

import modules

```
conda install psycpg2

2 channel Terms of Service accepted
Channels:
- defaults
Platform: linux-64
Collecting package metadata (repodata.json): done
Solving environment: done

==> WARNING: A newer version of conda exists. <==
current version: 25.5.1
latest version: 25.11.0

Please update conda by running

$ conda update -n base -c defaults conda

# All requested packages already installed.

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import pickle
import os

# Set up plotting style
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (12, 6)

# Load pickled data files
pickled_path = "./resources/pickled_tables/"

# Load engine and engine_manufacturer data
with open(os.path.join(pickled_path, "engine.plk"), "rb") as f:
    engine_df = pickle.load(f)

with open(os.path.join(pickled_path, "engine_manufacturer.plk"), "rb")
as f:
    engine_manufacturer_df = pickle.load(f)

# Load related tables for comprehensive analysis
```

```

with open(os.path.join(pickled_path,
"season_engine_manufacturer.plk"), "rb") as f:
    season_engine_manufacturer_df = pickle.load(f)

with open(os.path.join(pickled_path, "season_entrant_engine.plk"),
"rb") as f:
    season_entrant_engine_df = pickle.load(f)

with open(os.path.join(pickled_path, "race.plk"), "rb") as f:
    race_df = pickle.load(f)

with open(os.path.join(pickled_path, "season.plk"), "rb") as f:
    season_df = pickle.load(f)

print(f"Engine Data Shape: {engine_df.shape}")
print(f"Engine Manufacturer Data Shape:
{engine_manufacturer_df.shape}")
print(f"Season Engine Manufacturer Data Shape:
{season_engine_manufacturer_df.shape}")
print(f"Season Entrant Engine Data Shape:
{season_entrant_engine_df.shape}")

Engine Data Shape: (419, 7)
Engine Manufacturer Data Shape: (76, 17)
Season Engine Manufacturer Data Shape: (555, 15)
Season Entrant Engine Data Shape: (2016, 5)

```

Display engine manufacturer data

```

print("Engine Manufacturer DataFrame:")
print(engine_manufacturer_df.head(10))
print("\nEngine Manufacturer Columns:",
engine_manufacturer_df.columns.tolist())
print("\nData Info:")
print(engine_manufacturer_df.info())

```

Engine Manufacturer DataFrame:

	id	name	country_id
best_championship_position \			
0	acer	Acer	taiwan
9.0			
1	alfa-romeo	Alfa Romeo	italy
3.0			
2	alta	Alta	united-kingdom
NaN			
3	arrows	Arrows	united-kingdom
7.0			
4	asiatech	Asiatech	france

```

9.0
5 aston-martin Aston Martin united-kingdom
NaN
6 ats ATS italy
NaN
7 bmw BMW germany
2.0
8 borgward Borgward germany
NaN
9 bpm BPM italy
NaN

```

```

      best_starting_grid_position best_race_result
total_championship_wins \
0      4.0      5.0
0
1      1.0      1.0
0
2      6.0      3.0
0
3      6.0      4.0
0
4     13.0      5.0
0
5      2.0      6.0
0
6     13.0     11.0
0
7      1.0      1.0
0
8     16.0     10.0
0
9      NaN      NaN
0

```

```

      total_race_entries total_race_starts total_race_wins
total_race_laps \
0      17      17      0
1707
1     225     215     12
17979
2      29      26      0
2610
3      32      32      0
2254
4      34      33      0
2826
5       6       5      0
518

```

6	7	7	0
303			
7	273	270	20
31993			
8	2	1	0
139			
9	1	0	0
0			

	total_podiums	total_podium_races	total_points
total_championship_points \			
0	0	0	4.0
4.0			
1	40	30	166.0
148.0			
2	1	1	0.0
0.0			
3	0	0	7.0
7.0			
4	0	0	3.0
3.0			
5	0	0	0.0
0.0			
6	0	0	0.0
0.0			
7	86	76	1021.0
1021.0			
8	0	0	0.0
0.0			
9	0	0	0.0
0.0			

	total_pole_positions	total_fastest_laps
0	0	0
1	15	20
2	0	0
3	0	0
4	0	0
5	0	0
6	0	0
7	33	33
8	0	0
9	0	0

Engine Manufacturer Columns: ['id', 'name', 'country_id', 'best_championship_position', 'best_starting_grid_position', 'best_race_result', 'total_championship_wins', 'total_race_entries', 'total_race_starts', 'total_race_wins', 'total_race_laps', 'total_podiums', 'total_podium_races', 'total_points', 'total_championship_points', 'total_pole_positions',

```
'total_fastest_laps']
```

Data Info:

