Seven Edge Forest Designs

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Dedication

I dedicate this Thesis to my advisor Professor Bryan Freyberg, to my family who has supported me throughout this process, and to Jordi, Ian, TK, and Torta from Tuscarora Ave.

Abstract

Let G be a subgraph of K_n where $n \in \mathbb{N}$. A G-decomposition of K_n , or G-design of order n, is a finite collection $\mathcal{G} = \{G_1, \ldots, G_k\}$ of pairwise edge-disjoint subgraphs of K_n that are all isomorphic to some graph G. We prove that an F-decomposition of K_n exists for every seven-edge forest F if and only if $n \equiv 0, 1, 7$, or 8 (mod 14).

Along the way, we introduce new methods, constraint programming algorithms in Python, and some bonus results for Galaxy graph decompositions of complete bipartite, and eventually multipartite graphs.

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Introduction

A G-decomposition of a graph K is a set of mutually edge-disjoint subgraphs of K which are isomorphic to a given graph G. If such a set exists we say that K allows a G-decomposition, and if $K \cong K_n$ we sometimes call the decomposition a G-design of order n.

G-decompositions are a longstanding topic in combinatorics, graph theory, and design theory, with roots tracing back to at least the 19th century. The work of Rosa and Kotzig in the 1960s on what are now known as graph labelings laid the foundation for the modern treatment of such problems. Using adaptations of these labelings alongside techniques from design theory, numerous papers have since been published on G-decompositions. This work is a natural continuation of Freyberg and Peters' recent paper on decomposing complete graphs into forests with six edges [4]. Their paper also includes a summary of G-decompositions for graphs G with less than 7 edges.

Every connected component of a forest with 7 edges is a tree with 6 or less edges. All such trees are cataloged in Figure ??. We use the naming convention $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{j}}^{\mathbf{i}}$ to denote the i^{th} tree with j vertices. For each tree $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{j}}^{\mathbf{i}}$, the names of the vertices, v_t for $1 \leq t \leq j$, will be referred to in the decompositions described in Section ??.

$v_1 v_2 \mathbf{T}_2^1$	v_1 v_2 v_3 v_3	v_1 v_2 v_3 v_4 T_4^1	$\begin{matrix} \begin{matrix} \begin{matrix} v_4 \\ \downarrow \end{matrix} \\ v_1 \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} v_2 \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} v_3 \end{matrix}$
\mathbf{T}_{5}^{1}	v_5 v_1 v_2 v_3 v_4 v_5	$v_1 \stackrel{v_4}{\stackrel{v_2}{\stackrel{v_2}{\stackrel{v_3}{\stackrel{v_4}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}}\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}}\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}}\stackrel{v_5}}{\stackrel{v_5}}}\stackrel{v_5}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}}\stackrel{v_5}\stackrel$	$v_1 v_2 v_3 v_4 v_5 v_6$ $\mathbf{T_6^1}$
v_{6} v_{1} v_{2} v_{3} v_{4} v_{5} T_{6}^{2}	v_{6} v_{1} v_{2} v_{3} v_{4} v_{5} T_{6}^{3}	$\begin{matrix} v_5 & v_6 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \\ v_1 & v_2 & v_3 & v_4 \end{matrix}$ \mathbf{T}_6^4	v_5 v_2 v_1 v_3 v_4 T_6^5
$\begin{matrix}v_4\\v_1\\v_2\\v_5\end{matrix} v_3\\ \mathbf{T}_6^6$		v_{1}^{7} v_{1}^{7} v_{2}^{7} v_{3}^{7} v_{4}^{7} v_{5}^{7} v_{6}^{7}	v_7 v_1 v_2 v_3 v_4 v_5 v_6 v_7
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	v_{6} v_{3} v_{1} v_{2} v_{4} v_{5} v_{7}	v_{7} v_{6} v_{2} v_{3} v_{4} v_{5} T_{7}^{6}	$v_{6} v_{7}$ $v_{1} v_{2} v_{3} v_{4} v_{5}$ T_{7}^{7}
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$v_1 \overset{v_4}{\overset{v_5}{\overset{v_2}{\overset{v_2}{\overset{v_3}{\overset{v_4}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}{\overset{v_5}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$	v_{1} v_{2} v_{3} v_{4} v_{7} v_{7}	v_1 v_4 v_5 v_5 v_6 v_7 v_7

Figure 1.1: trees with less than seven edges

The next theorem gives the necessary conditions for the existence of a G-decomposition of K_n when G is a graph with 7 edges.

Theorem 1.0.1. If G is a graph with 7 edges and a G-decomposition of K_n exists, then $n \equiv 0, 1, 7, or 8 \pmod{14}$.

Proof. If a G-decomposition exists, then $7 \binom{n}{2}$ which immediately implies $n \equiv 0, 1, 7, \text{ or } 8 \pmod{14}$.

In this article, we only consider simple graphs without isolated vertices. There are 47 non-isomorphic forests with 7 edges. Section ?? treats all 47 forests when $n \equiv 0$ or 1 (mod 14). Section ?? applies to all the forests when $n \equiv 7$ or 8 (mod 14) with the lone exception of $F \cong \mathbf{T_7^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$, which is solved for those values of n in Section ??.

$n \equiv 0, 1 \pmod{14}$

In this section, we use established graph labeling techniques to construct the G-decompositions of K_n when $n \equiv 0$ or 1 (mod 14).

Definition 2.0.1 ((Rosa [7])). Let G be a graph with m edges. A ρ -labeling of G is an injection $f:V(G) \to \{0,1,2,\ldots,2m\}$ that induces a bijective length function $\ell:E(G) \to \{1,2,\ldots,m\}$ where

$$\ell(uv) = \min\{|f(u) - f(v)|, 2m + 1 - |f(u) - f(v)|\},\$$

for all $uv \in E(G)$.

Rosa showed that a ρ -labeling of a graph G with m edges and a cyclic G-decomposition of K_{2m+1} are equivalent, which the next thm shows. Later, Rosa, his students, and colleagues began considering more restrictive types of ρ -labeling to address decomposing complete graphs of more orders. Definitions of these labelings and related results follow.

Theorem 2.0.2 ((Rosa [7])). Let G be a graph with m edges. There exists a cyclic G-decomposition of K_{2m+1} if and only if G admits a ρ -labeling.

Definition 2.0.3 ((Rosa [7])). A σ -labeling of a graph G is a ρ -labeling such that $\ell(uv) = |f(u) - f(v)|$ for all $uv \in E(G)$.

Definition 2.0.4 ((El-Zanati, Vanden Eynden [2])). A ρ - or σ -labeling of a bipartite graph G with bipartition (A, B) is called an *ordered* ρ - or σ -labeling and denoted ρ^+, σ^+ , respectively, if f(a) < f(b) for each edge ab with $a \in A$ and $b \in B$.

Theorem 2.0.5 ((El-Zanati, Vanden Eynden [2])). Let G be a graph with m edges which has a ρ^+ -labeling. Then G decomposes K_{2mk+1} for all positive integers k.

Definition 2.0.6 ((Freyberg, Tran [5])). A σ^{+-} -labeling of a bipartite graph G with m edges and bipartition (A, B) is a σ^{+} -labeling with the property that $f(a) - f(b) \neq m$ for all $a \in A$ and $b \in B$, and $f(v) \notin \{2m, 2m - 1\}$ for any $v \in V(G)$.

Theorem 2.0.7 ((Freyberg, Tran [5])). Let G be a graph with m edges and a σ^{+-} -labeling such that the edge of length m is a pendant. Then there exists a G-decomposition of both K_{2mk} and K_{2mk+1} for every positive integer k.

Figure ?? gives a σ^{+-} -labeling of every forest with 7 edges. The vertex labels of each connected component with k vertices are given as a k-tuple, (v_1, \ldots, v_k) corresponding to the vertices v_1, \ldots, v_k given in Figure ??. We leave it to the reader to infer the bipartition (A, B).

Example 2.0.8. A σ^{+-} -labeling of $\mathbf{T_6^6} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$ is shown in Figure 2.1. The vertices labeled 1, 2 and 9 belong to A, and the others belong to B. The lengths of each edge are indicated on the edge.

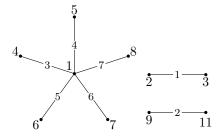


Figure 2.1: σ^{+-} -labeling of $\mathbf{T_6^6} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$

The labelings given in Figure ?? along with thm 2.0.7 are enough to prove the following thm.

Forest	Vertex Labels
$\mathrm{T}^1_7\sqcup\mathrm{T}^1_2$	$(0,6,1,5,2,9,7) \sqcup (3,4)$
$\mathrm{T}^3_7\sqcup\mathrm{T}^1_2$	$(9,2,5,1,6,0,3) \sqcup (8,7)$
$\mathrm{T}^2_7\sqcup\mathrm{T}^1_2$	$(9,2,5,1,6,0,4) \sqcup (8,7)$
$\mathrm{T}_7^4\sqcup\mathrm{T}_2^1$	$(5,1,4,2,9,6,7) \sqcup (10,11)$
$\mathbf{T_7^5}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(3,8,1,4,2,5,7) \sqcup (9,10)$
$\mathbf{T_7^8}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(7,8,1,6,0,4,3) \sqcup (9,11)$
$\mathbf{T_7^9}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(8,1,6,3,4,5,7) \sqcup (9,10)$
$\mathbf{T_7^{10}}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(6,1,5,3,8,4,7) \sqcup (9,10)$
$\mathbf{T_7^6}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(5,11,9,10,6,12,7) \sqcup (8,1)$
$\mathbf{T_7^7}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(4,8,1,6,0,5,3) \sqcup (9,10)$
$\mathrm{T}_6^1\sqcup\mathrm{T}_3^1$	$(0,6,1,5,2,9) \sqcup (11,10,12)$
$\mathbf{T}_6^2 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_3^1$	$(3,6,1,8,4,0) \sqcup (10,9,11)$
$\mathrm{T}_6^3\sqcup\mathrm{T}_3^1$	$(5,11,9,12,7,10) \sqcup (1,8,4)$
$\mathrm{T}_6^4\sqcup\mathrm{T}_3^1$	$(3, 8, 4, 1, 6, 7) \sqcup (10, 9, 11)$
$\mathrm{T}_6^5\sqcup\mathrm{T}_3^1$	$(5,1,8,3,4,7) \sqcup (10,9,11)$
$\mathrm{T}_6^6\sqcup\mathrm{T}_3^1$	$(4,1,8,5,6,7) \sqcup (10,9,11)$
$\mathbf{T}_5^1\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^1$	$(0,6,1,5,2)\sqcup(9,8,10,3)$
$\mathbf{T}_5^2\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^1$	$(7,1,8,5,6) \sqcup (0,4,2,3)$
$\mathbf{T}_5^2 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_4^2$	$(7,1,8,4,6) \sqcup (10,9,11,12)$
$\mathrm{T}_5^3\sqcup\mathrm{T}_4^1$	$(6,0,3,4,5) \sqcup (8,7,9,2)$
$\mathbf{T_5^1}\sqcup\mathbf{T_4^2}$	$(4,8,1,7,2) \sqcup (10,9,11,12)$
$\mathbf{T}_5^3\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^2$	$(6,0,3,4,5) \sqcup (8,9,2,7)$
$\mathbf{T^1_6} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T^1_2}$	$(0,6,1,5,2,9) \sqcup (8,10) \sqcup (3,4)$
$\mathbf{T_6^2} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(3,6,1,8,4,0) \sqcup (5,7) \sqcup (9,10)$
${f T_6^5}\sqcup 2{f T_2^1}$	$(4,1,8,3,5,7) \sqcup (0,2) \sqcup (9,10)$
$\mathbf{T_6^4} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(5, 8, 4, 1, 6, 7) \sqcup (0, 2) \sqcup (9, 10)$
$\mathbf{T_6^3} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(5,11,9,12,7,10) \sqcup (8,1) \sqcup (0,4)$
$\mathbf{T_6^6} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(4,1,8,5,6,7) \sqcup (2,3) \sqcup (9,11)$

