# Binary\_Simulation\_v2

Hun

2/15/2022

Generating covariates and finding coefficits for covariates in propensity model.

```
covariate_coef <- function(desired_prop, n, cov_df) {</pre>
         alpha_0 = log(desired_prop/(1 - desired_prop))
          coef_L1 <- sample(cov_df$L1, 10000, replace = TRUE)</pre>
          coef_L2 <- sample(cov_df$L2, 10000, replace = TRUE)</pre>
          coef_L3 <- sample(cov_df$L3, 10000, replace = TRUE)</pre>
         A logit <- vector(mode = "list", length = length(coef L2))
         p_A <- vector(mode = "numeric",length = length(coef_L2))</pre>
          u \leftarrow alpha_0 + coef_L1[1]*cov_df\\L1 + coef_L2[1]*cov_df\\L2 - coef_L3[1]*cov_df\\L3 - coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coef_L3[1]*coe
         p_A[1] \leftarrow mean(exp(u)/(1 + exp(u)))
         tol <- 0.001
          i = 1
          while (abs(p_A[i] - 0.14) > tol) {
                 i = i + 1
                A_logit[[i]] <-
                       alpha_0 + coef_L1[i]*cov_df$L1 + coef_L2[i]*cov_df$L2 - coef_L3[i]*cov_df$L3
                p_A[i] \leftarrow mean(exp(A_logit[[i]])/(1 + exp(A_logit[[i]])))
                 if (abs(p_A[i] - 0.14) < tol) {
                       mean_treated_proportion <- p_A[i]</pre>
                       desired_coef_L1 <- coef_L1[i]</pre>
                       desired_coef_L2 <- coef_L2[i]</pre>
                       desired_coef_L3 <- coef_L3[i]</pre>
```

# Generating 100 no boot samples

```
seed_vec <- rnorm(100000, mean = 0, sd = 100) %>% round(0) %>% unique()
generate_no_boot_data <- function(n, size = 5000, seeds = seed_vec) {</pre>
  df <- list()</pre>
  cov_df <- list()</pre>
  pb <- progress_bar$new(format = "generating data... [:bar]", total = n)</pre>
    for (i in 1:n) {
    pb$tick()
    set.seed(seeds[i])
    set.seed(seeds[i])
    pre_data <- defData(varname = "L1", formula = "0", variance = 1,</pre>
                 dist = "normal")
    pre_data <- defData(pre_data, varname = "L2", formula = "0", variance = 1,</pre>
                 dist = "normal")
    pre_data <- defData(pre_data, varname = "L3", formula = "0", variance = 1,</pre>
                 dist = "normal")
    cov_df[[i]] <- genData(5000, pre_data)</pre>
    cov_coef_df <- covariate_coef(0.14, 2, cov_df[[i]])</pre>
    L1_coef <- cov_coef_df$desired_coef_L1</pre>
    L2_coef <- cov_coef_df$desired_coef_L2</pre>
    L3_coef <- cov_coef_df$desired_coef_L3
    pre_data <- defData(pre_data, varname = "L1_coef", formula = L1_coef)</pre>
    pre_data <- defData(pre_data, varname = "L2_coef", formula = L2_coef)</pre>
    pre_data <- defData(pre_data, varname = "L3_coef", formula = L3_coef)</pre>
    pre_data <- defData(pre_data, varname = "A",</pre>
                         formula = "-1.815 + L1_coef*L1 + L2_coef*L2 + L3_coef*L3",
                     dist = "binary", link = "logit")
```

