

Detroit Blight Analysis CAP STONE

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Get Started Right Away

This project is to analyze Detroit blight data to find appropriate model to predict future demolish judgments. The issue is due to various factors like crime, environment maintenance issues, neglecting properties due to people moving out of the town and poverty. We have different dimension data associate with a location like citizens reported issues and agency recorded incidents along with crime data.



Figure 1 : Data Dimensions

Data Representation and Visualization:

R programming google maps used to plot independent dataset as well as density overlapping to find correlation between datasets.

 $\frac{https://github.com/tubatibs/DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation-DetroitBl$

Visualization to eliminate outliers, used CARTO and Microsoft excel power view to prepare data out of 311 calls and crime data sets as layers. Merged blight violation data set on those units to prepare data.

https://tubatibs.carto.com/builder/cf461ff8-c349-11e6-85e3-oecd1babdde5/embed

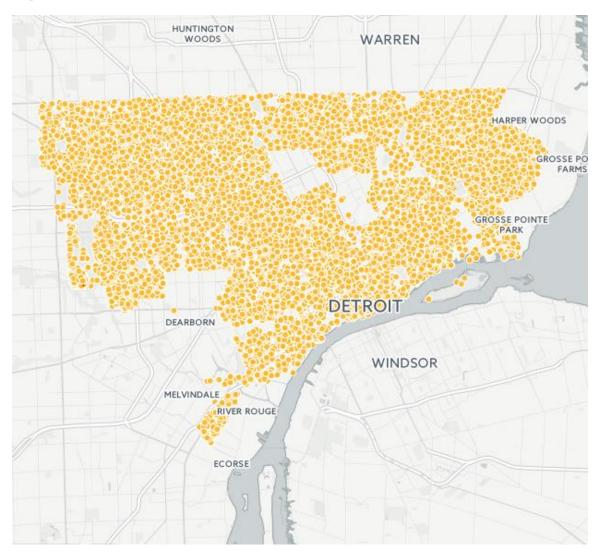


Figure 2: Data visualization and analysis

Understanding Data:

detroit-blight-violations.csv: Each record is a blight violation incident. Contains data associated to location observed and raised by different agencies.

<u>detroit-demolition-permits.tsv:</u> Each record represents a permit for a demolition. Contains fees and associated financial parties with dates.

<u>detroit-311.csv</u>: Each record represents a 311 call, typically a complaint. Contains citizen reported issues.

<u>detroit-crime.csv</u>: Each record represents a criminal incident. Contains location and details about criminal activity.

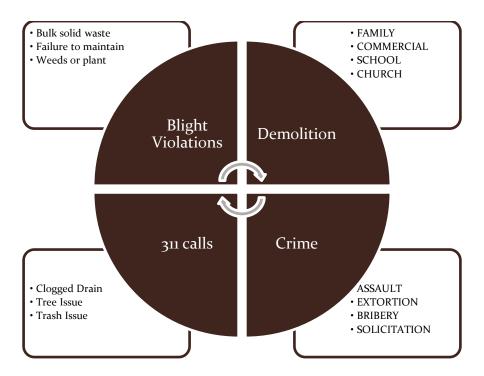


Figure 3: Data matrix with few items

Steps to capture data:

- 1. Filter out noisy data in all four files.
- 2. Extract latitude and longitude incase if it is part of address.
- 3. Crime data join with Blight violations aggregated crime count associated with location.
- 4. Join with 311 calls data with count of issue type and sum of ratings.
- 5. Validated consolidated data for any NaN or special characters.

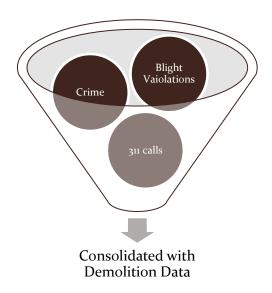


Figure 4: Data funnel representation

Training Dataset:

Mapped demolition permits records on above consolidated data set to derive demolished buildings. Other records will be treated as still in-use. Explored different models to validate predictions.