Table 2.1: σ^{+-} -labelings for forests with seven edges

Forest	Vertex Labels
$T_5^1 \sqcup T_3^1 \sqcup T_2^1$	$(0,6,1,5,2) \sqcup (8,10,9) \sqcup (11,4)$
$\mathbf{T}_5^2 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_3^1 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_2^1$	$(7,1,8,5,6) \sqcup (10,9,11) \sqcup (0,4)$
$\mathbf{T}_5^3\sqcup\mathbf{T}_3^1\sqcup\mathbf{T}_2^1$	$(6,0,3,4,5) \sqcup (1,8,7) \sqcup (9,11)$
$2\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(0,6,1,5) \sqcup (2,9,7,10) \sqcup (3,4)$
$\mathbf{T}_4^1 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_4^2 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_2^1$	$(11,9,10,7) \sqcup (4,0,5,6) \sqcup (8,1)$
$2\mathbf{T_4^2} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(4,0,5,6) \sqcup (10,9,11,12) \sqcup (8,1)$
$\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_3^1}$	$(0,6,1,5) \sqcup (8,10,9) \sqcup (11,4,7)$
$\mathbf{T_4^2} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_3^1}$	$(4,0,5,6) \sqcup (1,8,7) \sqcup (11,9,12)$
$\boxed{\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup \mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}}$	$(0,6,1,5) \sqcup (8,10,7) \sqcup (11,4) \sqcup (2,3)$
$\boxed{ \mathbf{T_4^2} \sqcup \mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1} }$	$(4,0,5,6) \sqcup (11,9,12) \sqcup (2,3) \sqcup (8,1)$
$\mathbf{T_5^1} \sqcup 3\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(0,6,1,5,2) \sqcup (10,3) \sqcup (9,7) \sqcup (11,12)$
$\mathbf{T_5^2} \sqcup 3\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(6,1,8,4,7) \sqcup (3,5) \sqcup (9,12) \sqcup (10,11)$
$\mathbf{T_5^3} \sqcup 3\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(3,0,4,5,6) \sqcup (8,1) \sqcup (10,11) \sqcup (9,7)$
$3\mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(0,6,1)\sqcup(4,8,5)\sqcup(2,9,7)\sqcup(10,11)$
$\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup 4\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(0,6,1,5) \sqcup (9,2) \sqcup (8,10) \sqcup (4,7) \sqcup (11,12)$
$\mathbf{T^2_4} \sqcup 4\mathbf{T^1_2}$	$(4,0,5,6) \sqcup (2,3) \sqcup (9,11) \sqcup (8,1) \sqcup (10,7)$
$2\mathbf{T_{3}^{1}} \sqcup 3\mathbf{T_{2}^{1}}$	$(0,6,1)\sqcup(4,8,5)\sqcup(10,3)\sqcup(9,7)\sqcup(11,12)$
$\mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup 5\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(0,6,1)\sqcup(8,4)\sqcup(2,5)\sqcup(10,3)\sqcup(9,7)\sqcup(11,12)$

Table 2.1: σ^{+-} -labelings for forests with seven edges

Theorem 2.0.9. Let F be a forest with 7 edges. There exists an F-decomposition of K_n whenever $n \equiv 0$ or $1 \pmod{14}$.

Proof. The proof follows from thm 2.0.7 and the labelings given in Figure $\ref{eq:2.0}$.

$$n \equiv 7,8 \pmod{14}$$

In this section, we use our own constructions based on the same edge length definition as in the previous section. The first one addresses the $n \equiv 7 \pmod{14}$ case.

Definition 3.0.1. Let G be a graph with 7 edges. A (1-2-3)-labeling of 3G is an assignment f of the integers $\{0, \ldots, 20\}$ to the vertices of 3G such that

1. $f(u) \neq f(v)$ whenever u and v belong to the same connected component, and

2.

$$\bigcup_{uv \in E(3G)} \{ (f(u) \bmod 7, f(v) \bmod 7) \} = \bigcup_{i=0}^6 \bigcup_{j=1}^3 \{ (i, i+j \bmod 7) \}.$$

Notice that the second condition of a (1-2-3)-labeling says that 3G contains exactly 7 edges of each of the lengths 1, 2, and 3. Furthermore, no two edges of the same length have the same end labels when reduced modulo 7. A (1-2-3) labeling of every forest with 7 edges with the exception of $\mathbf{T}_{7}^{11} \sqcup \mathbf{T}_{2}^{1}$ is given in Figure 5. This exceptional forest does not admit such a labeling and is dealt with in Section ??.

Theorem 3.0.2. Let G be a bipartite graph with 7 edges. If 3G admits a (1-2-3)-labeling and G admits a ρ^+ -labeling, then G decomposes K_{14k+7} for every $k \ge 1$.

Proof. Let n = 14k + 7 and notice that K_n has $|E(K_n)| = (7k + 3)(14k + 7)$ edges, which can be partitioned into 14k + 7 edges of each of the lengths in $\{1, 2, ..., 7k + 3\}$.

We will construct the G-decomposition in two steps. First, we use the 1-2-3-labeling to identify all the edges of lengths 1, 2, and 3 accounting for 3(2k+1) copies of G. Then, we use the ρ^+ -labeling to identify edges of the remaining lengths in 7k(2k+1) copies of G. In total, the decomposition consists of $|E(K_n)|/7 = (7k+3)(2k+1)$ copies of G.

Let f_1 be a (1-2-3)-labeling of 3G and identify this graph as a block B_0 . Then develop B_0 by 7 modulo n. Since the order of the development is $\frac{n}{7} = 2k + 1$ and there are 7 edges of each of the lengths 1, 2, and 3 in B_0 , we have identified 3(2k + 1) copies of G containing all 14k + 7 = n edges of each length 1, 2, and 3. Notice (2) of Definition 3.0.1 ensures no edge has been counted more than once in the development.

Let $f_2: V(G) \to \{0, \dots, 14\}$ be a ρ^+ -labeling of G with associated vertex partition (A, B). For $i = 1, 2, \dots, k$, identify blocks $B_i \cong G$ with vertex labels ℓ such that

$$\ell(v) = \begin{cases} f_2(v), & \text{if } v \in A \\ f_2(v) + 3 + 7(i-1), & \text{if } v \in B \end{cases}$$

Notice that the i^{th} block contains exactly one edge of each length $7i-3,7i-2,\ldots$, and 7i+3. This is because every edge ab has length

$$\ell(b) - \ell(a) = f_2(b) - f_2(a) + 3 + 7(i-1)$$

and $f_2(b) - f_2(a)$ is a length in $\{1, \ldots, 7\}$. Developing each block B_i by 1 yields 14k + 7 copies of G per block and accounts for 14k + 7 edges of each of the lengths $4, 5, \ldots$, and 7k + 3.

Since we have identified

$$3(2k+1) + k(14k+7) = (7k+3)(2k+1)$$

edge-disjoint copies of G, the proof is complete.

To address the $n \equiv 8 \pmod{14}$ case, we define the following labeling.

Definition 3.0.3. Let G be a graph with 7 edges. A 1-rotational (1-2-3)-labeling of 4G is an assignment f of $\{0,\ldots,20\} \cup \infty$ to the vertices of 4G such that

1. $f(u) \neq f(v)$ whenever u and v belong to the same connected component, and

$$\bigcup_{uv \in E(4G)} \{ (f(u) \bmod 7, f(v) \bmod 7) \} = \bigcup_{i=0}^6 \bigcup_{j=1}^3 \{ (i, i+j \bmod 7), (i, \infty) \}.$$

Notice that the second condition of a 1-rotational (1-2-3)-labeling says that 4G contains exactly 7 edges of each of the lengths 1, 2, 3, and ∞ . Furthermore, no two edges of the same length have the same end labels when reduced modulo 7. A 1-rotational (1-2-3)-labeling of every forest with 7 edges with the exception of $\mathbf{T_7^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$ is given in Figure ??.

Theorem 3.0.4. Let G be a bipartite graph with 7 edges. If 4G admits a 1-rotational (1-2-3)-labeling and G admits a ρ^+ -labeling, then G decomposes K_{14k+8} for every $k \geq 1$.

Proof. Let n = 14k + 8 and notice that K_n has $|E(K_n)| = (7k + 4)(14k + 7)$ edges, which can be partitioned into 14k + 7 edges of each of the lengths in $\{1, 2, \ldots, 7k + 3, \infty\}$. We will construct the G-decomposition in two steps. First, we use the 1-rotational (1-2-3)-labeling to identify all the edges of lengths 1, 2, 3, and ∞ accounting for 4(2k+1) copies of G. Then, we use the ρ^+ -labeling to identify edges of the remaining lengths in 7k(2k+1) copies of G. In total, the decomposition consists of $|E(K_n)|/7 = (7k+4)(2k+1)$ copies of G. Let f_1 be a 1-rotational (1-2-3)-labeling of 4G and identify this graph as a block B_0 . Then develop B_0 by 7 modulo n-1. Since the order of the development is $\frac{n-1}{7} = 2k+1$ and there are 7 edges of each of the lengths 1, 2, 3 and ∞ in B_0 , we have identified 4(2k+1) copies of G containing all 14k+7=n-1 edges of each length 1, 2, 3 and ∞ . Notice (2) of Definition 3.0.3 ensures no edge has been counted more than once in the development.

