Lote
$$A,B \in \mathcal{F}$$
 cu $P(B) \neq 0$, defining $P(A|B) = \frac{P(A\cap B)}{P(B)}$

Obs: Consideram e postitie a lui
$$\Omega = U$$
 Bi, atunci

$$P(A) = \sum_{i \in I} P(A|B_i) \cdot P(B_i)$$

$$= \sum_{i \in I} P(A\cap B_i)$$

Th. lui Bayes

$$IP(A|B) = \frac{IP(B|A) \cdot IP(A)}{IP(B)}$$

Schema (simplista):
$$P(A1B) = \frac{P(B|A) \cdot P(A)}{P(B|A) \cdot P(A) + P(B|A^c) \cdot P(A^c)}$$

Exc(1)

n capitale, studentul învață 1 capital 1 întrebatre cu m variante de răspurs

docă ru stie, alege la intemplore a variante

7: Studentiel a lifet corect. Ease e perde. or fi stient?

Sel: Notom S = studentul stie raspursul
C = raspursul bifat e corect

Formalizarn datele problemei

$$P(S) = \frac{1}{m} \longrightarrow P(S^c) = 1 - P(S) = \frac{m-1}{m}$$

$$P(c|S)=1$$
 , $P(c|S^c)=\frac{1}{m}$

Whem
$$P(S|C) = \frac{P(C|S) \cdot P(S)}{P(C|S) \cdot P(S) + P(C|S^{c}) \cdot P(S^{c})} = \frac{1 \cdot \frac{1}{m}}{1 \cdot \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{m-1}{m}} = \frac{m}{m+m-1}$$
Begins

Ex:
$$m=14$$
 $m=4$
 $\Rightarrow IP(S|C) = \frac{4}{17}$

Fixat Be7, P(.,B) este a pende

Utilitate:
$$P(S^c|C) = 1 - P(S|C) = 1 - \frac{4}{17} = \frac{13}{17}$$

Exc 2

$$\Omega = 4F, B \} \times 4F, B \} =$$

$$\{a, b\} \times \{a, b\} = \{aa, ab, ba, bb\}$$

Se arunco un ban cinstit de doux ori

a) Core este prob sã avem HH, stiind cã H a aportul la prima aruncore?

Sol:
$$\Omega = \{H, T\} \times \{H, T\} = \{HH, HT, TH, TT\}$$

$$\neq \mathcal{F} = \mathcal{P}(\Omega)$$

$$\mathcal{P}(HH) = \mathcal{P}(HT) = \mathcal{P}(TH) = \mathcal{P}(TT) = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\uparrow \quad \text{a doua}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(HH) = \mathcal{P}(HT) = \mathcal{P}(TH) = \mathcal{P}(TT) = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\uparrow \quad \text{a doua}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(HH) = \mathcal{P}(HT) = \mathcal{P}(HT) = \mathcal{P}(HT) = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

Woom: a) P(HH | prima obuncose e H)=
= IP(HH | JHT, HH)

$$=\frac{P(HH)\{HT,HH\}}{P(HT,HH\})}=\frac{P(HH)}{P(HT)+P(HH)}=\frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{4}}=\frac{1}{2}$$
probabilității
conditionate

$$P(HH \mid HCD putin = dotx) = P(HH \mid \{HH, HT, TH\}) = \frac{P(\{HH\} \cap \{HH, HT, TH\})}{P(HH, HT, TH)} = \frac{P(HH)}{P(HH, HT, TH)} = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Ex: Potrodescul lui Simpson

Date spital pt balnoni cavid

Tinori	Voce.	Nevocc.
Stolil	200	10
ATI	1800	190

Vorstnici	Voce.	Nevocc.
Stolil	19	1000
ATI	1	1000

P: Cum e mai bire: vaccinat sou revaccinat?

$$= \frac{\frac{219}{4220}}{\frac{2020}{4220}} = \frac{219}{2020}$$

$$P(\text{stabil}|\text{revoccinat}) = \frac{P(\text{stabil}|\text{revoccinat})}{|P(\text{nevocc})|} = \frac{\frac{1010}{4220}}{\frac{2200}{4220}} = \boxed{\frac{101}{220}}$$

Sugestie: P(stabil revoccinat) > P(stabil | vaccinat)

Voriento 2:
$$P(\text{stabil} \mid \text{vacc & tamos}) = \frac{\frac{200}{4220}}{\frac{2000}{4220}} = \frac{200}{2000} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$P(\text{stabil} | \text{nevace & torrow}) = \frac{\frac{10}{4220}}{\frac{100}{4220}} - \frac{10}{200} = \frac{1}{20}$$

Morala: pt tineri e mai "sofe" să fie vaccinati

$$P(\text{stabil} \mid \text{vacc & variation}) = \frac{19}{20} > |P(\text{stabil} \mid \text{nevace & variation}) = \frac{1}{2}$$