Evaluation of Advanced Predictive Data Models:

Data cleansing took long time to identify the important attributes with respect to available data. Using R programming to evaluate models. Explored predictive models as follows

- chi-squre analysis model :
 - o dchisq gives the density, applied with demolished with crime data.
 - o pchisq gives the distribution function, applied with demolished with crime data.
 - qchisq gives the quantile function, applied with demolished with crime data.
 - rchisq generates random deviates, applied with demolished with crime data.
- Survival analysis model:
 - Define a survival object as blighted building and fit a survival to a model.
 Surv(

time = Blight violation as start event.

time2 = Demolition time as end event.

event = Demolition)

- Random Forest Model:
 - Used below formula to run Random Forest Model fol <- formula(m_Demolished ~ m_dbv_ngbr_8_ct + m_ddp_ngbr_8_ct + m_d311_ngbr_8_ct + s_CleanUpCost + s_JudgmentAmt + m_PaymentStatus + s_FineAmt + s_LateFee + m_AgencyName)

XGBoost

Included only few features to evaluate XGBoost model
 "m_dbv_ngbr_8_ct","m_ddp_ngbr_8_ct","m_d311_ngbr_8_ct","m_ViolationCategor
 y","s_LateFee","s_FineAmt","s_JudgmentAmt","s_CleanUpCost","m_PaymentStatus
 ","m_AgencyName","m_Demolished"
 Configured number of rounds as 10, eval_metric as "mlogloss" or "merror" with
 objective as "multi:softprob". Generated importance matrix to find features.

Evaluated error/loss rate for each model. Observed models fit descending order as follows.

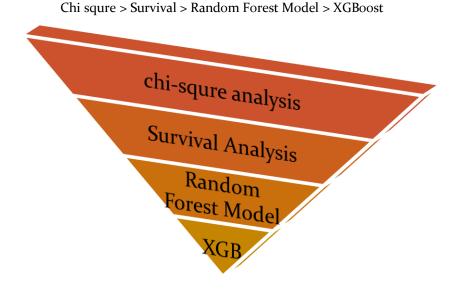


Figure 5: Inverted Pyramid depicts model fitness.

May need to repeat data and features evaluations for change in error rate. XGB model shows mlogloss values for 10 rounds as follows

[1]	train-mlogloss:0.551635
[2]	train-mlogloss:0.495870
[3]	train-mlogloss:0.448311
[4]	train-mlogloss:0.404216
[5]	train-mlogloss:0.364788
[6]	train-mlogloss:0.329524
[7]	train-mlogloss:0.297907
[8]	train-mlogloss:0.269515
[9]	train-mlogloss:0.243987
[10]	train-mlogloss:0.221007

With predictions

[1] 0.733373582 0.007193833 0.002647409 0.002647450 0.002647434 0.002647098

Please refer jupyter notebook for reproducible research.

 $\frac{https://github.com/tubatibs/DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipvnb}{DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/m$

Optimizing features to improve accuracy:

Optimized above formula with important attributes identified by XGB model. But didn't observe much difference in statistics.

[1] train-mlogloss:0.704789 [2] train-mlogloss:0.516291 train-mlogloss:0.467244 [3] train-mlogloss:0.423403 [4] [5] train-mlogloss:0.384140 [6] train-mlogloss:0.346362 [7] train-mlogloss:0.314879 train-mlogloss:0.286533 [8] [9] train-mlogloss:0.259020 train-mlogloss:0.234351 [10]

If I have enough time, I would like to

- Evaluate how it works with derived sentiment values based on 311 call description and crime offence description.
- 2. Dig data deep into owner address outside Detroit and outside USA.
- 3. Would like to analyze housing, Job market and Schools.
- 4. Adding more dimensions data will help predict accurately.

Conclusion:

Looks like XGBoost model fits perfectly with multi-dimensional data provided here. Random Forest can come close and may need to explore with different features.

There was a clear indication that high crime rate and lack of maintenance contributes to blight, which costs billions of dollars to fix. Thanks for reading and I personally enjoyed analyzing blight data and learning R programming.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

 $\underline{https://www.theguardian.com/money/2014/sep/28/detroit-demolish-ruins-capitalists-abandoned-\underline{buildings-plan}}$

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal_degrees

APPENDIX - Reproducible Research (Jupyter notebook)

https://github.com/tubatibs/DsasVisualAnalytics/blob/master/DsasCapstone-DetroitBlightViolation.ipynb