Let $f_2: V(G) \to \{0, \dots, 14\}$ be a ρ^+ -labeling of G with associated vertex partition (A, B). For $i = 1, 2, \dots, k$, identify blocks $B_i \cong G$ with vertex labels ℓ such that

$$\ell(v) = \begin{cases} f_2(v), & \text{if } v \in A \\ f_2(v) + 3 + 7(i-1), & \text{if } v \in B \end{cases}$$

Notice that the i^{th} block contains exactly one edge of each length $7i-3, 7i-2, \ldots$, and 7i+3. This is because every edge ab has length

$$\ell(b) - \ell(a) = f_2(b) - f_2(a) + 3 + 7(i-1)$$

and $f_2(b) - f_2(a)$ is a length in $\{1, \ldots, 7\}$. Developing each block B_i by 1 yields 14k + 7 copies of G per block and accounts for 14k + 7 edges of each of the lengths $4, 5, \ldots$, and 7k + 3.

Since we have identified

$$4(2k+1) + k(14k+7) = (7k+4)(2k+1)$$

edge-disjoint copies of G, the proof is complete.

We are now able to state the main thm of this section.

Theorem 3.0.5. Let F be a forest with 7 edges and $F \ncong \mathbf{T}_7^{11} \sqcup \mathbf{T}_2^1$. There exists an F-decomposition of K_n whenever $n \equiv 7$ or 8 (mod 14) and $n \ge 21$.

Proof. If $n \equiv 7 \pmod{14}$, a (1-2-3)-labeling of 3F can be found in Figure 5. On the other hand, if $n \equiv 8 \pmod{14}$, then a 1-rotational (1-2-3)-labeling of 4F can be found in Figure ??. In either case, a ρ^+ -labeling of F can be found in Figure ?? (recall that a σ^{+-} -labeling is a ρ^+ -labeling). The result now follows from Theorems 3.0.2 and 3.0.4.

Example 3.0.6. We illustrate the constructions in the previous two thms by finding an F-decomposition of K_{35} and K_{36} for the forest graph $F \cong \mathbf{T_6^6} \sqcup \mathbf{T_3^1}$.

Here are excerpts from the preceding tables for $\mathbf{T_6^6} \sqcup \mathbf{T_3^1}$

Labeling Type	Labelings
σ^{+-}	$(4,1,8,5,6,7) \sqcup (10,9,11)$
	$(0,2,1,3,4,5) \sqcup (12,11,14)$
7 (mod 14)	$(4,6,8,9,5,7) \sqcup (14,12,15)$
	$(0,3,1,4,5,6) \sqcup (11,8,7)$
	$(1,2,0,3,4,5) \sqcup (11,8,\infty)$
8 (mod 14)	$(2, \infty, 3, 4, 5, 6) \sqcup (12, 13, 15)$
3 (mod 14)	$(6,7,8,4,5,\infty) \sqcup (11,12,15)$
	$(11, 10, 8, 12, 13, 7) \sqcup (9, 6, 4)$

Figure 3.1: Labelings for $\mathbf{T}_6^6 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_3^1$

The ρ^+ labelings obtained by stretching the σ^{+-} labeling are bottommost labelings in the following generating presentations and are developed by 1.

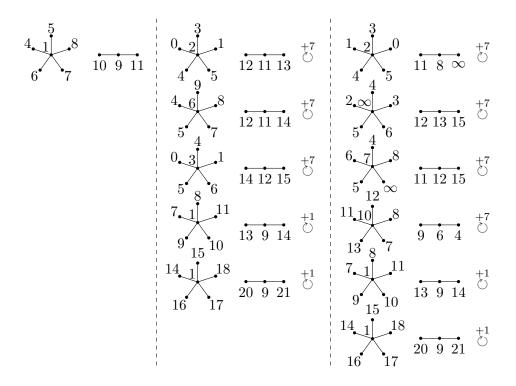


Figure 3.2: A σ^{+-} -labeling of $F \cong \mathbf{T_6^6} \sqcup \mathbf{T_3^1}$ (left) and generating presentations for the F-decomposition of K_n where n=35 (middle) and n=36 (right)

$\mathrm{T}_7^{11}\sqcup\mathrm{T}_2^1$

We begin this case by constructing K_n for $n \equiv 7$ or 8 (mod 14) and $n \geq 21$ using joined copies of K_{22} , K_{21} , and K_{14} . Recall, the join of two graphs G_1 and G_2 is the graph obtained by adding an edge $\{g_1, g_2\}$ for every vertex $g_1 \in V(G_1)$ and every vertex of $g_2 \in V(G_2)$.

Let t be a positive integer and join t-1 copies of K_{14} with each other and a lone copy of K_{21} . The resulting graph is $K_{14(t-1)+21} \cong K_{14t+7}$. So we can think of K_{14t+7} as K_t whose t "vertices" consist of t-1 copies of K_{14} and 1 copy of K_{21} and whose edges are the join between them. From now on, we will refer to these "vertices" as nodes. Similarly, K_{14t+8} can be constructed as K_t whose nodes are t-1 copies of K_{14} and 1 copy of K_{22} and whose edges are the join between them.

We show that $\mathbf{T_{7}^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_{2}^{1}}$ decomposes K_n for $n \equiv 7$ or 8 (mod 14) by proving that K_{22} , K_{21} , K_{14} , $K_{22,14}$, $K_{21,14}$, and $K_{14,14}$ are each $\mathbf{T_{7}^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_{2}^{1}}$ -decomposable. Notice that these 6 graphs make up the nodes and edges of the K_t representations of K_{14t+7} and K_{14t+8} stated in the constructions above.

The proof of the next theorem was obtained by manipulating a $K_{1,7}$ -decomposition of K_{22} by Cain in [1].

Theorem 4.0.1. $\mathbf{T_7^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$ decomposes K_{21} and K_{22} .

Proof. Figures 8 and 9 give $\mathbf{T_7^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^{1}}$ -decompositions of K_{21} and K_{22} , respectively. \square

Theorem 4.0.2. $\mathbf{T}_{7}^{11} \sqcup \mathbf{T}_{2}^{1}$ decomposes $K_{n,7}$ for all $n \geq 2$.

Proof. Consider $K_{n,7}$ where $n \geq 2$. Take the partite set of n vertices to be \mathbb{Z}_n and color them white. Similarly, take the partite set of 7 vertices to be K_7 and color them black. Naturally we refer to white-black vertices uv in $K_{n,7}$ via $(u,v) \in \mathbb{Z}_n \times \mathbb{Z}_7$ and vice versa. Finally, let $E_i = \{(i,0)\} \sqcup (\{i+1\} \times \{1,\ldots,6\}) \text{ and } G_i \subset K_{n,7}$ be the subgraph induced by E_i for each $i \in \mathbb{Z}_n$. Note that $G_i \cong \mathbf{T}_7^{11} \sqcup \mathbf{T}_2^1$ for all $i \in \mathbb{Z}_n$.

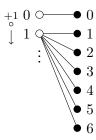


Figure 4.1: G_0 in a generating presentation of the $\mathbf{T}_7^{11} \sqcup \mathbf{T}_2^1$ -decomposition of $K_{n,7}$.

Notice that $E_i \cap E_j = \emptyset$ if $i \neq j$, so by definition all distinct G_i 's are pairwise edge disjoint. Lastly,

$$\bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_n} E_i = [\bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_n} \{(i,0)\}] \sqcup [\bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_n} (\{i+1\} \times \{1,\dots,6\})] = [\mathbb{Z}_n \times \{0\}] \sqcup [\mathbb{Z}_n \times \{1,\dots,6\}] = \mathbb{Z}_n \times \mathbb{Z}_7$$

So $G_0 \sqcup \cdots \sqcup G_{n-1} = K_{n,7}$ and $\{G_i \mid i \in \mathbb{Z}_n\}$ is a $\mathbf{T_7^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^{1}}$ -decomposition of $K_{n,7}$. Furthermore, it is generated by developing the white nodes of G_0 by 1.

Corollary 4.0.3. $T_7^{11} \sqcup T_2^1$ decomposes $K_{22,14}$, $K_{21,14}$, and $K_{14,14}$.

Proof. $\mathbf{T}_{7}^{11} \sqcup \mathbf{T}_{2}^{1}$ decomposes $K_{7,7}$ and $K_{8,7}$ by Theorem 4.0.2. $K_{14,14}$ can be expressed as the edge-disjoint union of four copies of $K_{7,7}$, $K_{21,14}$ can be expressed as the edge-disjoint union of six copies of $K_{7,7}$, and $K_{22,14}$ can be expressed as the edge-disjoint union of two copies of $K_{8,7}$ and four copies of $K_{7,7}$. Therefore, $\mathbf{T}_{7}^{11} \sqcup \mathbf{T}_{2}^{1}$ decomposes them all.

Theorem 4.0.4. $\mathbf{T_7^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$ decomposes K_{14t+7} and K_{14t+8} where t is a positive integer.

Proof. $\mathbf{T_{7}^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_{2}^{1}}$ decomposes K_{14} by Theorem 2.0.7, $K_{22,14}$, $K_{21,14}$, and $K_{14,14}$ by Corollary 4.0.3, and lastly K_{22} , K_{21} by Theorem 4.0.1.

Therefore, $\mathbf{T_{7}^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_{2}^{1}}$ decomposes the join of (t-1) copies of K_{14} with each other and 1 copy of K_{21} , which is isomorphic to K_{14t+7} . Similarly $\mathbf{T_{7}^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_{2}^{1}}$ decomposes the join of (t-1) copies of K_{14} with each other and 1 copy of K_{22} which is isomorphic to K_{14t+8} .

