## Semiparametric robust mean estimations based on the orderliness of quantile averages

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semiparametric | mean-median-mode inequality | asymptotic | unimodal | Hodges—Lehmann estimator

 $\square$  Proof.

- Inequalities Between and Among Robust Mean Esti-
- mates
- 4 Analogous to the  $\gamma$ -orderliness, the  $\gamma$ -trimming inequality for
- $_{5}~$  a right-skewed distribution is defined as  $\forall 0 \leq \epsilon_{1} \leq \epsilon_{2} \leq$
- $\epsilon = \frac{1}{1+\gamma}, TM_{\epsilon_1,\gamma} \geq TM_{\epsilon_2,\gamma}.$   $\gamma$ -orderliness is a sufficient condition
- for the  $\gamma$ -trimming inequality, as proven in the SI Text. The
- 8 next theorem shows a relation between the  $\epsilon, \gamma$ -quantile average
- 9 and the  $\epsilon, \gamma$ -trimmed mean under the  $\gamma$ -trimming inequality,
- $_{10}$   $\,$  suggesting the  $\gamma\text{-}\mathrm{orderliness}$  is not a necessary condition for
- the  $\gamma$ -trimming inequality.
- Data Availability. Data for Figure ?? are given in SI Dataset
- S1. All codes have been deposited in GitHub.
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