Please note that below is the sudo code. Please refer github jupyter notebook link above for latest version.

```
In [1]:
# Including libraries
library (dplyr)
library(tidyr)
library(stringr)
library (geohash)
                                                                                     In [2]:
# Download data from the links provided
library(downloader)
# Blight Violations
dbvurl <- "https://d18ky98rnyall9.cloudfront.net/ 97bd1c1e5df9537bb13398c9898deed7 detroi
t-blight-violations.csv?Expires=1487808000&Signature=gHUOfvUDTW-h~HuT0YXBeapK~jrxVV~G~ItL
JCGvxfndaU-ZnP0011lurvBMMbxRy3JymGjsyrfMZvY8uXkywWwOeRT3JzfyXftxHVbDpw6rRsfOqmR0Bwu6HHIbc
SSANPjFG9p6FwpQh1YyJUKvMj8IQCoaanPuG10SRLWg7Bc &Key-Pair-Id=APKAJLTNE6QMUY6HBC5A"
DBVFileName <- "detroit-blight-violations.csv"
if (!file.exists(DBVFileName))
    download(dbvurl, DBVFileName)
detBlightViol <- read.csv("detroit-blight-violations.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE,</pre>
                  strip.white = TRUE, na.strings = '' )
# Detroit Demolition Permits
ddpurl <- "https://d18ky98rnyall9.cloudfront.net/ dcebfb2135a2bf5a6392493bd61aba22 detroi
t-demolition-permits.tsv?Expires=1487808000&Signature=GIkiK8yRf70Fya8VNatb9t~1Xh5VD4kX05G
{\tt ZMK1qb3121X-z9aXk4okJQao6d0fApCcdgM\sim-6L3K1BG1YKhFbCKQqagI2ALjFt-PTkJeCyfPFSQ5FqMcQlh7qUC1}
pZCH7F~zJA9X-vutv6IIaS-tKt22sAGgwu9X6lCtw6raPBo &Key-Pair-Id=APKAJLTNE6QMUY6HBC5A"
DDPFileName <- "detroit-demolition-permits.tsv"</pre>
if (!file.exists(DDPFileName))
    download(ddpurl, DDPFileName)
detDemolitionPermit <- read.delim("detroit-demolition-permits.tsv", header=TRUE, allowEsc
apes=FALSE, sep="\t", na.strings="", comment.char="")
# Detroit 311 calls
d311url <- "https://d18ky98rnyall9.cloudfront.net/ dcebfb2135a2bf5a6392493bd61aba22 detro
it-311.csv?Expires=1487808000&Signature=PTTniMA9xRitX6DycZSOORb45gCHgqeHDQABaMn54N6CswNJm
```

```
FIXEYolvrWNCXlp~K4gn9zaSUOm27eQJhmEg4n7FUTJ5ZrWnVWBOfFRxouPgcqlrdqUHfx-HKqnTMByfTLcEPmEqh
ZLKg7d9SLYsx4Cc2vwxCFshMjhpEF7ZwA &Key-Pair-Id=APKAJLTNE6QMUY6HBC5A"
D311FileName <- "detroit-311.csv"
if (!file.exists(D311FileName))
   download(d311url, D311FileName)
det311 <- read.csv("detroit-311.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE,</pre>
                 strip.white = TRUE, na.strings = '' )
# Detroit Crime
dcrurl <- "https://d18ky98rnyall9.cloudfront.net/ dcebfb2135a2bf5a6392493bd61aba22 detroi
t-crime.csv?Expires=1487808000&Signature=POU~pk3A00i-iFJpAT9ytnBpfygEdMrPcITocHFPPHbyHegk
i~dcECrUD1kWApMOYmymWt2Vrm5c5mWmKG1pwpIaMPLwFGkF5kUkMTgCLuask2b0LnKcDOI86WzRYmkBsN2VvSQxX
NK9y8CvCs2pUVzmwYbwGwstsOqbZei-Ohg &Key-Pair-Id=APKAJLTNE6QMUY6HBC5A"
DCRFileName <- "detroit-crime.csv"</pre>
if (!file.exists(DCRFileName))
   download(dcrurl, DCRFileName)
detCrime <- read.csv("detroit-crime.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE,</pre>
                 strip.white = TRUE, na.strings ='' )
                                                                                  In [3]:
#dplyr mutate to extract (LAT, LNG) from ViolationAddress.
detBlightViol <- detBlightViol %>%
    #filter(TicketIssuedDT > "2005-01-01" & TicketIssuedDT <"2018-01-01") %>%
   mutate(latlng = gsub(".*\\n", "", ViolationAddress)) %>%
   transform(latlng = gsub('[()]','', latlng)) %>%
    filter(latlng != 'character(0)') %>%
   transform(latlng = gsub('[()]','', latlng)) %>%
    separate(latlng, c('LAT', 'LNG'), ', ')
#dplyr mutate to extract (LAT, LNG) from site location
detDemolitionPermit <- detDemolitionPermit %>%
   transform(latlng = gsub('[()]','', latlng)) %>%
    filter(latlng != 'character(0)') %>%
   transform(latlng = gsub('[()]','', latlng)) %>%
