

## Examples II for Time Series (S8)

NB: Stationarity by itself always means ‘second-order’ stationarity

A general hint for some parts of the two questions: the autocovariance sequence of an MA( $q$ ) process is given by

$$s_\tau = \begin{cases} \sigma_\epsilon^2 \sum_{j=0}^{q-|\tau|} \theta_{j,q} \theta_{j+|\tau|,q}, & \text{if } |\tau| \leq q, \\ 0, & \text{if } |\tau| > q. \end{cases}$$

- [1](a) If  $\{X_t\}$  and  $\{Y_t\}$  are uncorrelated stationary sequences — i.e.,  $X_s$  and  $Y_t$  are uncorrelated for every  $s$  and  $t$  — show that  $\{Z_t\}$  defined by  $Z_t = X_t + Y_t$ , is stationary with autocovariance sequence given by  $s_{Z,\tau} = s_{X,\tau} + s_{Y,\tau}$ , where  $\{s_{X,\tau}\}$  is the autocovariance sequence for  $\{X_t\}$  and  $\{s_{Y,\tau}\}$  is the autocovariance sequence for  $\{Y_t\}$ .
- (b) Determine, with full justification, whether

$$s_\tau = \begin{cases} 2 + \psi^2, & \tau = 0; \\ -\psi, & |\tau| = 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

(where  $\psi$  is a constant with  $|\psi| < 1$ ), is a valid autocovariance sequence.

- [2] Let  $\{X_t\}$  be a Gaussian (normal) stationary process with a mean of zero and autocorrelation sequence  $\rho_{X,\tau}$ .

*You will need to use the following version of the Isserlis Theorem: If  $X_j, X_k, X_l, X_m$  are any four real-valued Gaussian random variables with zero mean then*

$$E\{X_j X_k X_l X_m\} = E\{X_j X_k\}E\{X_l X_m\} + E\{X_j X_l\}E\{X_k X_m\} + E\{X_j X_m\}E\{X_k X_l\}.$$

- (a) Define  $Y_t = X_t X_{t-1}$ . Find the autocovariance sequence  $s_{Y,\tau}$  of  $\{Y_t\}$  in terms of the autocovariance sequence  $s_{X,\tau}$  of  $\{X_t\}$ .

If  $\{X_t\}$  is an MA(1) process, give the form of  $s_{Y,\tau}$  in terms of  $\theta_{1,1}$  and  $\sigma_\epsilon^2$ .

- (b) Show that the autocorrelation sequence for  $Y_t = X_t^2$  is given by  $\rho_{Y,\tau} = \rho_{X,\tau}^2$ .

Find *one* model for  $\{X_t\}$ , such that  $Y_t = X_t^2$  has autocovariance sequence  $\{s_{Y,\tau}\}$  given by

$$s_{Y,\tau} = \begin{cases} 200, & \tau = 0; \\ 0, & |\tau| = 1; \\ 18, & |\tau| = 2; \\ 0, & |\tau| > 2, \end{cases}$$

giving all parameter value combinations that satisfy the stated form of  $\{s_{Y,\tau}\}$ .