

```

> eq:=x(n+1)=-1/2*x(n) ;
eq :=  $x(n + 1) = -\frac{1}{2} x(n)$ 

> ans:=rsolve(eq,x(n)) ;
ans :=  $x(0) \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$ 

> limit(ans,n=infinity) ;
0

> rsolve({eq,x(0)=0},x(n))
0

> f:=x->x^2-4;
f :=  $x \rightarrow x^2 - 4$ 

> eq:=x(n+1)=f(x(n)) ;
eq :=  $x(n + 1) = x(n)^2 - 4$ 

> rsolve(eq,x(n)) ;
rsolve( $x(n + 1) = x(n)^2 - 4, x(n)$ )

> ecp:=solve(x=f(x),x);
ecp :=  $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{17}, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{17}$ 

> D(f)(x);

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^2 - 4)$$


> ecp[1];evalf(%);

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{17}$$

-1.561552813

> ecp[2];evalf(%);

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{17}$$

2.561552813

> D(f)(ecp[1]);

$$1 - \sqrt{17}$$


> evalf(D(f)(ecp[1]));
-3.123105626

> abs(%);
3.123105626

> D(f)(ecp[2]);

$$1 + \sqrt{17}$$


> evalf(D(f)(ecp[2]));
5.123105626

> x[0]:=0;N:=5;
x_0 := 0
N := 5