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

RangeIndex: 76 entries, 0 to 75

Data columns (total 17 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	id	76 non-null	object
1	name	76 non-null	object
2	country_id	76 non-null	object
3	best_championship_position	45 non-null	float64
4	best_starting_grid_position	72 non-null	float64
5	best_race_result	65 non-null	float64
6	total_championship_wins	76 non-null	int64
7	total_race_entries	76 non-null	int64
8	total_race_starts	76 non-null	int64
9	total_race_wins	76 non-null	int64
10	total_race_laps	76 non-null	int64
11	total_podiums	76 non-null	int64
12	total_podium_races	76 non-null	int64
13	total_points	76 non-null	float64
14	total_championship_points	76 non-null	float64
15	total_pole_positions	76 non-null	int64
16	total_fastest_laps	76 non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(5), int64(9), object(3)

memory usage: 10.2+ KB

None

Sort by wins and display top performers

```
# Sort by wins and display top performers
```

```
top_engines = engine_manufacturer_df.nlargest(15, 'total_race_wins')[  
    ['id', 'name', 'country_id', 'total_race_entries',  
    'total_race_wins',  
    'total_podiums', 'total_pole_positions', 'total_fastest_laps']  
].reset_index(drop=True)
```

```
print("Top 15 Engine Manufacturers by Wins:")
```

```
print(top_engines)
```

Top 15 Engine Manufacturers by Wins:

	id	name	country_id
total_race_entries \			
0	ferrari	Ferrari	italy
1120			
1	mercedes	Mercedes	germany
607			

2	ford	Ford	united-states-of-america
528			
3	renault	Renault	france
768			
4	honda	Honda	japan
482			
5	climax	Climax	united-kingdom
98			
6	honda-rbpt	Honda RBPT	japan
64			
7	tag	TAG	luxembourg
68			
8	bmw	BMW	germany
273			
9	brm	BRM	united-kingdom
200			
10	rbpt	RBPT	japan
22			
11	alfa-romeo	Alfa Romeo	italy
225			
12	maserati	Maserati	italy
108			
13	offenhauser	Offenhauser	united-states-of-america
12			
14	tag-heuer	TAG Heuer	switzerland
62			

	total_race_wins	total_podiums	total_pole_positions
total_fastest_laps			
0	249	841	256
275			
1	236	650	244
236			
2	176	533	139
162			
3	169	465	213
177			
4	89	223	90
76			
5	40	104	44
45			
6	34	58	28
19			
7	25	54	7
18			
8	20	86	33
33			
9	18	65	11
14			

10	17	28	8
8			
11	12	40	15
20			
12	11	44	11
19			
13	11	33	9
10			
14	9	42	3
13			