Additional charts

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [7 (mod 14)]
	$(0,1,2,4,6,9,12) \sqcup (13,14)$
$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{T}_7^1 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_2^1 \end{array}$	$(3,4,7,9,10,13,15) \sqcup (8,5)$
$oxed{1_7 \sqcup 1_2}$	$(8,11,12,10,7,5,6) \sqcup (1,3)$
	$(0,4,9,15,8,16,7) \sqcup (1,11)$
	$(12, 9, 6, 4, 2, 1, 7) \sqcup (14, 15)$
$oxed{\mathbf{T_7^3}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}}$	$(15, 13, 10, 9, 7, 4, 11) \sqcup (8, 5)$
$oldsymbol{1_7} \sqcup oldsymbol{1_2}$	$(8,11,12,10,7,5,13) \sqcup (1,3)$
	$(16, 8, 15, 9, 4, 0, 6) \sqcup (1, 11)$
	$(0,1,2,4,6,9,3) \sqcup (16,19)$
$oxed{\mathbf{T}_7^2\sqcup\mathbf{T}_2^1}$	$(15, 13, 10, 9, 7, 4, 14) \sqcup (17, 18)$
$oxed{1_7 \sqcup 1_2}$	$(6,5,7,10,12,11,8) \sqcup (18,15)$
	$(7,16,8,15,9,4,12) \sqcup (1,11)$
	$(8,6,4,2,1,9,7) \sqcup (14,15)$
$oxed{\mathbf{T^4_7}\sqcup\mathbf{T^1_2}}$	$(8,10,9,7,4,11,13) \sqcup (12,15)$
$oxed{1_7 \sqcup 1_2}$	$(9,12,10,7,5,11,13)\sqcup (1,4)$
	$(7, 15, 9, 4, 0, 8, 6) \sqcup (1, 11)$

Table 5.1: (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [7 (mod 14)]
	$(2,4,6,9,12,8,7) \sqcup (11,14)$
$oxed{\mathbf{T}_7^5\sqcup\mathbf{T}_2^1}$	$(0,2,3,6,5,1,4) \sqcup (8,7)$
$oxed{1_7 \sqcup 1_2}$	$(0,3,5,4,1,8,7) \sqcup (16,15)$
	$(4,9,15,8,12,6,7) \sqcup (1,11)$
	$(1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 5, 9) \sqcup (12, 15)$
$\mathbf{T}_{7}^{8}\sqcup\mathbf{T}_{2}^{1}$	$(4,7,9,10,11,8,13) \sqcup (1,3)$
17 L 12	$(5,7,10,12,11,6,13) \sqcup (1,4)$
	$(0,4,9,15,8,12,6) \sqcup (1,11)$
	$(8,6,4,2,5,9,7) \sqcup (12,14)$
$\mathbf{T_7^9}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(1,3,2,0,5,4,6) \sqcup (10,12)$
	$(9, 8, 7, 10, 4, 11, 5) \sqcup (12, 13)$
	$(7,15,9,4,13,8,6) \sqcup (1,11)$
	$(7,6,4,2,8,9,5) \sqcup (12,14)$
$\mathbf{T_7^{10}}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(2,3,4,7,0,5,6)\sqcup(9,12)$
17 - 12	$(7, 8, 5, 4, 9, 10, 11) \sqcup (0, 2)$
	$(6,15,9,4,8,11,7) \sqcup (2,12)$
	$(2,4,6,8,7,9,12) \sqcup (13,14)$
$\mathbf{T_7^6}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(0,2,3,4,7,6,5) \sqcup (8,10)$
-72	$(0,3,5,8,9,4,1) \sqcup (12,14)$
	$(4,9,15,8,12,7,16) \sqcup (1,11)$
	$(2,4,6,9,12,1,8) \sqcup (14,15)$
$\mathbf{T}_7^7\sqcup\mathbf{T}_2^1$	$(5,6,3,2,0,7,4) \sqcup (8,9)$
$-\gamma = -2$	$(0,3,5,4,7,1,8) \sqcup (12,14)$
	$(4,9,15,8,12,18,7) \sqcup (1,11)$
	$(1,2,4,6,9,12) \sqcup (13,14,15)$
$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{T_{6}^1} \sqcup \mathbf{T_{3}^1} \end{array}$	$(3,4,7,9,10,13) \sqcup (5,8,6)$
-0-23	$(11, 12, 10, 7, 5, 6) \sqcup (3, 1, 4)$
	$(0,4,9,15,8,16) \sqcup (1,11,2)$

Table 5.1: (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [7 (mod 14)]
	$(1,2,4,6,9,5) \sqcup (13,14,15)$
$\mathrm{T}^2_6\sqcup\mathrm{T}^1_3$	$(13, 10, 9, 7, 4, 11) \sqcup (5, 8, 6)$
16 13	$(11, 12, 10, 7, 5, 13) \sqcup (3, 1, 4)$
	$(0,4,9,15,8,12) \sqcup (1,11,2)$
	$(0,1,2,4,6,5) \sqcup (16,13,14)$
$\mathbf{T}_6^3\sqcup\mathbf{T}_3^1$	$(8,6,3,2,0,4) \sqcup (14,12,15)$
	$(7,4,5,3,0,6) \sqcup (10,8,11)$
	$(7,0,4,9,15,12) \sqcup (1,11,2)$
	$(1,2,5,4,6,7) \sqcup (16,14,13)$
$egin{array}{c c} \mathbf{T}_6^4 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_3^1 \end{array}$	$(8,6,9,3,2,4) \sqcup (14,12,15)$
	$(4,5,6,3,0,1) \sqcup (11,8,7)$
	$(7,0,6,4,9,12) \sqcup (1,11,2)$
	$(0,2,4,7,1,5) \sqcup (12,11,13)$
$oxed{\mathbf{T_{6}^5}\sqcup\mathbf{T_{3}^1}}$	$(7,6,3,2,8,9) \sqcup (14,12,15)$
	$(4,3,5,6,0,1) \sqcup (11,8,7)$
	$(8,0,4,9,6,7) \sqcup (1,11,2)$
	$(0,2,1,3,4,5) \sqcup (12,11,14)$
$oxed{\mathbf{T_6^6}\sqcup\mathbf{T_3^1}}$	$(4,6,8,9,5,7) \sqcup (14,12,15)$
	$(0,3,1,4,5,6)\sqcup(11,8,7)$
	$(4,0,8,5,6,7) \sqcup (1,11,2)$
	$(2,4,6,9,12) \sqcup (16,15,14,13)$
$oxed{\mathbf{T}_5^1\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^1}$	$(3,4,7,9,10) \sqcup (11,12,15,13)$
	$(12, 10, 7, 5, 6) \sqcup (18, 15, 17, 20)$
	$(4,9,15,8,16) \sqcup (2,11,1,5)$
	$(12, 9, 6, 4, 11) \sqcup (17, 16, 15, 14)$
$oxed{\mathbf{T}^2_5 \sqcup \mathbf{T}^1_4}$	$(9,7,4,3,6) \sqcup (11,12,15,13)$
	$(6,5,7,10,3) \sqcup (18,15,17,20)$
	$(16, 8, 15, 9, 12) \sqcup (2, 11, 1, 6)$

Table 5.1: (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [7 (mod 14)]
	$(4,6,9,11,8) \sqcup (16,15,18,14)$
$\mathbf{T}_5^2\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^2$	$(9,7,4,3,6) \sqcup (16,17,20,15)$
	$(6,5,7,10,3) \sqcup (9,12,11,15)$
	$(16, 8, 15, 9, 12) \sqcup (10, 1, 11, 6)$
	$(13, 15, 16, 18, 14) \sqcup (11, 9, 6, 7)$
$oxed{\mathbf{T}^3_5 \sqcup \mathbf{T}^1_4}$	$(14, 17, 16, 20, 15) \sqcup (9, 7, 4, 3)$
	$(9,12,10,11,15) \sqcup (4,6,5,7)$
	$(5,1,10,11,6) \sqcup (16,8,15,9)$
	$(7,6,9,11,8) \sqcup (16,15,13,14)$
$\mathbf{T}_5^1\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^2$	$(9,7,4,3,5) \sqcup (16,17,20,15)$
	$(4,6,5,7,10) \sqcup (9,12,11,15)$
	$(16, 8, 15, 9, 5) \sqcup (10, 1, 11, 6)$
	$(13, 15, 16, 18, 14) \sqcup (11, 9, 12, 6)$
$\mathbf{T}_5^3\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^2$	$(18,17,16,20,15) \sqcup (9,7,10,4)$
5 - 4	$(10, 12, 11, 14, 15) \sqcup (4, 6, 5, 7)$
	$(5,1,10,11,6) \sqcup (16,8,14,15)$
	$(1,2,4,6,9,12) \sqcup (13,14) \sqcup (8,7)$
$\mathbf{T_{6}^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_{2}^1}$	$(3,4,7,9,10,13) \sqcup (8,6) \sqcup (12,15)$
0 2	$(11, 12, 10, 7, 5, 6) \sqcup (1, 4) \sqcup (17, 15)$
	$(0,4,9,15,8,16) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (3,12)$
	$(1,2,4,6,9,5) \sqcup (13,14) \sqcup (8,7)$
$\mathbf{T_6^2} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(13, 10, 9, 7, 4, 11) \sqcup (8, 6) \sqcup (12, 15)$
0 2	$(11, 12, 10, 7, 5, 13) \sqcup (1, 4) \sqcup (17, 15)$
	$(0,4,9,15,8,12) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (5,14)$
	$(0,1,2,4,7,5) \sqcup (9,6) \sqcup (8,10)$
$\mathbf{T_6^3} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(8,6,3,2,0,4) \sqcup (5,7) \sqcup (12,13)$
	$(6,4,5,3,0,8) \sqcup (13,14) \sqcup (18,15)$
	$(7,0,4,9,15,12) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (5,14)$

