

User's Guide for

# **CaesarJ Development Tools**

Software Technology Group  
Version 3.4

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# 1 Introduction

This documentation describes how to use the CAESARJ-Eclipse Plugin for the new programming language CAESARJ.

## 1.1 What is CAESARJ?

CAESARJ is a new aspect-oriented programming language that extends JAVA with the following functions:

- aspect<sup>1</sup> functionality with runtime deployment of aspects
- multiple inheritance
- aspecture polymorphisms
- dynamic deployment
- virtual classes with propagating mixin composition
- ...

For more detailed information please visit <http://caesarj.org/>.

## 1.2 Why is the use of the CAESARJ Plugin?

CAESARJ extends the Java source code. A pure JAVA-Editor (e.g. the JAVA Development Tool-Eclipse Plugin) would not be able to handle this kind of source code. Furthermore the integrated JAVA compiler would not work. So an IDE is needed, that extends the JAVA Development Tool.

## 1.3 What are the features of the JAVA Development Tool

The JAVA Development Tool-Eclipse plugin supports many features for JAVA programmers. Some highlights are:

- code highlighting
- live code annotation
- outline visualisation
- type hierarchy
- calling hierarchy

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<sup>1</sup>This [paper](#) contains more information about CAESARJ and aspects.

- and many more

The CAESARJ plugin tries to extend these features and add CAESARJ specific features.

## 1.4 Which extensions do we need for CAESARJ

To provide a good IDE for the CAESARJ programming language, we needed to extend the JAVA Development Tool plugin with the following features:

- syntax-highlighting for CAESARJ expressions
- crosscutting views
- integrated CAESARJ builder
- new outline bar (with visualisation of aspects)
- new side ruler (with visualisation of aspects)
- CAESARJ hierarchy view (visualisation of multiple inheritance)

For detailed description please see [Section 4](#).

## 2.1 CAESARJ Development Tool Highlights:

- ```

package stockpricing;
import java.util.HashMap;

public deployed cclass PricingDeployment
{
    static Map pricingMapping = new HashMap();

    static
    {
        try
        {
            // User <-> Pricing Mapping
            pricingMapping.put("Klaus", new PerRequestDiscountPricing_Impl(null));
            pricingMapping.put("Egon", new PerStockQuoteDiscountPricing_Impl(null));
            pricingMapping.put("Mira", new PerRequestRegularPricing_Impl(null));
        }
        catch (Throwable t)
        {
            t.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

    void around(Client c) :
    {
        execution(void Client.run(String []) && this(c))
    }

    {
        deploy (pricingMapping.get(c.getName()))
        {
            proceed(c);
        }
    }
}

```

- Outline view showing structural members and crosscutting relationships. Also from an advice declaration to the places it advises. (Figure 2)

- New CAESARJ-project wizard. This wizard helps you to start a new CAESARJ-project. (Figure 3)

- CAESARJ hierarchy view. This view shows the multiple inheritance and nested class relations of an CAESARJ top level class. (Figure 4)
- Debugging support. (Figure 5)

