421, etc.</li></ul>
	O All decimals – go on forever, but in a repeatable pattern
	■ Examples: $-0.\overline{4}$ , $-0.\overline{26}$ , $-0.14\overline{67}$ , $0.\overline{43}$ , $2.\overline{7}$ , etc.

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- 5. **Irrational** numbers number that is **not** rational (can't be written as a fraction)
  - Includes any \_\_\_\_\_ that doesn't "work," or simplify to a rational number, pos or neg
    - Examples:  $-\sqrt{88}$ ,  $-\sqrt{50}$ ,  $-6\sqrt{20}$ ,  $-\sqrt[3]{12}$ ,  $\sqrt[4]{2}$ ,  $\sqrt{15}$ ,  $3\sqrt{62}$ , etc.
  - Includes other numbers, like \_\_\_\_\_ (called "phi" or  $\varphi$ ), and anything that includes them, positive or negative.
    - Examples:  $-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, e^2, 100e^{-0.02293}$ , etc.
  - Includes decimals that are both non-terminating AND non-repeating, positive or negative
    - Examples: 0.1010010001..., or 0.101101110..., etc.



A Real number has more than one "" category:
Natural-Whole- Integer-Rational-Real
Whole-Integer- Rational-Real
Integer-Rational-Real
Rational-Real
Irrational-Real

• **EXAMPLE:** Classify each real number as one or more of the following: natural number, whole number, integer, rational number, or irrational number. [1.1.7]  $\frac{6}{1}$ ,  $-\frac{6}{7}$ ,  $\sqrt{11}$ ,  $0.\overline{25}$ ,  $\pi$ 

Let's go through this list of numbers one at a time, considering all the categories.

<u>Number</u>	<b>Does it Simplify?</b>	Categories of Numbers it's Classified	<u>l</u>
$\frac{6}{1}$	simplifies to 6		, real
$-\frac{6}{7}$	doesn't simplify	Fraction =	, real
$\sqrt{11}$	doesn't simplify	Root that doesn't simplify =	, real
$0.\overline{25}$	doesn't simplify	Repeating decimal =	, real
$\pi$	doesn't simplify	Has $\pi$ =	, real

# Notes Section 1.1 – Numbers, Data, and Problem Solving

•	<b>EXAMPLE:</b> Choose to which group of sets the following number belongs. Be sure to
	account for ALL sets. $-\frac{1}{3}$ Choose the correct answer below. [1.1.1]
	A. real numbers, rational numbers
	B. real numbers, irrational numbers
	C. real numbers, rational numbers, natural numbers
	D. rational numbers, natural numbers, integers
	E. irrational numbers, natural numbers
	Common error: "Since $-\frac{1}{3}$ is negative, then it is an integer." (INCORRECT)
	Remember that an integer can be either positive or negative, but they are
	"" numbers, not fractions like this one. So, Answer is incorrect.
	Notice that Answersand include natural numbers, but those are just the basic
	counting numbers 1, 2, 3, But $-\frac{1}{3}$ is definitely not a counting number!
	Since $-\frac{1}{3}$ is a simplified fraction, it MUST be a <i>rational</i> number, real number. ()
	3
В.	Scientific Notation
1.	Format for scientific notation: ("stem" times "power of 10")
	<ul> <li>For the "stem," c is somewhere between(included) and (excluded).</li> </ul>
	○ Written more simply: $1 \le c < 10$
	<ul> <li>For the "power of 10", n is an</li> </ul>
2.	Convert standard notation ("regular" number) to scientific notation
•	<b>EXAMPLE:</b> Write the following number in scientific notation 276,000 [1.1.29]
	<ul> <li>Step 1. Start with all the leading nonzero digits; ignore trailing zeros:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Step 2. Insert a decimal point to create a stem between 1 and 10:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Step 3. Move from the stem decimal location to the actual decimal location.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Count the number of positions moved: places</li> </ul>
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	<ul> <li>Count the number of positions moved: places</li> <li>Note the direction moved: to the (positive)</li> </ul>
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IN	otes Section 1.1 – Numbers, Data, and Problem Solving
3.	Convert scientific notation to standard notation ("regular" number)
•	<ul> <li>EXAMPLE: The distance from the planet Drendal to its moon Kronotor is about 9 × 10 meters. Express this distance in standard form. [1.1.43]</li> <li>Step 1. Write down just the "stem" number</li> <li>Step 2. Use n (the "power of 10") to move (or "") the corresponding direction (positive RIGHT, negative LEFT) and number of decimal places. "hop"</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>places to the</li><li>Step 3. Drop a decimal point after completing Step 2.</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Step 3. Brop a decimal point after completing step 2.</li> <li>Step 4. Fill in any vacant place values with a zero.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Step 5. Remove ("") the decimal point from the original stem.</li> </ul>
	o In standard notation:
•	<b>EXAMPLE:</b> Write the number in standard form. $7.902 \times 10^{-6}$ [1.1-25]
	<ul> <li>Follow the same steps in a similar fashion as previous example.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>From decimal point between 7 and 9, move places to the, then fill with zeros.</li> </ul>
	o In standard notation:
	(note that the zero to the left of decimal point is a matter of visual clarity only)
	4. Calculator computations involving scientific notation
•	<b>EXAMPLE:</b> Use a calculator to approximate the expression. Write the result in
	scientific notation.
	$\frac{8.747 \times 10^9}{0.00094} (4.5 \times 10^6)$
	(Round to two decimal places as needed. Use scientific notation. Use the
	multiplication symbol in the math palette as needed.) [1.1.61]
	○ TI-84 has fraction feature: press ALPHA, Y=, ENTER    H: PF 400   FREC FUNCINTER   YVAR
	TI-83 should use extra parentheses with fraction. Best to use separate ones for

numerator, for denominator, and for entire fraction itself, so BE CAREFUL!

- $\circ$  The short capital letter E with 18 at end is the power of 10, so "E19" means "× 10<sup>19</sup>"
- o Rounded to two decimal places:  $4.19 \times 10^{19}$

## Notes Section 1.1 - Numbers, Data, and Problem Solving

• **Example:** Find the percent change if a quantity changes from  $P_1$  to  $P_2$ .

 $P_1 = 1.4$  and  $P_2 = 0.74$  (round to the nearest tenth as needed)

[App.D.3]

- $\circ$  Since from P<sub>1</sub> to P<sub>2</sub> is \_\_\_\_\_\_, we expect the percent change to be
- Use formula:

Percent Change = 
$$\left(\frac{P_2 - P_1}{P_1}\right) \times 100 = \left(\frac{P_2 - P_1}{P_1}\right) \times 100$$

Use calculator:

Rounded to the nearest tenth (one decimal place): \_\_\_\_\_\_%

### Sources used:

- 1. Pearson MyMathLab College Algebra with Modeling and Visualization, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Rockswold
- 2. Wabbitemu calculator emulator version 1.9.5.21 by Revolution Software, BootFree ©2006-2014 Ben Moody, Rom8x ©2005-2014 Andree Chea. Website <a href="https://archive.codeplex.com/?p=wabbit">https://archive.codeplex.com/?p=wabbit</a>