    separate(latlng, c('LAT', 'LNG'), ', ')
                                                                                  In [4]:
#Visualize to glance through the data
library(ggplot2)
library(ggmap)
library(maps)
library (maptools)
# get Google map to plot the data into it
```

```
detroit map <- get map(location = "Detroit", zoom = 11,</pre>
                                                  maptype = "t", scale = 2)
 #Crime incidents
ggmap(detroit map) +
    geom point(data = detCrime, aes(x = detCrime$LON, y = detCrime$LAT, fill = "red", alpha
  = 0.8), size = 2, shape = 17) +
    guides(fill=FALSE, alpha=FALSE, size=FALSE)
                                                                                                                                                                                              In [5]:
 #311 Calls
ggmap(detroit map) +
     geom point(data = det311, aes(x = det311\$lng, y = det311\$lat, fill = "green", alpha = 0
.8), size = 2, shape = 25) +
    quides(fill=FALSE, alpha=FALSE, size=FALSE)
                                                                                                                                                                                              In [6]:
#Blight Violation
blight viols <- detBlightViol %>%
     transform(LNG = as.numeric(LNG),
                          LAT = as.numeric(LAT))
ggmap(detroit map) +
    geom\ point(data = blight\ viols, aes(x = blight\ viols$LNG, y = blight\ viols$LAT, alpha = blight viols$LAT, alpha = bl
  0.1), size = 1, shape = 1) +
    guides(fill=FALSE, alpha=FALSE, size=FALSE)
                                                                                                                                                                                               In [7]:
 #Demolition permits
demo permits <- detDemolitionPermit %>%
    transform(LNG = as.numeric(LNG),
                          LAT = as.numeric(LAT))
ggmap(detroit map) +
    geom\_point(data = demo\_permits, aes(x = LNG, y = LAT, fill = "yellow", alpha = 0.8), si
ze = 2, shape = 13) +
    guides(fill=FALSE, alpha=FALSE, size=FALSE)
                                                                                                                                                                                              In [8]:
 #Plot Blight violations with Demolition permits
ggmap(detroit map) + #geom point(data=call311 dat, aes(x=lng, y=lat), color="dark green",
  alpha=.1, size=1.1) +
   geom density2d(data=blight viols, aes(x=blight viols$LNG, y=blight viols$LAT), size = 0
     \verb|stat_density2d(data=demo_permits, aes(x=demo_permits\$LNG, y=demo_permits\$LAT, fill = ...)|
level.., alpha = ..level..), size = 0.01, bins = 16, geom = "polygon") +
     scale fill gradient(low = "green", high = "red") +
```

```
scale alpha(range = c(0, 0.3), guide = FALSE) + labs(title="Blight Violation vs Demolit
ion")
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        In [9]:
#dplyr filter to create gh 8 and uid colums
detBlightViol <- detBlightViol %>%
           mutate(gh 8 = gh encode(as.numeric(LAT), as.numeric(LNG), 8),
                               uid = paste0('blightviol ',row number()))
detDemolitionPermit <- detDemolitionPermit %>%
           mutate(gh_8 = gh_encode(as.numeric(LAT), as.numeric(LNG), 8),
                               uid = paste0('demolper', row number()))
det311 <- det311 %>%
           mutate(gh_8 = gh_encode(as.numeric(lat), as.numeric(lng), 8),
                               uid = paste0('det311',row number()))
detCrime <- detCrime %>%
           mutate(gh 8 = gh encode(as.numeric(LAT), as.numeric(LON), 8),
