Near-consistent robust estimations of moments for unimodal distributions

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- Descriptive statistics for parametric models currently heavily rely on
- the accuracy of distributional assumptions. Here, leveraging the in-
- variant structures of unimodal distributions, a series of sophisticated
- yet efficient estimators, robust to both gross errors and departures
- from parametric assumptions, are proposed for estimating mean and
- 6 central moments for common unimodal distributions. This article also
- 7 illuminates the understanding of the common nature of probability
- 8 distributions and the measures of them.

orderliness | invariant | unimodal | adaptive estimation | U-statistics

The potential inconsistencies between the sample mean (\bar{x}) and robust location estimators in distributions with finite moments have been noticed for more than two centuries (1), with numerous notable attempts made to address them.

- 5 Trimming removes some information about the original dis-
- ϵ tribution, making it impossible to estimate the values of the
- 7 removed parts without a parametric assumption.
- Data Availability. Data for Table ?? are given in SI Dataset S1.
- 9 All codes have been deposited in GitHub.
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- 1. CF Gauss, Theoria combinationis observationum erroribus minimis obnoxiae. (Henricus Dieterich), (1823).