The viewing parameters for the perspective projection are given as

 $\begin{array}{lll} VRP(WC) = & (1,2,3) & VPN(WC) = & (3,4,5) \\ VUP(WC) = & (3,6,4) & PRP (VRC) = & (2,5,4) \\ u_{min} (VRC) = & 7 & u_{max} (VRC) = & 11 \\ v_{min} (VRC) = & -1 & v_{max} (VRC) = & 1 \\ n_{min} (VRC) = & 6 & n_{max} (VRC) = & 9 \end{array}$ 

Given all other transformations, find the **Scale** matrix which will transform this viewing volume into a standard perspective volume x=z, x=-z, y=z, y=-z, z=zmin, z=1

	Matrix #2:		perspecu		
1.000	0.000 0.000 0.000				
0.000	0.781	-0.625	0.000		
0.000	0.625	0.781	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000		
	Matrix #4	: Rz			
0.996	0.091	0.000	0.000		
-0.091	0.996	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000		
<b>-</b>	Matrix #6:	Shear			
1.000	0.000	1.750	0.000		
0.000	0.000 1.000 -1.250		0.000		
0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000		
Matrix #8: Scale					
-		-			

me x=z, x=-z, y=z, y=-z, z=zmin, z=1  Matrix #1: Translate					
	1.000	0.000	0.000	-1.000	
	0.000	1.000	0.000	-2.000	
	0.000	0.000	1.000	-3.000	
	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	
		Matrix	#3: Ry		
	0.906	0.000	-0.424	0.000	
	0.000	1.000	0.000	0.000	
	0.424	0.000	0.906	0.000	
	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	
		Matrix #5	: Translate		
	1.000	0.000	0.000	-2.000	
	0.000	1.000	0.000	-5.000	
	0.000	0.000	1.000	-4.000	
	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	
Matrix #7: scale					
	ı		ı		

The viewing parameters for the perspective projection are given as

 $\begin{array}{lll} VRP(WC) = & (3,4,5) & VPN(WC) = & (8,6,12) \\ VUP(WC) = & (1,2,3) & PRP (VRC) = & (2,5,5) \\ u_{min} (VRC) = & 6 & u_{max} (VRC) = & 11 \\ v_{min} (VRC) = & -3 & v_{max} (VRC) = & 5 \\ n_{min} (VRC) = & 6 & n_{max} (VRC) = & 10 \\ \end{array}$ 

Given all other transformations, find the **Scale** matrices which will transform this viewing volume into a standard perspective volume

viewing volume into a standard p									
Matrix #2: Rx									
1.000 0.000 0.000 0.000									
0.000	0.894	-0.447	0.000						
0.000	0.447	0.894	0.000						
0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000						
	Matrix #4	: Rz							
0.417	0.909	0.000	0.000						
-0.909	0.417	0.000	0.000						
0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000						
0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000						
	Matrix #6:	Shear							
1.000	0.000	1.300	0.000						
0.000	1.000	-0.800	0.000						
0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000						
0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000						
Matrix #8: Scale									

$\mathbf{S}$	cale matri	ices which	will trans	form this
tiv	e volume			
		Matrix #1	: Translate	T
	1.000	0.000	0.000	-3.000
	0.000	1.000	0.000	-4.000
	0.000	0.000	1.000	-5.000
	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000
		Matrix	#3: Ry	
	0.859	0.000	-0.512	0.000
	0.000	1.000	0.000	0.000
	0.512	0.000	0.859	0.000
	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000
		Matrix #5	: Translate	
	1.000	0.000	0.000	-2.000
	0.000	1.000	0.000	-5.000
	0.000	0.000	1.000	-5.000
	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000
		Matrix	#7: scale	

1. The viewing parameters for a perspective projection are given as

$$\begin{array}{lll} VRP(WC) = & (2,6,3) & VPN(WC) = & (6,0,0) \\ VUP(WC) = & (0,3,4) & PRP (VRC) = & (3,6,-10) \\ u_{min} (VRC) = & 1 & u_{max} (VRC) = & 11 \\ v_{min} (VRC) = & -1 & v_{max} (VRC) = & 3 \\ n_{min} (VRC) = & 10 & n_{max} (VRC) = & 40 \\ \end{array}$$

- a. Find the sequence of transformations which will transform this viewing volume into a standard perspective view volume which is bounded by the planes: x=z; x=-z; y=z; y=-z; z=1 (Complete the blank matrices)
- b. Find the zmin after all transformations are done.

Matrix #2: Rx					
1	0	0	0		
0	1	0	0		
0	0	1	0		
0	0	0	1		
Matrix #4: Rz					

	Matrix #6	Shear	
Matrix #8 Scale			

Matrix #8 Scale					

Matrix #1: Translate				
1	0	0	-2	
0	1	0	-6	
0	0	1	-3	
Λ	Λ	Λ	1	

Matrix #3: Ry					

Wiatrix #3. Translate				
	1	0	0	-3
	0	1	0	-6
	0	0	1	10
	0	0	0	1

Matrix #7 Scale				

Zmin=		

The viewing parameters for a perspective projection are given as:

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{VRP(WC)=(0,0,0)} & \text{VPN(WC)=(0,0,1)} \\ \text{VUP(WC)=(0,1,0)} & \text{PRP (VRC)=(4,6,8)} \\ \\ u_{\min} \text{(VRC)=-4} & u_{\max} \text{(VRC)=4} \\ v_{\min} \text{(VRC)=-5} & v_{\max} \text{(VRC)=5} \\ \\ n_{\min} \text{(VRC)=12} & n_{\max} \text{(VRC)=18} \end{array}$$

Find the sequence of transformations which will transform this viewing volume into a unit cube which is bounded by the planes: x=z; x=-z; y=z; y=-z; z=zmin; z=1

- c. Find the **Translation matrix** (Matrix #5)
- d. Find the **Shear matrix** (Matrix #6)
- e. Find the scale matrices (Matrix #7 and Matrix #8).
- f. Find the **zmin** after all transformations are done.

