Semiparametric robust mean estimations based on the orderliness of quantile averages

Tuban Lee

This manuscript was compiled on June 9, 2023

semiparametric | mean-median-mode inequality | asymptotic | unimodal | Hodges—Lehmann estimator

Inequalities related to weighted averages

- So far, it is quite natural to hypothesize that the value of
- ϵ, γ -trimmed mean should be monotonically related to the
- breakdown point in a semiparametric distribution, since it is
- 5 a linear combination of quantile averages as shown in Section
- 6 ??. Analogous to the γ -orderliness, the γ -trimming inequality
- $_{7}~$ for a right-skewed distribution is defined as $\forall 0 \leq \epsilon_{1} \leq \epsilon_{2} \leq$
- $\frac{1}{1+\gamma}$, $TM_{\epsilon_1,\gamma} \geq TM_{\epsilon_2,\gamma}$. γ -orderliness is a sufficient condition
- $_{9}$ $\,$ for the $\gamma\text{-trimming}$ inequality, as proven in the SI Text. The
- 10 next theorem shows a relation between quantile average and
- trimmed mean under γ -trimming inequality.
- Data Availability. Data for Figure ?? are given in SI Dataset
- S1. All codes have been deposited in GitHub.
- 4 ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. I sincerely acknowledge the insightful
- 5 comments from the editor which considerably elevated the lucidity
- and merit of this paper.