Table 5.1: (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [7 (mod 14)]	
	$(1,2,5,4,6,7) \sqcup (13,14) \sqcup (12,15)$	
$\mathbf{T_6^4} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(8,6,9,3,2,4) \sqcup (12,14) \sqcup (18,15)$	
	$(4,5,6,3,0,1) \sqcup (8,7) \sqcup (16,14)$	
	$(7,0,6,4,9,12) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (5,14)$	
	$(0,2,4,7,1,5) \sqcup (11,13) \sqcup (12,15)$	
$\mathbf{T_{6}^5} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_{2}^1}$	$(7,6,3,2,8,9) \sqcup (11,12) \sqcup (1,4)$	
16 U Z 12	$(4,3,5,6,0,1)\sqcup(8,7)\sqcup(12,14)$	
	$(8,0,4,9,6,7) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (5,14)$	
	$(0,2,1,3,4,5) \sqcup (12,14) \sqcup (18,19)$	
$\mathbf{T_{6}^6} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_{2}^1}$	$(4,6,8,9,5,7) \sqcup (12,15) \sqcup (11,14)$	
6 - 2 - 2	$(0,3,1,4,5,6) \sqcup (8,11) \sqcup (14,15)$	
	$(4,0,8,5,6,7) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (3,12)$	
	$(2,4,6,9,12) \sqcup (13,14,15) \sqcup (18,19)$	
$oxed{egin{array}{c} oxed{T^1_5} \sqcup oxed{T^1_3} \sqcup oxed{T^1_2} \end{array}}$	$(3,4,7,9,10) \sqcup (12,15,13) \sqcup (1,2)$	
	$(12, 10, 7, 5, 6) \sqcup (20, 17, 15) \sqcup (1, 4)$	
	$(4,9,15,8,16) \sqcup (11,1,5) \sqcup (3,12)$	
	$(12, 9, 6, 4, 11) \sqcup (17, 16, 15) \sqcup (0, 1)$	
$oxed{egin{array}{c} oxed{T^2_5}\sqcup oxed{T^1_3}\sqcup oxed{T^1_2}}$	$(9,7,4,3,6) \sqcup (12,15,13) \sqcup (18,19)$	
	$(6,5,7,10,3) \sqcup (20,17,15) \sqcup (1,4)$	
	$(16, 8, 15, 9, 12) \sqcup (1, 11, 2) \sqcup (0, 5)$	
	$(13, 15, 16, 18, 14) \sqcup (9, 6, 7) \sqcup (2, 4)$	
$oxed{ egin{array}{c} oxed{T^3_5} \sqcup oxed{T^1_3} \sqcup oxed{T^1_2} }$	$(14, 17, 16, 20, 15) \sqcup (3, 4, 7) \sqcup (11, 13)$	
	$(9,12,10,11,15) \sqcup (6,5,7) \sqcup (0,2)$	
	$(5,1,10,11,6) \sqcup (8,15,9) \sqcup (4,12)$	
	$(4,6,9,12) \sqcup (16,15,14,13) \sqcup (19,20)$	
$2\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(9,7,4,3) \sqcup (11,12,15,13) \sqcup (16,17)$	
	$(12, 10, 7, 5) \sqcup (18, 15, 17, 20) \sqcup (9, 11)$	
	$(9,15,8,16) \sqcup (2,11,1,5) \sqcup (12,7)$	

Table 5.1: (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	ne Graph Decomposition [7 (mod 14)]	
	$(11, 9, 6, 7) \sqcup (16, 15, 13, 14) \sqcup (1, 4)$	
$\mathbf{T}_4^1\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^2\sqcup\mathbf{T}_2^1$	$(5,3,4,7)\sqcup(16,17,20,15)\sqcup(0,2)$	
	$(4,6,5,7)\sqcup(9,12,11,15)\sqcup(0,3)$	
	$(16, 8, 15, 9) \sqcup (10, 1, 11, 6) \sqcup (0, 4)$	
	$(18, 15, 13, 14) \sqcup (11, 9, 12, 6) \sqcup (1, 2)$	
$2\mathbf{T_4^2} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(18, 17, 20, 15) \sqcup (9, 7, 10, 4) \sqcup (2, 3)$	
$oxed{egin{array}{c} oxed{2} oxed{1}_4 oxed{1}_2 \\ oxed{1}_4 \end{array}}$	$(11, 12, 14, 15) \sqcup (4, 6, 5, 7) \sqcup (17, 19)$	
	$(11,1,5,6)\sqcup(16,8,14,15)\sqcup(0,9)$	
	$(16,15,14,13) \sqcup (0,3,5) \sqcup (12,9,6)$	
$\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_3^1}$	$(11, 12, 15, 13) \sqcup (10, 9, 7) \sqcup (16, 18, 20)$	
	$(18,15,17,20) \sqcup (10,11,14) \sqcup (6,5,7)$	
	$(2,12,3,11) \sqcup (8,1,7) \sqcup (4,0,5)$	
	$(11, 9, 12, 6) \sqcup (18, 15, 13) \sqcup (0, 1, 2)$	
$\mathbf{T_4^2} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_3^1}$	$(9,7,10,4) \sqcup (18,17,20) \sqcup (1,3,2)$	
	$(11, 12, 14, 15) \sqcup (4, 6, 7) \sqcup (17, 19, 20)$	
	$(16, 8, 14, 15) \sqcup (11, 1, 6) \sqcup (9, 0, 4)$	
	$(8,6,9,11) \sqcup (0,1,2) \sqcup (16,19) \sqcup (18,15)$	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$(8,10,7,9) \sqcup (18,17,20) \sqcup (11,14) \sqcup (2,3)$	
4 - 3 2	$(13,11,12,14) \sqcup (17,19,20) \sqcup (6,7) \sqcup (8,5)$	
	$(0,5,1,7) \sqcup (3,10,2) \sqcup (4,13) \sqcup (16,6)$	
	$(11, 9, 12, 6) \sqcup (0, 1, 2) \sqcup (18, 15) \sqcup (13, 14)$	
$\mathbf{T_4^2} \sqcup \mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(9,7,10,4) \sqcup (18,17,20) \sqcup (11,13) \sqcup (2,3)$	
4 - 3 2	$(11, 12, 14, 15) \sqcup (17, 19, 20) \sqcup (8, 6) \sqcup (1, 3)$	
	$(4,0,5,6) \sqcup (8,1,9) \sqcup (3,12) \sqcup (17,7)$	
	$(2,4,6,9,12) \sqcup (13,14) \sqcup (18,19) \sqcup (0,1)$	
$\mathbf{T_{5}^1} \sqcup 3\mathbf{T_{2}^1}$	$(3,4,7,9,10) \sqcup (13,15) \sqcup (1,2) \sqcup (8,5)$	
-5-3-2	$(6,5,7,10,12) \sqcup (17,20) \sqcup (8,11) \sqcup (1,3)$	
	$(4, 9, 15, 8, 16) \sqcup (1, 11) \sqcup (3, 12) \sqcup (2, 6)$	

Table 5.1: (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	e Graph Decomposition [7 (mod 14)]	
	$(11, 9, 6, 4, 12) \sqcup (16, 15) \sqcup (8, 10) \sqcup (2, 3)$	
$\mathbf{T_5^2} \sqcup 3\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(6,7,4,3,9) \sqcup (13,15) \sqcup (18,19) \sqcup (8,5)$	
	$(3,5,7,10,6) \sqcup (17,20) \sqcup (8,11) \sqcup (0,1)$	
	$(12, 8, 15, 9, 16) \sqcup (2, 11) \sqcup (0, 5) \sqcup (3, 13)$	
	$(13, 15, 16, 18, 14) \sqcup (9, 6) \sqcup (2, 4) \sqcup (5, 7)$	
$T_5^3 \sqcup 3T_2^1$	$(14, 17, 16, 20, 15) \sqcup (4, 7) \sqcup (11, 13) \sqcup (5, 6)$	
15 🗆 312	$(9, 12, 10, 11, 15) \sqcup (6, 7) \sqcup (0, 2) \sqcup (3, 4)$	
	$(5,1,10,11,6) \sqcup (9,15) \sqcup (4,12) \sqcup (0,7)$	
	$(18, 15, 13) \sqcup (11, 9, 6) \sqcup (0, 1, 2) \sqcup (16, 19)$	
$3\mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(18, 17, 20) \sqcup (9, 7, 10) \sqcup (1, 3, 2) \sqcup (11, 14)$	
	$(11, 12, 14) \sqcup (4, 6, 7) \sqcup (17, 19, 20) \sqcup (8, 5)$	
	$(11,1,6) \sqcup (16,8,14) \sqcup (9,0,4) \sqcup (10,3)$	
	$(9,6,4,2) \sqcup (13,14) \sqcup (18,19) \sqcup (0,1) \sqcup (10,12)$	
$\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup 4\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(9,7,4,3) \sqcup (13,15) \sqcup (1,2) \sqcup (8,5) \sqcup (16,17)$	
	$(10,7,5,6) \sqcup (17,20) \sqcup (8,11) \sqcup (1,3) \sqcup (9,12)$	
	$(9,15,8,16) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (3,12) \sqcup (2,6) \sqcup (0,5)$	
	$(16, 15, 18, 13) \sqcup (9, 6) \sqcup (2, 4) \sqcup (5, 7) \sqcup (0, 1)$	
$\mathbf{T_4^2} \sqcup 4\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(16, 17, 20, 14) \sqcup (4, 7) \sqcup (11, 13) \sqcup (5, 6) \sqcup (1, 3)$	
14-112	$(9,12,10,11) \sqcup (6,7) \sqcup (0,2) \sqcup (3,4) \sqcup (8,5)$	
	$(10, 1, 11, 5) \sqcup (9, 15) \sqcup (4, 12) \sqcup (0, 7) \sqcup (8, 3)$	
	$(11, 9, 6) \sqcup (0, 1, 2) \sqcup (18, 15) \sqcup (16, 19) \sqcup (17, 20)$	
$2\mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup 3\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(9,7,10) \sqcup (1,3,2) \sqcup (17,18) \sqcup (11,14) \sqcup (8,5)$	
	$(11, 12, 14) \sqcup (4, 6, 7) \sqcup (19, 20) \sqcup (13, 15) \sqcup (3, 5)$	
	$(11, 1, 6) \sqcup (16, 8, 14) \sqcup (0, 9) \sqcup (10, 3) \sqcup (17, 13)$	
	$(0,1,2) \sqcup (18,15) \sqcup (9,11) \sqcup (16,19) \sqcup (5,6) \sqcup (10,7)$	
$\mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup 5\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(1,3,2) \sqcup (17,18) \sqcup (9,7) \sqcup (11,14) \sqcup (8,5) \sqcup (16,13)$	
-3-3-2	$(4,6,7) \sqcup (12,14) \sqcup (3,5) \sqcup (13,15) \sqcup (17,20) \sqcup (18,19)$	
	$(16, 8, 14) \sqcup (1, 11) \sqcup (0, 9) \sqcup (10, 3) \sqcup (17, 13) \sqcup (2, 7)$	