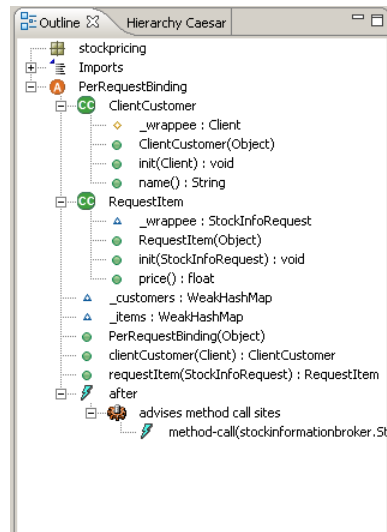


Figure 2: Outline view with advice relations

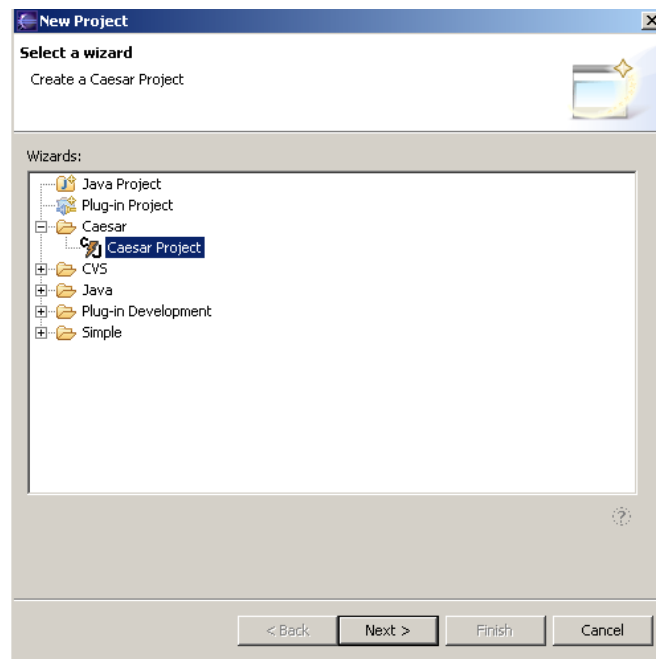


Figure 3: New CAESARJ-project wizard

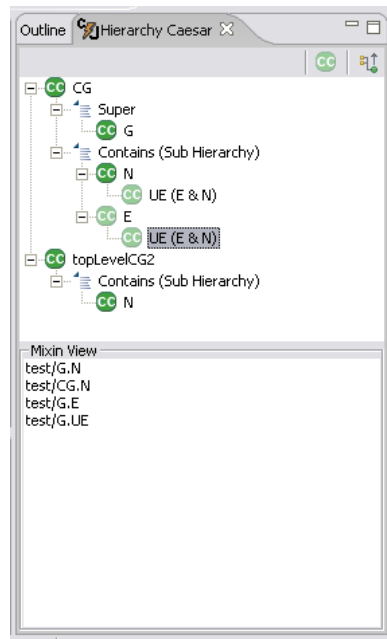


Figure 4: CAESARJ hierarchy view

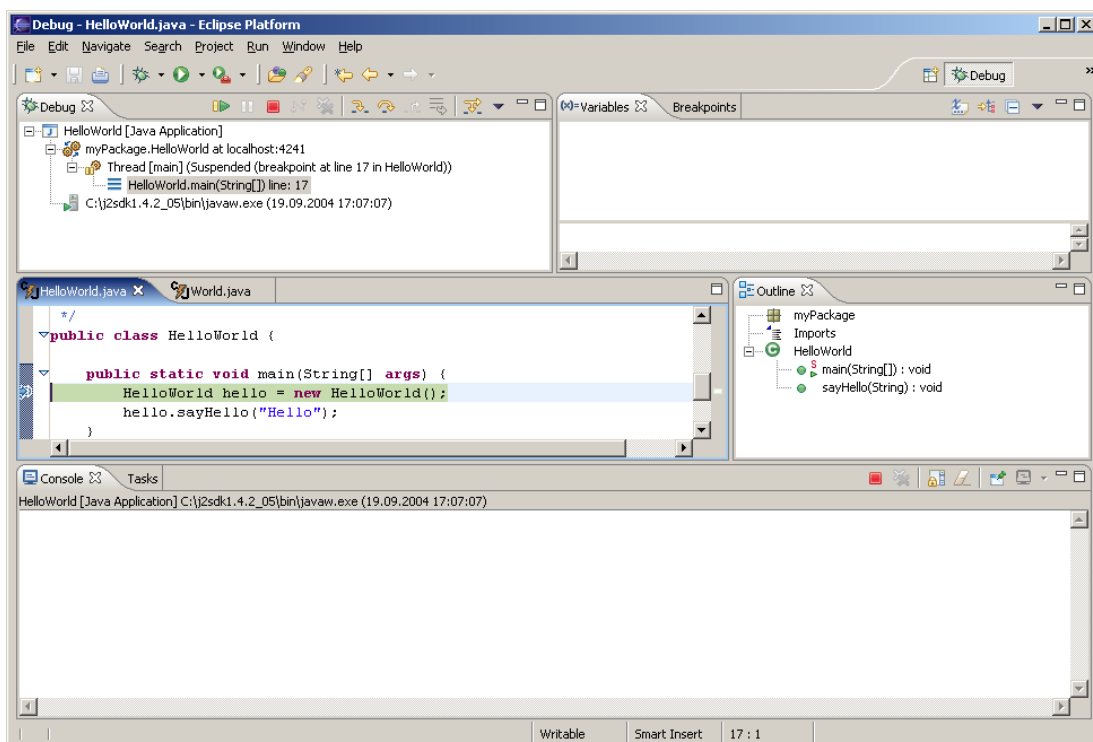


Figure 5: Debugging an CAESARJ-project

## 3 CAESARJ Development Tool Installation

The following two sections describe the installation of the CAESARJ eclipse plugin. Two scenarios are possible: clean installation and updating an existing installation.

### 3.1 Clean Installation

The CAESARJ Development Tool is installed by using the Eclipse Update Manager. We recommend you to use Eclipse 3.x.

#### 3.1.1 Using A Proxy Server

If you need to use a proxy server to access the internet, the first thing to do is to configure the proxy preference details, so that the update manager can contact the CAESARJ Development Tool update site. From the **Window** menu select **Preferences** and then the **Install/Update** tab. Please enter your proxy server details as shown in figure 6.

