```
# Lab07 - Natural language processing (NLP)
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## Link github: https://github.com/tuNQws/data_mining.git
# I. Feature Engineering
# 1. Test Normalization
import nltk
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import re
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
import string
df=pd.read_csv("elonmusk_tweets.csv")
df.shape
    (2819, 3)
df.info()
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    RangeIndex: 2819 entries, 0 to 2818
    Data columns (total 3 columns):
     # Column
                  Non-Null Count Dtype
     --- -----
                     -----
     0 id
                   2819 non-null int64
     1 created_at 2819 non-null object
     2 text
                     2819 non-null object
    dtypes: int64(1), object(2)
    memory usage: 66.2+ KB
df.describe()
                     id
     count 2.819000e+03
      mean 5.804848e+17
      std 2.186404e+17
           1.543473e+10
      min
      25% 3.506818e+17
           6.569719e+17
      50%
      75%
           7.704732e+17
      max 8.496369e+17
nltk.download('punkt')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
    [nltk_data] Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
    True
def normalize(document):
   text = "".join([ch for ch in document if ch not in string.punctuation])
   tokens = word_tokenize(text)
   stemmer = PorterStemmer()
   ret = " ".join([stemmer.stem(word.lower()) for word in tokens])
    return ret
```

```
original_documents = [x.strip() for x in df['text']]
documents = [normalize(d).split() for d in original_documents]
documents[0]
     ['band', 'so', 'the', 'robot', 'spare', 'human', 'httpstcov7jujqwfcv']
import re
emoticons_str = r"""
    (?:
        [:=;] # Eyes
        [oO\-]? # Nose (optional)
    )"""
regex_str = [
    emoticons_str,
    r'<[^>]+>',
    r'(?:@[\w_]+)',
    r"(?:\#+[\w_]+[\w\'_\-]*[\w_]+)",
     \verb|r'http[s]|?://(?:[a-z]|[0-9]|[$-_@.&+]|[!*,]|(?:%[0-9a-f][0-9a-f]))+', \\
    r'(?:(?:\d+,?)+(?:\.?\d+)?)',
    r"(?:[a-z][a-z'\-_]+[a-z])",
    r'(?:[\w_]+)',
    r'(?:\S)'
]
tokens\_re = re.compile(r'('+'|'.join(regex\_str)+')', \ re.VERBOSE \ | \ re.IGNORECASE)
emoticon_re = re.compile(r'^'+emoticons_str+'$', re.VERBOSE | re.IGNORECASE)
def tokenize(s):
    return tokens_re.findall(s)
def preprocess(s, lowercase=False):
    tokens = tokenize(s)
    if lowercase:
        tokens = [token if emoticon_re.search(token) else token.lower() for token in tokens]
    return tokens
original_documents = [x.strip() for x in df['text']]
documents = [preprocess(d) for d in original_documents]
documents[1]
     ['b',
      '@ForIn2020',
      '@waltmossberg',
      '@mims',
      '@defcon_5',
      'Exactly',
      'Tesla',
      'is',
      'absurdly',
      'overvalued',
      'if',
      'based',
      'on',
      'the'
      'past',
      'but',
      "that's",
      'irr',
      '\\',
      'xe2',
      '\\',
      'x80',
      '\\',
      'xa6',
      'https://t.co/qQcTqkzgMl',
'"']
# 2. Implement TF-IDF
import pandas as pd
from collections import Counter
```

```
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
import math
nltk.download('stopwords')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
flat_list = [word for doc in documents for word in doc]
# TODO: remove stop words from the vocabulary
words = [word for word in flat_list if word not in stopwords.words('english')]
# TODO: we take the 500 most common words only
counts = Counter (words)
vocabulary = counts.most_common (500)
print([x for x in vocabulary if x[0] == 'Tesla'])
vocabulary = [x[0] \text{ for } x \text{ in vocabulary}]
assert len (vocabulary) == 500
#vocabulary.sort()
vocabulary[:5]
     [('Tesla', 272)]
['.', "'", 'b', '\\', '"']
def idf(vocabulary, documents):
   idf_values = {}
   num_documents = len(documents)
    for term in vocabulary:
        count = sum(term in document for document in documents)
        idf_values[term] = math.log(num_documents / count, 2)
    return idf_values
idf_values = idf(vocabulary, documents)
[idf_values[key] for key in vocabulary[:5]]
     [0.959130577668125,
      0.7493007890060756,
      1.1177820471225408,
      3.0990239888351803,
      2.384152165519591]
# 3. Compare the results with the reference implementation of scikit-learn library
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from nltk.stem.snowball import FrenchStemmer
stemmer = FrenchStemmer()
analyzer = CountVectorizer().build_analyzer()
def stemmed words(doc):
    return (stemmer.stem(w) for w in analyzer(doc))
# Convert the list of documents into a single string
corpus = [' '.join(doc) for doc in documents]
stem_vectorizer = CountVectorizer(analyzer=stemmed_words)
print(stem_vectorizer.fit_transform(corpus))
print(stem_vectorizer.get_feature_names_out())
       (0, 617)
       (0, 6119)
                     1
       (0, 6613)
                     1
       (0, 5673)
       (0, 6186)
                     1
       (0, 3209)
                     1
       (0, 3203)
       (0, 1462)
       (0, 7106)
                     1
       (1, 6613)
       (1, 3203)
       (1, 1462)
                     1
       (1, 2667)
                     1
       (1, 7258)
                     1
       (1, 4284)
                     1
       (1, 1881)
```

```
(1, 2392)
       (1, 6574)
                     1
       (1, 3488)
       (1, 403)
       (1, 4845)
       (1, 3277)
       (1, 897)
       (1, 4750)
       (1, 4935)
       (2817, 2740) 1
       (2817, 3256) 1
       (2817, 5816) 1
       (2817, 3257) 1
       (2817, 1162)
(2817, 7200)
       (2817, 5654)
       (2817, 7122) 1
       (2817, 4654)
       (2817, 5408)
       (2818, 3488)
       (2818, 6611)
       (2818, 6739)
       (2818, 6657)
       (2818, 441)
       (2818, 7271)
       (2818, 733)
       (2818, 4191)
       (2818, 924)
       (2818, 5189)
       (2818, 6906) 1
       (2818, 5055)
       (2818, 6143)
       (2818, 3281) 1
       (2818, 5167) 1
     ['00' '000' '01' ... 'zyfazr2bb2' 'zyv4h85o' 'zzijxxyy']
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import linear_kernel
tfidf = TfidfVectorizer (analyzer='word', ngram_range=(1,1), min_df = 1, stop_words = 'english', max_features=500)
features=tfidf.fit(original_documents)
corpus_tf_idf = tfidf.transform (original_documents)
sum_words = corpus_tf_idf.sum(axis=0)
words_freq = [(word, sum_words [0, idx]) for word, idx in tfidf.vocabulary_.items()]
print (sorted (words_freq, key = lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)[:5])
print('testla', corpus_tf_idf [1, features.vocabulary_['tesla']])
     [('http', 163.54366542841234), ('https', 151.85039944652075), ('rt', 112.61998731390989), ('tesla', 95.96401470715628), ('xe2', 88.20944
    testla 0.3495243100660956
```