Create subplot visualizations

```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(16, 12))

top_15_wins = engine_manufacturer_df.nlargest(15, 'total_race_wins')
axes[0, 0].barh(top_15_wins['name'], top_15_wins['total_race_wins'],
color='steelblue')
axes[0, 0].set_xlabel('Total Race Wins')
axes[0, 0].set_title('Top 15 Engine Manufacturers by Race Wins')
axes[0, 0].invert_yaxis()
for i, wins in enumerate(top_15_wins['total_race_wins']):
    axes[0, 0].text(wins + 5, i, f'{int(wins):,}', va='center',
    fontsize=9)

top_15_podiums = engine_manufacturer_df.nlargest(15, 'total_podiums')
axes[0, 1].barh(top_15_podiums['name'],
top_15_podiums['total_podiums'], color='coral')
axes[0, 1].set_xlabel('Total Podium Finishes')
axes[0, 1].set_title('Top 15 Engine Manufacturers by Podium Finishes')
axes[0, 1].invert_yaxis()
for i, podiums in enumerate(top_15_podiums['total_podiums']):
    axes[0, 1].text(podiums + 5, i, f'{int(podiums):,}', va='center',
    fontsize=9)

top_15_poles = engine_manufacturer_df.nlargest(15,
'total_pole_positions')
axes[1, 0].barh(top_15_poles['name'],
top_15_poles['total_pole_positions'], color='lightgreen')
axes[1, 0].set_xlabel('Total Pole Positions')
axes[1, 0].set_title('Top 15 Engine Manufacturers by Pole Positions')
axes[1, 0].invert_yaxis()
for i, poles in enumerate(top_15_poles['total_pole_positions']):
    axes[1, 0].text(poles + 5, i, f'{int(poles):,}', va='center',
    fontsize=9)

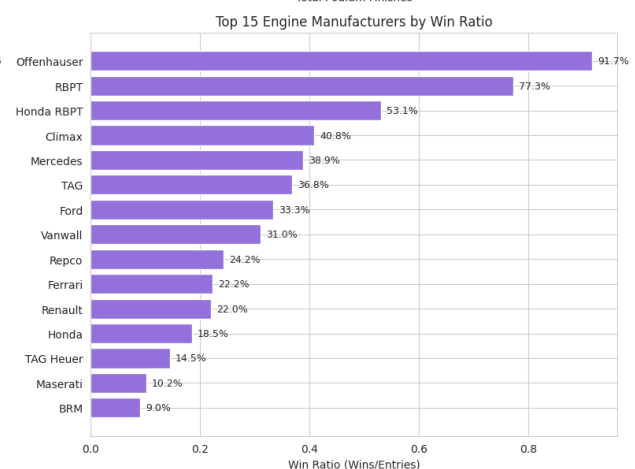
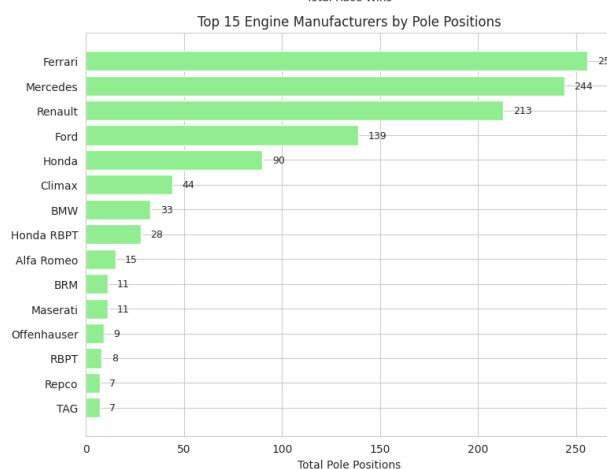
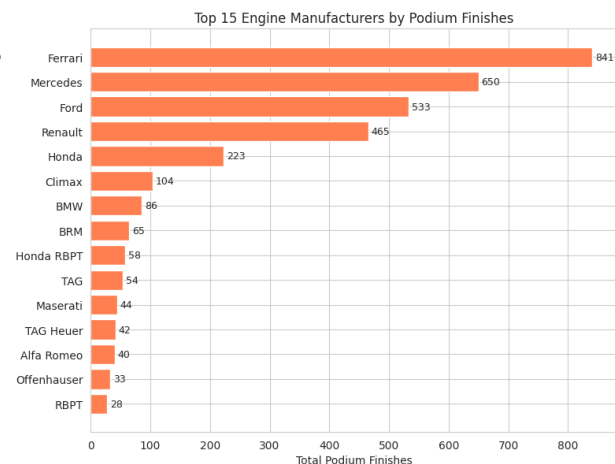
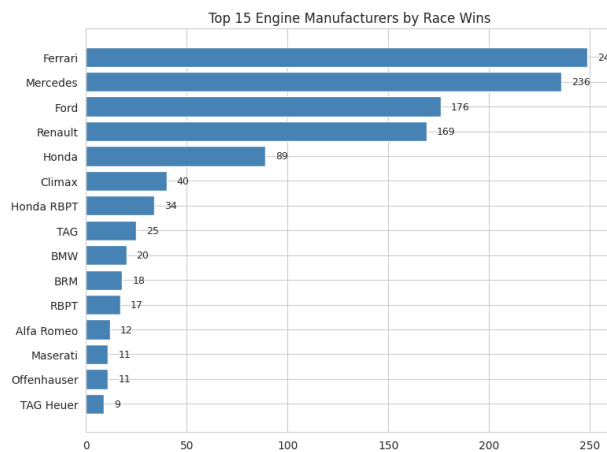
engine_manufacturer_df['win_ratio'] =
(engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_wins'] /
```

```

engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_entries']).fillna(0)
top_15_ratio = engine_manufacturer_df.nlargest(15, 'win_ratio')
axes[1, 1].barh(top_15_ratio['name'], top_15_ratio['win_ratio'],
color='mediumpurple')
axes[1, 1].set_xlabel('Win Ratio (Wins/Entries)')
axes[1, 1].set_title('Top 15 Engine Manufacturers by Win Ratio')
axes[1, 1].invert_yaxis()
for i, ratio in enumerate(top_15_ratio['win_ratio']):
    axes[1, 1].text(ratio + 0.01, i, f'{ratio:.1%}', va='center',
    fontsize=9)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig('engine_manufacturers_summary.png', dpi=300,
bbox_inches='tight')
plt.show()
print("Engine manufacturer summary visualization saved!")

```



Engine manufacturer summary visualization saved!

