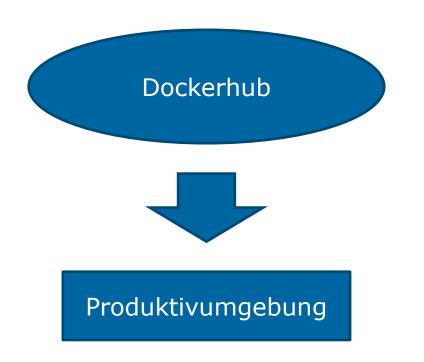
Tübix 2017

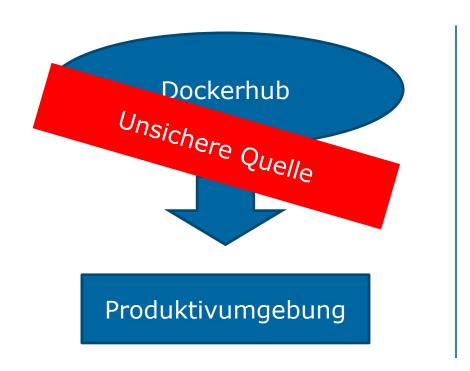
Image-Scanner für Docker

24.06.2017 - Josef Plendl

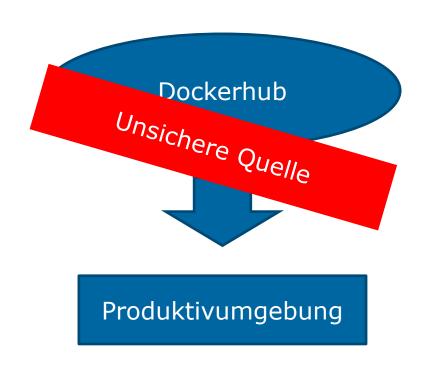


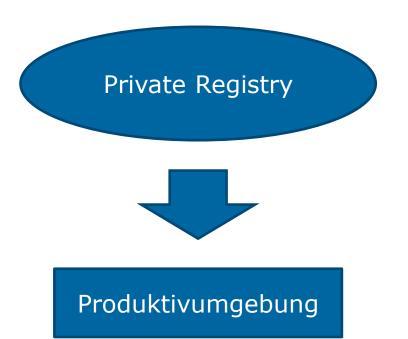


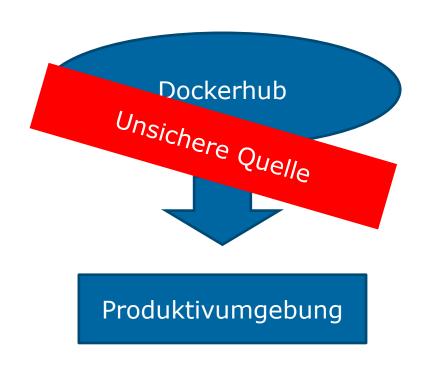
















Einschub: Sicherheitslücken

Neue Sicherheitslücke

- ▶ Betroffene Hard- / Software
- Auswirkungen / Charakteristika
- Angriffsvektoren
- Risikoeinstufung



Einschub: Sicherheitslücken

Neue Sicherheitslücke

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- Angriffsvektoren
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CVE-2017-0144



Einschub: Sicherheitslücken

Neue Sicherheitslücke

- ▶ Betroffene Hard- / Software
- Auswirkungen / Charakteristika
- Angriffsvektoren
- Risikoeinstufung

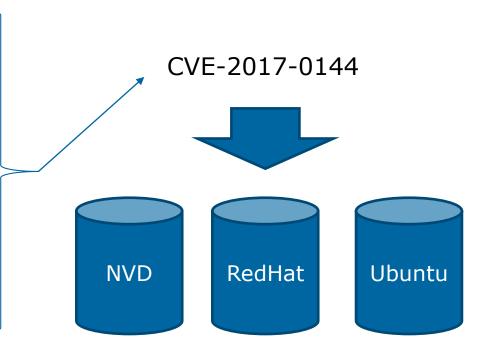


Image-Scanner



Docker: Security Scan

- Docker Cloud
- Docker Hub



Image-Scanner





Docker: Security Scan

- Docker Cloud
- Docker Hub

CoreOS: Clair

- Quay.io / Enterprise
- Dockyard
- Clairctl
- Klar
- Reg



Image-Scanner







Docker: Security Scan

- Docker Cloud
- Docker Hub

CoreOS: Clair

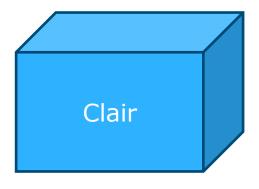
- Quay.io / Enterprise
- Dockyard
- Clairctl
- Klar
- Reg

