Semiparametric robust mean estimations based on the orderliness of quantile averages

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semiparametric | mean-median-mode inequality | asymptotic | unimodal | Hodges—Lehmann estimator

Classifying Distributions by the Signs of Derivatives

- Let $\mathcal{P}_{\mathbb{R}}$ denote the set of all continuous distributions over \mathbb{R} and $\mathcal{P}_{\mathbb{X}}$ denote the set of all discrete distributions over a countable set X. The primary focus of this article will be on the class of continuous distributions, $\mathcal{P}_{\mathbb{R}}$. However, it's worth noting that most discussions and results can be extended to encompass the discrete case, $\mathcal{P}_{\mathbb{X}}$, unless explicitly specified otherwise. Besides fully and smoothly parameterizing them by a Euclidean parameter or merely assuming regularity conditions, there exist additional methods for classifying distributions based on their characteristics, such as their skewness, peakedness, modality, and supported interval. In 1956, Stein initiated the study of estimating parameters in the presence of infinite-dimensional nuisance shape parameters (1) and proposed a necessary condition for this type of problem, a contribution later explicitly recognized as initiating the field of semiparametric statistics (2).17
- Data Availability. Data for Figure ?? are given in SI Dataset S1. All codes have been deposited in GitHub.
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