Calculate efficiency metrics

```
# Calculate efficiency metrics
engine_stats = engine_manufacturer_df[
    ['name', 'total_race_entries', 'total_race_wins', 'total_podiums',
     'total_pole_positions', 'total_fastest_laps']
].copy()

# Calculate ratios
engine_stats['podium_ratio'] =
    (engine_manufacturer_df['total_podiums'] /
     engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_entries']).round(3)
engine_stats['win_ratio'] = (engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_wins']
                              /
                              engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_entries']).round(3)
engine_stats['pole_ratio'] =
    (engine_manufacturer_df['total_pole_positions'] /
     engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_entries']).round(3)
engine_stats['fastest_lap_ratio'] =
    (engine_manufacturer_df['total_fastest_laps'] /
     engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_entries']).round(3)

# Sort by podium ratio and display top performers
top_performers = engine_stats.sort_values('podium_ratio',
                                           ascending=False).head(15)
print("\nTop 15 Engine Manufacturers by Efficiency (Podium Ratio):")
print(top_performers.to_string())
```

```
Top 15 Engine Manufacturers by Efficiency (Podium Ratio):
      name  total_race_entries  total_race_wins  total_podiums
total_pole_positions  total_fastest_laps  podium_ratio  win_ratio
pole_ratio  fastest_lap_ratio
48  Offenhauser              12              11              33
9      10              2.750              0.917              0.750
0.833
57      RBPT                  22              17              28
8      8              1.273              0.773              0.364
0.364
43      Mercedes             607             236             650
244      236             1.071              0.389              0.402
0.389
16      Climax               98              40             104
44      45             1.061              0.408              0.449
0.459
```

25	Ford		528	176	533
139		162	1.009	0.333	0.263
0.307					
28	Honda RBPT		64	34	58
28		19	0.906	0.531	0.438
0.297					
66	TAG		68	25	54
7		18	0.794	0.368	0.103
0.265					
59	Repco		33	8	25
7		4	0.758	0.242	0.212
0.121					
23	Ferrari		1120	249	841
256		275	0.751	0.222	0.229
0.246					
65	TAG Heuer		62	9	42
3		13	0.677	0.145	0.048
0.210					
58	Renault		768	169	465
213		177	0.605	0.220	0.277
0.230					
29	Honda		482	89	223
90		76	0.463	0.185	0.187
0.158					
71	Vanwall		29	9	13
7		6	0.448	0.310	0.241
0.207					
39	Maserati		108	11	44
11		19	0.407	0.102	0.102
0.176					
11	BRM		200	18	65
11		14	0.325	0.090	0.055
0.070					

```
print(season_df.columns.tolist())
print(season_df.head())
```

```
['year']
year
0  1950
1  1951
2  1952
3  1953
4  1954
```

Generate comprehensive summary

```
# Generate comprehensive summary
summary_stats = engine_manufacturer_df[
    ['total_race_entries', 'total_race_wins', 'total_podiums',
     'total_pole_positions', 'total_fastest_laps']
].describe()

print("\nSummary Statistics for Engine Manufacturers:")
print(summary_stats.round(2))

# Key insights
print("\n=== KEY INSIGHTS ===")
print(f"Total Manufacturers: {len(engine_manufacturer_df)}")
print(f"Total Race Entries: {engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_entries'].sum()}")
print(f"Total Races Won: {engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_wins'].sum()}")
print(f"Total Podiums: {engine_manufacturer_df['total_podiums'].sum()}")

# Top performers
print("\nMost Successful Engine Manufacturer:")
top =
engine_manufacturer_df.loc[engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_wins'].i
dxmax()]
print(f" {top['name']}: {int(top['total_race_wins'])} wins")

print("\nHighest Win Ratio:")
engine_manufacturer_df['win_ratio'] =
(engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_wins'] /

engine_manufacturer_df['total_race_entries'])
top_ratio =
engine_manufacturer_df.loc[engine_manufacturer_df['win_ratio'].idxmax(
)]
print(f" {top_ratio['name']}: {top_ratio['win_ratio']:.3f} wins per
entry")
```

```
Summary Statistics for Engine Manufacturers:
```

	total_race_entries	total_race_wins	total_podiums	\
count	76.00	76.00	76.00	
mean	89.43	15.04	45.11	
std	183.62	48.03	144.38	
min	1.00	0.00	0.00	
25%	6.00	0.00	0.00	
50%	21.00	0.00	1.00	
75%	77.00	1.50	14.50	
max	1120.00	249.00	841.00	

	total_pole_positions	total_fastest_laps
count	76.00	76.00
mean	15.04	15.25
std	49.70	49.29
min	0.00	0.00
25%	0.00	0.00
50%	0.00	0.00
75%	2.25	3.25
max	256.00	275.00

=== KEY INSIGHTS ===

Total Manufacturers: 76

Total Race Entries: 6797

Total Races Won: 1143

Total Podiums: 3428

Most Successful Engine Manufacturer:

Ferrari: 249 wins

Highest Win Ratio:

Offenhauser: 0.917 wins per entry