Version 0.1

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October 2, 2004

2 CONTENTS

Contents

1	Introduction	3
	1.1 What is CAESARJ?	. 3
	1.2 Why is a plugin needed?	
2	Getting Started with CJDT	4
	2.1 Caesar J Development Tool Highlights:	. 4
3	CaesarJ Development Tool Installation	7
	3.1 Clean Installation	. 7
	3.1.1 Using A Proxy Server	. 7
	3.1.2 Install via Update Manager	
	3.2 Updating an Existing Installation	
	3.3 Is Everything OK?	
4	Features	10
	4.1 Opening the CAESARJ-perspective	. 10
	4.2 Creating a new CAESARJproject	
	4.3 Adding a Class to Your Project	
	4.4 Adding a New Aspect to Your Project	
	4.5 Running an Caesar Program	
	4.6 Debugging Caesar Programs	
5	Propertie and Shortcuts	18
6	Using the Visualiser and views	19
	6.1 Outline view	. 19
	6.2 Hierarchy View	10

1 Introduction

This documentation discribes how to use the CAESARJ-Eclipse Plugin for the new programming language CAESARJ.

1.1 What is CaesarJ?

CAESARJ is a new aspect-oriented programming language that extends JAVA with the following functions:

- aspect¹ functionality with runtime deployment of aspects
- multible inheritance
- produces 100% pure Java byte code
- . .

For more detailed information please visite http://caesarj.org/.

1.2 Why is a plugin needed?

CAESARJextends the Java source code. A pure Java-Editor (e.g. the Java Development Tool-Eclipse Plugin) would not be able to handel this source code. Also the integrated Java compiler would not work. So a IDE is needed, that extends the Java Development Tool. Some features of the CAESARJ-Plugin are:

- integrated caesarj builder
- codehighlighting for CAESARJ expressions
- visualisation of aspects
- visualisation of multible inheritance
- . . .

For detailed describtion please see Section 4.

¹More information about CAESARJ and aspects read this Paper

2 Getting Started with CJDT

This document describes how to get started with the CaesarJ Development Tool-Plugin in Eclipse. It provides a rich set of features for working with CAESARJprograms inside Eclipse.

2.1 CaesarJ Development Tool Highlights:

• Editor support with keyword highlighting (Fig. 1)

```
<sup>™</sup>PricingDeployment.java X
   package stockpricing;
  import java.util.HashMap;
   public deployed cclass PricingDeployment
       static Map pricingMapping = new HashMap();
       static
            try
                // User <-> Pricing Mapping
                pricingMapping.put("Klaus", new PerRequestDiscountPricing_Impl(null));
                pricingMapping.put("Egon", new PerStockQuoteDiscountPricing_Impl(null));
                pricingMapping.put("Mira", new PerRequestRegularPricing Impl(null));
            catch (Throwable t)
           {
                t.printStackTrace();
             around Client c) :
execution(void Client.run(String [])) && this(c))
                oy (pricingMapping.get(c.getName()))
                proceed(c);
```

Figure 1: Codehighlighting in Caesar J Development Tool

- Outline view showing structural members and crosscutting relationships. Also from an advice declaration to the places it advises (Fig. 2). **TODO** new picture
- New CAESARJ-project wizard. This wizard helps you to start a new CAESARJ-project. (Fig 3)
- CAESARJ hierarchy view. This view shows the multible inheritance and nested class relations of an CAESARJ top level class (Fig 4). **TODO** new picture
- Debugging support. (Fig 5)