```

```
> for i from 0 to N-1 do
    x[i+1]:=f(x[i])
end do;
```

$$x_1 := -4$$

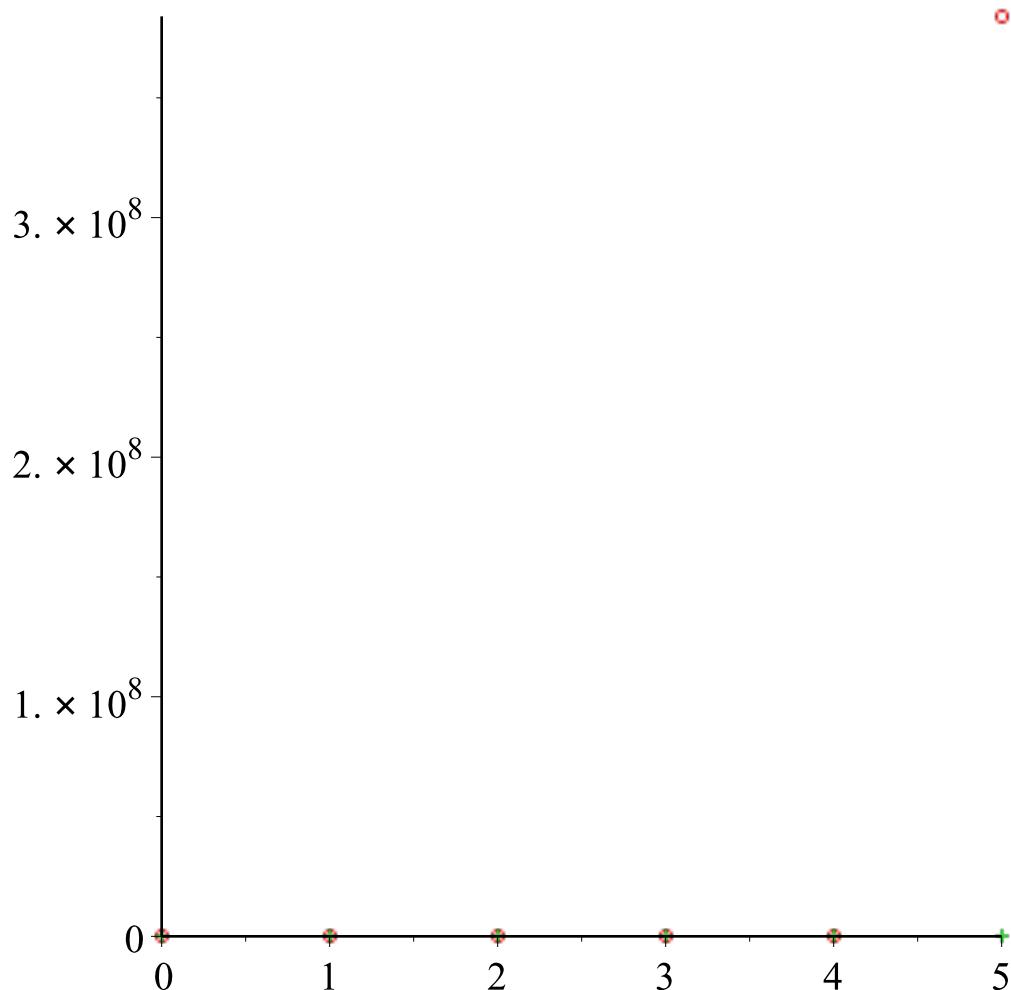
$$x_2 := 12$$

$$x_3 := 140$$

$$x_4 := 19596$$

$$x_5 := 384003212$$

```
> plot([[n,x[n]]$n=0..N],[[n,eqp[1]]$n=0..N]],style=[point,point],
symbol=[circle,cross],color=[red,green]);
```



```
> f:=x->2*x/(1+x);
```