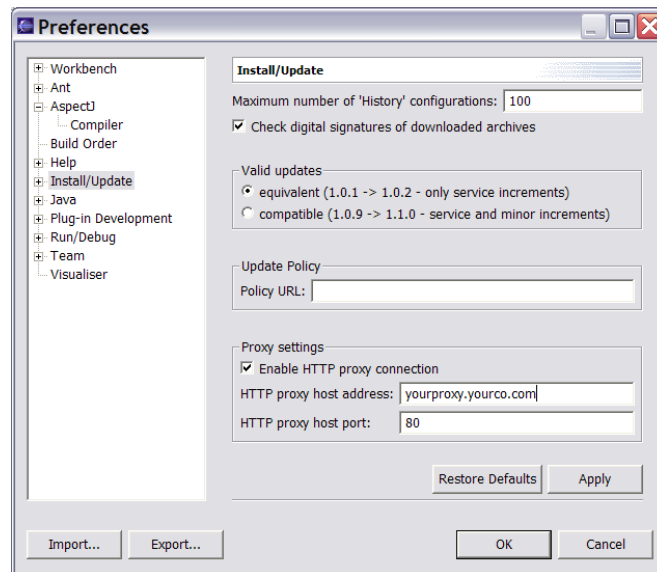


Figure 6: Setting up your proxy server

#### 3.1.2 Installing via Update Manager

Create an update site bookmark for the CAESARJ Development Tool update site, and start the install procedure. From the help menu, select **Software Updates** → **Find and Install**. Then select **Search for new features to install** and



click **Next**. Afterwards click **Add Update Site** and enter the name **CAESARJ update site** and the following URL:

<http://cage.st.informatik.tu-darmstadt.de/caesar/updatesite/0.3.1>

Click **OK**. Fully expand the appearing CAESARJ Development Tool update site node and select **CAESARJ**. Pick **Next**. Select **org.caesarj.feature** as shown in figure 7 and click **Next**.

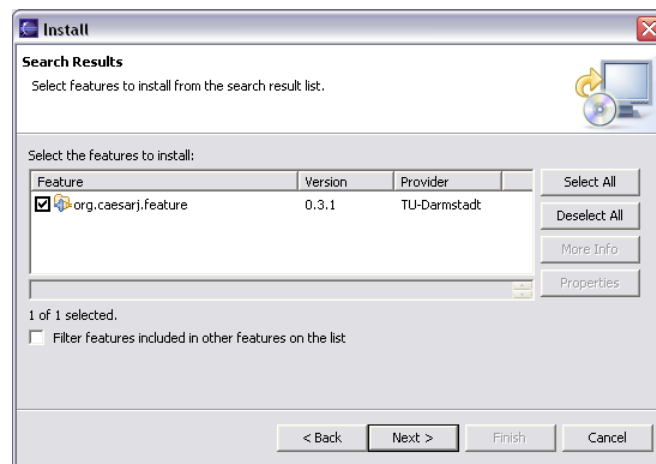


Figure 7: Selection of the CAESARJ-plugin

Accept the **license agreement** and proceed to the installation.

## 3.2 Updating an Existing Installation

Proceed as as in section clean install, except that in this case the CAESARJ Development Tool update site bookmark is already existing. You only need to expand the bookmark node and go on. If the version you have installed is the same as the version on the update site (or even more recent), then you will not be confronted by any installing options.

## 3.3 Has the Installation been successful?

Restart the Eclipse workbench. Try to open a new perspective by clicking **Window** → **Open Perspective**. Pick **other** and select **CaesarJ Perspective** in the upcoming list. When the perspective opens successfully, the installation of your CAESARJ Development Tool works fine.

## 4 Features

The following section describes the extending features of the CAESARJ Development Tool Plugin.

### 4.1 Opening the CAESARJ-perspective

First of all you need to open the CAESARJ-perspective. It includes some new features like the CAESARJ-editor, the new outline view or the CAESARJ-hierarchy view.

You can open this perspective by selecting: **Window** → **Open Perspective** → **other** → **CaesarJ perspective**.

If this is the first time you are using the plugin, you will see a dialog popup as shown in figure 8.

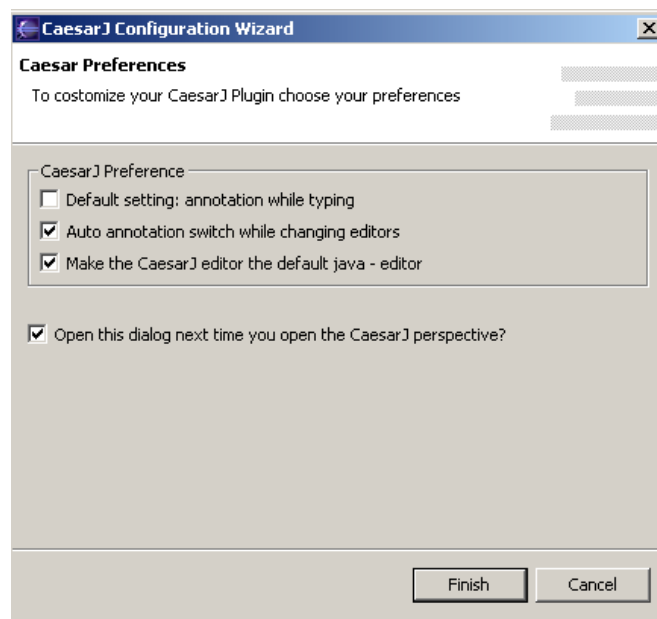


Figure 8: The CAESARJ Preferences

This dialog configures some Eclipse settings, which will make your life much easier when working with CAESARJ-projects. Leave everything as selected and click **Finish**.

### 4.2 Creating a new CAESARJ project

From the File menu select **New** → **Project**. Pick **Caesar Project** in the list and select **Next** as shown in figure 9.