RedHat: Atomic Scan

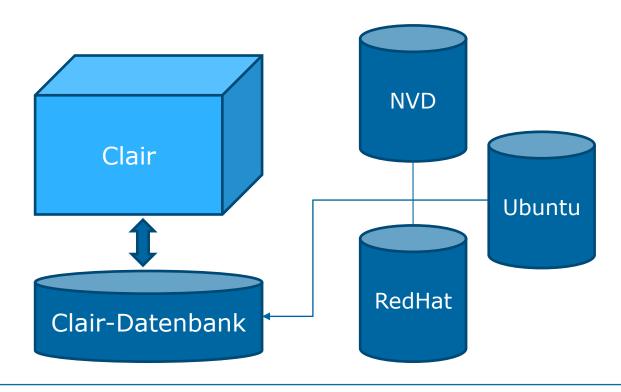
IBM: Vulnerability Advisor



Clair

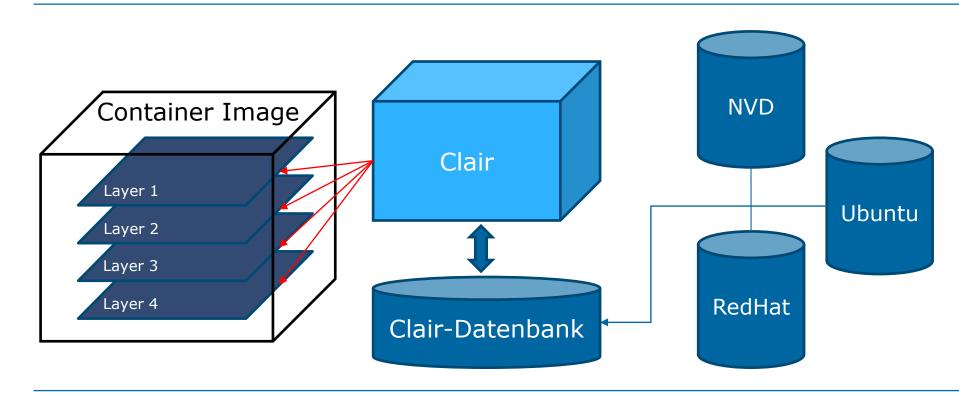


Clair



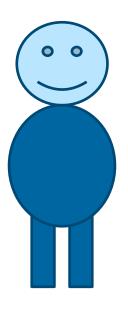


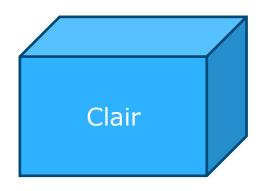
Clair



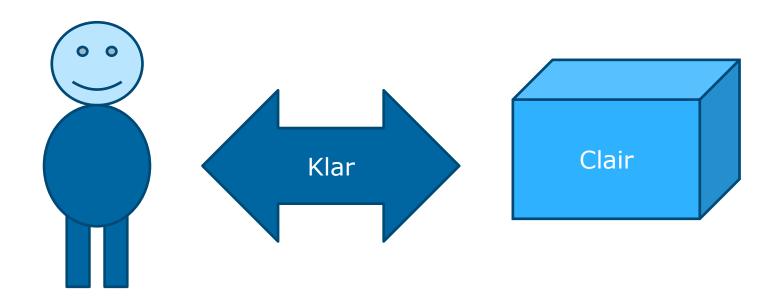


Klar





Klar



Clair/Klar Scan

```
jplendl@ubuntu:~/go/src/github.com/optiopay/klar$ CLAIR ADDR=http://localhost DOCKER USER
                                                                                                  DOCKER PASSWORD:
./klar library/centos
Analysing 3 lavers
Found 2 vulnerabilities
RHSA-2017:1481: [Hiah]
The qlibc packages provide the standard C libraries (libc). POSIX thread libraries (libpthread), standard math libraries (l
ibm), and the name service cache daemon (nscd) used by multiple programs on the system. Without these libraries, the Linux
system cannot function correctly. Security Fix(es): st A flaw was found in the way memory was being allocated on the stack f
or user space binaries. If heap (or different memory region) and stack memory regions were adjacent to each other, an attac
ker could use this flaw to jump over the stack guard gap, cause controlled memory corruption on process stack or the adjace
nt memory region, and thus increase their privileges on the system. This is glibc-side mitigation which blocks processing o
f LD LIBRARY PATH for programs running in secure-execution mode and reduces the number of allocations performed by the proc
essing of LD AUDIT, LD PRELOAD, and LD HWCAP MASK, making successful exploitation of this issue more difficult. (CVE-2017-1
000366) Red Hat would like to thank Qualys Research Labs for reporting this issue.
https://access.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2017:1481
RHSA-2017:1481: [High]
The glibc packages provide the standard C libraries (libc). POSIX thread libraries (libpthread), standard math libraries (l
ibm), and the name service cache daemon (nscd) used by multiple programs on the system. Without these libraries, the Linux
system cannot function correctly. Security Fix(es): st A flaw was found in the way memory was being allocated on the stack f
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000366) Red Hat would like to thank Qualys Research Labs for reporting this issue.
https://access.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2017:1481
Hiah: 2
```

Vielen Dank

Ansprechpartner für weitere Informationen:

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Bild- und Textquellen

Quellen

Bildquellen:

https://cloud.githubusercontent.com/assets/343539/21630811/c5081e5c-d202-11e6-92eb-919d5999c77a.png

https://kleewald.eu/wp-content/uploads/2017/04/docker_logo.png

http://community.redhat.com/images/branding/logo-atomic.png?1461773619

Textquellen:

https://cve.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/

https://github.com/coreos/clair

https://github.com/optiopay/klar