	Matrix #2:	: Rx			Matrix #1: T	<b>Franslate</b>	
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
	Matrix #4:	: Rz			Matrix #	3: Ry	
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
	Matrix #6: S	Shear			Matrix #5: T	<b>Franslate</b>	
	Matrix #8:	Scale			Matrix #7	: Scale	

Zmin=

The viewing parameters for a perspective projection are given as

 $\begin{array}{lll} VRP(WC) = (0,0,0) & VPN(WC) = (0,0,1) \\ VUP(WC) = (0,1,0) & PRP (VRC) = (4,7,10) \\ u_{min} (VRC) = 6 & u_{max} (VRC) = 11 \\ v_{min} (VRC) = -3 & v_{max} (VRC) = 5 \\ n_{min} (VRC) = 12 & n_{max} (VRC) = 20 \\ \end{array}$ 

Given all other transformations, find the **shear** matrix which will transform this viewing volume into a standard perspective view volume which is bounded by the planes: x=z;

x=-z; y=z; y=-z; z=1

$X = \{1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, \dots, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, \dots, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, \dots, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,$						
Matrix #2: Rx						
1	0	0	0			
0	1	0	0			
0	0	1	0			
0	0	0	1			
	Matrix #4	: Rz				
1	0	0	0			
0	1	0	0			
0	0	1	0			
0	0	0	1			
	Matrix #6: S	Shear				

Matrix no. Shear				
			~ -	

Matrix #8: Scale					
0.1	0	0	0		
0	0.1	0	0		
0	0	0.1	0		
0	0	0	1		

Matrix #1: Translate						
1	0	0	0			
0	1	0	0			
0	0	1	0			
0	0	0	1			

Matrix #3: Ry					
1	0	0	0		
0	1	0	0		
0	0	1	0		
0	0	0	1		

1	Matrix #5: 🛚	Franslate	
1	0	0	-4
0	1	0	-7
0	0	1	-10
0	0	0	1

Matrix #7: Scale					
4.0	0	0	0		
0	2.5	0	0		
0	0	1	0		
0	0	0	1		

2. The viewing parameters for a perspective projection are given as

 $u_{\min}$  (VRC) = -9  $u_{\max}$  (VRC) = 11  $v_{\min}$  (VRC) = -15

 $n_{\min} (VRC) = -3.5$   $n_{\max} (VRC) = -1$ 

Find the sequence of transformations which will transform this viewing volume into a standard perspective view volume which is bounded by the planes: x=z; x=-z; y=z; y=-z; z=1; z=zmin

- g. Find the **Shear matrix** (Matrix #6)
- h. Find the scale matrices (Matrix #7 and Matrix #8).
- i. Find the **zmin** after all transformations are done.

1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1

Matrix #4: Rz

1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1

Matrix #6: Shear

01-2				

Scale2

Matrix #1: Translate

1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1

#### Matrix #3: Ry

1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1

#### Matrix #5: Translate

1	0	0	-5
0	1	0	-12
0	0	1	5
0	0	0	1

#### Scale1

	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	-	

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' <b>/</b> -		
		_

The viewing parameters for a perspective projection are given as

Find the sequence of transformations which will transform this viewing volume into a standard perspective view volume which is bounded by the planes: x=z; y=-z; y=-z; z=1; z=zmin

- j. Find the sequence of matrices
- k. Find the **zmin** after all transformations are done.

Matrix #2: Rx	 	Matrix #1: 7	<b>Franslate</b>	
	1	0	0	0
	0	1	0	0
	0	0	1	0
	0	0	0	1
Matrix #4: Rz		Matrix #	3: Ry	
Matrix #6: Shear		∟ Matrix #5: ˈ]	Translate	
Saals2		Cools	.1	
Scale2		Scale	21	

Zmin=	
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The viewing parameters for a perspective projection are given as

VRP(WC)=(0,0,0)	VPN(WC)=(0,0,2)
VUP(WC)=(0,1,4)	PRP (VRC) = (10,20,25)
$u_{\min}(VRC) = 3$	$u_{max}(VRC) = 11$
$v_{\min}(VRC) = 6$	$v_{max}$ (VRC) = 26
$n_{\min}$ (VRC) = 27	$n_{\text{max}} (VRC) = 30$

Find the sequence of transformations which will transform this viewing volume into a standard perspective view volume which is bounded by the planes: x=z; y=-z; y=-z; z=1

### **Show the matrices for Problem 1**

Matrix #	2	_	Matri	x #1	
Matrix #	4	ī	Matri	x #3	<del> </del>
Matrix #	46	Ī	Matrix	x #5	
Matrix #	46		Matrix	x #5	
Matrix #	<del>4</del> 6		Matrix	x #5	
Matrix #	46		Matri	x #5	
Matrix #	46		Matri	x #5	
Matrix #	46		Matri	x #5	
Matrix #			Matrix		