Table 5.1: (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [8 (mod 14)]		
	$(0,1,\infty,2,4,5,3) \sqcup (12,15)$		
	$(0,2,5,\infty,6,4,1)\sqcup(10,11)$		
$\mathbf{T^1_7} \sqcup \mathbf{T^1_2}$	$(5,7,\infty,3,6,9,10) \sqcup (13,14)$		
	$(\infty, 4, 7, 10, 8, 6, 5) \sqcup (16, 15)$		
	$(0,4,9,15,8,16,7) \sqcup (1,11)$		
	$(3,5,4,2,\infty,8,1)\sqcup(12,15)$		
	$(4,6,\infty,5,2,0,18) \sqcup (10,11)$		
$\mathbf{T_7^3}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(10, 9, 6, 3, \infty, 0, 7) \sqcup (12, 14)$		
	$(5,6,8,10,7,4,9)\sqcup(0,1)$		
	$(16, 8, 15, 9, 4, 0, 6) \sqcup (1, 11)$		
	$(3,5,4,2,\infty,1,6) \sqcup (9,10)$		
	$(0,2,5,\infty,6,4,1)\sqcup(10,11)$		
$\mathbf{T^2_7}\sqcup\mathbf{T^1_2}$	$(5,7,\infty,3,6,9,8) \sqcup (13,14)$		
	$(\infty, 4, 7, 10, 8, 6, 1) \sqcup (12, 15)$		
	$(7,16,8,15,9,4,12) \sqcup (1,11)$		
	$(1,2,4,5,8,0,\infty) \sqcup (11,13)$		
	$(4,\infty,5,2,3,8,6)\sqcup(16,13)$		
$\mathbf{T_7^4} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(6,7,\infty,10,13,8,5)\sqcup(19,20)$		
	$(11, 10, 7, 4, 1, 8, 12) \sqcup (13, 15)$		
	$(7,15,9,4,0,8,6) \sqcup (1,11)$		
	$(5,4,2,3,6,0,1) \sqcup (9,\infty)$		
	$(2,5,\infty,6,4,8,11) \sqcup (16,13)$		
$\mathbf{T_7^5} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(10, \infty, 7, 8, 11, 5, 6) \sqcup (12, 13)$		
	$(4,7,10,8,5,11,12) \sqcup (13,15)$		
	$(4,9,15,8,12,6,7) \sqcup (1,11)$		
	$(8,5,4,2,0,6,\infty) \sqcup (11,13)$		
	$(3,2,5,\infty,8,1,6)\sqcup(16,13)$		
$\mathbf{T}_7^8\sqcup\mathbf{T}_2^1$	$(5,7,\infty,3,4,8,6) \sqcup (13,14)$		
	$(\infty, 4, 7, 10, 8, 1, 12) \sqcup (13, 15)$		
	$(0,4,9,15,8,12,6) \sqcup (1,11)$		

Table 5.2: 1- rotational (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [8 (mod 14)]	
	$(1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 0, 3) \sqcup (8, 11)$	
	$(11, \infty, 6, 4, 5, 8, 12) \sqcup (10, 13)$	
$\mathbf{T_7^9}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(6,7,\infty,10,2,8,5) \sqcup (9,12)$	
	$(11, 10, 8, 5, 6, 12, 7) \sqcup (16, 13)$	
	$(7, 15, 9, 4, 13, 8, 6) \sqcup (1, 11)$	
	$(1, 2, 4, 6, 0, 3, 5) \sqcup (8, 11)$	
	$(11, \infty, 6, 5, 8, 2, 12) \sqcup (13, 15)$	
$\mathbf{T_7^{10}}\sqcup\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(6,7,\infty,10,8,4,5) \sqcup (11,12)$	
	$(11, 10, 8, 5, 12, 13, 7) \sqcup (9, 6)$	
	$(6,15,9,4,8,11,7) \sqcup (2,12)$	
	$(5,4,2,0,1,3,6) \sqcup (9,\infty)$	
	$(4,6,\infty,1,2,12,13) \sqcup (8,11)$	
$\mathbf{T_7^6} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(10, \infty, 7, 5, 3, 6, 9) \sqcup (13, 15)$	
	$(5,8,10,11,\infty,7,4)\sqcup(9,12)$	
	$(4,9,15,8,12,7,16) \sqcup (1,11)$	
	$(5,4,2,3,6,\infty,0) \sqcup (8,7)$	
	$(13, 12, \infty, 6, 4, 10, 1) \sqcup (8, 11)$	
$\mathbf{T^7_7} \sqcup \mathbf{T^1_2}$	$(10, \infty, 7, 6, 9, 2, 5) \sqcup (13, 15)$	
	$(5,8,10,7,4,9,11) \sqcup (16,19)$	
	$(4,9,15,8,12,18,7) \sqcup (1,11)$	
	$(3,5,4,2,\infty,1)\sqcup(13,12,15)$	
	$(0,2,5,\infty,6,4) \sqcup (8,11,10)$	
$\mathbf{T}_6^1\sqcup\mathbf{T}_3^1$	$(5,7,\infty,3,6,9) \sqcup (13,14,15)$	
	$(\infty, 4, 7, 10, 8, 6) \sqcup (17, 16, 15)$	
	$(0,4,9,15,8,16) \sqcup (1,11,2)$	
	$(\infty, 2, 4, 5, 8, 0) \sqcup (11, 13, 12)$	
	$(6, \infty, 5, 2, 3, 8) \sqcup (13, 16, 15)$	
$\mathbf{T}_6^2\sqcup\mathbf{T}_3^1$	$(6,3,\infty,7,5,4)\sqcup(13,14,15)$	
	$(8,10,7,4,\infty,12)\sqcup(18,15,13)$	
	$(0,4,9,15,8,12) \sqcup (1,11,2)$	

Table 5.2: 1- rotational (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [8 (mod 14)]	
	$(5,4,2,3,6,0)\sqcup(9,\infty,11)$	
	$(4,6,\infty,12,13,1)\sqcup(11,8,7)$	
$\mathbf{T}_6^3\sqcup\mathbf{T}_3^1$	$(10, \infty, 7, 6, 9, 5) \sqcup (16, 15, 13)$	
	$(5, 8, 10, 7, 4, 11) \sqcup (16, 19, 17)$	
	$(7,0,4,9,15,12) \sqcup (1,11,2)$	
	$(5,4,7,2,1,3)\sqcup(8,11,\infty)$	
	$(12, \infty, 8, 6, 4, 5) \sqcup (13, 10, 7)$	
$\mathbf{T}_6^4\sqcup\mathbf{T}_3^1$	$(10, \infty, 2, 7, 8, 5) \sqcup (19, 16, 14)$	
	$(11,10,12,8,5,6) \sqcup (16,13,14)$	
	$(7,0,6,4,9,12) \sqcup (1,11,2)$	
	$(1,2,4,5,0,3) \sqcup (8,11,14)$	
	$(11, \infty, 6, 4, 8, 5) \sqcup (10, 13, 12)$	
$\mathrm{T}_6^5\sqcup\mathrm{T}_3^1$	$(6,7,\infty,3,8,5) \sqcup (9,12,15)$	
	$(11,10,8,6,12,7)\sqcup(13,16,\infty)$	
	$(8,0,4,9,6,7) \sqcup (1,11,2)$	
	$(1,2,0,3,4,5)\sqcup(11,8,\infty)$	
	$(2,\infty,3,4,5,6)\sqcup(12,13,15)$	
$\mathrm{T}_6^6\sqcup\mathrm{T}_3^1$	$(6,7,8,4,5,\infty)\sqcup(11,12,15)$	
	$(11, 10, 8, 12, 13, 7) \sqcup (9, 6, 4)$	
	$(4,0,8,5,6,7) \sqcup (1,11,2)$	
	$(5,4,2,\infty,1) \sqcup (11,13,12,15)$	
	$(0,2,5,\infty,6)\sqcup(8,11,10,12)$	
$\mathbf{T}_5^1\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^1$	$(5,7,\infty,3,6) \sqcup (16,13,14,15)$	
	$(\infty, 4, 7, 10, 8) \sqcup (17, 16, 15, 13)$	
	$(4,9,15,8,16) \sqcup (2,11,1,5)$	
	$(\infty, 2, 4, 5, 0) \sqcup (11, 13, 12, 15)$	
	$(6,\infty,5,2,1)\sqcup(8,11,10,12)$	
$\mathrm{T}_5^2\sqcup\mathrm{T}_4^1$	$(6,3,\infty,7,1) \sqcup (16,13,14,15)$	
	$(10,7,4,\infty,5) \sqcup (17,16,15,13)$	
	$(16, 8, 15, 9, 12) \sqcup (2, 11, 1, 6)$	

Table 5.2: 1- rotational (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [8 (mod 14)]	
	$(\infty, 2, 4, 3, 0) \sqcup (11, 13, 12, 15)$	
	$(6, \infty, 5, 2, 1) \sqcup (10, 12, 11, 15)$	
$\mathbf{T}_5^2\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^2$	$(6,3,\infty,7,1) \sqcup (12,14,13,15)$	
	$(\infty, 4, 7, 10, 1) \sqcup (17, 16, 13, 15)$	
	$(16, 8, 15, 9, 12) \sqcup (10, 1, 11, 6)$	
	$(0,2,1,3,4) \sqcup (11,8,\infty,6)$	
	$(2, \infty, 3, 4, 5) \sqcup (9, 12, 13, 15)$	
$\mathbf{T}_5^3\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^1$	$(4,7,5,6,\infty) \sqcup (11,12,15,14)$	
	$(0,3,1,5,6) \sqcup (16,13,11,10)$	
	$(5,1,10,11,6) \sqcup (16,8,15,9)$	
	$(10, 13, \infty, 8, 11) \sqcup (1, 2, 3, 4)$	
	$(15,13,12,9,7)\sqcup(3,\infty,4,5)$	
$\mathrm{T}_5^1\sqcup\mathrm{T}_4^2$	$(11,12,15,14,13) \sqcup (4,7,5,\infty)$	
	$(3,4,6,9,\infty) \sqcup (8,10,12,7)$	
	$(16, 8, 15, 9, 5) \sqcup (10, 1, 11, 6)$	
	$(0,2,3,4,5) \sqcup (9,8,11,\infty)$	
	$(2, \infty, 3, 4, 5) \sqcup (12, 13, 14, 15)$	
$\mathbf{T}_5^3\sqcup\mathbf{T}_4^2$	$(4,7,8,5,\infty) \sqcup (10,12,11,15)$	
	$(0,3,1,4,6) \sqcup (16,13,11,\infty)$	
	$(5,1,10,11,6) \sqcup (16,8,14,15)$	
	$(3,5,4,2,\infty,1)\sqcup(19,20)\sqcup(12,15)$	
	$(0, 2, 5, \infty, 6, 4) \sqcup (17, 18) \sqcup (8, 11)$	
$\mathbf{T_6^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(5,7,\infty,3,6,9)\sqcup(13,14)\sqcup(0,1)$	
	$(\infty, 4, 7, 10, 8, 6) \sqcup (16, 15) \sqcup (2, 3)$	
	$(0,4,9,15,8,16) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (3,12)$	
	$(\infty, 2, 4, 5, 8, 0) \sqcup (18, 20) \sqcup (12, 13)$	
	$(13, \infty, 5, 2, 3, 8) \sqcup (9, 6) \sqcup (16, 15)$	
$\mathbf{T_6^2} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(6,3,\infty,7,5,4)\sqcup(13,14)\sqcup(0,1)$	
	$(15, 17, 14, 11, \infty, 19) \sqcup (8, 6) \sqcup (1, 4)$	
	$(0,4,9,15,8,12) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (5,14)$	