## Implementing nearest-neighbor matching (NNM)

#### simple Bootstrap

```
tib_coef <- bind_rows(tib_coef, tibble(estimate = coefs[1], se = coefs[2]))</pre>
 }
    return(tib_coef)
}
# ### input matched dataframe, output however many bootstrapped samples you want ###
# first, set seed vector for reproducibility
# now, define function
seed_vec_2 <- rnorm(100000, mean = 0, sd = 10000) %>% round(0) %>% unique()
simple_boot <- function(df, n, size = 500, seeds = seed_vec_2){</pre>
  boots <- list()</pre>
  pb2$tick()
  for (i in 1:n) {
  set.seed(seeds[i])
  boots[[i]] <-
    df %>%
    filter(subclass %in% sample(levels(subclass),
                                 size,
                                 replace = TRUE))
  }
 return(boots)
}
# adding progress bars for sanity
pb2 <- progress_bar$new(format = "bootstrapping... [:bar]", total = nrow(matched_tib))</pre>
pb3 <- progress_bar$new(format = "performing glm... [:bar]", total = nrow(matched_tib))
# creating booted tibbles, applying functions through purr:map.
boot_tib <-</pre>
  matched_tib %>%
  mutate(
    boots = map(.x = data, ~simple_boot(.x, n = 1000))
  mutate(coef = map(.x = boots, ~outcome_model_list(.x)))
```

#### Unnesting bootstrap coefficients

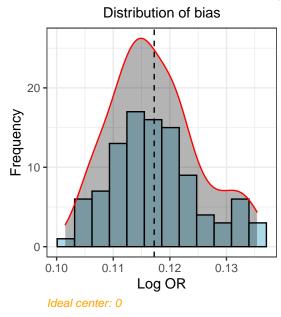
```
boot_estimates <-
boot_tib %>%
mutate(seq = seq(1:nrow(boot_tib))) %>%
select(coef, seq) %>% unnest(coef)
```

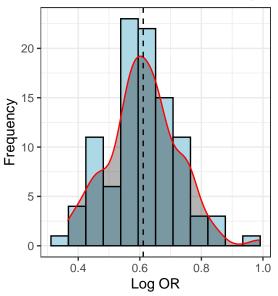
### Summary of 1000 bootstrap of 100 no boot

```
boot_result <-
  boot_estimates %>%
  group_by(seq) %>%
  summarize(mean log OR = mean(estimate), sd log OR = sd(estimate))
fig1 <-
  boot_result %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = sd_log_OR, color = sd_log_OR)) +
  geom_histogram(fill = "light blue", bins = 12, color = "black") +
  geom_density(aes(y = ..density..*0.5), colour = "red",
              fill = "black", alpha = 0.3) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = mean(boot_result$sd_log_OR), linetype = "dashed") +
  labs(title = "Distribution of 1000 bootstrap SD of log OR",
       subtitle = "Distribution of bias",
  caption = "Ideal center: 0", x = "Log OR", y = "Frequency") +
  theme(
  plot.title = element_text(color = "blue", size = 11, face = "bold"),
  plot.subtitle = element_text(color = "black"),
  plot.caption = element_text(color = "orange", face = "italic")
fig2 <-
 boot_result %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = mean_log_OR)) +
  geom_histogram(fill = "light blue", bins = 12, color = "black") +
  geom_density(aes(y = ..density..*5), colour = "red",
               fill = "black", alpha = 0.3) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = mean(boot_result$mean_log_OR), linetype = "dashed") +
  labs(title = "Distribution of 1000 bootstrap log OR",
      caption = "Ideal center: 0.767", x = "Log OR", y = "Frequency") +
  theme(
  plot.title = element_text(color = "blue", size = 11, face = "bold"),
  plot.caption = element_text(color = "orange", face = "italic")
plot_grid(fig1, fig2)
```



# Distribution of 1000 bootstrap log OF





Ideal center: 0.767

# 1000 Confidence Intervals Coverage Rate

```
CI_coverate_rate <- function(nboot){
  boot_CI_log_OR <- list()
  count_true <- list()

for (i in 1:nboot) {
    boot_CI_log_OR[[i]] <-
        c(boot_result$mean_log_OR[i] - 1.96*boot_result$sd_log_OR,
        boot_result$mean_log_OR[i] + 1.96*boot_result$sd_log_OR)

    count_true[i] <-
        between(0.767, range(boot_CI_log_OR[[i]])[1], range(boot_CI_log_OR[[i]])[2])
}

result =
    as.vector(unlist(count_true)) %>%
    sum() %>% pasteO("%")

return(result)
}
CI_coverate_rate(100)
```

## [1] "83%"