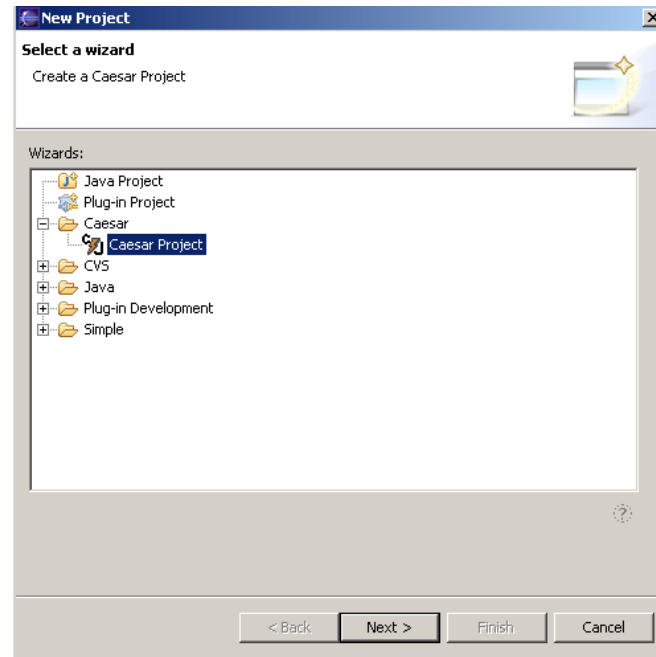


Figure 9: Coosing the New Project Wizard

If the item doesn't appear in the list, this is probably because you use the plugin for the first time. Select **Other** and then **Caesar** and **Caesar Project**. The wizard opens up. Here specify a name for your project as shown in figure 10.

This wizard has identical behavior to the new Java project wizard (with the exception that it creates a project with the Caesar nature). When you click **Finish**, your project will be created.

### 4.3 Adding a Class to Your Project

First you have to create a package for your class files. Select the project you created in the section 4.2 in the package explorer. Right click on it and select **New** → **Other** from the context menu. You have to look for **Package** in the **Java** subsection as you can see in figure 11.

Name the package "**myPackage**" then click **Finish**.

Right-click on the package you have just created and select **New** → **Class** from the context menu. Name the class "**HelloWorld**" and activate the option to let Eclipse create a new main method for you. Click **Finish**. Edit the text in the editor so that it looks like this:

Listing 1: HelloWorld.java

```
1 package myPackage;
```

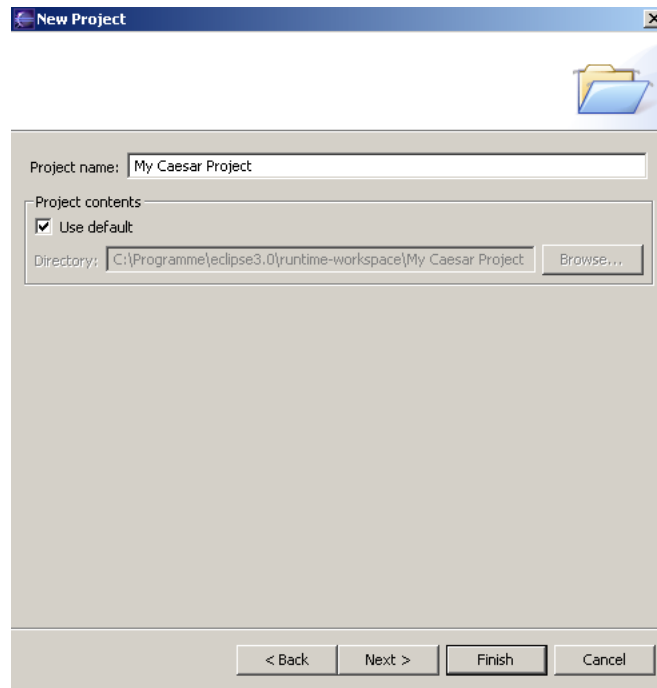


Figure 10: The New Project Wizard

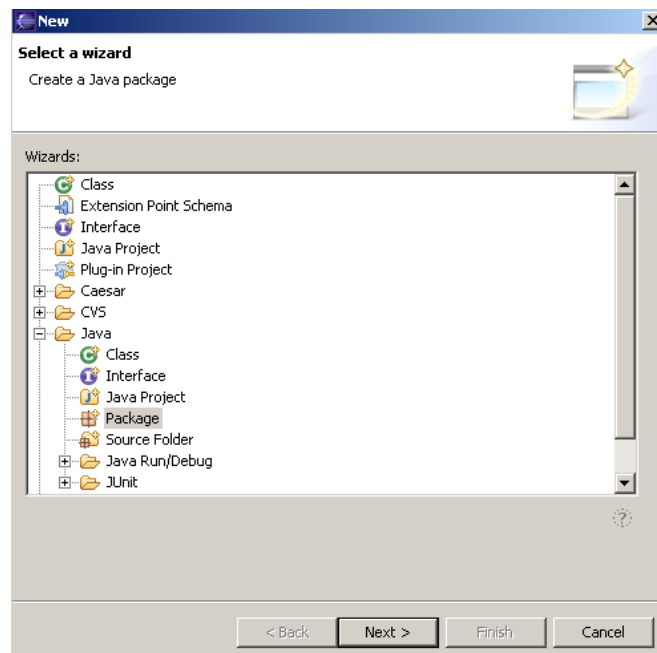


Figure 11: Creating a package

```

2
3 public class HelloWorld {
4
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         HelloWorld hello = new HelloWorld();
7         hello.sayHello("Hello");
8     }
9
10    public void sayHello(String arg) {
11        System.out.println(arg);
12    }
13 }

```

Save the file.