4. Apply TF-IDF for information retrieval

```
import numpy as np
import math
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
def cosine_similarity(v1, v2):
   sumxx, sumxy, sumyy = 0, 0, 0
    for i in range(len(v1)):
       x = v1[i]
       y = v2[i]
       sumxx += x * x
       sumyy += y * y
       sumxy += x * y
   if sumxy == 0:
       result = 0
    else:
       result = sumxy / math.sqrt(sumxx * sumyy)
   return result
def search_vec(query, k, vocabulary, stemmer, document_vectors, original_documents):
   q = query.split()
   q = [stemmer.stem(w) for w in q]
   query_vector = vectorize(q, vocabulary, idf)
```

```
# Rank the documents by cosine similarity
   scores = [[cosine_similarity(query_vector, document_vectors[d]), d] for d in range(len(document_vectors))]
   scores.sort(key=lambda x: -x[0])
   print('Top-{0} documents'.format(k))
   for i in range(k):
        print(i, original_documents[scores[i][1]])
query = "tesla nasa"
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
document_vectors = words_freq # Assuming words_freq is defined elsewhere
vocabulary = ... # Define your vocabulary
idf = ... # Define your idf values
original_documents = ... # Define your original documents
search_vec(query, 5, vocabulary, stemmer, document_vectors, original_documents)
II. Text Processing
   1. Preprocessing
import nltk
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
nltk.download('punkt')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     True
nltk.download('stopwords')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data]
                  Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
     True
nltk.download('wordnet')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk_data...
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to
     [nltk data]
                    /root/nltk data...
     [nltk_data]
                  Unzipping taggers/averaged_perceptron_tagger.zip.
     True
df=pd.read_csv("coldplay.csv")
df.info()
     <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 120 entries, 0 to 119
    Data columns (total 4 columns):
     # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
     0 Artist 120 non-null object
1 Song 120 non-null object
     2 Link
                120 non-null
                                object
     3 Lyrics 120 non-null
                                 object
    dtypes: object(4)
    memory usage: 3.9+ KB
song title = 'Every Teardrop Is A Waterfall'
lyrics = df.loc[df['Song'] == song_title, 'Lyrics'].values[0]
print(lyrics)
    I turn the music up, I got my records on
    I shut the world outside until the lights come on
    Maybe the streets alight, maybe the trees are gone
```

```
I feel my heart start beating to my favourite song
    And all the kids they dance, all the kids all night
    Until Monday morning feels another life
    I turn the music up
    I'm on a roll this time
    And heaven is in sight
    I turn the music up, I got my records on
    From underneath the rubble sing a rebel song
    Don't want to see another generation drop
    I'd rather be a comma than a full stop
    Maybe I'm in the black, maybe I'm on my knees
    Maybe I'm in the gap between the two trapezes
    But my heart is beating and my pulses start
    Cathedrals in my heart
    As we saw oh this light I swear you, emerge blinking into
    To tell me it's alright
    As we soar walls, every siren is a symphony \,
    And every tear's a waterfall
     Is a waterfall
    0h
    Is a waterfall
    Oh oh oh
    Is a is a waterfall
    Every tear
    Is a waterfall
    Oh oh oh
    So you can hurt, hurt me bad
    But still I'll raise the flag
    It was a wa wa wa wa-aterfall
    A wa wa wa wa-aterfall
    Every tear
    Every tear
    Every teardrop is a waterfall
    Every tear
    Every teardrop is a waterfall
    Every tear
    Every tear
    Every teardrop is a waterfall
import nltk
import string
# Tokenize the lyrics
from nltk import word_tokenize
words = word_tokenize(lyrics)
print(words)
    ['I', 'turn', 'the', 'music', 'up', ',', 'I', 'got', 'my', 'records', 'on', 'I', 'shut', 'the', 'world', 'outside', 'until', 'the', 'lig
tokens without punctuation = [token for token in words if token not in string.punctuation]
print(tokens_without_punctuation)
    ['I', 'turn', 'the', 'music', 'up', 'I', 'got', 'my', 'records', 'on', 'I', 'shut', 'the', 'world', 'outside', 'until', 'the', 'lights',
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
```

from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer

stop_words = set(stopwords.words("english"))

```
# converts the words in word_tokens to lower case and then checks whether
#they are present in stopwords or not
filtered_sentence = [w for w in words if not w.lower() in stop_words]
#with no lower case conversion
filtered_sentence = []
for w in word_tokens:
        if w not in stop_words:
                filtered_sentence.append(w)
print(filtered_sentence)
          ['I', 'turn', 'music', ',', 'I', 'got', 'records', 'I', 'shut', 'world', 'outside', 'lights', 'come', 'Maybe', 'streets', 'alight', ',',
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
lemmatized_tokens = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(token) for token in filtered_sentence]
print(lemmatized_tokens)
          ['I', 'turn', 'music', ',', 'I', 'got', 'record', 'I', 'shut', 'world', 'outside', 'light', 'come', 'Maybe', 'street', 'alight', ',', 'n
from nltk import pos_tag
pos_tags = nltk.pos_tag(lemmatized_tokens)
print(pos_tags)
          [('I', 'PRP'), ('turn', 'VBP'), ('music', 'NN'), (',', ','), ('I', 'PRP'), ('got', 'VBD'), ('record', 'NN'), ('I', 'PRP'), ('shut', 'VBF'), ('
from nltk.corpus import wordnet
def get_wordnet_pos(pos_tag):
        output = np.asarray(pos_tag)
        for i in range(len(pos_tag)):
                 if pos_tag[i][1].startswith('J'):
                        output[i][1] = wordnet.ADJ
                 elif pos_tag[i][1].startswith('V'):
                        output[i][1] = wordnet.VERB
                 elif pos_tag[i][1].startswith('R'):
                        output[i][1] = wordnet.ADV
                else:
                        output[i][1] = wordnet.NOUN
        return output
       2. Bag-of-words
import nltk
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
df=pd.read_csv("coldplay.csv")
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
vectorizer = CountVectorizer()
bow = vectorizer.fit_transform(df['Lyrics'])
print( bow.shape)
           (120, 1776)
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
```

Get the feature names (words) from the vectorizer

```
feature_names = vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()
```

Create a dataframe from the BOW matrix and feature names bow_df = pd.DataFrame(bow.toarray(), columns=feature_names)

bow_df

	10	2000	2gether	76543	aaaaaah	aaaaah	aaaah	about	above	achin	• • •	yellow
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
115	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0		0
116	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
117	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
118	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
119	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
120 rows × 1776 columns ◀										>		

```
sum_bow = bow_df.sum()
sum_bow.idxmax()
     'you'
word_counts = bow_df.sum()
top_10_words = word_counts.nlargest(10)
# Print the top 10 words
print(top_10_words)
            994
     vou
            777
     the
            650
     to
     it
            458
     oh
            334
     in
            318
            314
     me
            288
     my
     on
            285
     dtype: int64
```

II. Text Similarity

import nltk
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

1. Similarity metrics

```
A = "Outside the classroom, Stallman pursued his studies with even more diligence, rushing off to fulfill his laboratory-assistant duties at
B = "To facilitate the process, AI Lab hackers had built a system that displayed both the source and display modes on a split screen. Despite
C = "With no dorm and no dancing, Stallman's social universe imploded. Like an astronaut experiencing the aftereffects of zero-gravity, Stall
set_A = set(A.lower().split())
set_B = set(B.lower().split())
set_C = set(C.lower().split())
# Compute the intersection and union
intersection_AB = len(set_A.intersection(set_B))
```

intersection_AC = len(set_A.intersection(set_C))