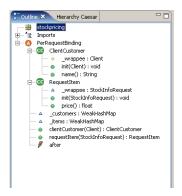


Figure 2: Outline view with advice relations

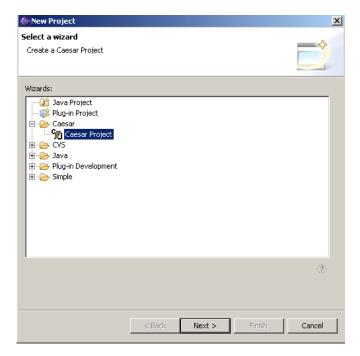


Figure 3: New CAESARJ-project wizard

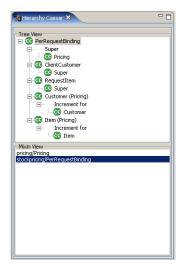


Figure 4: CAESARJ hierarchy view

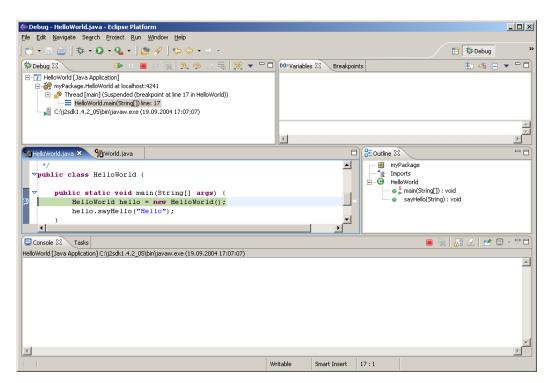


Figure 5: Debugging a CAESARJ-project

3 Caesar J Development Tool Installation

The following two sections describe the installation of the CAESARJ eclipse plugin. Two scenarios are possible: clean installation and updating an existing installation.

3.1 Clean Installation

Caesar J Development Toolis installed using the Eclipse Update Manager. We recommend you to use Eclipse 3.X.

3.1.1 Using A Proxy Server

If you need to use a proxy server to access the internet, the first thing to do is configure the proxy details so that the update manager can contact the CaesarJ Development Tool update site. From the Window menu select preferences, and then the Install/Update tab. Please enter your proxy server details as shown in fig 6.

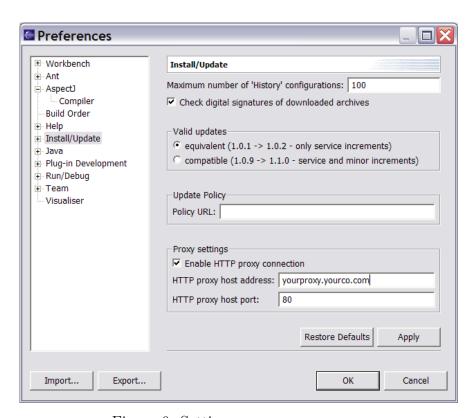


Figure 6: Setting up your proxy server

3.1.2 Install via Update Manager

Create an update site bookmark for the CaesarJ Development Tool update site, and start the install procedure. From the help menu, select Software Updates

→ Find and Install. Select Search for new features to install and click

Next. Click Add Update Site and enter the name CAESARJ update site and the following URL:

http://cage.st.informatik.tu-darmstadt.de/caesar/updatesite/0.3.1

Click **OK**. Fully expand the appearing CaesarJ Development Tool update site node and select **CAESARJ**. Click **Next**. Select **org.caesarj.feature** as shown in figure 7 and click **Next**.

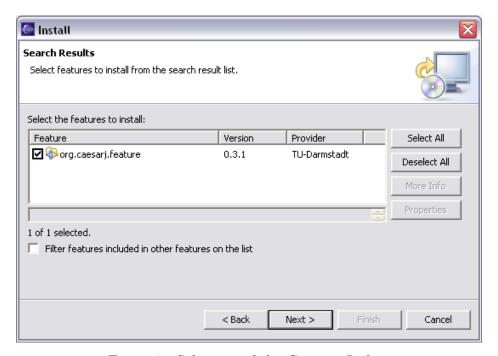


Figure 7: Selection of the CAESARJ-plugin

Accept the **license agreement** and proceed to the installation.

3.2 Updating an Existing Installation

Proceed as for a clean install, except that the CaesarJ Development Tool update site bookmark should already exist. All you need to do, is to expand bookmark and go on. If the version you have installed is the same as the version on the update site (or more recent even), then you will not be presented with any install options.

3.3 Is Everything OK?

Restart the Eclipse workbench. Try to open a new perspective by clicking $\boxed{\text{Window}} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{Open Perspective}}$. Pick $\boxed{\text{other}}$ and select $\boxed{\text{CaesarJ Perspective}}$ in the upcoming list. When the perspective opens successfully, the installation of your CaesarJ Development Tool works fine.

