

### Congratulations

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## Demo ticket

### Session

ID: demoY2TQZC-42Y  
Time limit: 30 min.

### Status: closed

Created on: 2017-03-17 00:43 UTC  
Started on: 2017-03-17 00:43 UTC  
Finished on: 2017-03-17 00:46 UTC

### Style Assessment BETA

We provide coding style assessment for candidate solutions

### Tasks in test

1 | **Equi**  
Submitted in: Python

### Correctness

100%

### Performance

100%

### Task score

100%

### Test score

# 100%

100 out of 100 points

MEDIUM

### 1. Equi

Find an index in an array such that its prefix sum equals its suffix sum.

score: 100 of 100

#### Task description

This is a demo task.

A zero-indexed array *A* consisting of *N* integers is given. An *equilibrium index* of this array is any integer *P* such that  $0 \leq P < N$  and the sum of elements of lower indices is equal to the sum of elements of higher indices, i.e.

$$A[0] + A[1] + \dots + A[P-1] = A[P+1] + \dots + A[N-2] + A[N-1].$$

Sum of zero elements is assumed to be equal to 0. This can happen if  $P = 0$  or if  $P = N-1$ .

For example, consider the following array *A* consisting of  $N = 8$  elements:

```
A[0] = -1
A[1] = 3
A[2] = -4
A[3] = 5
A[4] = 1
A[5] = -6
A[6] = 2
A[7] = 1
```

$P = 1$  is an equilibrium index of this array, because:

#### Solution

Programming language used: Python

Total time used: 3 minutes

Effective time used: 3 minutes

Notes: *not defined yet*

#### Task timeline



00:43:11

00:46:11

Code: 00:46:11 UTC, py, final,  
score: 100

[show code in pop-up](#)

```
1 # you can write to stdout for debugging purposes, e.g.
2 # print "this is a debug message"
3
```

- $A[0] = -1 = A[2] + A[3] + A[4] + A[5] + A[6] + A[7]$

$P = 3$  is an equilibrium index of this array, because:

- $A[0] + A[1] + A[2] = -2 = A[4] + A[5] + A[6] + A[7]$

$P = 7$  is also an equilibrium index, because:

- $A[0] + A[1] + A[2] + A[3] + A[4] + A[5] + A[6] = 0$

and there are no elements with indices greater than 7.

$P = 8$  is not an equilibrium index, because it does not fulfill the condition  $0 \leq P < N$ .

Write a function:

```
def solution(A):
```

that, given a zero-indexed array A consisting of N integers, returns any of its equilibrium indices. The function should return -1 if no equilibrium index exists.

For example, given array A shown above, the function may return 1, 3 or 7, as explained above.

Assume that:

- N is an integer within the range  $[0..100,000]$ ;
- each element of array A is an integer within the range  $[-2,147,483,648..2,147,483,647]$ .

Complexity:

- expected worst-case time complexity is  $O(N)$ ;
- expected worst-case space complexity is  $O(1)$ , beyond input storage (not counting the storage required for input arguments).

Elements of input arrays can be modified.

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```
4 def solution(A):
5     # write your code in Python 2.7
6     n = len(A)
7     SumAll = 0
8     RightSum = 0
9     LeftSum = 0
10    for (i,v) in enumerate(A):
11        SumAll += A[i]
12
13    for (j,w) in enumerate(A):
14        RightSum = SumAll - LeftSum - A[j]
15        if RightSum == LeftSum:
16            return j
17        LeftSum += A[j]
18
19    return -1
20
21 pass
```

## Analysis summary

The solution obtained perfect score.

## Analysis



Detected time complexity:

**$O(N)$**

expand all	Example tests	
▶	example Test from the task description	✓ OK
expand all	Correctness tests	
▶	simple	✓ OK
▶	extreme_large_numbers Sequence with extremely large numbers testing arithmetic overflow.	✓ OK
▶	extreme_negative_numbers Sequence with extremely large numbers testing arithmetic overflow.	✓ OK
▶	overflow_tests1 arithmetic overflow tests	✓ OK
▶	overflow_tests2 arithmetic overflow tests	✓ OK
▶	one_large one large number at the end of the sequence	✓ OK
▶	sum_0 sequence with sum=0	✓ OK
▶	single_empty single number or empty array	✓ OK
▶	combinations_of_two multiple runs, all pairs of values: -1, 0 and 1	✓ OK
▶	combinations_of_three multiple runs, all triples of values -1, 0 and 1	✓ OK
▶	small_pyramid	✓ OK
expand all	Correctness/performance tests	
▶	extreme_max Maximal size test	✓ OK
expand all	Performance tests	
▶	large_long_sequence_of_ones	✓ OK
▶	large_long_sequence_of_minus_ones	✓ OK
▶	medium_pyramid	✓ OK
▶		

large\_pyramid ✓ OK

Large performance test,  $O(n^2)$  solutions  
should fail.

▶ huge\_pyramid ✓ OK

Large performance test,  $O(n^2)$  solutions  
should fail.

Training center