union_AB = len(set_A.union(set_B))

```
union_AC = len(set_A.union(set_C))
intersection_BC = len(set_B.intersection(set_C))
union_BC = len(set_B.union(set_C))
# Compute and print the Jaccard Similarity
jaccard_AB = intersection_AB / union_AB
jaccard_AC = intersection_AC / union_AC
jaccard_BC = intersection_BC / union_BC
print("Jaccard Similarity between A and B:", jaccard_AB)
print("Jaccard Similarity between A and C:", jaccard_AC)
print("Jaccard Similarity between B and C:", jaccard_BC)
     Jaccard Similarity between A and B: 0.08641975308641975
     Jaccard Similarity between A and C: 0.12631578947368421
     Jaccard Similarity between B and C: 0.0945945945945
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
# Create a TF-IDF vectorizer
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
# Compute TF-IDF for sentences A, B, and C
tfidf = vectorizer.fit_transform([A, B, C])
# Calculate cosine similarities
cosine_sim_AB = cosine_similarity(tfidf[0], tfidf[1])
cosine_sim_BC = cosine_similarity(tfidf[1], tfidf[2])
cosine_sim_AC = cosine_similarity(tfidf[0], tfidf[2])
# Print cosine similarities
print("cos(A, B):", cosine_sim_AB)
print("cos(B, C):", cosine_sim_BC)
print("cos(A, C):", cosine_sim_AC)
     cos(A, B): [[0.1679327]]
    cos(B, C): [[0.13618963]]
    cos(A, C): [[0.2850296]]
   2. TF-IDF
import nltk
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv("headlines.csv")
df.info()
     <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 1999 entries, 0 to 1998
    Data columns (total 2 columns):
     # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
     --- -----
                        _____
     0 publish_date 1999 non-null int64
1 headline_text 1999 non-null object
    dtypes: int64(1), object(1)
    memory usage: 31.4+ KB
df.head(10)
```

```
publish_date
                                                   headline_text
            20170721
                       algorithms can make decisions on behalf of fed...
            20170721
                         andrew forrests fmg to appeal pilbara native t...
            20170721
     2
                                              a rural mural in thallan
import nltk
nltk.download('stopwords')
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
import string
df['tokens'] = df['headline_text'].apply(lambda x: word_tokenize(x))
# Remove punctuation
df['tokens'] = df['tokens'].apply(lambda tokens: [token for token in tokens if token not in string.punctuation])
# Remove stop words
stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
df['tokens'] = df['tokens'].apply(lambda tokens: [token for token in tokens if token.lower() not in stop_words])
# Stemming
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
df['tokens'] = df['tokens'].apply(lambda tokens: [stemmer.stem(token) for token in tokens])
# Join tokens back into a single string
df['Stem'] = df['tokens'].apply(lambda tokens: ' '.join(tokens))
     [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data]
                  Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
df['tokens']
     0
               [algorithm, make, decis, behalf, feder, minist]
    1
             [andrew, forrest, fmg, appeal, pilbara, nativ,...
     2
                                       [rural, mural, thallan]
     3
                        [australia, church, risk, becom, abus]
     4
             [australian, compani, usgfx, embroil, shanghai...
    1994
             [constitut, avenu, win, top, prize, act, archi...
    1995
                                  [dark, mofo, number, crunch]
    1996
             [david, petraeu, say, australia, must, firm, s...
    1997
             [driverless, car, australia, face, challeng, r...
    1998
                        [drug, compani, criticis, price, hike]
    Name: tokens, Length: 1999, dtype: object
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
vectorizer = CountVectorizer(analyzer=lambda x: x)
vectorizer.fit(df['tokens'])
bow = vectorizer.transform(df['tokens'])
print(bow.shape)
     (1999, 4271)
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(analyzer=lambda x: x)
vectorizer.fit(df['Stem'])
tfidf = vectorizer.transform(df['Stem'])
tfidf_array = tfidf.toarray()
all_zeros = (tfidf_array == 0).all()
```

```
print(tfidf_array[0])
    [0.3943827 0.
     0.
                0.
                           0.
                                      Θ.
                                                  Θ.
                                                             0.
     0.24444796\ 0.12987231\ 0.10011226\ 0.21470886\ 0.40884261\ 0.29023513
     0.12972179 0.23484967 0.34095845 0.
                                                  0.15309538 0.18376484
     0.32930567 0.08609939 0.08749485 0.
                                                             0.16659404
                                                  0.
     0.18357889 0.17297874 0.
                                      0.
                                                  0.
                0.
import numpy as np
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(analyzer=lambda x: x)
vectorizer.fit(df['tokens'])
tfidf = vectorizer.transform(df['tokens'])
tfidf_array = tfidf.toarray()
average_tfidf = np.mean(tfidf_array, axis=0)
highest_indices = np.argsort(-average_tfidf)[:10] # Use negative sign for descending order
lowest_indices = np.argsort(average_tfidf)[:10]
feature_names = vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()
print("Words with the highest average TF-IDF:")
for index in highest_indices:
    print(feature_names[index], average_tfidf[index])
print("\nWords with the lowest average TF-IDF:")
for index in lowest_indices:
   print(feature_names[index], average_tfidf[index])
    Words with the highest average TF-IDF:
    australia 0.009983014998891405
     australian 0.00969733014866161
    new 0.008703107457097207
    polic 0.0077360592047481126
    say 0.007540459757782178
    trump 0.006840891998202155
    man 0.006548453421337382
    wa 0.006274671593818188
    charg 0.006028832916829903
    sydney 0.0056424159732095394
    Words with the lowest average TF-IDF:
    nmfc 0.0001527054029533165
    coll 0.0001527054029533165
    melb 0.0001527054029533165
    haw 0.0001527054029533165
    adel 0.0001527054029533165
    syd 0.0001527054029533165
     gcfc 0.0001527054029533165
     gw 0.0001527054029533165
     geel 0.0001527054029533165
     fabio 0.0001613676677950104
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
documents = df['tokens'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join(x))
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
tfidf = vectorizer.fit_transform(documents)
import numpy as np
# Assuming you have computed the TF-IDF representation and stored it in 'tfidf'
```

if not all_zeros:

```
# Compute the average TF-IDF values for each feature (word)
average_tfidf = np.mean(tfidf.toarray(), axis=0)
# Get the indices of the words with the highest and lowest average TF-IDF values
highest_indices = np.argsort(-average_tfidf)[:10] # Use negative sign for descending order
lowest indices = np.argsort(average tfidf)[:10]
# Get the feature names (words) from the vectorizer
feature_names = vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()
# Print the words with the highest average TF-IDF values
print("Words with the highest average TF-IDF:")
for index in highest_indices:
   print(feature_names[index], average_tfidf[index])
# Print the words with the lowest average TF-IDF values
print("\nWords with the lowest average TF-IDF:")
for index in lowest_indices:
   print(feature_names[index], average_tfidf[index])
    Words with the highest average TF-IDF:
    australia 0.009983014998891405
    australian 0.009729510942149733
    new 0.008703107457097207
    polic 0.007736059204748111
    say 0.007555848605072935
    trump 0.006840891998202155
    man 0.006548453421337382
    wa 0.006274671593818188
    charg 0.006028832916829904
    sydney 0.005659788840016151
    Words with the lowest average TF-IDF:
    adel 0.0001527054029533165
    melb 0.0001527054029533165
    haw 0.0001527054029533165
    coll 0.0001527054029533165
    gw 0.0001527054029533165
    syd 0.0001527054029533165
    gcfc 0.0001527054029533165
    nmfc 0.0001527054029533165
    geel 0.0001527054029533165
     fabio 0.00016136766779501044
   3. Plagiarism checker
file = open('A1.txt', 'r')
A1 = file.readlines()[0]
file = open('Asource.txt', 'r')
A0 = file.readlines()[0]
file = open('B1.txt', 'r')
B1 = file.readlines()[0]
file = open('Bsource.txt', 'r')
B0 = file.readlines()[0]
file = open('C1.txt', 'r')
C1 = file.readlines()[0]
file = open('Csource.txt', 'r')
C0 = file.readlines()[0]
file = open('D1.txt', 'r')
D1 = file.readlines()[0]
file = open('D2.txt', 'r')
```

D2 = file.readlines()[0]

file = open('Dsource.txt', 'r')
D0 = file.readlines()[0]

