

Functions

- Use `\fn` to write **function applications** and not worry about parantheses.

- `\fn[\max]{x,0}` produces

$$\max(x, 0)$$

- `\fn{\fn[g]{\fn[h]{x^2 + 1}^2}^{-1} - 1}` produces

$$f\left(g\left(h\left(x^2 + 1\right)^2\right)^{-1} - 1\right)$$

- Define new functions on top of `\fn` for nicer equations.

```
\newcommand{\foo}[1]{\fn[foo]{#1}}
```

```
\foo{x + 1}
```

Partial derivatives

- Use `\fstpd` and `\fstpdfn` to write **first order partial derivatives**.
 - `\fstpd{f}{x}` produces

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$

- `\fstpdfn{\fn[\sin]{2x + 1}^2 + 3}{x}` produces

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\sin(2x + 1)^2 + 3 \right)$$

- Similarly, use `\sndpd` and `\sndpdfn` for **second order partial derivatives**.

$$\frac{\partial^2 f(x, y)}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y} (x^2 + 2y)$$