Table 5.2: 1- rotational (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [8 (mod 14)]	
	$(3, 2, 4, 5, 0, 1) \sqcup (18, 15) \sqcup (11, 14)$	
	$(5, \infty, 6, 4, 8, 11) \sqcup (10, 13) \sqcup (19, 20)$	
$\mathbf{T_6^5} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(8,7,\infty,3,5,6)\sqcup(16,19)\sqcup(12,15)$	
J 2	$(7,10,8,6,11,12)\sqcup(16,13)\sqcup(9,\infty)$	
	$(6,0,8,4,5,7) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (3,12)$	
	$(5,4,7,2,1,3) \sqcup (8,11) \sqcup (18,\infty)$	
	$(12, \infty, 8, 6, 4, 5) \sqcup (0, 3) \sqcup (10, 13)$	
$\mathbf{T_6^4} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(10, \infty, 2, 7, 8, 5) \sqcup (9, 6) \sqcup (16, 19)$	
	$(11, 10, 12, 8, 5, 6) \sqcup (13, 14) \sqcup (0, 2)$	
	$(7,0,6,4,9,12) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (5,14)$	
	$(5,4,2,3,6,0)\sqcup(9,12)\sqcup(11,\infty)$	
	$(4,6,\infty,12,13,15) \sqcup (0,1) \sqcup (8,11)$	
$\mathbf{T_6^3} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(10, \infty, 7, 6, 9, 5) \sqcup (13, 15) \sqcup (1, 2)$	
	$(5,8,10,7,4,11) \sqcup (17,19) \sqcup (9,\infty)$	
	$(7,0,4,9,15,12) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (5,14)$	
	$(1,2,0,3,4,5) \sqcup (\infty,15) \sqcup (8,11)$	
	$(11, \infty, 2, 3, 5, 6) \sqcup (13, 15) \sqcup (19, 20)$	
$\mathbf{T_6^6} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(6,7,8,4,5,\infty) \sqcup (18,19) \sqcup (12,15)$	
	$(11, 10, 8, 12, 13, 7) \sqcup (18, 20) \sqcup (9, 6)$	
	$(11,1,8,9,10,7) \sqcup (0,5) \sqcup (2,6)$	
	$(10, 13, \infty, 8, 11) \sqcup (3, 2, 4) \sqcup (16, 15)$	
	$(15, 13, 12, 9, 7) \sqcup (10, \infty, 5) \sqcup (11, 14)$	
$oxed{ \mathbf{T^1_5} \sqcup \mathbf{T^1_3} \sqcup \mathbf{T^1_2} }$	$(11, 12, 15, 14, 13) \sqcup (4, \infty, 7) \sqcup (0, 3)$	
	$(3,4,6,9,\infty) \sqcup (8,10,12) \sqcup (5,7)$	
	$(0,9,1,8,2) \sqcup (5,10,6) \sqcup (3,13)$	
	$(8, \infty, 13, 10, 9) \sqcup (3, 2, 4) \sqcup (14, 15)$	
	$(7, 9, 12, 13, 8) \sqcup (10, \infty, 5) \sqcup (11, 14)$	
$oxed{ \mathbf{T}^2_5 \sqcup \mathbf{T}^1_3 \sqcup \mathbf{T}^1_2 }$	$(11, 12, 15, 18, 14) \sqcup (4, \infty, 7) \sqcup (0, 3)$	
	$(9,6,4,3,8) \sqcup (19,17,15) \sqcup (13,14)$	
	$(1,8,0,9,2) \sqcup (5,10,6) \sqcup (3,13)$	

Table 5.2: 1- rotational (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [8 (mod 14)]	
	$(2, \infty, 3, 4, 5) \sqcup (12, 13, 15) \sqcup (16, 19)$	
	$(0,2,1,3,4)\sqcup(8,\infty,6)\sqcup(18,15)$	
$\mathbf{T}_5^3\sqcup\mathbf{T}_3^1\sqcup\mathbf{T}_2^1$	$(4,7,5,6,\infty) \sqcup (11,12,15) \sqcup (0,1)$	
	$(8,10,12,13,7) \sqcup (9,6,4) \sqcup (17,18)$	
	$(9,0,8,6,7) \sqcup (11,1,5) \sqcup (10,15)$	
	$(1, \infty, 16, 18) \sqcup (11, 13, 12, 15) \sqcup (4, 5)$	
	$(2,5,\infty,6)\sqcup(8,11,10,12)\sqcup(9,7)$	
$2\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(0, \infty, 3, 6) \sqcup (16, 13, 14, 15) \sqcup (5, 7)$	
	$(10,7,4,\infty) \sqcup (17,16,15,13) \sqcup (1,3)$	
	$(9,15,8,16) \sqcup (2,11,1,5) \sqcup (12,7)$	
	$(11, 9, \infty, 1) \sqcup (10, 12, 13, 15) \sqcup (4, 5)$	
	$(2,5,\infty,6)\sqcup(8,11,10,13)\sqcup(9,7)$	
$\mathbf{T}_4^1 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_4^2 \sqcup \mathbf{T}_2^1$	$(0, \infty, 17, 20) \sqcup (12, 14, 13, 15) \sqcup (8, 6)$	
	$(10,7,4,\infty) \sqcup (17,16,13,15) \sqcup (1,3)$	
	$(2,12,6,15) \sqcup (8,0,5,7) \sqcup (9,13)$	
	$(18,16,19,\infty) \sqcup (10,12,13,15) \sqcup (3,6)$	
	$(1, \infty, 12, 6) \sqcup (8, 11, 10, 13) \sqcup (4, 5)$	
$2\mathbf{T_4^2} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(0, \infty, 3, 4) \sqcup (12, 14, 13, 15) \sqcup (8, 6)$	
	$(9,7,10,4) \sqcup (17,16,13,15) \sqcup (1,3)$	
	$(9,0,8,7) \sqcup (11,1,5,6) \sqcup (10,4)$	
	$(11, 13, 12, 15) \sqcup (9, \infty, 1) \sqcup (2, 4, 5)$	
	$(8,11,10,12) \sqcup (19,\infty,6) \sqcup (0,2,5)$	
$\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_3^1}$	$(0,\infty,3,6)\sqcup(16,13,14)\sqcup(8,7,5)$	
	$(17, 16, 15, 13) \sqcup (\infty, 4, 7) \sqcup (0, 3, 1)$	
	$(9,15,8,16) \sqcup (11,1,5) \sqcup (3,12,7)$	
	$(18, 16, 19, \infty) \sqcup (13, 12, 15) \sqcup (5, 3, 6)$	
	$(1, \infty, 12, 6) \sqcup (8, 11, 13) \sqcup (3, 4, 5)$	
$\mathbf{T_4^2} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_3^1}$	$(0, \infty, 3, 4) \sqcup (12, 14, 13) \sqcup (6, 8, 7)$	
	$(9,7,10,4) \sqcup (17,16,13) \sqcup (2,1,3)$	
	$(9,0,8,7) \sqcup (5,1,6) \sqcup (10,4,14)$	

Table 5.2: 1- rotational (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [8 (mod 14)]	
	$(11, 13, 12, 15) \sqcup (9, \infty, 1) \sqcup (4, 5) \sqcup (16, 18)$	
	$(8,11,10,12) \sqcup (19,\infty,6) \sqcup (2,5) \sqcup (16,14)$	
$\boxed{\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup \mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}}$	$(8,10,7,4)\sqcup(0,\infty,11)\sqcup(16,17)\sqcup(9,6)$	
4 5 2	$(5,7,8,6)\sqcup(20,17,\infty)\sqcup(13,14)\sqcup(1,2)$	
	$(3,10,5,11) \sqcup (0,9,1) \sqcup (2,12) \sqcup (17,13)$	
	$(18, 16, 19, \infty) \sqcup (13, 12, 15) \sqcup (3, 5) \sqcup (17, 20)$	
	$(1, \infty, 12, 6) \sqcup (8, 11, 13) \sqcup (4, 5) \sqcup (17, 18)$	
$\boxed{\mathbf{T_4^2} \sqcup \mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_2^1}}$	$(3, \infty, 4, 7) \sqcup (12, 14, 13) \sqcup (8, 6) \sqcup (1, 2)$	
	$(9,7,10,4) \sqcup (17,16,13) \sqcup (1,3) \sqcup (14,15)$	
	$(9,0,8,7) \sqcup (11,1,6) \sqcup (18,12) \sqcup (10,14)$	
	$(4,1,\infty,13,10) \sqcup (2,3) \sqcup (16,15) \sqcup (9,11)$	
	$(5, \infty, 10, 11, 13) \sqcup (4, 7) \sqcup (0, 2) \sqcup (9, 12)$	
$\mathbf{T_5^1} \sqcup 3\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(7, \infty, 4, 5, 8) \sqcup (17, 19) \sqcup (0, 3) \sqcup (12, 14)$	
	$(7,8,6,9,\infty)\sqcup(13,14)\sqcup(1,3)\sqcup(19,20)$	
	$(1,11,2,10,3) \sqcup (0,6) \sqcup (9,4) \sqcup (8,12)$	
	$(1, \infty, 13, 10, 7) \sqcup (2, 3) \sqcup (16, 15) \sqcup (9, 11)$	
	$(5, \infty, 10, 11, 16) \sqcup (4, 7) \sqcup (0, 2) \sqcup (9, 12)$	
$\mathbf{T_5^2} \sqcup 3\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(6,4,5,8,\infty) \sqcup (17,19) \sqcup (0,3) \sqcup (12,14)$	
	$(7, 8, 6, 9, 11) \sqcup (13, 14) \sqcup (1, 3) \sqcup (19, 20)$	
	$(3, 10, 2, 11, 5) \sqcup (0, 6) \sqcup (9, 4) \sqcup (17, 7)$	
	$(1, \infty, 13, 5, 7) \sqcup (2, 3) \sqcup (16, 15) \sqcup (9, 11)$	
9 1	$(0,3,1,4,\infty) \sqcup (2,5) \sqcup (9,7) \sqcup (10,13)$	
${f T_5^3}\sqcup 3{f T_2^1}$	$(12, 11, 13, 14, \infty) \sqcup (17, 19) \sqcup (5, 7) \sqcup (9, 6)$	
	$(5, 8, 11, 6, 7) \sqcup (13, 14) \sqcup (2, \infty) \sqcup (19, 20)$	
	$(6,0,8,9,7) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (10,5) \sqcup (16,12)$	
	$(11, 13, 12, 15) \sqcup (9, \infty, 1) \sqcup (2, 4, 5)$	
m1om1	$(8,11,10,12) \sqcup (19,\infty,6) \sqcup (0,2,5)$	
$\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup 2\mathbf{T_3^1}$	$(0, \infty, 3, 6) \sqcup (16, 13, 14) \sqcup (8, 7, 5)$	
	$(17, 16, 15, 13) \sqcup (\infty, 4, 7) \sqcup (0, 3, 1)$	
	$(9, 15, 8, 16) \sqcup (11, 1, 5) \sqcup (3, 12, 7)$	