4 Features

The following section describes the extending features of the Caesar J Plugin.

4.1 Opening the CaesarJ-perspective

First of all you need to open the CAESARJ-perspective. It includes some new features like the CAESARJ-editor, the new outline view or the CAESARJ-hierarchy view.

You can open this perspective by selecting: $\boxed{\text{Window}} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{Open Perspective}}$ $\rightarrow \boxed{\text{other}} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{CaesarJ perspective}}$.

If this is the first time you used the plugin, you will see the following dialog popup shown in figure 8.



Figure 8: The CAESARJ Preferences

This dialog configures some Eclipse settings that will make your life much easier when working with CAESARJ-projects. Leave everything selected and click $\overline{\mathbf{Finish}}$.

4.2 Creating a new CaesarJproject

From the File menu select $\boxed{\mathbf{New}} \rightarrow \boxed{\mathbf{Project}}$. Pick $\boxed{\mathbf{Caesar\ Project}}$ in the list and select $\boxed{\mathbf{Next}}$ as shown in figure 9.

If it doesn't appear in the list, this is probably the first time you use the plugin. Select **Other** and then **Caesar** and **Caesar Project**. The wizard is opened. Here specify a name for your project as shown in figure 10.

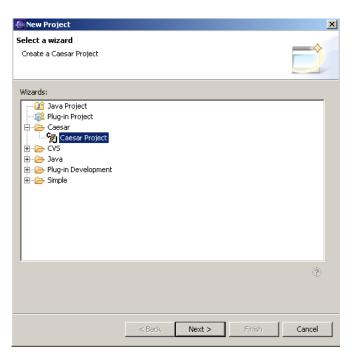


Figure 9: Coosing the New Project Wizard



Figure 10: The New Project Wizard

This wizard has identical behavior to the new Java project wizard (except of course that it creates a project with the Caesar nature). When you click **Finish**, your project will be created.

4.3 Adding a Class to Your Project

First you have to create a package for your class files. Select the project you created in the section 4.2 in the package explorer. Right click on it and select $\boxed{\mathbf{New}} \rightarrow \boxed{\mathbf{Other}}$ from the context menu. You have to look for $\boxed{\mathbf{Package}}$ in the $\boxed{\mathbf{Java}}$ subsection like you can see in figure 11.

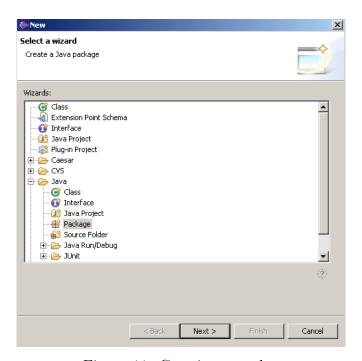


Figure 11: Creating a package

Name the package "myPackage" then click [Finish]. Right-click on the package you just created and select $[New] \rightarrow [Class]$ from the context menu. Name the class "HelloWorld" and activate the option to let Eclipse create a new main method for you. Click [Finish]. Edit the text in the editor so that it looks something like this:

Listing 1: HelloWorld.java

```
package myPackage;
public class HelloWorld {

public static void main(String|| args) {
```

```
6  HelloWorld hello = new HelloWorld();
7  hello.sayHello("Hello");
8  }
9
10  public void sayHello(String arg) {
11  System.out.println(arg);
12  }
13 }
```

Save the file.

Notice that unlike in a Java project, there was no eager parsing of the buffer as you typed. Also the outline view didn't update. Your Eclipse workbench should be looking something like in figure 12.

