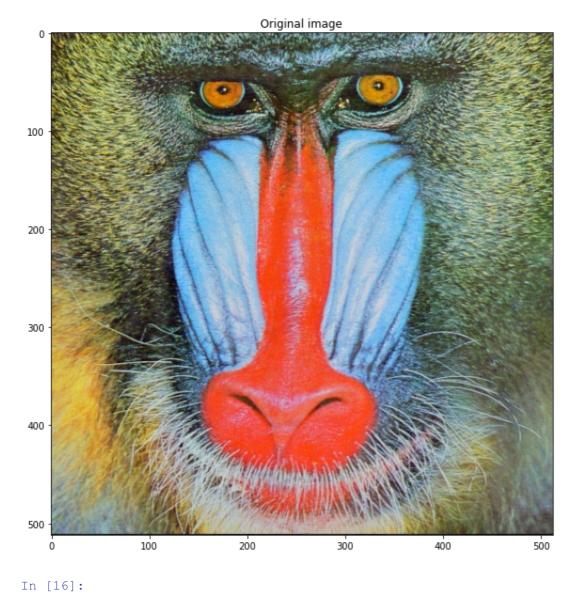
In [2]:

```
%matplotlib inline
from IPython.display import display, Math, Latex
import cv2
import random
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import requests
from PIL import Image
from io import BytesIO
url = 'https://i.pinimg.com/originals/62/d9/95/62d995e13a183d457d284fecb8c3f0e1.png'
response = requests.get(url)
img = Image.open(BytesIO(response.content))
# display the image
figsize = (10,10)
plt.figure(figsize=figsize)
plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
plt.title("Original image")
```

Out[2]:

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Original image')



```
rgb scale = 255
cmyk scale = 100
def rgb to cmyk(r,g,b):
```

```
if (r == 0) and (g == 0) and (b == 0):
        # black
        return 0, 0, 0, cmyk_scale
    # rgb [0,255] -> cmy [0,1]
    c = 1 - r / float(rgb scale)
   m = 1 - g / float(rgb scale)
    y = 1 - b / float(rgb scale)
    # extract out k [0,1]
   min cmy = min(c, m, y)
   c = (c - min cmy)
   m = (m - min_cmy)
    y = (y - min cmy)
    k = min cmy
    # rescale to the range [0,cmyk scale]
    return c*cmyk scale, m*cmyk scale, y*cmyk scale, k*cmyk scale
def cmyk_to_rgb(c,m,y,k):
    11 11 11
   r = rgb_scale*(1.0-(c+k)/float(cmyk_scale))
    g = rgb scale*(1.0-(m+k)/float(cmyk scale))
    b = rgb_scale*(1.0-(y+k)/float(cmyk_scale))
    return r,g,b
```

In [22]:

```
def rgb to cmyk (img):
 # Get the image's height, width, and channels
 height, width, channel = img.shape
  # Create blank CMY image
 img cmyk = np.zeros((height, width, 3))
  # Create blank CMYK image
 img cmyk = np.zeros((height, width, 4))
  #CALCULATE
 for i in np.arange(height):
      for j in np.arange(width):
          r = img.item(i,j,0)
          g = img.item(i,j,1)
          b = img.item(i,j,2)
          # RGB to CMY
          c = 1 - (r/255.)
          m = 1 - (g/255.)
          y = 1 - (b/255.)
          # CMY to CMYK
          var K = 1
          if (c < var K): var K = c
          if (m < var K): var K = m
          if (y < var K): var K = y
          if (var K == 1):
              c = 0
              m = 0
              y = 0
          else:
             c = (c - var K) / (1.-var K)
              m = (m - var K) / (1.-var K)
              y = (y - var_K) / (1.-var_K)
          K = var K
          img cmyk.itemset((i,j,0),int(c*100))
          img cmyk.itemset((i,j,1),int(m*100))
          img_cmyk.itemset((i,j,2),int(y*100))
          # write K to image
```

```
img_cmyk.itemset((i,j,3),K)
return img_cmyk
#cv2.imwrite('image_cmyk.jpg',img_cmyk)
```

In [23]:

```
# Convert RGB image to CMYK image
img = np.asarray(img)
output_image = rgb_to_cmyk(img)

# display the image
figsize = (10,10)
plt.figure(figsize=figsize)

plt.imshow(output_image, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
plt.title("CMYK Image")
```

Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

Out[23]:

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'CMYK Image')