Notice that unlike in a Java project, there was no eager parsing of the buffer while you were typing. Also the outline view didn't update.<sup>2</sup> Your Eclipse workbench should be looking somehow like in figure 12.

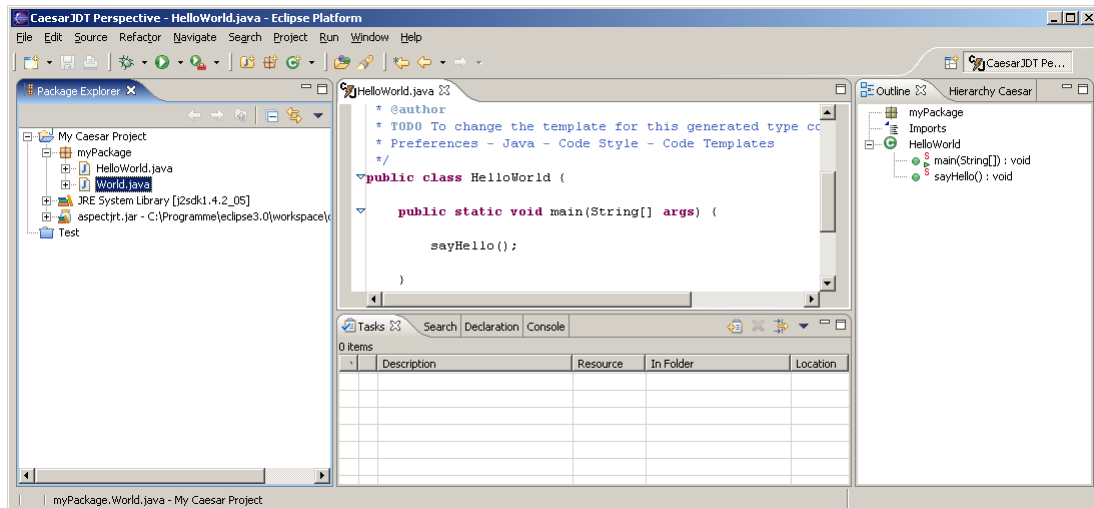


Figure 12: Workbench with HelloWorld.java

## 4.4 Adding a New Aspect to Your Project

Create a new Class and name it "World". Edit the buffer so it looks like listing 2 and then save it:

<sup>2</sup>The CAESARJ outline bar requires meta information from the compiler to display cross-cutting relationships.

Listing 2: An CAESARJ-cclass including an aspect

```

1 package myPackage;
2
3 public cclass World {
4     after (HelloWorld c, String a) :
5         ( call (void sayHello(String)) &&& this(c) &&& args(a) )
6     {
7         System.out.println("Hello to you too ... ");
8     }
9 }

```

Make a clean Build of the project, and the outline view populates like in figure 13. Expand the "**after()**" node.

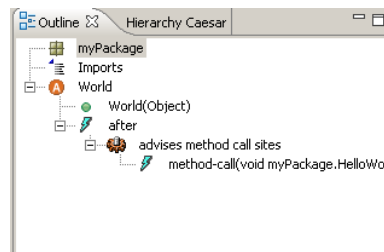


Figure 13: Outline view with content

You can see that this advice is affecting the "**HelloWorld.sayHello()**" method. Clicking on the "**HelloWorld.sayHello()**" node in the outline takes you to the declaration of "**HelloWorld.sayHello()**".

Notice the *advice annotation* in the editor buffer (highlighted) and that the "**say-Hello**" method in the outline view shows that it is advised by the *World aspect*. It should look like in figure 14.

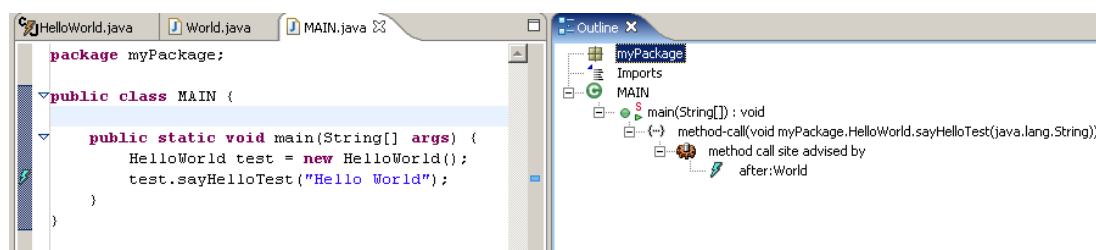


Figure 14: Advice relationship

Selecting the "**World.after()**" node in the outline view takes you back to the advice declaration. Right-clicking on the advice annotation brings up a context menu that also allows you to navigate to the advice.