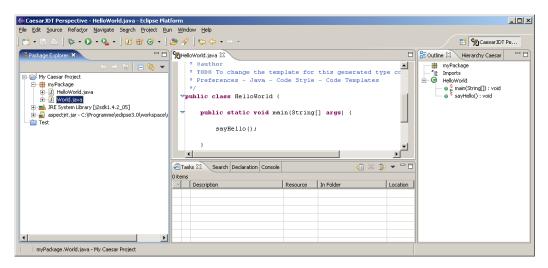


Figure 12: Workbench with HelloWorld.java

4.4 Adding a New Aspect to Your Project

Create a new Class and name it "World". Edit the buffer so it looks like listing 2 and then save it:

Listing 2: An CAESARJ-cclass including an aspect

```
package myPackage;

public cclass World {

after (HelloWorld c, String a):

(call (void sayHello(String)) && this(c) && args(a))

{

System.out. println ("Hello to you too ...");
```

```
8 }
9 }
```

Make a clean Build of the project, and the outline view populates like in figure 13. Expand the "after()" node.



Figure 13: Outline view with content

You can see that this advice is affecting the "HelloWorld.sayHello()" method. Clicking on the "HelloWorld.sayHello()" node in the outline takes you to the declaration of "HelloWorld.sayHello()".

Notice the *advice annotation* in the editor buffer (highlighted) and that the "say-Hello" method in the outline view shows that it is advised by the *World aspect*. It should look like in figure 14.

Figure 14: Advice relationship

Selecting the "World.after()" node in the outline view takes you back to the advice declaration. Right-clicking on the advice annotation brings up a context menu that also allows you to navigate to the advice.

TODO hier fehlen noch die jeweiligen richtigen Bilder!!!

4.5 Running an Caesar Program

Select your Caesar project in the Package Explorer. Drop-down the Run icon on the toolbar and click Run...

Select Java Application in the left-hand tab and click New. Name this configuration "HelloWorld" and then click Search to find the main class. Select "HelloWorld" as described in figure 15.

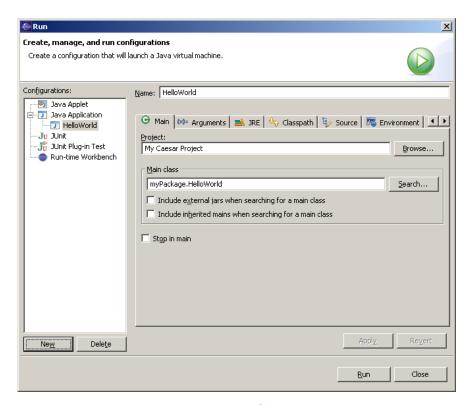


Figure 15: Running a CAESARJ program

Click | Apply | and then | Run |.

You should see the output of the "HelloWorld" class and the "World" aspect in the console like shown in figure 16.

To run this configuration again, just click on the $\boxed{\mathbf{Run}}$ icon placed on the toolbar.

4.6 Debugging Caesar Programs

You can debug Caesar programs using the normal Java debugger. To set a breakpoint, right-click in the gutter of the editor and choose **Toggle Breakpoint** (see figure 17). Another possibility is a simply double-click on the gutter.

With one or more breakpoints set, you launch the Eclipse debugger in the normal way by clicking on the debug icon in the toolbar. The debugger perspective

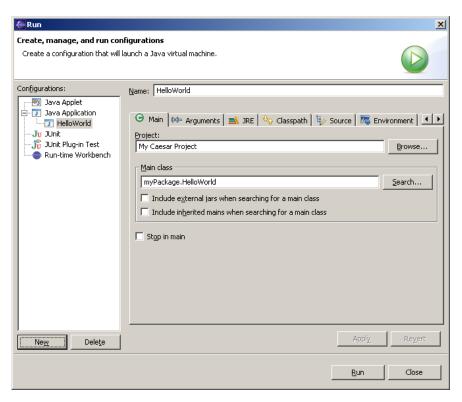


Figure 16: Programs output

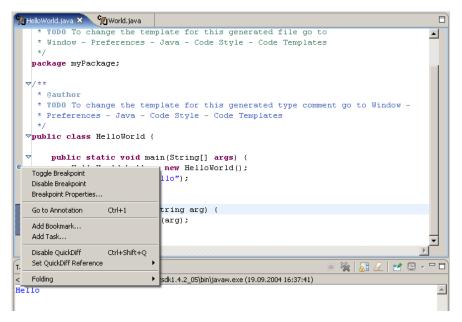


Figure 17: Toggling a debugging breakpoint

looks like figure 18.