$$f := x \rightarrow \frac{2x}{x + 1}$$

```
> eqp:=solve(x=f(x),x);
```

$$eqp := 0, 1$$

```
> D(f)(0);
```

$$2$$

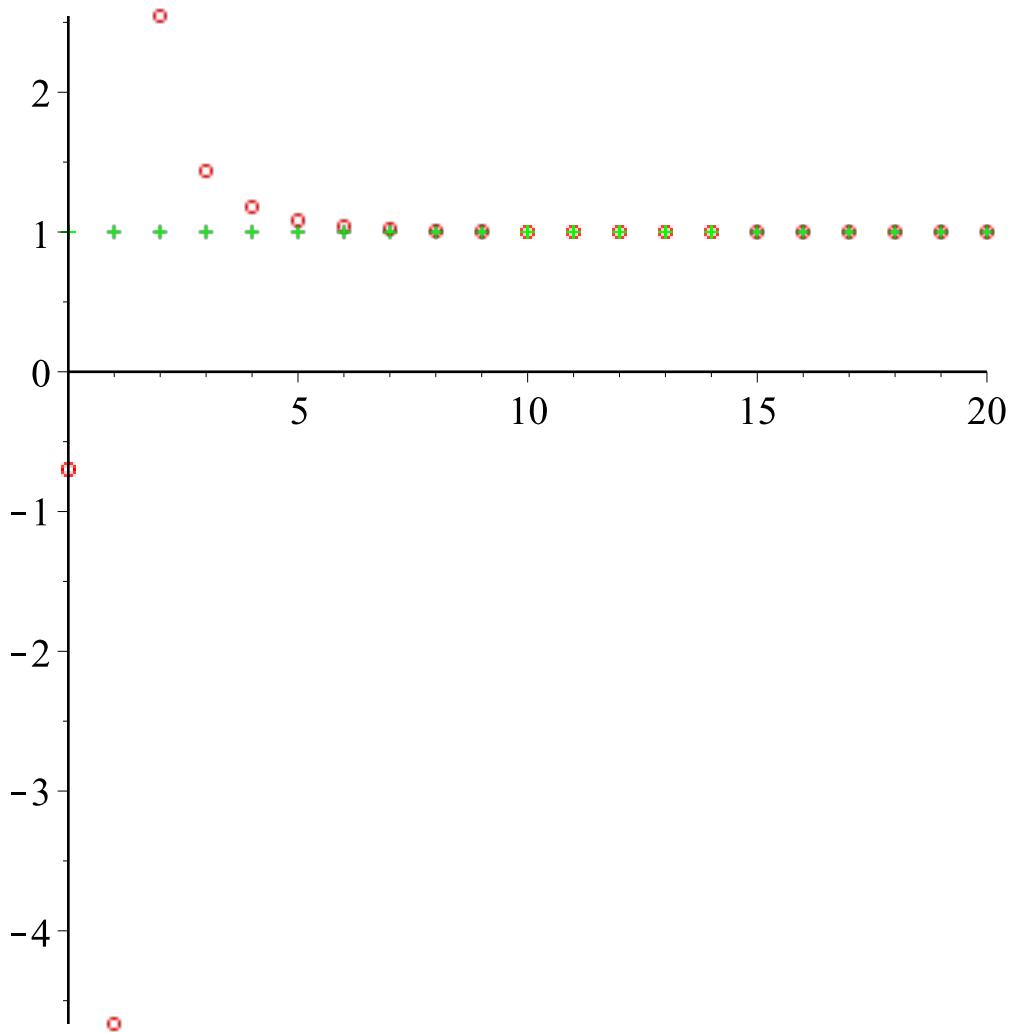
```
> D(f)(1);
```

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

```

> x[0]:=-0.7;N:=20;
x₀ := -0.7
N := 20
> for i from 0 to N-1 do
  x[i+1]:=f(x[i])
end do:
> plot([[n,x[n]]$n=0..N],[[n,1]$n=0..N]],style=[point,point],
symbol=[circle,cross],color=[red,green]);

```



### The Schur-Cohn Criterion

For the equation the equation

$$q^2 = p_1 q + p_2$$

we have:

$$|q_{1,2}| < 1 \text{ if and only if } |p_1| < 1 - p_2 < 2$$

```

[> restart;

> f:=(u,v)->(a*u+b*v*exp(-v))*exp(-u);
f:= (u, v) → (a u + b v e-v) e-u

> deq:=x(n+1)=f(x(n),x(n-1));
deq := x(n + 1) = (a x(n) + b x(n - 1) e-x(n - 1)) e-x(n)

> eq:=x=f(x,x);
eq := x = (a x + b x e-x) e-x

> eqp:=solve(eq,x);
eqp := 0, -ln(1/2  $\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}$ ), -ln(-1/2  $\frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}$ )

> (-a+sqrt(a^2+4*b))<2*b
-a + √(a2 + 4 b) < 2 b

> sqrt(a^2+4*b)<a+2*b;
√(a2 + 4 b) < 2 b + a

> (sqrt(a^2+4*b))^2<(a+2*b)^2;
a2 + 4 b < (2 b + a)2

> (sqrt(a^2+4*b))^2<expand((a+2*b)^2);
a2 + 4 b < a2 + 4 a b + 4 b2

> 4*a*b+4*b^2-4*b>0;
0 < 4 a b + 4 b2 - 4 b

> factor(4*a*b+4*b^2-4*b)>0;
0 < 4 b (a + b - 1)

```

the second equilibrium point is positive if  $a+b>1$

the third equilibrium point is a complex number

```

> eqp[1];eqp[2];
0
- ln(1/2  $\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}$ )

> p1:=D[1](f)(0,0);
p1 := a

> p2:=D[2](f)(0,0);
p2 := b

> lineq:=y(n+1)=p1*y(n)+p2*y(n-1);
lineq := y(n + 1) = a y(n) + b y(n - 1)

> chareq:=q^2=p1*q+p2;
chareq := q2 = a q + b

> rr:=solve(chareq,q);
rr := 1/2 a + 1/2 √(a2 + 4 b), 1/2 a - 1/2 √(a2 + 4 b)

> p1<1-p2;

```

$$a < -b + 1$$

> **1-p2<2;**

$$-b < 1$$

if  $a+b < 1$  then  $x=0$  is locally asymptotically stable

> **p1:=D[1](f)(eqp[2],eqp[2]);**

$$\begin{aligned} p1 := \frac{1}{2} \frac{a(-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b})}{b} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{b} \left( \left( -a \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}) \right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}) \right) \end{aligned}$$

> **simplify(%);**

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{b} \left( (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}) \left( \ln(2) \sqrt{a^2 + 4b} + \ln(2) a - \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 4b} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) a - 2a \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

> **p2:=D[2](f)(eqp[2],eqp[2]);**

$$\begin{aligned} p2 := \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{b} \left( \left( -\frac{1}{2} a + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a^2 + 4b} + \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}) \right) (-a \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}) \right) \end{aligned}$$

> **simplify(%);**

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{b} \left( \left( \ln(2) \sqrt{a^2 + 4b} - \ln(2) a - \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 4b} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) a - \sqrt{a^2 + 4b} + a \right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}) \right) \end{aligned}$$

> **chareq:=q^2=p1\*q+p2;**

$$\begin{aligned} chareq := q^2 = \left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{a(-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b})}{b} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{b} \left( \left( -a \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. - \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}) \right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}) \right) q \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{b} \left( \left( -\frac{1}{2} a + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a^2 + 4b} + \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}) \right) (-a \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