**TODO** hier fehlen noch die jeweiligen richtigen Bilder!!!

## 4.5 Running an CAESARJ Program

Select your CAESARJ project in the Package Explorer. Drop-down the **Run** icon on the toolbar and click **Run...**

Select **Java Application** in the left-hand tab and click **New**. Name this configuration **"HelloWorld"** and then click **Search** to find the main class. Select **"HelloWorld"** as described in figure 15.

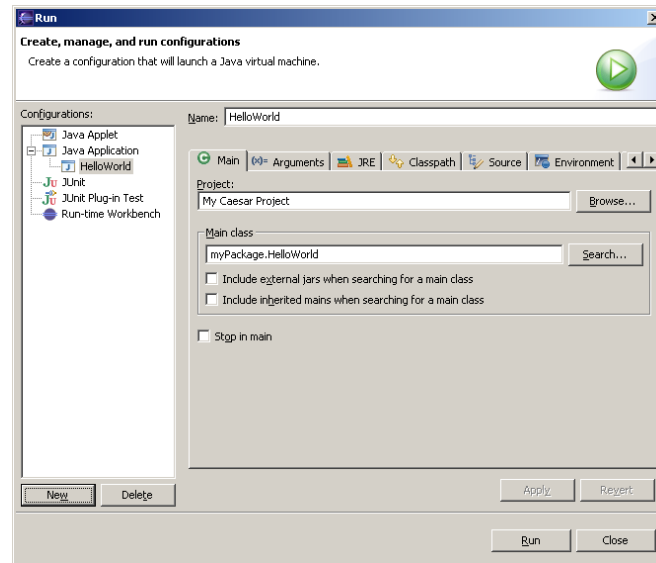


Figure 15: Running a CAESARJ program

Click **Apply** and then **Run**.

You should see the output of the **"HelloWorld"** class and the **"World"** aspect in the console as shown in figure 16.

To run this configuration again, just click on the **Run** icon placed on the toolbar.

## 4.6 Debugging Caesar Programs

You can debug Caesar programs by using the normal Java debugger. To set a breakpoint, right-click in the gutter of the editor and choose **Toggle Breakpoint** (see figure 17). Another possibility is a simple double-click on the gutter.

After setting one or more breakpoints, you launch the Eclipse debugger in the normal way by clicking on the debug icon in the toolbar. The debugger perspective looks like figure 18.

You can use the Java Debug step filters (**Window** → **Preferences** → **Java** → **Debug** → **Step Filtering**) to make this process a little easier. Note: A current limitation is that you cannot step into advices.