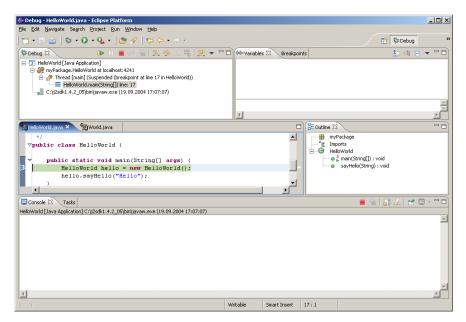


Figure 18: Debugger perspective

You can use the Java Debug step filters ($\overline{\mathbf{Window}} \to \overline{\mathbf{Preferences}} \to \overline{\mathbf{Java}} \to \overline{\mathbf{Debug}} \to \overline{\mathbf{Step Filtering}}$) to make this process a little easier. Note: A current limitation is that you cannot step into advices.

5 Propertie and Shortcuts

If you have opened the Caesar Perspective, there are some configurations left. Open $\boxed{\mathbf{Window}} \rightarrow \boxed{\mathbf{Customise\ Perspective}}$. Check the Caesar-Checkbox as shown in figure 19.

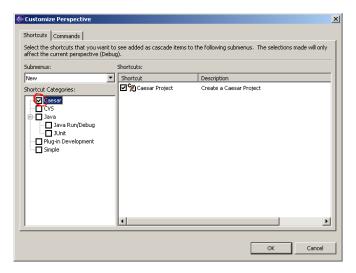


Figure 19: Selection the CAESARJ perspective

If you have done this two new Buttons will appear in the Toolbar like in figure 20.



Figure 20: CAESARJ toolbar shortcuts

Figure 21 shows the CAESARJ-Configuration-Wizard, which will be displayed when pressing the $[\mathbf{P}]$ -Button.

The A-Button toggles the "Annotation-While-Typing" option on or off. Even for the Java-Editor.

A main feature of the CaesarJ Development Tool is the automatic annotation toggling while switching between the CAESARJ- and the Java-editor.



Figure 21: CAESARJ-Configuration-Wizard

6 Using the Visualiser and views

If this is the first time you use the CaesarJ Development Tool, switch to the CAESARJ perspective by selecting $\boxed{\mathbf{Window}} \rightarrow \boxed{\mathbf{Open\ Perspective}} \rightarrow \boxed{\mathbf{Other}}$. In the list pick $\boxed{\mathbf{CaesarJDT\ Perspective}}$ (see figure 22).

This perspective extends the Java perspective. Especially a new view is available. The **CAESARJ Hierarchy View**. See section 6.2 for detailed information.

You can switch between the Java and Caesar Visualization perspectives using the perspective icons in the top right of the menu bar.

6.1 Outline view

The outline view showing structural members and crosscutting relationships. It extends the Java outline view by additional information (e.g advice declarations to the places it advises). A sample outline view bar is shown in figure 23. **TODO** Bild noch nicht das richtige.

6.2 Hierarchy View

A CAESARJ hierarchy view displays the hierarchical relationships of CAESARJ cclasses. That means that for each cclass their super-classes are displayed under the



Figure 22: Perspective selection

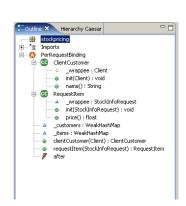


Figure 23: Outline View

Super node (see figure 24). If the class contains nested classes there are two displaying modes available for them:

Super: For each nested class their super classes are displayed.

Sub: For each nested class their sub classes are displayed. If a sub class has two super classes the linearized inheritance relation is displayed brakes after the class name.

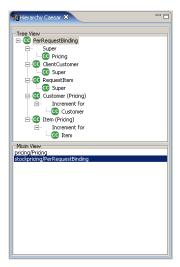


Figure 24: CAESARJ hierarchy view

The modes can be switched by pressing the control button in the upper-right of the view. The second part of the view, named "'Mixin view"', shows the mixin composition of the currently selected (nested-) cclass.

Note: Because this view needs meta information from the compiler, the view refreshes when a project was built successfully.