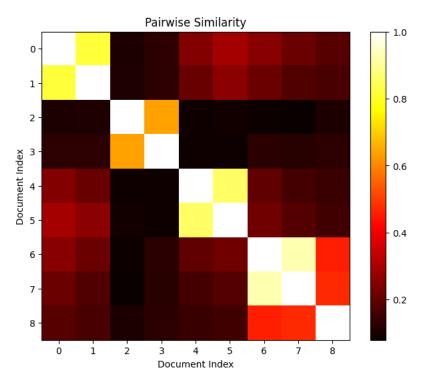
'Descartes has been heralded as the first modern philosopher. He is famous for having m ade an important connection between geometry and algebra, which allowed for the solving of geometrical problems by way of algebraic equations. He is also famous for having pro moted a new conception of matter, which allowed for the accounting of physical phenomen a by way of mechanical explanations. However, he is most famous for having written a re

```
alldata = [A0, A1, B0, B1, C0, C1, D0, D1, D2]
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
tfvect = TfidfVectorizer()
tfvect.fit(alldata)
tfidf = tfvect.fit_transform(alldata).toarray()
# Compute the TF-IDF representation for each document
TFIDFA = tfvect.transform([A0, A1]).toarray()
TFIDFB = tfvect.transform([B0, B1]).toarray()
TFIDFC = tfvect.transform([C0, C1]).toarray()
TFIDFD = tfvect.transform([D0, D1, D2]).toarray()
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine similarity
# Compute pairwise similarity for document A
similarityAA = cosine similarity(TFIDFA, TFIDFA)
# Compute pairwise similarity for document B
similarityBB = cosine similarity(TFIDFB, TFIDFB)
# Compute pairwise similarity for document C
similarityCC = cosine_similarity(TFIDFC, TFIDFC)
# Compute pairwise similarity for document D
similarityDD = cosine_similarity(TFIDFD, TFIDFD)
# Compute pairwise similarity for all documents
similarityAll = cosine_similarity(tfidf, tfidf)
similarityAA
     array([[1. , 0.81898863],
            [0.81898863, 1. ]])
similarityBB
     array([[1. , 0.63747903], [0.63747903, 1. ]]
                              ]])
similarityCC
     array([[1. , 0.85723864], [0.85723864, 1. ]])
similarityDD
                   , 0.92754461, 0.45775827],
            [0.92754461, 1. , 0.47179638],
            [0.45775827, 0.47179638, 1. ]])
similarityAll
                       , 0.81898863, 0.10748497, 0.12736224, 0.24491604,
     array([[1.
             0.29501242, 0.2530779 , 0.2146434 , 0.18585492],
             [0.81898863, 1. , 0.10940658, 0.12644471, 0.21239125, 0.25583485, 0.214717 , 0.17937458, 0.16807197],
            [0.81898863, 1.
            [0.10748497, 0.10940658, 1. , 0.63747903, 0.08804551,
             0.09372089, 0.08509508, 0.07946359, 0.10627147],
            [0.12736224, 0.12644471, 0.63747903, 1. , 0.08730757,
             0.08893992, 0.12527568, 0.1207279 , 0.12910021],
            [0.24491604, 0.21239125, 0.08804551, 0.08730757, 1.
             0.85723864, 0.20151171, 0.16200275, 0.14447728],
            [0.29501242, 0.25583485, 0.09372089, 0.08893992, 0.85723864,
            1. , 0.22326634, 0.1806631 , 0.1558733 ],
[0.2530779 , 0.214717 , 0.08509508, 0.12527568, 0.20151171,
                                 , 0.92754461, 0.45775827],
             0.22326634, 1.
```

```
0.1806631 , 0.92754461, 1.
                                              , 0.47179638],
            [0.18585492, 0.16807197, 0.10627147, 0.12910021, 0.14447728,
            0.1558733 , 0.45775827, 0.47179638, 1.
                                                          ]])
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
pred_plagiarism = similarityAll>0.2
# Function to plot the pairwise similarity matrix
def plot_similarity(similarity_matrix):
   plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
   plt.imshow(similarity_matrix, cmap='hot', interpolation='nearest')
   plt.colorbar()
   plt.title('Pairwise Similarity')
   plt.xlabel('Document Index')
   plt.ylabel('Document Index')
   plt.show()
```

 $[\hbox{\tt 0.2146434 , 0.17937458, 0.07946359, 0.1207279 , 0.16200275, }$

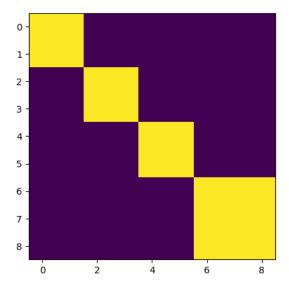
Plot the pairwise similarity for all documents
plot_similarity(similarityAll)



```
import numpy as np
# Initialize the true labels matrix
real_plagiarism = np.zeros((9, 9))
# Set the true labels for plagiarized pairs
real_plagiarism[0:2, 0:2] = 1 # A0 and A1 are plagiarized
real_plagiarism[2:4, 2:4] = 1 # B0 and B1 are plagiarized
real_plagiarism[4:6, 4:6] = 1 # CO and C1 are plagiarized
real_plagiarism[6:9, 6:9] = 1 # D0, D1, and D2 are plagiarized
# Print the true labels matrix
print(real_plagiarism)
     [[1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
     [1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
      [0. 0. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
      [0.\ 0.\ 1.\ 1.\ 0.\ 0.\ 0.\ 0.\ 0.]
      [0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
      [0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
      [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 1. 1.]
```

[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 1. 1.] [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 1. 1.]]

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.imshow(real_plagiarism)
plt.show()
```



from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

```
# Convert similarity matrix to binary predictions
threshold = 0.5
binary_predictions_All = (similarityAll > threshold).astype(int).flatten()
# Convert true labels matrix to binary labels
true_labels = real_plagiarism.flatten()
# Compute accuracy score
accuracy_All = accuracy_score(true_labels, binary_predictions_All)
print("Accuracy for All Documents:", accuracy_All)
    Accuracy for All Documents: 0.9506172839506173
```

III. Text Classification

```
import nltk
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
df = pd.read_csv('spam.csv', encoding='latin-1')
print(df.head())
      Class
     0 ham Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
                                 Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
     1
       ham
     2
       spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
        ham U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
        ham Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5572 entries, 0 to 5571
Data columns (total 2 columns):
# Column Non-Null Count Dtype
--- -----
            -----
0 Class
            5572 non-null object
1 Message 5572 non-null object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 87.2+ KB
```

```
Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
          ham
                                        Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
      1
          ham
      2
                    Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
         spam
      3
           ham
                     U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
          ham
                       Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
                    FreeMsg Hey there darling it's been 3 week's n...
          spam
          ham
                     Even my brother is not like to speak with me. ...
                   As per your request 'Melle Melle (Oru Minnamin...
           ham
          spam WINNER!! As a valued network customer you have...
          spam
                   Had your mobile 11 months or more? UR entitle...
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
# Download NLTK resources
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('stopwords')
# Define the preprocess_text function
def preprocess_text(text):
    # Tokenization
    tokens = word_tokenize(text)
    # Lowercasing
    tokens_lower = [token.lower() for token in tokens]
    # Stopword Removal
    stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english')) # Specify 'latin-1' stopwords
    tokens_no_stopwords = [token for token in tokens_lower if token not in stop_words]
    # Stemming
    stemmer = PorterStemmer()
    tokens_stemmed = [stemmer.stem(token) for token in tokens_no_stopwords]
    # Return preprocessed tokens as a string
    return ' '.join(tokens stemmed)
df['preprocessed_text'] = df['Message'].apply(preprocess_text)
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data]
                   Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
                    Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
     [nltk_data]
df['preprocessed_text']
     a
              go jurong point , crazi .. avail bugi n great ...
     1
                                   ok lar ... joke wif u oni ...
              free entri 2 wkli comp win fa cup final tkt 21...
     2
                    u dun say earli hor ... u c alreadi say ...
     3
                     \  \  \, \text{nah n't think goe usf , live around though} \\
     4
     5567
             2nd time tri 2 contact u. u �750 pound prize...
     5568
                                    \ddot{\imath}_{\dot{c}}\%\_ b go esplanad fr home ?
     5569
                                   piti , * mood . ... suggest ?
     5570
              guy bitch act like 'd interest buy someth els ...
     5571
                                                 rofl , true name
     Name: preprocessed_text, Length: 5572, dtype: object
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
vectorizer = CountVectorizer()
bow = vectorizer.fit_transform(df['preprocessed_text'])
```

Message

Class

