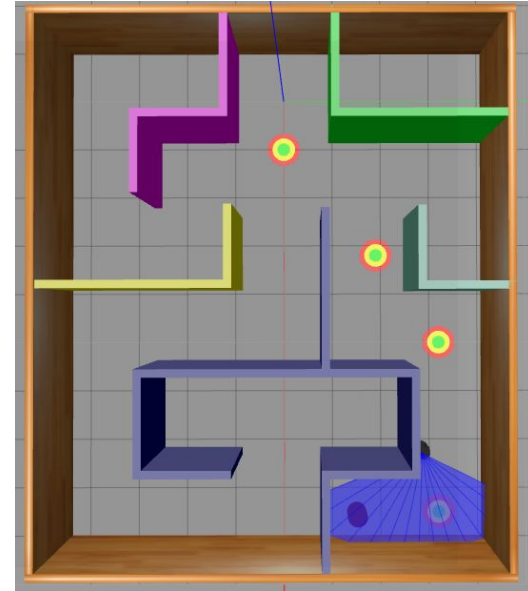
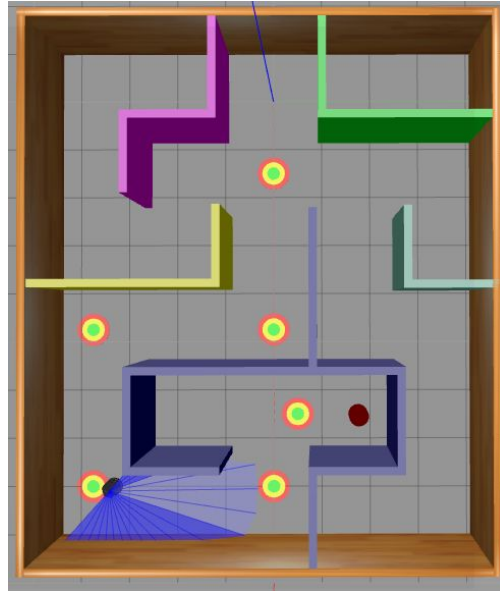
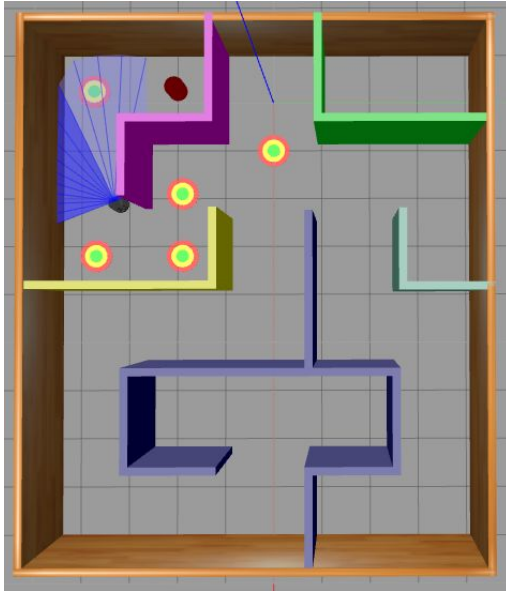

Robot Navigation in Maze with Hints using Reinforcement Learning

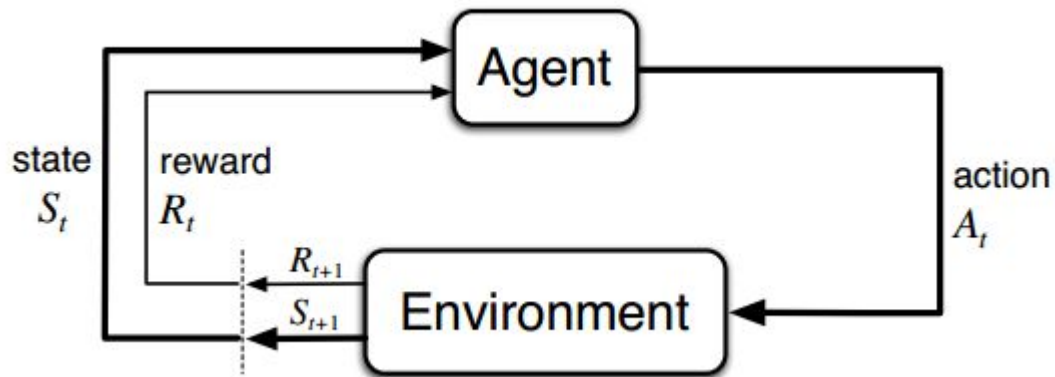
— Le Ngoc Tuan Khang —
Nguyen Minh Tuan
Nho Minh Tu

1. Problem

- Robot autonomously finds the way to the target in a maze using hints.

