

There Is No Largest Prime Number

The proof uses *reductio ad absurdum*.

Theorem

There is no largest prime number.

Beweis.

1. Suppose p were the largest prime number.
2. Consider the number $q = p + 1$.
3. q is not prime, because it is divisible by p .
4. But $q + 1$ is greater than 1, thus divisible by some prime number not in the first p numbers.



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2. Let q be the product of the first p numbers.
3. $q + 1$ is greater than 1, thus divisible by some prime number not in the first p numbers.



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Theorem

There is no largest prime number.

Beweis.

1. Suppose p were the largest prime number.
2. Let q be the product of the first p numbers.
3. Then $q + 1$ is not divisible by any of them.
4. But $q + 1$ is greater than 1, thus divisible by some prime number not in the first p numbers. □

Beamer terminology

frame

frame is basic building blocks of presentations.

Beamer terminology

frame

`frame` is basic building blocks of presentations.

`frame` consists of a series of slides.

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`frame` is basic building blocks of presentations.

`frame` consists of a series of slides.

`frame` is a beamer environment.

More terminology

frametitle, framesubtitle

frametitle Title displayed on the frame.

More terminology

frametitle, framesubtitle

frametitle Title displayed on the frame.

framesubtitle Subtitle displayed on the frame.

overlays

Definition

Overlays are the equivalent of PowerPoint transitions in beamer.
Allows elements to be shown on different slides in the same frame.