

# Study of Relaxed Recentered Log-Barrier function based Nonlinear Model Predictive Control (RRLB NMPC)

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# Problem formulation - Regular NMPC

$$\begin{aligned} V_N(x) = \min_{\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u}} \quad & \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} l(x_k, u_k) + F(x_N) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & x_0 = x \text{ and } x_{k+1} = f(x_k, u_k) \\ & x_k \in \mathcal{X} \\ & u_k \in \mathcal{U} \end{aligned}$$

with  $l(x, u) = x^T Q x + u^T R u$  and  $F(x) = x^T P x$  ( $P$  determined later).  
 $\mathcal{X} = \{x \mid C_x x \leq d_x\}$  and  $\mathcal{U} = \{u \mid C_u u \leq d_u\}$ .

# Problem formulation - RRLB NMPC

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{V}_N(x) &= \min_{\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u}} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \tilde{l}(x_k, u_k) + \tilde{F}(x_N) \\ \text{s.t. } &x_0 = x \text{ and } x_{k+1} = f(x_k, u_k)\end{aligned}$$

with  $\tilde{l}(x, u) = l(x, u) + \epsilon B_x(x) + \epsilon B_u(u)$  (see next slide for RRLBs) and  $\tilde{F}(x) = x^T P x$  ( $P$  determined later)

## Our goal

Stabilize the system at  $x^* = 0$  and  $u^* = 0$ .

# Problem formulation - RRLB functions

For  $\mathcal{X} = \{x \mid C_x x \leq d_x\}$  we define

$$B_x(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{q_x} (1 + w_{x,i}) B_{x,i}(x)$$

with  $B_{x,i}(x) = \begin{cases} \log(d_{x,i}) - \log(d_{x,i} - \text{row}_i(C_x)x) & \text{if } d_{x,i} - \text{row}_i(C_x)x > \delta \\ \beta(d_{x,i} - \text{row}_i(C_x)x; \delta) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

$$\beta(z; \delta) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \left( \frac{z - 2\delta}{\delta} \right)^2 - 1 \right] - \log(\delta)$$

## Theorem (Nominal stability)

*If we suppose:*

- *If we denote the objective function as  $J(x, u)$ , we have  $D_u J(0, u(0)) = D_u J(0, 0) = 0$  and  $\nabla_{uu}^2 J(0, u(0)) = \nabla_{uu}^2 J(0, 0) \succ 0$ .*
- *When  $A = D_x f(0, 0)$ ,  $B = D_u f(0, 0)$ , we suppose that  $(A, B)$  is stabilizable ( $\implies \exists K$  such that  $A_K := A + BK$  Hurwitz)*
- *$P$  solution to  $P = A_K^T P A_K + \mu Q_K$  where  $\mu > 1$  and  $Q_K = Q + \epsilon M_x + K^T (R + \epsilon M_u) K$ .*

*then 0 is asymptotically stable for all initial state in a nbh of 0.*

# Theoretical results - Nominal stability

## Sketch of proof.

By our definitions, we have  $\tilde{l}(x, Kx) = x^T Q_K x + O(\|x\|^3)$  and  $\tilde{F}(A_K x) + \mu x^T Q_K x - \tilde{F}(x) = 0, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x}$ . Now by the proof in the book, we have locally

$$\tilde{F}(f(x, Kx)) + x^T Q_K x - \tilde{F}(x) \leq 0 \iff \tilde{F}(f(x, Kx)) - \tilde{F}(x) + \tilde{l}(x, Kx) = O(\|x\|^3)$$

and now from optimal solutions  $\tilde{\mathbf{x}} = \{\tilde{x}_0, \dots, \tilde{x}_N\}$  and  $\tilde{\mathbf{u}} = \{\tilde{u}_0, \dots, \tilde{u}_{N-1}\}$  we construct feasible solutions  $\mathbf{x}' = (\tilde{x}_1, \dots, \tilde{x}_N, f(\tilde{x}_N, K\tilde{x}_N))$  and  $\mathbf{u}' = (\tilde{u}_1, \dots, \tilde{u}_{N-1}, K\tilde{x}_N)$  and we have

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{V}_N(\tilde{x}_1) \leq \tilde{J}_N(\mathbf{x}', \mathbf{u}') &= \underbrace{\tilde{J}_N(\tilde{\mathbf{x}}, \tilde{\mathbf{u}})}_{=\tilde{V}_N(x)} \underbrace{-\tilde{l}(x, \tilde{u}_0)}_{=O(\|x\|^2)} \underbrace{+ \tilde{F}(f(\tilde{x}_N, K\tilde{x}_N)) - \tilde{F}(\tilde{x}_N) + \tilde{l}(\tilde{x}_N, K\tilde{x}_N)}_{=O(\|\tilde{x}_N\|^3)=O(\|x\|^3)} \\ &\leq -c\|x\|^2 \text{ in a smaller nbh} \end{aligned}$$



# Theoretical results - Constraint satisfaction guarantees

## Theorem (Constraint satisfaction guarantees)

*Let  $\{x(k)\}_{k \geq 0}$  and  $\{u(k)\}_{k \geq 0}$  be the closed-loop trajectories of the system controlled by the RRLB MPC law. Under the assumptions of last theorem, there exists a nbh of 0 such that if  $x(0)$  is in it, there is no constraint violation along the closed-loop trajectory.*

## **Setting:**

- Discretization via RK4 and multi-shooting
- NLP solved with IPOPT through CasADi
- Horizon size 100
- max 1 iteration for RRLB MPC (equivalent to RTI) and 10 for regular MPC
- ✓ all the assumptions of the nominal stability theorem are satisfied

**Results:** Both converged after 74 time steps with similar total costs along the closed-loop trajectory.



# Numerical experiments - CSTR

`../cstr_package/rrlb_mpc.png`

# Numerical experiments - CSTR

`../cstr_package/mpc.png`

# Numerical experiments - CSTR

Here are the solve times in ms :

`../cstr_package/solve_times.png`

	mean	stdev
RRLB MPC	25.538	2.863
MPC	170.896	25.234

Solve times for both schemes