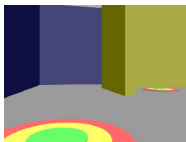
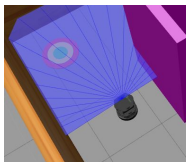


Reinforcement Learning

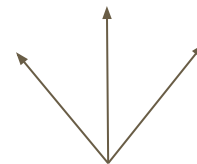
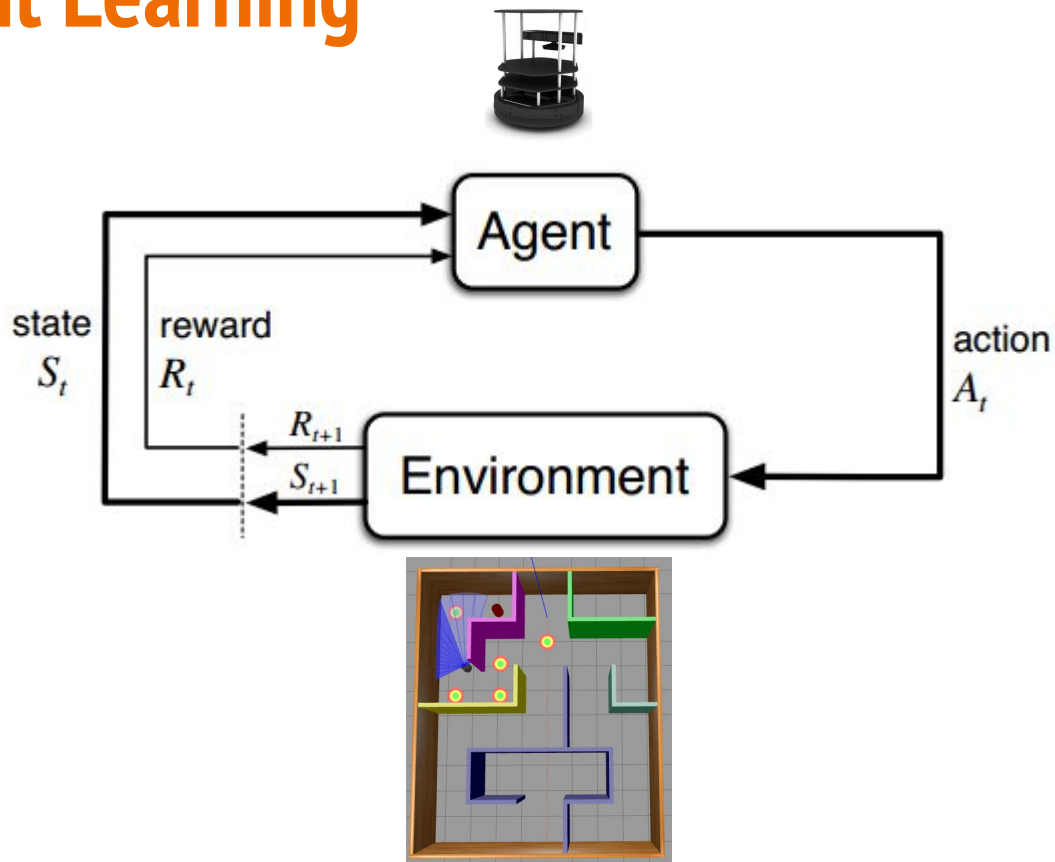


Reinforcement Learning

laser



image

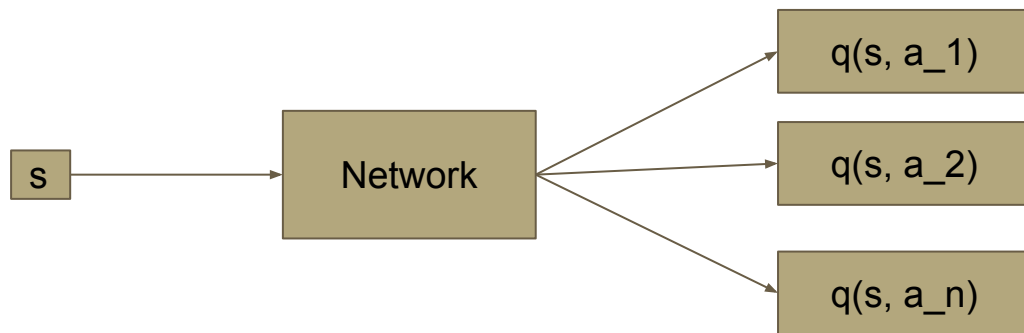


2. Proposed Approach

- Reinforcement Learning Algorithm: Deep Q-network
- DQN for local navigation
- Image Processing for hints
- DQN for final decision