> **rr:=solve(chareq,q);**

$$rr := \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4b}}{b}\right) + 1, \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 4b} a - a^2 - 2b}{b}$$

```
> (1/2)*(sqrt(a^2+4*b)*a-a^2-2*b)/b
```

```
> eqp[2];
```

$$-\ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right)$$

```
> p1<1-p2;
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \frac{a (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b})}{b} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{b} \left( \left( -a \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. - \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}) \right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}) \right) < 1 \\ & \quad - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{b} \left( \left( -\frac{1}{2} a + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} + \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}) \right) \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

```
> simplify(%);
```

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{b} \left( (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}) \left( \ln(2) \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} + \ln(2) a - \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. - \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) a - 2 a \right) \right) < -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{b} \left( \ln(2) \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} a - \ln(2) a^2 \right. \\ & \quad \left. - \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} a + \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) a^2 - 2 \ln(2) b \right. \\ & \quad \left. + 2 \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) b - \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} a + a^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

```
> 1-p2<2;
```

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{b} \left( \left( -\frac{1}{2} a + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} + \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}) \right) \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} \right) \right) < 1 \end{aligned}$$

```
> simplify(%);
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{b} \left( \left( \ln(2) \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} - \ln(2) a - \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + \ln\left(\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}}{b}\right) a - \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b} + a \right) (-a + \sqrt{a^2 + 4 b}) \right) < 1 \end{aligned}$$

```
> a:=0.2;b:=0.6;
```