                               uid = paste0('detcrim', row number()))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     In [10]:
#Summarize records based on gh 8
dbv_gh_8 grp <- detBlightViol %>%
          group by(gh 8) %>%
           summarize(dbv ngbr 8 ct = n()) %>%
           arrange(gh 8,desc(dbv ngbr 8 ct))
\# mutate (PERMIT\ ISSUED = min (as.Date (detDemolition Permit \$PERMIT\ ISSUED, format = '\$m/\$d/\$Y'),\ n = 1000 \ \text{MeV} + 10000 \ \text{MeV} + 10000 \ \text{MeV} + 10000 \ \text{MeV} + 10000 \ \text{MeV} 
a.rm=TRUE)) %>%
ddp gh 8 grp <- detDemolitionPermit %>%
           group by(gh 8) %>%
           summarize(ddp_ngbr_8_ct = n()) %>%
           arrange(gh 8,desc(ddp ngbr 8 ct))
#Summarize dates for survival analysis
ddp gh 8 grp d <- detDemolitionPermit %>%
           group_by(gh_8) %>%
           summarize(M PERMIT ISSUED=mean(as.numeric(PERMIT ISSUED,format='%m/%d/%Y'), na.rm=TRU
E))
d311_gh_8_grp <- det311 %>%
           group by(gh 8) %>%
           summarize(d311 ngbr 8 ct = n()) %>%
           arrange(gh 8,desc(d311 ngbr 8 ct))
```

```
group by(gh 8) %>%
   summarize(dcr_ngbr_8_ct = n()) %>%
   arrange(gh 8,desc(dcr ngbr 8 ct))
                                                                                 In [12]:
#join counts and demolished dates based on gh 8
detBlightViolV <- left join(detBlightViol, dbv gh 8 grp, by = c("gh 8" = "gh 8"))</pre>
detBlightViolVD <- left join(detBlightViolV, ddp gh 8 grp, by = c("gh 8" = "gh 8"))</pre>
detBlightViolVDD <- left join(detBlightViolVD, ddp gh 8 grp d, by = c("gh 8" = "gh 8"))</pre>
detBlightViolVD3C <- left join(detBlightViolVD3, dcr gh 8 grp, by = c("gh 8" = "gh 8"))</pre>
                                                                                 In [13]:
#Keeping only the colums required for analysis
keep <- c("LAT", "LNG", "gh 8", "dbv ngbr 8 ct", "ddp ngbr 8 ct", "d311 ngbr 8 ct", "dcr ng
br 8 ct", "ViolationCategory", "CleanUpCost", "JudgmentAmt", "PaymentStatus", "FineAmt",
"AdminFee", "LateFee", "AgencyName", "TicketIssuedDT", "M PERMIT ISSUED")
detBlightViolVD3C <- detBlightViolVD3C[keep]</pre>
# Assing values
detBlightViolVD3C$PaymentStatus[detBlightViolVD3C$PaymentStatus=="PAID IN FULL"] <- 1
detBlightViolVD3C$PaymentStatus[detBlightViolVD3C$PaymentStatus=="PARTIAL PAYMENT MADE"]
detBlightViolVD3C$PaymentStatus[detBlightViolVD3C$PaymentStatus=="NO PAYMENT APPLIED"] <-
detBlightViolVD3C$PaymentStatus[detBlightViolVD3C$PaymentStatus=="NO PAYMENT ON RECORD"]
<- 4
detBlightViolVD3C$PaymentStatus <- as.numeric(detBlightViolVD3C$PaymentStatus)</pre>
detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName[detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName=="Department of Public Works"]
detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName[detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName=="Building and Safety Engineeri
ng Department"] <- 2
detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName[detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName=="Health Department"] <- 3</pre>
detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName[detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName=="Detroit Police Department"] <
- 4
#Data Cleanup
detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName[is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName)] <- as.numeric(0)</pre>
detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName <- as.numeric(detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName)</pre>
detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName[is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$AgencyName)] <- as.numeric(0)
```