DQN: Details

- $q(s, a)$ is the **expected total** reward if the agent takes action **a** in state **s**.
- But if the state space is too **large or continuous**, we can't store all q-values.
- Value Function Approximation:



DQN: Details

Update rule:

$$Q(s_t, a_t) \leftarrow (1 - \alpha) \cdot \underbrace{Q(s_t, a_t)}_{\text{old value}} + \underbrace{\alpha}_{\text{learning rate}} \cdot \overbrace{\left(\underbrace{r_t}_{\text{reward}} + \underbrace{\gamma}_{\text{discount factor}} \cdot \underbrace{\max_a Q(s_{t+1}, a)}_{\text{estimate of optimal future value}} \right)}^{\text{learned value}}$$

DQN: Algorithm

```
initialize replay memory  $D$ 
initialize action-value function  $Q$  with random weights
observe initial state  $s$ 
repeat
    select an action  $a$ 
        with probability  $\epsilon$  select a random action
        otherwise select  $a = \operatorname{argmax}_{a'} Q(s, a')$ 
    carry out action  $a$ 
    observe reward  $r$  and new state  $s'$ 
    store experience  $\langle s, a, r, s' \rangle$  in replay memory  $D$ 

    sample random transitions  $\langle ss, aa, rr, ss' \rangle$  from replay memory  $D$ 
    calculate target for each minibatch transition
        if  $ss'$  is terminal state then  $tt = rr$ 
        otherwise  $tt = rr + \gamma \max_{a'} Q(ss', aa')$ 
    train the  $Q$  network using  $(tt - Q(ss, aa))^2$  as loss

     $s = s'$ 
until terminated
```


Deep Q-network for Local Navigation

- Robot learns to avoid hitting walls in a similar but simpler environment.