```
print( bow.shape)
```

(5572, 7495)

import pandas as pd

from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer

Get the feature names (words) from the vectorizer
feature_names = vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()

Create a dataframe from the BOW matrix and feature names bow_df = pd.DataFrame(bow.toarray(), columns=feature_names)

bow_df

	00	000	000pe	008704050406	0089	0121	01223585236	01223585334	0125698789	02	•••	½t	½te
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
				•••			•••	•••					
5567	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
5568	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
5569	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
5570	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
5571	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0

5572 rows × 7495 columns

IV. Topic Modelling

import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('random_headlines.csv')

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` and should_run_async(code)

df.head(10)

4

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_asyr and should_run_async(code)

		- / /
	<pre>publish_date</pre>	headline_text
0	20120305	ute driver hurt in intersection crash
1	20081128	6yo dies in cycling accident
2	20090325	bumper olive harvest expected
3	20100201	replica replaces northernmost sign
4	20080225	woods targets perfect season
5	20091120	leckie salvages dramatic draw for adelaide
6	20031024	group to gauge rail services future
7	20130304	anti hunting rally still going ahead
8	20081115	dr congo refugees receive first aid
9	20130304	thailand signs agreement with muslim rebels

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 20000 entries, 0 to 19999
    Data columns (total 2 columns):
                        Non-Null Count Dtype
     # Column
     ---
         publish_date 20000 non-null int64
         headline_text 20000 non-null object
     1
     dtypes: int64(1), object(1)
    memory usage: 312.6+ KB
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should run async` will not call `transform cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
import pandas as pd
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer, WordNetLemmatizer
import string
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
df['lowercase'] = df['headline_text'].str.lower()
df['tokens'] = df['lowercase'].apply(word_tokenize)
df['no_punctuation'] = df['tokens'].apply(lambda tokens: [token for token in tokens if token not in string.punctuation])
stopwords set = set(stopwords.words('english'))
df['no_stopwords'] = df['no_punctuation'].apply(lambda tokens: [token for token in tokens if token not in stopwords_set])
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
df['stemmed'] = df['no_stopwords'].apply(lambda tokens: [stemmer.stem(token) for token in tokens])
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
    4
df['stemmed']
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
                          [ute, driver, hurt, intersect, crash]
    1
                                        [6yo, die, cycl, accid]
    2
                                [bumper, oliv, harvest, expect]
    3
                          [replica, replac, northernmost, sign]
                               [wood, target, perfect, season]
                         [judg, attack, walkinshaw, run, arrow]
    19995
    19996
                     [polish, govt, collaps, elect, held, next]
    19997
                                        [drum, friday, may, 29]
    19998
                     [winterbottom, bathurst, provision, pole]
    19999
              [pull, pork, pawpaw, salad, local, success, st...
    Name: stemmed, Length: 20000, dtype: object
!pip install gensim
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
     Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
     Requirement already satisfied: gensim in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (4.3.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.18.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gensim) (1.24.3)
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.7.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gensim) (1.10.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: smart-open>=1.8.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gensim) (6.3.0)
    4
import pandas as pd
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer, WordNetLemmatizer
import string
from gensim.corpora import Dictionary
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should run async(code)
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
df['lemmatized'] = df['no_stopwords'].apply(lambda tokens: [lemmatizer.lemmatize(token) for token in tokens])
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should run async` will not call `transform cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
    4
# Create a dictionary of the tokens
dictionary = Dictionary(df['stemmed'])
# Filter out rare and common tokens
dictionary.filter_extremes(no_below=5, no_above=0.5)
# Convert each headline to its BOW representation
df['bow'] = df['stemmed'].apply(lambda tokens: dictionary.doc2bow(tokens))
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should run async(code)
    4
df['bow']
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
                               [(0, 1), (1, 1), (2, 1), (3, 1)]
    0
                                       [(4, 1), (5, 1), (6, 1)]
    1
                                       [(7, 1), (8, 1), (9, 1)]
     2
    3
                                             [(10, 1), (11, 1)]
    4
                           [(12, 1), (13, 1), (14, 1), (15, 1)]
    19995
                                  [(94, 1), (612, 1), (791, 1)]
    19996
              [(306, 1), (502, 1), (1125, 1), (1279, 1), (16...
    19997
                      [(122, 1), (362, 1), (435, 1), (1929, 1)]
    19998
                                          [(129, 1), (2498, 1)]
    19999
             [(767, 1), (1327, 1), (1500, 1), (1927, 1), (2...
    Name: bow, Length: 20000, dtype: object
from gensim.corpora import Dictionary
from gensim.models import TfidfModel
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should run async` will not call `transform cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
# Create a dictionary of the tokens
dictionary = Dictionary(df['stemmed'])
# Filter out rare and common tokens
dictionary.filter_extremes(no_below=5, no_above=0.5)
# Convert each headline to its BOW representation
df['bow'] = df['stemmed'].apply(lambda tokens: dictionary.doc2bow(tokens))
# Create a list of BOW representations
bow_corpus = df['bow'].tolist()
# Create the TF-IDF model
tfidf_model = TfidfModel(bow_corpus)
# Convert each BOW representation to TF-IDF representation
df['tfidf'] = df['bow'].apply(lambda bow: tfidf_model[bow])
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
    4
```

df['tfidf']

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should run async(code)
     a
              [(0, 0.38380472505678387), (1, 0.4408152091819...
    1
              [(4, 0.565040562691219), (5, 0.678282623325040...
    2
              [(7, 0.4778523954688469), (8, 0.56145873585743...
    3
              [(10, 0.7596694993542321), (11, 0.650309350809...
     4
              [(12, 0.5937887452228604), (13, 0.432499245079...
              [(94, 0.6788936377183876), (612, 0.47999246040...
    19995
    19996
              \hbox{\tt [(306, 0.3169859350661769), (502, 0.2621260609...}\\
    19997
              [(122, 0.37474224836119696), (362, 0.485431117...
    19998
              \hbox{\tt [(129,\ 0.6582992963848873),\ (2498,\ 0.752756292...}
    19999
              [(767, 0.43161038088504416), (1327, 0.42560245...
    Name: tfidf, Length: 20000, dtype: object
from gensim.models import LsiModel
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should run async(code)
# Convert each BOW representation to TF-IDF representation
df['tfidf'] = df['bow'].apply(lambda bow: tfidf_model[bow])
# Create the LSA model
lsa_model = LsiModel(df['tfidf'], num_topics=10, id2word=dictionary)
# Convert each TF-IDF representation to LSA representation
df['lsa'] = df['tfidf'].apply(lambda tfidf: lsa_model[tfidf])
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should run async(code)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/gensim/models/lsimodel.py:963: DeprecationWarning: Please use `csc_matvecs` from the `scipy.spar
       sparsetools.csc_matvecs(
df['lsa']
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
      and should run asvnc(code)
     a
              [(0, 0.002867367110049353), (1, 0.075804422020...
    1
              [(0, 0.0015359273267990818), (1, 0.05874323257...
              [(0, 0.00027773358204099196), (1, 0.0084072494...
    2
              [(0, 0.0019272539172306216), (1, 0.01022088358...
    3
              [(0, 0.0006562715317489626), (1, 0.01299398238...
     4
              \hbox{\tt [(0, 0.003221018403748414), (1, 0.071940008792...}\\
    19995
    19996
              [(0, 0.002853484413780994), (1, 0.037888104568...
              [(0, 0.004263204786016491), (1, 0.013133621783...
    19997
              [(0, 8.144870600590804e-05), (1, 0.00212594016...
    19998
    19999
              [(0, 0.0004552773124242481), (1, 0.01107118830...
    Name: lsa, Length: 20000, dtype: object
# Print the most significant words for each topic
for topic_id, topic in lsa_model.show_topics(num_topics=10, num_words=4, formatted=False):
   words = [f"{word}: {weight:.3f}" for word, weight in topic]
   topic_str = f"({topic_id}, '{', '.join(words)}')"
   print(topic_str)
     (0, 'interview: 0.989, michael: 0.058, extend: 0.041, jame: 0.037')
    (1, 'man: 0.465, polic: 0.386, charg: 0.321, court: 0.156')
     (2, 'man: -0.437, charg: -0.316, plan: 0.250, new: 0.219')
     (3, 'polic: 0.770, man: -0.225, charg: -0.225, second: -0.134')
     (4, 'second: 0.451, 90: 0.410, abc: 0.393, news: 0.352')
     (5, 'new: 0.803, fire: -0.213, plan: -0.190, crash: -0.134')
     (6, 'fire: -0.402, plan: 0.342, crash: -0.276, kill: -0.243')
     (7, 'fire: 0.664, crash: -0.284, plan: -0.262, kill: -0.241')
     (8, 'win: 0.474, plan: -0.400, new: -0.306, court: 0.270')
     (9, 'court: -0.481, win: 0.425, charg: 0.391, face: -0.260')
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
```