dcr gh 8 grp <- detCrime %>%

```
Warning message in eval(expr, envir, enclos):
"NAs introduced by coercion"
                                                                                In [14]:
# Data preparation to avoid non-numerics from the dataset
ifelse ((!is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$CleanUpCost) || detBlightViolVD3C$CleanUpCost != ""),
   D3C$CleanUpCost)))),
   detBlightViolVD3C$CleanUpCost <- as.numeric(0))</pre>
ifelse ((!is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$JudgmentAmt) || detBlightViolVD3C$JudgmentAmt != ""),
   detBlightViolVD3C$JudgmentAmt <- as.numeric(sub('\\$','', (as.character(detBlightViolV</pre>
D3C$JudgmentAmt)))),
   detBlightViolVD3C$JudgmentAmt <- as.numeric(0))</pre>
detBlightViolVD3C$JudgmentAmt[is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$JudgmentAmt)] <- as.numeric(0)</pre>
ifelse ((!is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$FineAmt) || detBlightViolVD3C$FineAmt != ""),
   detBlightViolVD3C$FineAmt <- as.numeric(sub('\\$','', (as.character(detBlightViolVD3C$</pre>
FineAmt)))),
   detBlightViolVD3C$FineAmt <- as.numeric(0))</pre>
detBlightViolVD3C$FineAmt[is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$FineAmt)] <- as.numeric(0)</pre>
ifelse ((!is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$AdminFee) || detBlightViolVD3C$AdminFee != ""),
   detBlightViolVD3C$AdminFee <- as.numeric(sub('\\$','', (as.character(detBlightViolVD3C</pre>
$AdminFee)))),
   detBlightViolVD3C$AdminFee <- as.numeric(0))</pre>
ifelse ((!is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$LateFee) || detBlightViolVD3C$LateFee != ""),
   LateFee)))),
   detBlightViolVD3C$LateFee <- as.numeric(0))</pre>
detBlightViolVD3C$ddp ngbr 8 ct[is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$ddp ngbr 8 ct)] <- as.numeric(0)</pre>
detBlightViolVD3C$d311 ngbr 8 ct[is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$d311 ngbr 8 ct)] <- as.numeric(0</pre>
detBlightViolVD3C$dcr ngbr 8 ct[is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$dcr ngbr 8 ct)] <- as.numeric(0)
\tt detBlightViolVD3C\$Demolished[detBlightViolVD3C\$ddp\ ngbr\ 8\ ct\ >0\ ]\ <-\ 1
\tt detBlightViolVD3C\$Demolished[detBlightViolVD3C\$ddp\ ngbr\ 8\ ct\ <=0\ ]\ <-\ 0
ifelse ((!is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$TicketIssuedDT) || detBlightViolVD3C$TicketIssuedDT !=
""),
       detBlightViolVD3C$TicketIssuedDT <- as.numeric(as.Date(detBlightViolVD3C$TicketIs</pre>
suedDT,"%m/%d/%Y %H:%M:%S")),
       detBlightViolVD3C$TicketIssuedDT <- as.numeric(0))</pre>
```

```
ifelse ((!is.na(detBlightViolVD3C$M PERMIT ISSUED) || detBlightViolVD3C$M PERMIT ISSUED !
= ""),
       detBlightViolVD3C$M PERMIT ISSUED <- as.numeric(detBlightViolVD3C$M PERMIT ISSUED
),
       detBlightViolVD3C$M PERMIT_ISSUED <- as.numeric(0))</pre>
nrow(detBlightViolVD3C)
summary(detBlightViolVD3C)
0
1680
1500
20
150
[1] NA
[1] NA
307804
                    LNG
    T.A.T
                                     gh_8
                Length: 307804
                                 Length: 307804
Length:307804
Class :character
Mode :character Mode :character
                                 Mode :character
dbv ngbr 8 ct
             ddp ngbr 8 ct
                            d311 ngbr 8 ct
                                            dcr ngbr 8 ct
Min. : 1 Min. : 0.00
                            Min. : 0.0000 Min. : 0.0000
             1st Qu.: 0.00
                            1st Qu.: 0.0000 1st Qu.: 0.0000
1st Ou.:
          4
Median :
           7 Median: 0.00 Median: 0.0000 Median: 0.0000
             Mean : 38.37 Mean : 0.0419 Mean : 0.8085
Mean : 1562
3rd Qu.: 14 3rd Qu.: 0.00 3rd Qu.: 0.0000 3rd Qu.: 0.0000
Max. :21114
             Max. :548.00 Max. :65.0000 Max. :59.0000
ViolationCategory CleanUpCost
                                  JudgmentAmt
                                                  PaymentStatus
Min. :0.000000 Min. :
                                 Min. :
                           0.000
                                             0.0 Min. :1.000
1st Qu.:0.000000 1st Qu.:
                           0.000
                                  1st Qu.: 140.0 1st Qu.:3.000