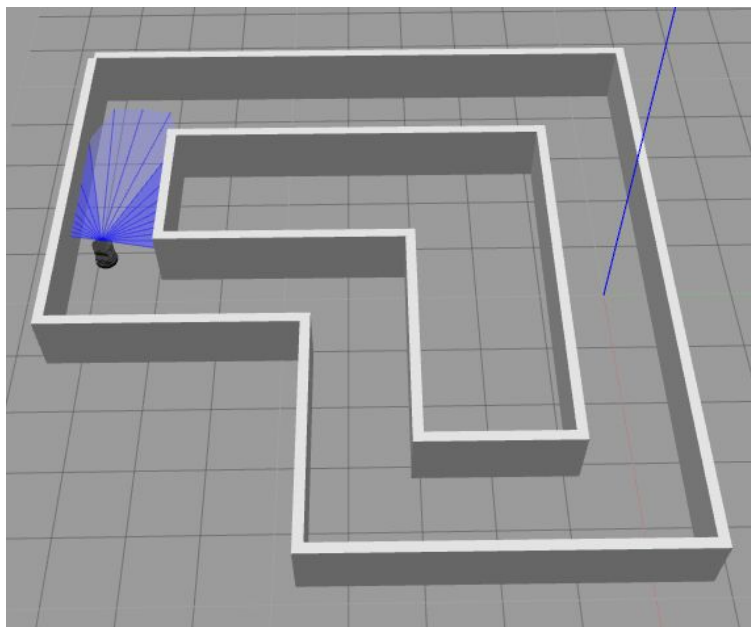
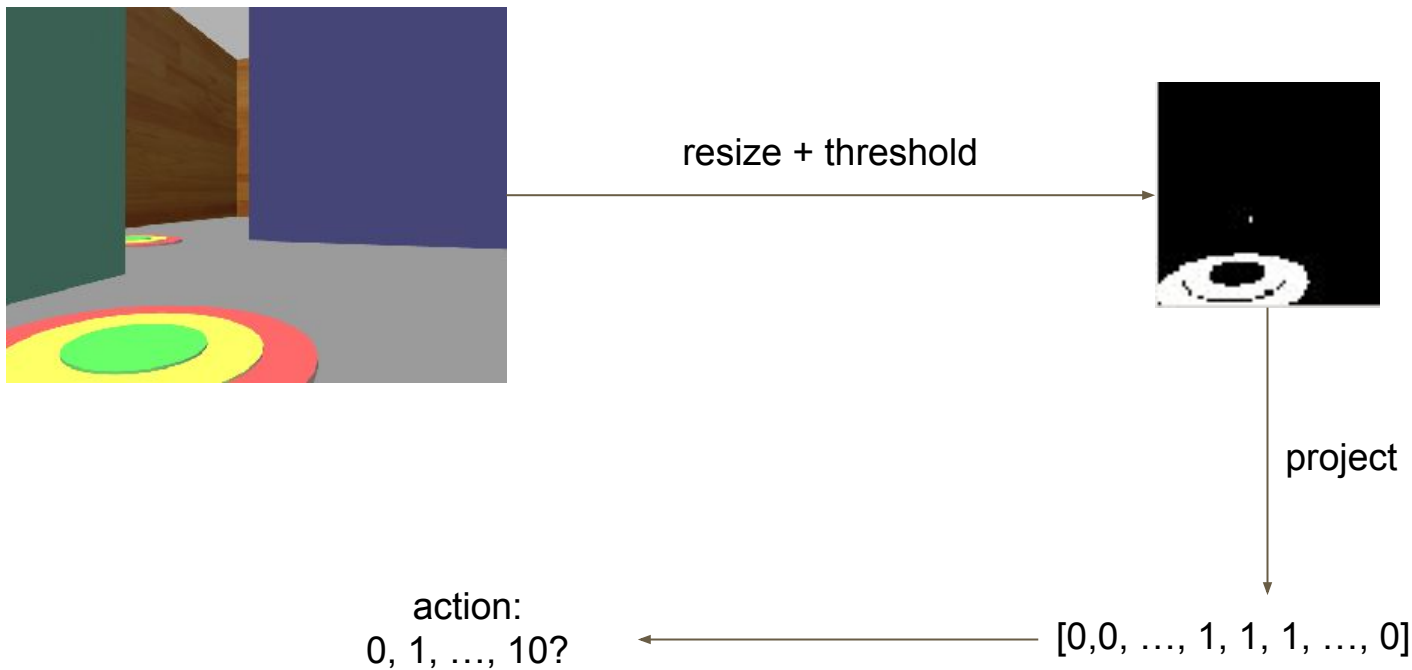
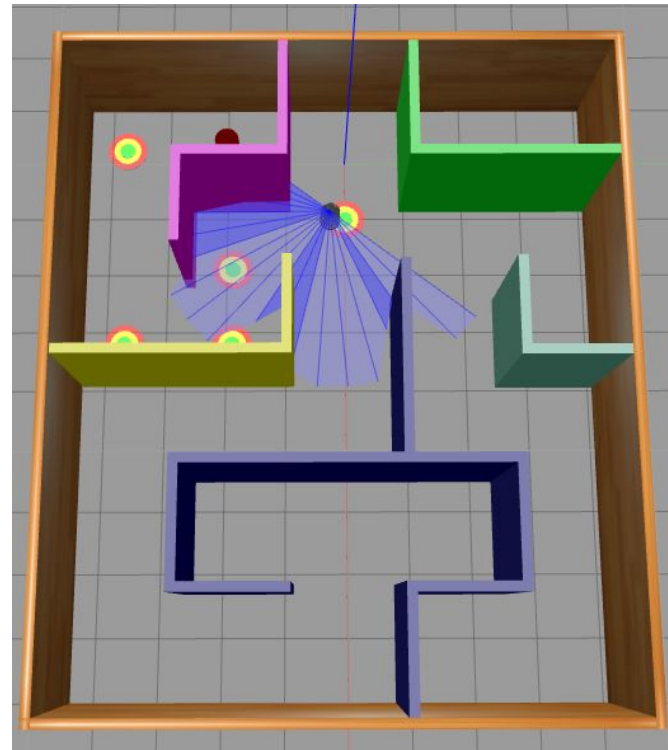


Image Processing for Hint Detection



Deep Q-network for Action Selection

- 2 actions are available:
 - “local navigation” action and “hint” action
- Which action to select at a specific state?
 - e.g: “local navigation” when being close to wall and “hint” when facing many turns
- Let robot learn that by reinforcement learning.



3. Result and Demo