```
and should run async(code)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/google/rpc/__init__.py:20: DeprecationWarning: Deprecated call to `pkg_resources.declare_namespa
     Implementing implicit namespace packages (as specified in PEP 420) is preferred to `pkg_resources.declare_namespace`. See <a href="https://setupt">https://setupt</a>
       pkg_resources.declare_namespace(__name__)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pkg_resources/__init__.py:2349: DeprecationWarning: Deprecated call to `pkg_resources.declare_na
     Implementing implicit namespace packages (as specified in PEP 420) is preferred to `pkg_resources.declare_namespace`. See <a href="https://setup1">https://setup1</a>
       declare_namespace(parent)
lda_model = LdaModel(df['tfidf'], num_topics=10, id2word=dictionary)
# Convert each TF-IDF representation to LDA representation
df['lda'] = df['tfidf'].apply(lambda tfidf: lda_model[tfidf])
df['lda']
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
              [(0, 0.03369879), (1, 0.033691447), (2, 0.0337...
     0
     1
               [(0, 0.03686331), (1, 0.036862183), (2, 0.0368...
     2
              [(0, 0.33402774), (1, 0.3712063), (2, 0.036844...
              [(0, 0.62648916), (1, 0.041507572), (2, 0.0414...
     3
              [(0, 0.033563003), (1, 0.033544112), (2, 0.033...
     19995
              [(0, 0.036871202), (1, 0.036854707), (2, 0.036...
     19996
              [(0, 0.034487896), (1, 0.03449208), (2, 0.0344...
     19997
              [(0, 0.1978397), (1, 0.033696435), (2, 0.03369...
     19998
              [(0, 0.055072326), (1, 0.05507218), (2, 0.0550...
              [(0, 0.031081725), (1, 0.03108086), (2, 0.0310...
     Name: lda, Length: 20000, dtype: object
# Print the most frequent words for each topic
for topic_id, topic in lda_model.show_topics(num_topics=10, num_words=3, formatted=False):
    words = [f"{word}: {weight:.3f}" for word, weight in topic]
    topic_str = f"({topic_id}, '{', '.join(words)}')"
    print(topic_str)
     (0, 'drought: 0.009, west: 0.008, union: 0.008')
     (1, 'sex: 0.009, commun: 0.008, inquiri: 0.008')
     (2, 'countri: 0.010, final: 0.008, bodi: 0.008')
     (3, 'rate: 0.012, rise: 0.009, end: 0.008')
     (4, 'news: 0.009, question: 0.009, rural: 0.009')
(5, 'pakistan: 0.009, attack: 0.009, sport: 0.009')
     (6, 'coast: 0.011, gold: 0.010, polic: 0.008')
     (7, 'alleg: 0.010, one: 0.009, arrest: 0.008')
     (8, 'interview: 0.026, miss: 0.014, search: 0.013')
     (9, 'second: 0.012, weather: 0.011, 90: 0.009')
!pip install pyLDAvis
import pyLDAvis
import pyLDAvis.gensim models
corpus = df['tfidf']
id2word = dictionary
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
!pip install joblib
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
     Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (1.2.0)
import pyLDAvis.gensim_models as gensimvis
import pyLDAvis
from joblib import Memory
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`

```
cache_dir = './cache'
memory = Memory(cache_dir, verbose=0)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should\_run\_async(code)
     4
@memory.cache
def compute_vis_data():
    return gensimvis.prepare(lda_model, corpus, id2word)
vis_data = compute_vis_data()
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
pyLDAvis.display(vis_data)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `
       and should_run_async(code)
      Selected Topic: 0
                             Previous Topic Next Topic Clear Topic
                                                                                                  Slid
                    Intertopic Distance Map (via multidimensional scaling)
                                                                                                  0
                                                                                           interview
                                                                                              miss
                                                                                               rate
                                                                                             search
                                                                                              found
                                                                                              rural
                                                                                             health
                                                                                              face
                                                                                             market
                                                                                              man
                                                                                             woman
                                                                                              injur
                                                                                               kill
                                                                                            drought
                                                                                            countri
                                                                                            murder
                                                                                              safeti
                                                                                             assault
                                                                                              guilti
                                                                                               fall
                                                                                             second
                                                                                              bodi
                                                                                               test
                                                                                             review
                                                                                              blaze
                                                                                              alleg
                                                                                              famili
                                                                                            pakistan
                                                                                               abc
                                                                10
                                                                                            welcom
           Marginal topic distribution
                             2%
                                                                                                  1. sa
                             5%
                             10%
```

V. Named Entity Recognition

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
      and should_run_async(code)
Clean File
def clean file(filename):
   with open(filename, 'r') as file:
       contents = file.read()
   redacted_contents = contents.replace("Ada Lovelace", "[REDACTED]")
   with open(filename, 'w') as file:
       file.write(redacted_contents)
clean_file(adafile)
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
#Q1.
import spacy
def identify_entities(filename):
   nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")
   with open(filename, 'r') as file:
       contents = file.read()
   doc = nlp(contents)
   for entity in doc.ents:
       print(entity.text, entity.label_)
identify_entities(adafile)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
    Augusta Ada King PERSON
    Countess PERSON
    Lovelace PERSON
    Byron ORG
    10 December 1815 DATE
    27 November 1852 DATE
    English LANGUAGE
    Charles Babbage's ORG
    the Analytical Engine ORG
     first ORDINAL
    first ORDINAL
    first ORDINAL
    one CARDINAL
    first ORDINAL
    Lovelace PERSON
    Mary Somerville PERSON
     Charles Babbage PERSON
    1833 DATE
    Somerville GPE
    many years DATE
    Andrew Crosse PERSON
    David Brewster PERSON
    Charles Wheatstone PERSON
    Michael Faraday PERSON
    Charles Dickens PERSON
#Q2.
import spacy
from spacy import displacy
from IPython.display import display
```

def visualize_entities(filename):