Median :0.000000 Median :
                           0.000
                                  Median: 305.0 Median:3.000
Mean :0.006553 Mean :
                           0.515
                                  Mean : 422.5 Mean :2.744
                                  3rd Qu.: 305.0 3rd Qu.:3.000
3rd Qu.:0.000000 3rd Qu.:
                           0.000
Max. :1.000000 Max. :13123.800
                                  Max. :11030.0 Max. :4.000
   FineAmt
                  AdminFee
                              LateFee
                                            AgencyName
Min. : 0.0 Min. :20
                           Min. : 0.0
                                          Min. :0.000
1st Qu.: 100.0
                1st Qu.:20
                           1st Qu.: 10.0
                                          1st Qu.:1.000
Median : 250.0
                           Median : 25.0
                Median :20
                                          Median :2.000
Mean : 357.9
                Mean :20
                           Mean : 35.8
                                          Mean :1.746
3rd Qu.: 250.0
                3rd Qu.:20 3rd Qu.: 25.0
                                          3rd Qu.:2.000
Max. :10000.0 Max. :20 Max. :1000.0 Max. :4.000
```

```
TicketIssuedDT M PERMIT ISSUED
                                   Demolished
Min. :-11407 Min. : 2.0 Min. :0.0000
1st Qu.: 13738    1st Qu.:375.6    1st Qu.:0.0000
Median: 14264 Median: 381.5 Median: 0.0000
Mean : 14508 Mean :385.1 Mean :0.1619
3rd Qu.: 15106 3rd Qu.:409.0 3rd Qu.:0.0000
Max. : 16650 Max. :782.0 Max. :1.0000
NA's :38854 NA's :257958
                                                                                In [15]:
#Summarize based on gh 8
detBlightViolVD3C <- detBlightViolVD3C %>%
     group by(gh 8) %>%
     summarize(m dbv ngbr 8 ct=mean(dbv ngbr 8 ct, na.rm=TRUE),
               m_ddp_ngbr_8_ct=mean(ddp_ngbr_8_ct, na.rm=TRUE),
               m d311 ngbr 8 ct=mean(d311 ngbr 8 ct, na.rm=TRUE),
               m ViolationCategory=max(ViolationCategory, na.rm=TRUE),
               s CleanUpCost=sum(CleanUpCost, na.rm=TRUE),
               s JudgmentAmt=sum(JudgmentAmt, na.rm=TRUE),
               m PaymentStatus=mean(PaymentStatus, na.rm=TRUE),
               s_FineAmt=sum(FineAmt, na.rm=TRUE),
               s LateFee=sum(LateFee, na.rm=TRUE),
               m AgencyName=max(AgencyName, na.rm=TRUE),
               m Demolished=max(Demolished, na.rm=TRUE),
               m TicketIssuedDT= min(TicketIssuedDT, na.rm=TRUE),
               M M PERMIT ISSUED=min(M PERMIT ISSUED, na.rm=TRUE))
                                                                                In [16]:
# Using SQL queries on dataset to understand data.
library(sqldf)
sqldf("select count(*) from 'detBlightViolVD3C' where m Demolished=1")
Loading required package: gsubfn
Loading required package: proto
Loading required package: RSQLite
Loading required package: tcltk
          count(*)
          3142
                                                                                In [17]:
# Training and test data
indexes = sample(nrow(detBlightViolVD3C), size=0.1*nrow(detBlightViolVD3C))
                                                                                  PAGE 15
```

```
train = detBlightViolVD3C[indexes,]
test = detBlightViolVD3C[-indexes,]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              In [18]:
 # Formula
\label{local_control_control_control} \mbox{fol <- formula(m Demolished ~ m_dbv_ngbr_8_ct + m_ddp_ngbr_8_ct + m_d311_ngbr_8_ct + m_d311_ngbr_8_c
                                           s CleanUpCost + s JudgmentAmt + m PaymentStatus +
                                           s FineAmt + s LateFee + m AgencyName )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              In [19]:
 #library(rpart)
 #library(caret)
 #rpModel <- rpart(fol, method="class", data=train, na.action = na.omit)</pre>
 #summary(rpModel)
 #rpPred <- predict(rpModel, newdata = test, na.action = na.omit)</pre>
 #NOT WORKING
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              In [20]:
 #Random forest model analysis
library (party)
library(randomForest)
