

Semiparametric robust mean estimations based on the orderliness of quantile averages

Tuban Lee

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semiparametric | mean-median-mode inequality | asymptotic | unimodal
| Hodges–Lehmann estimator

Proof.

□

Inequalities related to weighted averages

So far, it is quite natural to hypothesize that the value of ϵ, γ -trimmed mean should be monotonically related to the breakdown point in a semiparametric distribution, since it is a linear combination of quantile averages as shown in Section ???. Analogous to the γ -orderliness, the γ -trimming inequality for a right-skewed distribution is defined as $\forall 0 \leq \epsilon_1 \leq \epsilon_2 \leq \frac{1}{1+\gamma}$, $TM_{\epsilon_1, \gamma} \geq TM_{\epsilon_2, \gamma}$. γ -orderliness is a sufficient condition for the γ -trimming inequality, as proven in the SI Text. The next theorem shows a relation between the ϵ, γ -quantile average and the ϵ, γ -trimmed mean under the γ -trimming inequality, suggesting the γ -orderliness is not a necessary condition for the γ -trimming inequality.

Data Availability. Data for Figure ?? are given in SI Dataset S1. All codes have been deposited in [GitHub](#).

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