```
nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")
    with open(filename, 'r') as file:
        contents = file.read()
    doc = nlp(contents)
   displacy.render(doc, style="ent", jupyter=True)
visualize_entities(adafile)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_asyr
       and should_run_async(code)
      Augusta Ada King PERSON , Countess PERSON of Lovelace PERSON (née Byron ORG ; 10 December 1815
      DATE - 27 November 1852 DATE ) was an English LANGUAGE mathematician and writer, chiefly known for her work
     on Charles Babbage's ORG proposed mechanical general-purpose computer, the Analytical Engine ORG . She was
     the first ORDINAL to recognise that the machine had applications beyond pure calculation, and published the first
      ORDINAL algorithm intended to be carried out by such a machine. As a result, she is sometimes regarded as the first
      ORDINAL to recognise the full potential of a "computing machine" and One CARDINAL of the first ORDINAL computer
     programmers.
      Lovelace PERSON became close friends with her tutor Mary Somerville PERSON , who introduced her to Charles
#Q3.
import spacy
def replace_name_by_redacted(filename):
   nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")
   with open(filename, 'r') as file:
        contents = file.read()
   doc = nlp(contents)
    redacted_contents = contents
    for entity in doc.ents:
        if entity.label_ == "PERSON":
            redacted_contents = redacted_contents.replace(entity.text, "[REDACTED]")
   with open(filename, 'w') as file:
        file.write(redacted_contents)
replace_name_by_redacted(adafile)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
#Q4.
import spacy
def make_doc_GDPR_compliant(filename):
   nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")
    with open(filename, 'r') as file:
        contents = file.read()
   doc = nlp(contents)
    redacted_contents = contents
    for entity in doc.ents:
        if entity.label_ == "PERSON":
            redacted_contents = redacted_contents.replace(entity.text, "[REDACTED]")
   with open(filename, 'w') as file:
```

file.write(redacted_contents)

make_doc_GDPR_compliant(adafile)

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` and should_run_async(code)

VI. Exercise

1.

jobmarket = "job-market.csv"

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` and should_run_async(code)

jobs_df = pd.read_csv(jobmarket)

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` and should_run_async(code)

jobs_df.fillna(0)

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: ` and should_run_async(code)

	Id	Title	Company	Date	Location	Area
0	37404348.0	Casual Stock Replenisher	Aldi Stores	2018-10- 07T00:00:00.000Z	Sydney	North West & Hills District
1	37404337.0	Casual Stock Replenisher	Aldi Stores	2018-10- 07T00:00:00.000Z	Richmond & Hawkesbury	0
2	37404356.0	RETAIL SALES SUPERSTARS and STYLISTS Wanted	LB Creative Pty Ltd	2018-10- 07T00:00:00.000Z	Brisbane	CBD & Inner Suburbs
3	37404330.0	Team member - Belrose	Anaconda Group Pty Ltd	2018-10- 07T00:00:00.000Z	Gosford & Central Coast	0
4	37404308.0	Business Banking Contact Centre Specialist, Ni	Commonwealth Bank - Business & Private Banking	2018-10- 07T00:00:00.000Z	Sydney	Ryde & Macquarie Park
40784	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
40785	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
40786	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
40787	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
40788	0.0	0	0	0	0	0
40789 rd	ows × 13 colun	nns				
4						

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
# Step 1: Filter the jobs for the IT sector only
jobs_df['Title'] = jobs_df['Title'].fillna('')
it_jobs_df = jobs_df[jobs_df['Title'].str.contains('IT', case=False)]
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
    4
# Step 2: Put the descriptions of all jobs into a list
job_descriptions = it_jobs_df['Classification'].tolist()
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
    4
# Step 3: Use scikit-learn to get the top 20 important keywords
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop_words='english', max_features=1000)
X = vectorizer.fit_transform(job_descriptions)
# Train a logistic regression model
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X, it_jobs_df['Title'])
# Get feature names and their corresponding coefficients
feature_names = vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()
coefficients = model.coef_[0]
# Sort feature names based on coefficients
top_keywords = sorted(zip(coefficients, feature_names), reverse=True)[:20]
# Print the top 20 important keywords
print("Top 20 important keywords:")
for coef, keyword in top_keywords:
    print(keyword)
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
      and should_run_async(code)
     Top 20 important keywords:
    retail
    products
    consumer
    management
     general
    strategy
     consulting
     science
     farming
    conservation
    animals
    superannuation
    insurance
    media
     arts
    advertising
     financial
    banking
     real
# Step 4: Perform information retrieval with scikit-learn using a favorite keyword
favorite_keyword = 'python'
# Construct a query using the favorite keyword
query = vectorizer.transform([favorite_keyword])
# Compute similarity scores between the query and job descriptions
similarity_scores = model.predict_proba(query)[0]
# Rank the job descriptions based on similarity scores
ranked_jobs = sorted(zip(similarity_scores, it_jobs_df['Title'], job_descriptions), reverse=True)
# Print the top 5 job descriptions most similar to the query
print("\nTop 5 job descriptions most similar to the query:")
for score, job_title, job_description in ranked_jobs[:5]:
```

```
print("Job Title:", job_title)
    print("Similarity Score:", score)
    print("Job Description:", job_description)
    print()
     Top 5 job descriptions most similar to the query:
     Job Title: Credit Controller - Temporary Position
     Similarity Score: 0.004172072785443803
     Job Description: Accounting
     Job Title: Wait Staff
     Similarity Score: 0.0033997001440222003
     Job Description: Hospitality & Tourism
     Job Title: Solution Architect (IAM)
     Similarity Score: 0.003043823447949755
     Job Description: Information & Communication Technology
     Job Title: Recruitment Consultant
     Similarity Score: 0.0027987719273321284
     Job Description: Human Resources & Recruitment
     Job Title: IT Security Architect
     Similarity Score: 0.002747864116015302
     Job Description: Information & Communication Technology
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
2.
def extract_ngrams(sequence, n):
    ngrams = []
    sequence_length = len(sequence)
    for i in range(sequence_length - n + 1):
        ngram = sequence[i:i+n]
        ngrams.append(ngram)
    return ngrams
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
sentence = "I like deadline and want to immerse myself in deadline."
# Extract word tri-grams
words = sentence.split()
word_trigrams = extract_ngrams(words, 3)
print("Word Tri-grams:")
for trigram in word_trigrams:
    print(trigram)
# Extract letter tri-grams
letters = list(sentence.replace(" ", ""))
letter_trigrams = extract_ngrams(letters, 3)
print("\nLetter Tri-grams:")
for trigram in letter_trigrams:
    print(trigram)
     Word Tri-grams:
     ['I', 'like', 'deadline']
     ['like', 'deadline', 'and']
['deadline', 'and', 'want']
     ['deadline', anu', want']
['and', 'want', 'to']
['want', 'to', 'immerse']
['to', 'immerse', 'myself']
     ['immerse', 'myself', 'in']
['myself', 'in', 'deadline.']
     Letter Tri-grams:
     ['I', 'l', 'i']
['l', 'i', 'k']
['i', 'k', 'e']
['k', 'e', 'd']
```

```
['e', 'd', 'e']
['d', 'e', 'a']
      ['e', 'a', 'd']
['a', 'd', 'l']
['d', 'l', 'i']
      ['1', 'i', 'n']
['i', 'n', 'e']
['n', 'e', 'a']
['e', 'a', 'n']
      ['a', 'n', 'd']
['n', 'd', 'w']
['d', 'w', 'a']
       ['w', 'a', 'n']
['a', 'n', 't']
       ['n', 't', 't']
['t', 't', 'o']
      ['t', 'o', 'i']
['o', 'i', 'm']
['i', 'm', 'm']
       ['m', 'm', 'e']
      ['m', 'm', 'e']
['m', 'e', 'r']
['e', 'r', 's']
['r', 's', 'e']
['s', 'e', 'm']
['e', 'm', 'y']
       ['y', 's', 'e']
['s', 'e', 'l']
      ['e', 'l', 'f']
['l', 'f', 'i']
['f', 'i', 'n']
      ['i', 'i', 'n']
['i', 'n', 'd']
['n', 'd', 'e']
['d', 'e', 'a']
['e', 'a', 'd']
['a', 'd', 'l']
['d', 'l', 'i']
      ['l', 'i', 'n']
['i', 'n', 'e']
['n', 'e', '.']
       /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_ce
import random
def modify_phrase(phrase):
     words = phrase.split()
     modified_words = []
     for word in words:
           if len(word) <= 4:</pre>
                modified_words.append(word)
                first_letter = word[0]
                last letter = word[-1]
                middle_letters = list(word[1:-1])
                random.shuffle(middle_letters)
                modified_word = first_letter + ''.join(middle_letters) + last_letter
                modified_words.append(modified_word)
     modified_phrase = ' '.join(modified_words)
     return modified_phrase
# Example phrase
phrase = "I couldn't believe that I could completely understand what I was reading: the astounding power of the human mind"
modified_phrase = modify_phrase(phrase)
print("Original phrase:")
print(phrase)
print()
print("Modified phrase:")
print(modified_phrase)
       Original phrase:
       I couldn't believe that I could completely understand what I was reading: the astounding power of the human mind
```

3.

