The file `calls.txt` contains a list of calls realized from company phones. The format is the following: `phone_no_from`, `phone_no_to`, `duration`. The internal calls are for free, the price of the calls outside the company (starting with `00`) is 1.50 CZK for each commenced minute. Implement the following operations:

Create a function that computes the price of call according to the duration. Pass the arguments `time` and `price_per_min` and return the price for the duration. (1p)

Create a function in which:

Read all calls from `calls.txt` file. (1p)

Compute a price for each company phone number that an employee spent on phone to other numbers. Use a dictionary to store phone numbers. The function returns a dictionary with phone numbers and call prices. (2p)

Print the dictionary formatted as it is shown below. (1p)

Hint: If you want to store 3 elements of a list of length 3 to three variables, use destructuring according to the following example:

```
lst = ['Hello', 'world', '!']
a, s, v = lst a # 'Hello'
s # 'world'
v # '!'
```

Hint: To check if a value is in a dictionary, use `in` keyword.

Hint: You can remove the trailing newline in each line using the `rstrip` method of the string.

Hint: It is possible to split a string with a delimiter using the `split` method with a delimiter as an arguments.

Example:

```
3058 1234 2:28 # internal call, it is not included in the price
1650 00777666555 2:03 # external call included in the price
3928 00423775651 4:54
2222 3333 5:20
3058 00876543210 1:49
3058 1234 1:15
1650 00876543210 2:10
2222 1234 2:32
3928 00172839456 1:38
1111 00969633330 3:01
```

```
3058:  3.0 CZK
1650:  9.0 CZK
3928:  10.5 CZK
2222:  0.0 CZK
1111:  6.0 CZK
```