## Statistics 133 – Homework 5

## 

1. For p=0.2, I find free flowing traffic after 1000 iterations on a  $100\times 100$  grid.

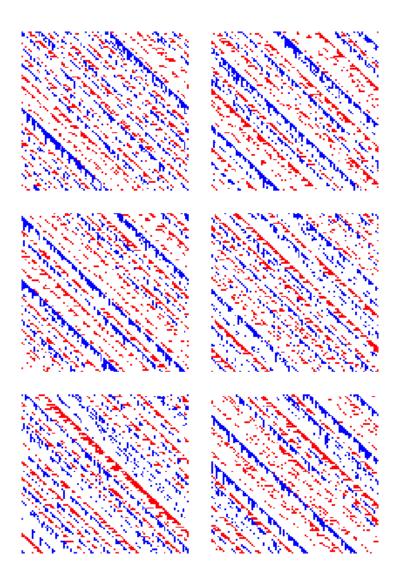


Figure 1: p=0.2, r=100, c=100

For p=0.3, I find a mixture of jams and free flowing traffic on a  $100\times 100$  grid.

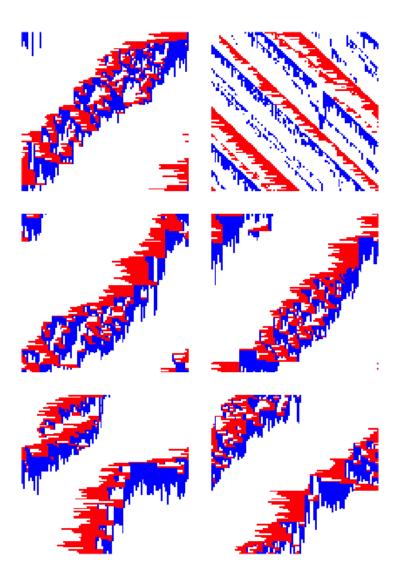


Figure 2: p=0.3, r=100, c=100

For p=0.4, I find traffic jams after around 160 iterations on a  $100\times100$  grid. For p=0.6, I find traffic jams after around 40 iterations on a  $100\times100$  grid. For p=0.8, I find traffic jams after around 20 iterations on a  $100\times100$  grid.

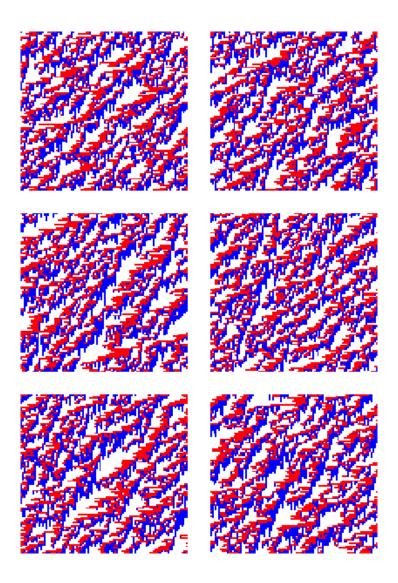


Figure 3: p=0.6, r=100, c=100

2. The values in the table is the number of steps it has taken until it hits gridlock.

	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Run 4	Run 5	Run 6
p=0.2	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
p=0.3	354	1000	430	371	555	423
p=0.4	198	134	205	107	193	205
p=0.6	41	39	50	35	46	45
p=0.8	29	17	24	16	18	23

3. For p=0.3, the probability of gridlock increases as I increase the dimension of the grid from  $50\times50$  to  $200\times200$ . Therefore, the transition depends on the size of the grid. Also, the probability of gridlock increase as I stretch the dimension of the grid from  $100\times100$  to  $1000\times10$ . Therefore, the transition depends on the shape of the grid.

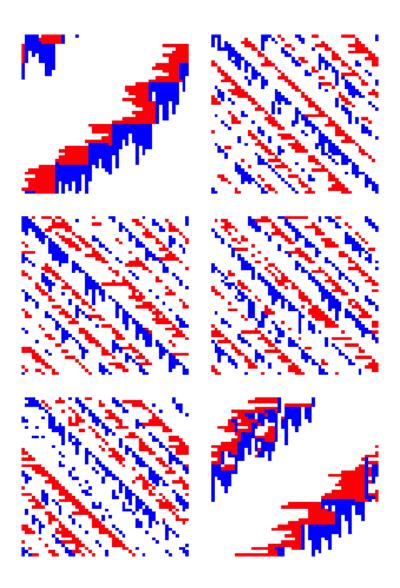


Figure 4: p=0.3, r=50, c=50

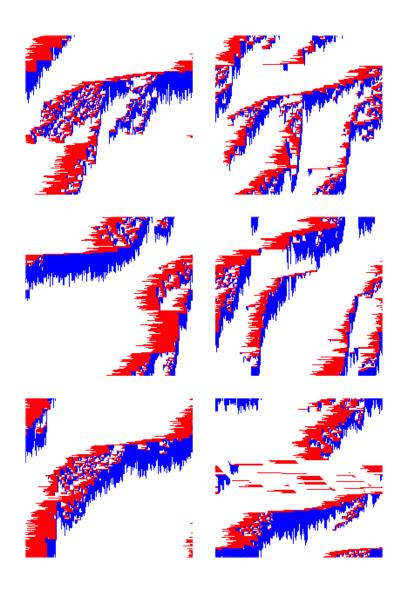


Figure 5: p=0.3, r=200, c=200