Mandatory Excercise 7

Computationally hard problems

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1 Excercise 7.4

In order to show the Jacobi symbol of $\left[\frac{773}{1373}\right]$ we follow the rules outlined in the lecture notes Theorem 5.23. We note that we are also given that gcd(773, 1373) = 1.

On the left side of the : we have which rule we utilized, and on the right side the calculation and result.

$$I3: \quad (-1)^{\frac{772}{2} \times \frac{1372}{2}} \left[\frac{1373}{773} \right] = \left[\frac{1373}{773} \right] \tag{1}$$

$$I2: 1373 \mod 773 = \left[\frac{600}{773}\right] (2)$$

$$I1: \qquad \left[\frac{300}{773}\right] \left[\frac{2}{773}\right] \qquad = \left[\frac{300}{773}\right] (-1) \tag{3}$$

$$I1: \quad \left[\frac{150}{773}\right](-1) \times \left[\frac{2}{773}\right] \quad = \left[\frac{150}{773}\right] \tag{4}$$

$$I1: \qquad \left[\frac{75}{773}\right] \times \left[\frac{2}{773}\right] \qquad = \left[\frac{75}{773}\right](-1) \tag{5}$$

$$I3: (-1)(-1)^{\frac{74}{2} \times \frac{772}{2}} \left[\frac{773}{75} \right] = \left[\frac{773}{75} \right] (-1)$$
 (6)

$$I2: 773 \mod 75 = \left[\frac{23}{75}\right](-1) (7)$$

$$I3: \qquad (-1)^{\frac{22}{2} \times \frac{74}{2}} \left[\frac{75}{23} \right] \qquad = \left[\frac{75}{23} \right] \tag{8}$$

$$I2: 75 \bmod 23 = \left[\frac{6}{23}\right] (9)$$

$$I1: \qquad \left[\frac{3}{23}\right] \times \left[\frac{2}{23}\right] \qquad = \left[\frac{3}{23}\right] \tag{10}$$

$$I3: \qquad (-1)^{\frac{2}{2} \times \frac{22}{2}} \left[\frac{23}{3} \right] \qquad = \left[\frac{23}{3} \right] (-1) \tag{11}$$

$$I2: \qquad 23 \bmod 3 \qquad = \left[\frac{2}{3}\right](-1) \tag{12}$$

$$I5: \qquad 3 \bmod 8 \qquad = 1 \tag{13}$$

We see that the Jacobi symbol for $\left[\frac{773}{1373}\right]$ is 1.