$$a := 0.2$$

$$b := 0.6$$

```
> solve(x=f(x,x),x);
```

$$0., -0.1266693134, -0.3841563104 - 3.141592654 I$$

```
> p1:=D[1](f)(0,0);
```

```

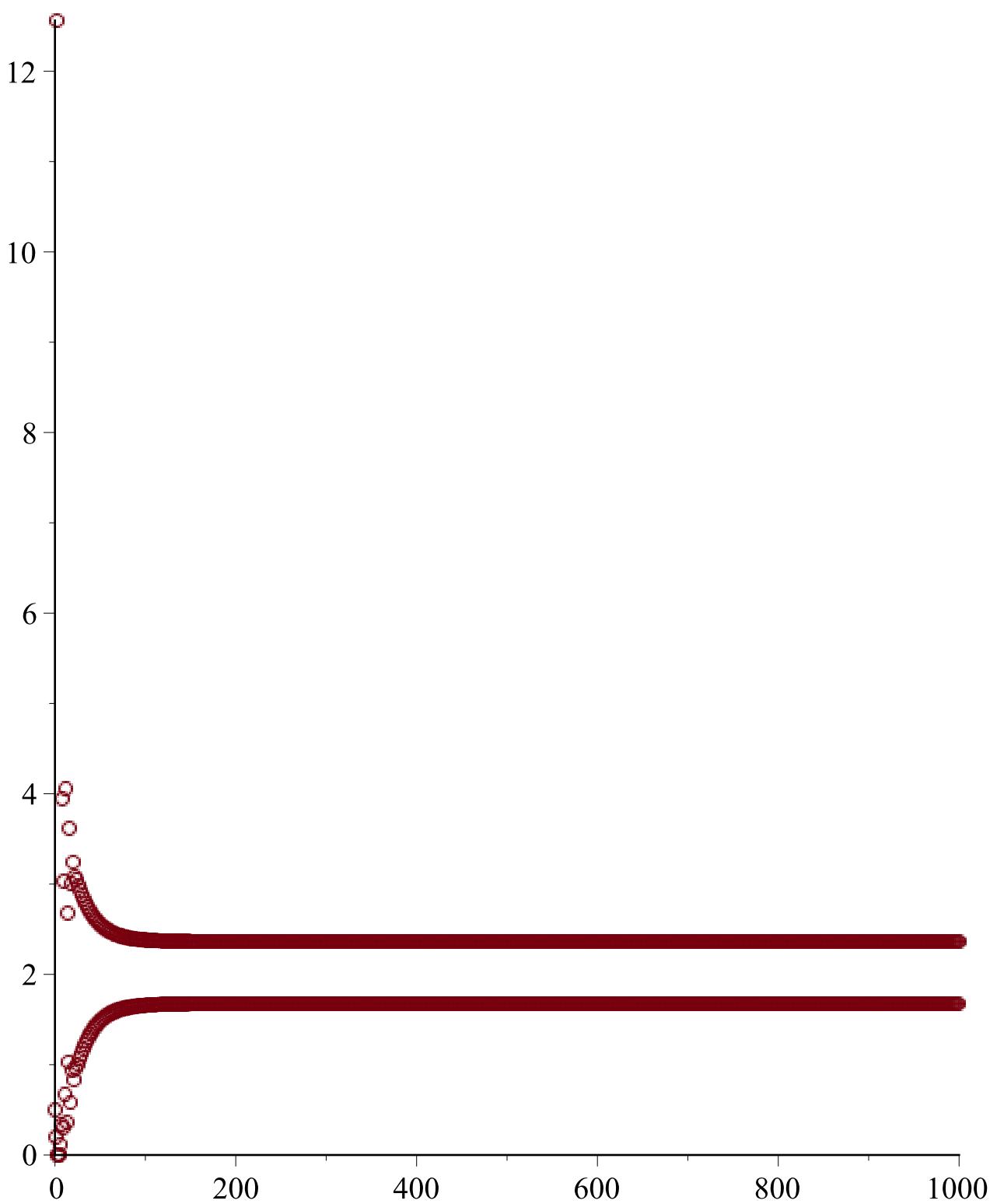
          p1 := 0.2
> p2:=D[2](f)(0,0);
          p2 := 0.6
> lineq:=y(n+1)=p1*y(n)+p2*y(n-1);
          lineq :=  $y(n + 1) = 0.2 y(n) + 0.6 y(n - 1)$ 
> chareq:=q^2=p1*q+p2;
          chareq :=  $q^2 = 0.2 q + 0.6$ 
> rr:=solve(chareq,q);
          rr := 0.8810249676, -0.6810249676
> a:=0.4;b:=0.8;
          a := 0.4
          b := 0.8
> f(u,v);
           $(0.4 u + 0.8 v e^{-v}) e^{-u}$ 
> eqp:=solve(x=f(x,x),x);
          eqp := 0., 0.1102123515, -0.3333559028 - 3.141592654 I
> p1:=D[1](f)(0,0);
          p1 := 0.4
> p2:=D[2](f)(0,0);
          p2 := 0.8
> chareq:=q^2=p1*q+p2;
          chareq :=  $q^2 = 0.4 q + 0.8$ 
> rr:=solve(chareq,q);
          rr := 1.116515139, -0.7165151390
> eqp[2];
          0.1102123515
> p1:=D[1](f)(eqp[2],eqp[2]);
          p1 := 0.2480452180
> p2:=D[2](f)(eqp[2],eqp[2]);
          p2 := 0.5710144882
> chareq:=q^2=p1*q+p2;
          chareq :=  $q^2 = 0.2480452180 q + 0.5710144882$ 
> rr:=solve(chareq,q);
          rr := 0.8897876485, -0.6417424305
> a:=0.9;b:=50;
          a := 0.9
          b := 50
> f(u,v);
           $(0.9 u + 50 v e^{-v}) e^{-u}$ 
> eqp:=solve(x=f(x,x),x);
          eqp := 0., 2.019608234, 1.892414771 - 3.141592654 I
> p1:=D[1](f)(eqp[2],eqp[2]);
          p1 := -1.900171535
> p2:=D[2](f)(eqp[2],eqp[2]);

```

```

p2 := -0.8978295916
> chareq:=q^2=p1*q+p2;
          chareq :=  $q^2 = -1.900171535 q - 0.8978295916$ 
> rr:=solve(chareq,q);
          rr := -0.8805632963, -1.019608239
> x[0]:=0.5;x[1]:=0.2;N:=1000;
          x0 := 0.5
          x1 := 0.2
          N := 1000
> for i from 0 to N-2 do
    x[i+2]:=f(x[i+1],x[i])
  end do:
> plot([[n,x[n]]$n=0..N],style=point,symbol=circle);

```



```
> plot([[n,x[n]]$n=0..N]);
```