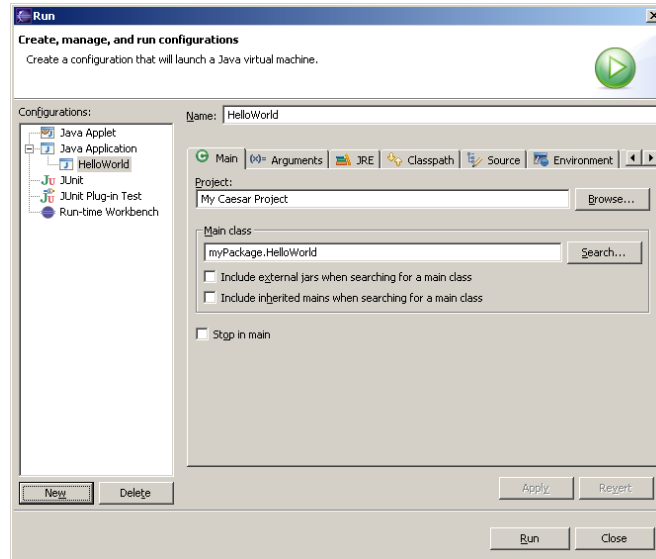


Figure 16: Programs output

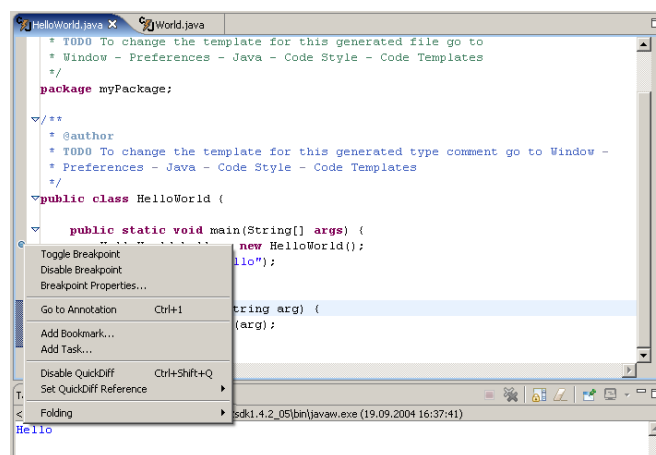


Figure 17: Toggling a debugging breakpoint



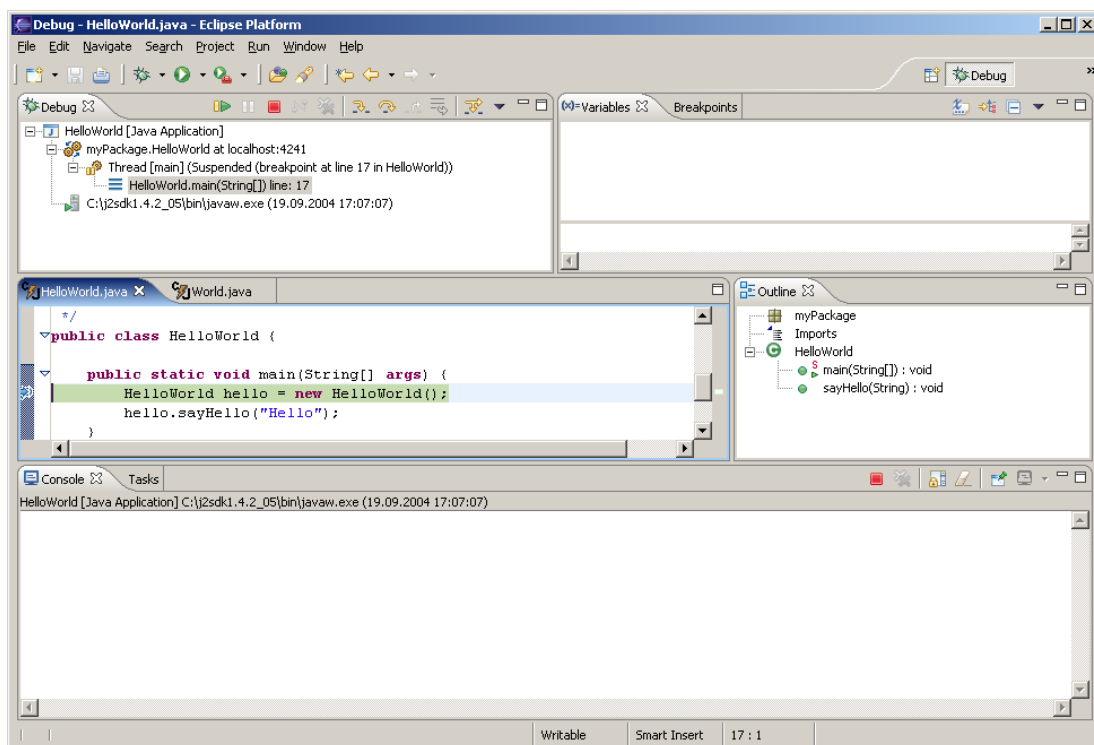


Figure 18: Debugger perspective

## 5 Propertie and Shortcuts

If you have opened the Caesar Perspective, there are some configurations left. Open **Window** → **Customise Perspective**. Check the **Caesar** checkbox as shown in figure 19.

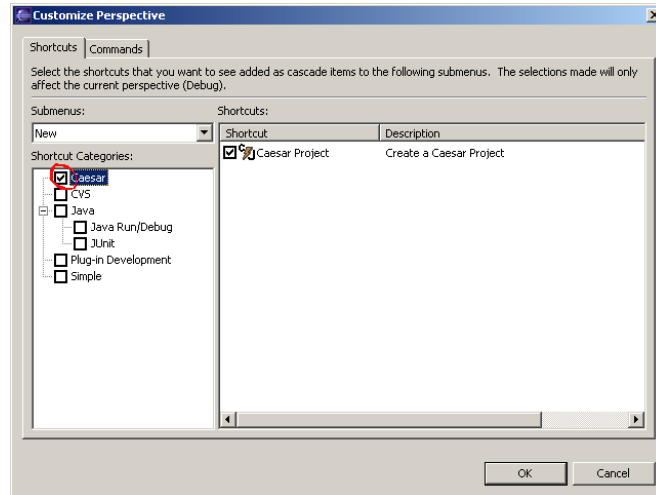


Figure 19: Selection the CAESARJ perspective

If this is done, two new Buttons will appear in the toolbar like in figure 20.

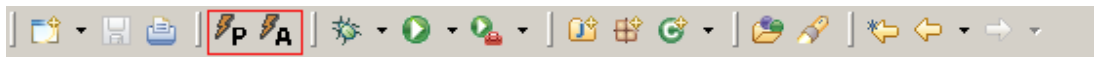


Figure 20: CAESARJ toolbar shortcuts

Figure 21 shows the CAESARJ-Configuration-Wizard, which will be displayed by pressing the **P**-Button.

The **A**-Button toggles the "Annotation-While-Typing" option on or off. Even for the Java-Editor.

A main feature of the CAESARJ Development Tool is the automatic annotation toggling while switching between the CAESARJ- and the Java-editor.

