## Semiparametric robust mean estimations based on the orderliness of quantile averages

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## Hodges–Lehmann inequality and $\gamma$ -U-orderliness

- The Hodges–Lehmann estimator stands out as a unique robust location estimator due to its definition being substantially dissimilar from conventional L-estimators, R-estimators, and M-estimators. In their landmark paper, Estimates of location based on rank tests, Hodges and Lehmann (1) proposed two methods for computing the H-L estimator: the Wilcoxon score R-estimator and the median of pairwise means. The Wilcoxon score R-estimator is a location estimator based on signed-rank test, or R-estimator, (1) and was later independently discovered by Sen (1963) (2, 3). However, the median of pairwise means is a generalized L-statistic and a trimmed U-statistic, as classified by Serfling in his novel conceptualized study in 1984 (4). Serfling further advanced the understanding by generalizing the H-L kernel as  $hl_k(x_1,\ldots,x_k)=\frac{1}{k}\sum_{i=1}^k x_i$ , where  $k\in\mathbb{N}$  (4). Here, the weighted H-L kernel is defined as  $whl_k(x_1,\ldots,x_k)=\frac{\sum_{i=1}^k x_i\mathbf{w}_i}{\sum_{i=1}^k \mathbf{w}_i}$ , where  $\mathbf{w}_i$ s are the weights
  - applied to each element.

    By using the weighted H-L kernel and the *L*-estimator, it is now clear that the Hodges-Lehmann estimator is an *LL*-statistic, the definition of which is provided as follows:

$$LL_{k,\epsilon,\gamma,n} := L_{\epsilon_0,\gamma,n} \left( \operatorname{sort} \left( \left( whl_k \left( X_{N_1}, \cdots, X_{N_k} \right) \right)_{N=1}^{\binom{n}{k}} \right) \right),$$

- where  $L_{\epsilon_0,\gamma,n}(Y)$  represents the  $\epsilon,\gamma$ -L-estimator that uses the sorted sequence, sort  $(whl_k(X_{N_1},\cdots,X_{N_k}))_{N=1}^{\binom{n}{k}}$ , as input, the upper asymptotic breakdown point (defined in another relevant paper) of the L-estimator is  $\epsilon_0$ , the lower asymptotic breakdown point (defined in another relevant paper) is  $\gamma\epsilon_0$ .
- Data Availability. Data for Figure ?? are given in SI Dataset
   S1. All codes have been deposited in GitHub.
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