Table 5.2: 1- rotational (1-2-3)-labelings

Design Name	Graph Decomposition [8 (mod 14)]	
	$(9, \infty, 8, 6) \sqcup (12, 15) \sqcup (16, 17) \sqcup (1, 2) \sqcup (19, 20)$	
	$(5, \infty, 13, 14) \sqcup (9, 6) \sqcup (0, 2) \sqcup (1, 4) \sqcup (17, 19)$	
$\mathbf{T_4^1} \sqcup 4\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(0, \infty, 4, 3) \sqcup (10, 7) \sqcup (16, 18) \sqcup (2, 5) \sqcup (11, 14)$	
	$(18, 20, 17, \infty) \sqcup (4, 5) \sqcup (12, 14) \sqcup (8, 10) \sqcup (0, 1)$	
	$(0,9,1,11) \sqcup (10,3) \sqcup (12,6) \sqcup (19,14) \sqcup (17,13)$	
	$(8, \infty, 9, 5) \sqcup (12, 15) \sqcup (16, 17) \sqcup (1, 2) \sqcup (3, 4)$	
	$(15, 13, 14, \infty) \sqcup (9, 6) \sqcup (0, 2) \sqcup (1, 4) \sqcup (17, 19)$	
$\mathbf{T^2_4} \sqcup 4\mathbf{T^1_2}$	$(0, \infty, 3, 4) \sqcup (10, 7) \sqcup (16, 18) \sqcup (2, 5) \sqcup (11, 14)$	
	$(17, 20, 18, 19) \sqcup (4, 5) \sqcup (12, 14) \sqcup (8, 10) \sqcup (0, 1)$	
	$(9,0,8,7) \sqcup (1,11) \sqcup (12,6) \sqcup (10,5) \sqcup (16,20)$	
	$(8, \infty, 9) \sqcup (13, 12, 15) \sqcup (4, 5) \sqcup (16, 18) \sqcup (1, 2)$	
	$(19, \infty, 6) \sqcup (11, 10, 12) \sqcup (2, 5) \sqcup (18, 20) \sqcup (1, 4)$	
$2\mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup 3\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(11, \infty, 14) \sqcup (10, 7, 4) \sqcup (16, 17) \sqcup (0, 2) \sqcup (1, 3)$	
	$(20, 17, \infty) \sqcup (14, 13, 15) \sqcup (5, 7) \sqcup (9, 6) \sqcup (0, 1)$	
	$(0,9,4) \sqcup (2,10,3) \sqcup (12,6) \sqcup (17,7) \sqcup (1,5)$	
	$(8, \infty, 9) \sqcup (12, 15) \sqcup (4, 5) \sqcup (16, 18) \sqcup (1, 2) \sqcup (19, 20)$	
	$(5, \infty, 13) \sqcup (9, 6) \sqcup (0, 2) \sqcup (18, 20) \sqcup (1, 4) \sqcup (17, 19)$	
$\mathbf{T_3^1} \sqcup 5\mathbf{T_2^1}$	$(11, \infty, 14) \sqcup (4, 7) \sqcup (16, 17) \sqcup (2, 5) \sqcup (8, 10) \sqcup (0, 3)$	
	$(20, 17, \infty) \sqcup (13, 14) \sqcup (5, 7) \sqcup (10, 11) \sqcup (0, 1) \sqcup (8, 6)$	
	$(0,9,4) \sqcup (2,10,3) \sqcup (12,6) \sqcup (17,7) \sqcup (1,5)$	

Table 5.2: 1-rotational (1-2-3)-labelings

No.	Block	No.	Block
1	$(15, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20) \sqcup (0, 2)$	2	$(13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20) \sqcup (0, 6)$
3	$(8, 16, 12, 17, 18, 19, 20) \sqcup (9, 3)$	4	$(8, 17, 9, 11, 18, 19, 20) \sqcup (16, 0)$
5	$(8, 18, 9, 11, 13, 19, 20) \sqcup (0, 1)$	6	$(8, 19, 10, 11, 12, 13, 20) \sqcup (0, 15)$
7	$(8,1,9,10,11,12,13) \sqcup (18,7)$	8	$(1,2,9,10,11,12,13) \sqcup (14,7)$
9	$(0,3,2,6,11,12,13) \sqcup (8,7)$	10	$(0,4,2,3,11,12,13) \sqcup (8,9)$
11	$(0,5,2,3,4,12,13) \sqcup (9,10)$	12	$(1,6,2,4,5,12,13) \sqcup (15,7)$
13	$(1,7,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (0,14)$	14	$(3, 8, 4, 5, 6, 14, 20) \sqcup (12, 15)$
15	$(4,9,5,6,14,15,20) \sqcup (16,7)$	16	$(15, 10, 4, 5, 6, 16, 20) \sqcup (0, 18)$
17	$(15,11,0,5,6,16,20) \sqcup (17,1)$	18	$(14, 12, 0, 11, 17, 18, 20) \sqcup (8, 2)$
19	$(16, 13, 0, 11, 12, 17, 20) \sqcup (1, 19)$	20	$(1,14,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (20,7)$
21	$(1,15,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (19,7)$	22	$(1,16,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (17,7)$
23	$(0,17,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (11,14)$	24	$(1,18,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (10,14)$
25	$(0,19,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (13,14)$	26	$(0, 20, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \sqcup (10, 11)$
27	$(9,7,0,10,11,12,13) \sqcup (1,3)$	28	$(10, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 15) \sqcup (1, 4)$
29	$(11, 9, 0, 12, 13, 16, 19) \sqcup (1, 5)$	30	$(12, 10, 0, 3, 13, 17, 18) \sqcup (1, 20)$

Table 5.3: A $\mathbf{T_7^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^{1}}$ -decomposition of K_{21}

No.	Block	No.	Block
1	$(15, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20) \sqcup (0, 2)$	2	$(13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20) \sqcup (0, 6)$
3	$(8, 16, 12, 17, 18, 19, 20) \sqcup (9, 3)$	4	$(8, 17, 9, 11, 18, 19, 20) \sqcup (16, 0)$
5	$(8, 18, 9, 11, 13, 19, 20) \sqcup (0, 1)$	6	$(8, 19, 10, 11, 12, 13, 20) \sqcup (0, 15)$
7	$(8,1,9,10,11,12,13) \sqcup (6,\infty)$	8	$(1,2,9,10,11,12,13) \sqcup (14,7)$
9	$(0,3,2,6,11,12,13) \sqcup (8,7)$	10	$(0,4,2,3,11,12,13) \sqcup (8,9)$
11	$(0,5,2,3,4,12,13) \sqcup (9,10)$	12	$(1,6,2,4,5,12,13) \sqcup (15,7)$
13	$(1,7,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (13,\infty)$	14	$(3, 8, 4, 5, 6, 14, 20) \sqcup (12, 15)$
15	$(4,9,5,6,14,15,20) \sqcup (16,7)$	16	$(15, 10, 4, 5, 6, 16, 20) \sqcup (0, 18)$
17	$(15, 11, 0, 5, 6, 16, 20) \sqcup (17, 1)$	18	$(14, 12, 0, 11, 17, 18, 20) \sqcup (8, 2)$
19	$(16, 13, 0, 11, 12, 17, 20) \sqcup (1, 19)$	20	$(1,14,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (20,7)$

Table 5.4: A $\mathbf{T_7^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^{1}}$ -decomposition of K_{22}

No.	Block	No.	Block
21	$(1,15,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (19,7)$	22	$(1,16,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (17,7)$
23	$(0,17,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (11,14)$	24	$(1,18,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (10,14)$
25	$(0,19,2,3,4,5,6) \sqcup (13,14)$	26	$(0, 20, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) \sqcup (10, 11)$
27	$(9,7,0,10,11,12,13) \sqcup (20,\infty)$	28	$(10, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 15) \sqcup (1, 4)$
29	$(11, 9, 0, 12, 13, 16, 19) \sqcup (1, 5)$	30	$(12, 10, 0, 3, 13, 17, 18) \sqcup (1, 20)$
31	$(0, \infty, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) \sqcup (18, 7)$	32	$(14, \infty, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19) \sqcup (1, 3)$
33	$(7, \infty, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12) \sqcup (0, 14)$		

Table 5.4: A $\mathbf{T_7^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^{1}}$ -decomposition of K_{22}

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Additional Results

In this chapter we present some generalizations of methods and theorems used previously to prove the main focus of this project.

Recall the technique we used to decompose K_n where $n \equiv 7, 8 \pmod{14}$ into all seven edge forests except the matching on seven edges and $\mathbf{T_7^{11}} \sqcup \mathbf{T_2^1}$; The (1-2-3)-labelings of 3G and 1-rotational (1-2-3)-labelings 3G where G is a seven edge forest. We generalize this to any m edge graph G and G-decomposition of K_n where $n \equiv r \pmod{2m}$ and r is an idempotent in the ring \mathbb{Z}_{2m} .

Conclusion and Discussion

Appendix A

Glossary and Acronyms

Care has been taken in this thesis to minimize the use of jargon and acronyms, but this cannot always be achieved. This appendix defines jargon terms in a glossary, and contains a table of acronyms and their meaning.

A.1 Glossary

• Cosmic-Ray Muon (CR μ) – A muon coming from the abundant energetic particles originating outside of the Earth's atmosphere.

A.2 Acronyms

Table A.1: Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning
$CR\mu$	Cosmic-Ray Muon