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
4
alice = "alice.txt"
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
import nltk
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
                  Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     [nltk_data]
     [nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to
     [nltk_data]
                    /root/nltk data...
     [nltk_data]
                   Package averaged_perceptron_tagger is already up-to-
     [nltk_data]
                       date!
     True
import nltk
# Read the input file
with open(alice, 'r') as file:
   text = file.read()
# Tokenize the text into sentences
sentences = nltk.sent_tokenize(text)
# Perform POS tagging on each sentence
tagged_sentences = []
for sentence in sentences:
   tagged_sentence = nltk.pos_tag(nltk.word_tokenize(sentence))
   tagged_sentences.append(tagged_sentence)
# Save the POS tagged output to a separate file
output_file = 'alice_pos_tagged.txt'
with open(output_file, 'w') as file:
   for tagged_sentence in tagged_sentences:
        tagged_text = ' '.join([f"{word}/{tag}" for word, tag in tagged_sentence])
        file.write(tagged_text + '\n')
print(f"POS tagged output saved to '{output_file}'.")
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: DeprecationWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell`
       and should_run_async(code)
     POS tagged output saved to 'alice_pos_tagged.txt'.
# Open the POS tagged file for reading
with open('alice_pos_tagged.txt', 'r') as file:
   pos_tagged_text = file.read()
# Print the contents of the POS tagged file
print("POS tagged text:")
print(pos_tagged_text)
    ALICE/NNP 'S/POS ADVENTURES/NNP IN/NNP WONDERLAND/NNP Lewis/NNP Carroll/NNP THE/NNP MILLENNIUM/NNP FULCRUM/NNP EDITION/NNP 3.0/CD CHA
    Down/IN the/DT Rabbit-Hole/JJ Alice/NNP was/VBD beginning/VBG to/TO get/VB very/RB tired/JJ of/IN sitting/VBG by/IN her/PRP$ sister/N
     So/IN she/PRP was/VBD considering/VBG in/IN her/PRP$ own/JJ mind/NN (/( as/RB well/RB as/IN she/PRP could/MD ,/, for/IN the/DT hot/JJ
     There/EX was/VBD nothing/NN so/RB VERY/RB remarkable/JJ in/IN that/DT ;/: nor/CC did/VBD Alice/NNP think/VB it/PRP so/RB VERY/RB much
    Oh/UH dear/NN !/.
```

I codln'ut byeeile that I could cepoemtlly ueadrtnnsd what I was riaedng: the annidotusg power of the huamn mind

Modified phrase:

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I/PRP shall/MD be/VB late/RB !/. '/''
(/( when/WRB she/PRP thought/VBD it/PRP over/IN afterwards/NNS ,/, it/PRP occurred/VBD to/TO her/PRP$ that/IN she/PRP ought/MD to/TO
In/IN another/DT moment/NN down/RP went/VBD Alice/NNP after/IN it/PRP ,/, never/RB once/RB considering/VBG how/WRB in/IN the/DT world
The/DT rabbit-hole/JJ went/VBD straight/RB on/IN like/IN a/DT tunnel/NN for/IN some/DT way/NN ,/, and/CC then/RB dipped/VBD suddenly/
Either/CC the/DT well/NN was/VBD very/RB deep/JJ ,/, or/CC she/PRP fell/VBD very/RB slowly/RB ,/, for/IN she/PRP had/VBD plenty/NN of
First/RB ,/, she/PRP tried/VBD to/TO look/VB down/RP and/CC make/VB out/RP what/WP she/PRP was/VBD coming/VBG to/TO ,/, but/CC it/PRP
She/PRP took/VBD down/RP a/DT jar/NN from/IN one/CD of/IN the/DT shelves/NNS as/IN she/PRP passed/VBD ;/: it/PRP was/VBD labelled/VBN
'Well/RB !/. '/'
thought/VBN Alice/NNP to/TO herself/VB ,/, 'after/FW such/PDT a/DT fall/NN as/IN this/DT ,/, I/PRP shall/MD think/VB nothing/NN of/IN
How/WRB brave/VBP they/PRP 'll/MD all/DT think/VB me/PRP at/IN home/NN !/.
Why/WRB ,/, I/PRP would/MD n't/RB say/VB anything/NN about/IN it/PRP ,/, even/RB if/IN I/PRP fell/VBD off/RP the/DT top/NN of/IN the/
(/( Which/NNP was/VBD very/RB likely/JJ true/JJ ./. )/)
Down/NNP ,/, down/RB ,/, down/RB ./.
Would/MD the/DT fall/NN NEVER/NNP come/VBP to/TO an/DT end/NN !/.
'/POS I/PRP wonder/VBP how/WRB many/JJ miles/NNS I/PRP 've/VBP fallen/VBN by/IN this/DT time/NN ?/. '/''
she/PRP said/VBD aloud/NN ./.
'/POS I/PRP must/MD be/VB getting/VBG somewhere/RB near/IN the/DT centre/NN of/IN the/DT earth/NN ./.
Let/VB me/PRP see/VB :/: that/DT would/MD be/VB four/CD thousand/NN miles/NNS down/RB ,/, I/PRP think/VBP --/: '/POS (/( for/IN ,/, y
(/( Alice/NNP had/VBD no/DT idea/NN what/WP Latitude/NNP was/VBD ,/, or/CC Longitude/NNP either/CC ,/, but/CC thought/VBD they/PRP we
Presently/RB she/PRP began/VBD again/RB ./.
'/POS I/PRP wonder/VBP if/IN I/PRP shall/MD fall/VB right/RB THROUGH/IN the/DT earth/NN !/.
How/WRB funny/JJ it/PRP 'll/MD seem/VB to/TO come/VB out/RP among/IN the/DT people/NNS that/WDT walk/VBP with/IN their/PRP$ heads/NNS The/DT Antipathies/NNPS ,/, I/PRP think/VBP --/: '/'' (/( she/PRP was/VBD rather/RB glad/JJ there/EX WAS/NNP no/DT one/NN listening/N
Please/NNP ,/, Ma'am/NNP ,/, is/VBZ this/DT New/NNP Zealand/NNP or/CC Australia/NNP ?/. '/''
(/( and/CC she/PRP tried/VBD to/TO curtsey/VB as/IN she/PRP spoke/VBD --/: fancy/JJ CURTSEYING/NN as/IN you/PRP 're/VBP falling/VBG t
Do/VBP you/PRP think/VB you/PRP could/MD manage/VB it/PRP ?/.)/)
'And/POS what/WP an/DT ignorant/JJ little/JJ girl/NN she/PRP 'll/MD think/VB me/PRP for/IN asking/VBG !/.
No/DT ,/, it/PRP 'll/MD never/RB do/VB to/TO ask/VB :/: perhaps/RB I/PRP shall/MD see/VB it/PRP written/VBN up/RP somewhere/RB ./. '/
Down/NNP ,/, down/RB ,/, down/RB ./.
There/EX was/VBD nothing/NN else/RB to/TO do/VB ,/, so/IN Alice/NNP soon/RB began/VBD talking/VBG again/RB ./.
'Dinah/POS '11/MD miss/VB me/PRP very/RB much/JJ to-night/NN ,/, I/PRP should/MD think/VB !/.''
(/( Dinah/NNP was/VBD the/DT cat/NN ./. )/)
'/POS I/PRP hope/VBP they/PRP 'll/MD remember/VB her/PRP$ saucer/NN of/IN milk/NN at/IN tea-time/NN ./.
Dinah/NNP my/PRP$ dear/NN !/.
I/PRP wish/VBP you/PRP were/VBD down/RB here/RB with/IN me/PRP !/.
There/EX are/VBP no/DT mice/NN in/IN the/DT air/NN ,/, I/PRP 'm/VBP afraid/JJ ,/, but/CC you/PRP might/MD catch/VB a/DT bat/NN ,/, an But/CC do/VBP cats/NNS eat/VB bats/NNS ,/, I/PRP wonder/VBP ?/. '/''
And/CC here/RB Alice/NNP began/VBD to/TO get/VB rather/RB sleepy/NN ,/, and/CC went/VBD on/IN saying/VBG to/TO herself/VB ,/, in/IN a
Do/VB cats/NNS eat/VB bats/NNS ?/. '/'
and/CC sometimes/RB ,/, 'Do/'' bats/VBZ eat/NN cats/NNS ?/. '/''
for/IN ,/, you/PRP see/VBP ,/, as/IN she/PRP could/MD n't/RB answer/VB either/DT question/NN ,/, it/PRP did/VBD n't/RB much/JJ matter
She/PRP felt/VBD that/IN she/PRP was/VBD dozing/VBG off/RP ,/, and/CC had/VBD just/RB begun/VBN to/TO dream/VB that/IN she/PRP was/VB
when/WRB suddenly/RB ,/, thump/NN !/.
down/IN she/PRP came/VBD upon/IN a/DT heap/NN of/IN sticks/NNS and/CC dry/JJ leaves/NNS ,/, and/CC the/DT fall/NN was/VBD over/RB ./.
Alice/NNP was/VBD not/RB a/DT bit/NN hurt/JJ ,/, and/CC she/PRP jumped/VBD up/RB on/IN to/TO her/PRP$ feet/NNS in/IN a/DT moment/NN :
There/EX was/VBD not/RB a/DT moment/NN to/TO be/VB lost/VBN :/: away/RB went/VBD Alice/NNP like/IN the/DT wind/NN ,/, and/CC was/VBD
She/PRP was/VBD close/RB behind/IN it/PRP when/WRB she/PRP turned/VBD the/DT corner/NN ,/, but/CC the/DT Rabbit/NNP was/VBD no/RB lon
There/EX were/VBD doors/NNS all/DT round/VBP the/DT hall/NN ,/, but/CC they/PRP were/VBD all/DT locked/VBN ;/: and/CC when/WRB Alice/
Suddenly/RB she/PRP came/VBD upon/IN a/DT little/JJ three-legged/JJ table/NN ,/, all/DT made/VBN of/IN solid/JJ glass/NN ;/: there/EX
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