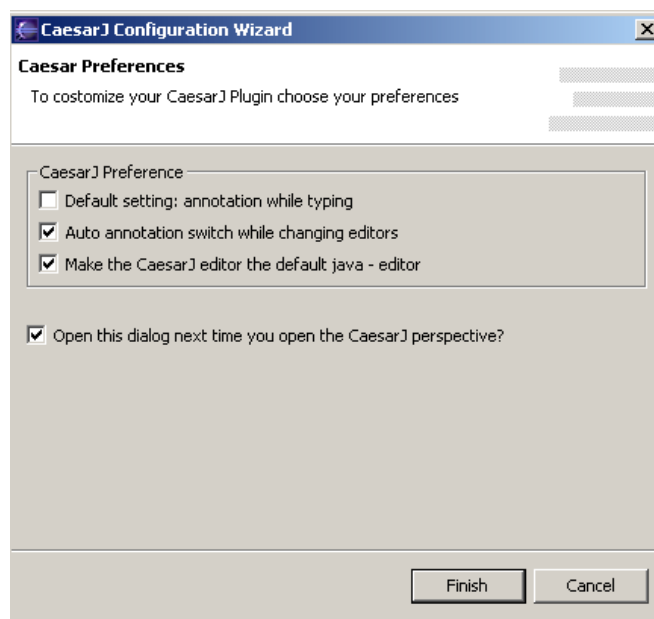


Figure 21: CAESARJ-Configuration-Wizard

## 6 Using the Visualiser and Views

If this is the first time you use the CAESARJ Development Tool, switch to the CAESARJ perspective by selecting **Window** → **Open Perspective** → **Other**. Pick **CaesarJDT Perspective** (see figure 22) in the list.

This perspective extends the Java perspective. Especially a new view is available. The **CAESARJ Hierarchy View**. See section 6.2 for detailed information.

You can switch between the Java and Caesar Visualization perspectives using the perspective icons in the top right of the menu bar.

### 6.1 Outline view

The outline view is showing structural members and crosscutting relationships. It extends the Java outline view by additional information (e.g advice declarations to the places it advises). A sample outline view bar is shown in figure 23. **TODO Bild noch nicht das richtige.**

### 6.2 Hierarchy View

A CAESARJ hierarchy view displays the hierarchical relationships of CAESARJ cclasses. That means, that for each cclass their super-classes are displayed under the

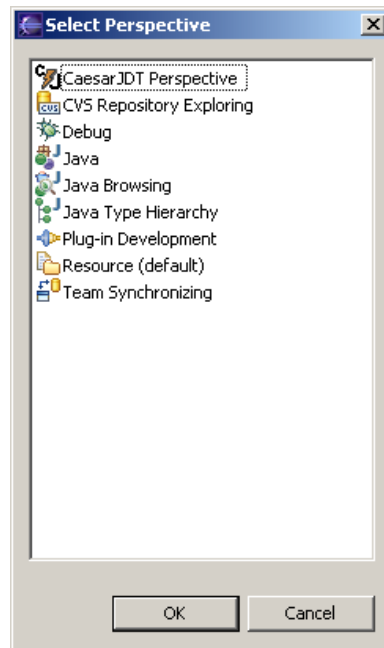


Figure 22: Perspective selection

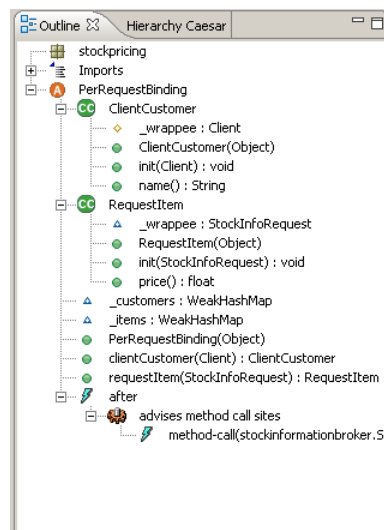


Figure 23: Outline View

**Super** node (see figure 24). If the class contains nested classes (**Contains** node) there are two displaying modes available for them:

**Super:** For each nested class their super classes are displayed.

**Sub:** For each nested class their sub classes are displayed. If a sub class has two super classes the linearized inheritance relation is displayed in brackets after the class name.

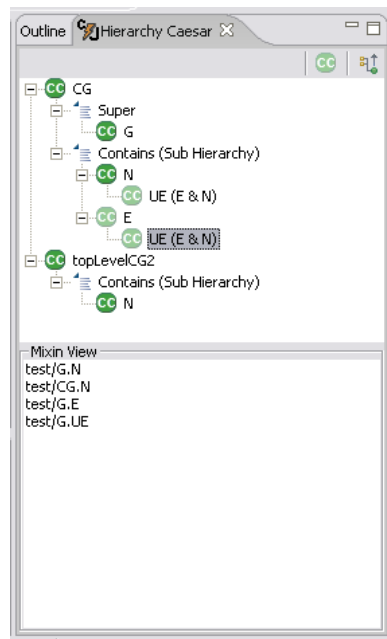


Figure 24: CAESARJ hierarchy view

The modes can be switched by pressing the control button in the upper-right of the view. The second part of the view, named "Mixin view", shows the mixin composition of the currently selected (nested-) cclass.

**Note:** Because this view needs meta information from the compiler, the view refreshes when a project was (re-)built successfully.