## Near-consistent robust estimations of moments for unimodal distributions

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- A. Congruent distribution. In the realm of nonparametric statistics, the relative differences, or orders, of robust estimators are of primary importance. Deducting from this principle, it is natural to assume that when there is a shift in the parameters of the underlying distribution, all nonparametric estimates should asymptotically change in the same direction, if they are estimating the same attribute of the distribution. Otherwise, if the mean indicates an increase in the location of the distribution, but the median indicates a decrease, a contradiction arises. While such contradiction is impossible for a location-scale distribution, as discussed in the previous 11 article, it is possible for a shape-scale distribution. For ex-12 ample, in the case of the Weibull distribution,  $m = \lambda \sqrt[\alpha]{\ln(2)}$ , 13  $\mu = \lambda \Gamma \left( 1 + \frac{1}{\alpha} \right)$ , then, when  $\alpha = 1$ ,  $m = \lambda \ln(2) \approx 0.693\lambda$ ,  $\mu = \lambda$ , but when  $\alpha = \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $m = \lambda \ln^2(2) \approx 0.480\lambda$ ,  $\mu = 2\lambda$ , the mean increases, but the median decreases. Previously, it was demonstrated that by using the method of classifying distri-17 butions through the signs of derivatives, nearly all common 18 nonparametric robust location estimates can be deduced. To 19 avoid such scenarios, this method can also be used. 20
- Data Availability. Data for Table ?? are given in SI Dataset S1.
  All codes are attached.
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