rfModel <- randomForest(fol, data=train, na.action = na.omit)</pre>
print(rfModel)
rfPred <- predict(rfModel, newdata = test, na.action = na.omit)</pre>
rfTbl <- table(rfPred, test$m_Demolished)</pre>
Warning message in randomForest.default(m, y, ...):
 "The response has five or fewer unique values. Are you sure you want to do regression?"
Call:
   randomForest(formula = fol, data = train, na.action = na.omit)
                                        Type of random forest: regression
                                                         Number of trees: 500
No. of variables tried at each split: 3
                           Mean of squared residuals: 5.697523e-05
                                                      % Var explained: 99.87
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             In [30]:
head(rfTbl)
rfPred
     -1.21277987652491e-16 414 0
     -1.17739151761498e-16 1 0
```

```
-1.17530984944381e-16 1 0
  -1.17267306976032e-16 1 0
  -1.17253429188224e-16 1 0
 -1.17100773522338e-16 1 0
                                                                                   In [21]:
#chi-squre analysis
library (MASS)
print(chisq.test(test$m Demolished, test$m ddp ngbr 8 ct))
Warning message in chisq.test(test$m Demolished, test$m ddp ngbr 8 ct):
"Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect"
         Pearson's Chi-squared test
data: test$m_Demolished and test$m_ddp_ngbr_8_ct
X-squared = 61177, df = 13, p-value < 2.2e-16
                                                                                   In [22]:
library("survival")
survfit(Surv(test$m TicketIssuedDT,test$m Demolished == 0)~1)
Call: survfit(formula = Surv(test$m TicketIssuedDT, test$m Demolished ==
   0) ~ 1)
   4490 observations deleted due to missingness
    n events median 0.95LCL 0.95UCL
  56687 53996 13906 13895 13913
                                                                                   In [23]:
library("xgboost")
xKeep <- c( "m dbv ngbr 8 ct", "m ddp ngbr 8 ct", "m d311 ngbr 8 ct", "m ViolationCategory",
"s LateFee", "s FineAmt", "s JudgmentAmt", "s CleanUpCost",
           "m PaymentStatus","m AgencyName","m Demolished")
xtrain <- train[xKeep]</pre>
xtest <- test[xKeep]</pre>
trainMatrix <- as.matrix(xtrain)</pre>
testMatrix <- as.matrix(xtest)</pre>
xgb <- xgboost(data = data.matrix(xtrain[,-1]),</pre>
label =xtrain$m Demolished ,
eta = 0.1,
max_depth = 15,
 nround=10,
```

```
subsample = 0.5,
 colsample by tree = 0.5,
 seed = 1,
 eval metric = "mlogloss",
 objective = "multi:softprob",
 num_class = 100,
 nthread = 2
)
          train-mlogloss:0.551635
[1]
          train-mlogloss:0.495870
[2]
[3]
          train-mlogloss:0.448311
[4]
          train-mlogloss:0.404216
[5]
          train-mlogloss:0.364788
          train-mlogloss:0.329524
[6]
[7]
          train-mlogloss:0.297907
          train-mlogloss:0.269515
[8]
[9]
          train-mlogloss:0.243987
[10]
        train-mlogloss:0.221007
                                                                                           In [24]:
dim(xtest)
pred <- predict(xgb, t(xtest[1,7]))</pre>
print (head (pred) )
 1. 61177
 2. 11
 \hbox{\tt [1]} \ \ 0.733373582 \ \ 0.007193833 \ \ 0.002647409 \ \ 0.002647450 \ \ 0.002647434 \ \ 0.002647098 
                                                                                           In [25]:
model <- xgb.dump(xgb, with.stats = T)</pre>
model[1:10]
Warning message:
"'with.stats' is deprecated.
Use 'with stats' instead.
See help("Deprecated") and help("xgboost-deprecated")."
 1. 'booster[0]'
 2. '0:[f9<0.5] yes=1,no=2,missing=1,gain=7242.32,cover=66.2706'
 3. '1:leaf=4.92212,cover=63.2016'
 4. '2:leaf=-0.0380929,cover=3.069'
 5. 'booster[1]'
 6. '0:[f9<0.5] yes=1,no=2,missing=1,gain=5721.53,cover=68.0526'
 7. '1:leaf=-0.0497389,cover=64.9242'
 8. '2:leaf=3.78888,cover=3.1284'
 9. 'booster[2]'
```

10. '0:leaf=-0.0497558,cover=66.4092'

```
# Get the feature real names
names <- dimnames(trainMatrix)[[2]]

# Compute feature importance matrix
importance_matrix <- xgb.importance(names, model = xgb)

# Nice graph
xgb.plot.importance(importance_matrix[1:10,])</pre>
```

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In [26]: