# IF4031 Pengembangan Aplikasi Terdistribusi

### EKSPLORASI NOSQL CASSANDRA

oleh

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# PROGRAM STUDI TEKNIK INFORMATIKA SEKOLAH TEKNIK ELEKTRO DAN INFORMATIKA INSTITUT TEKNOLOGI BANDUNG BANDUNG

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#### A. Output status server

Perintah: nodetool status

```
Output status server dari node 167.205.35.19
Datacenter: datacenter1
Status=Up/Down
|/ State=Normal/Leaving/Joining/Moving
-- Address Load Tokens
   Address
                   Load
                                             Owns
                                                      Host ID
Rack
UN 167.205.35.21 4.77 MiB
                                                      4ec1ca1d-9b8a-4936-996f-aae9f8228397
rack1
UN 167.205.35.22 5.11 MiB
                                                      d05af7e6-3fac-4a19-9da1-11464081676b
rack1
UN 167.205.35.19 4.44 MiB rack1
                                                      4b1288f8-c3c2-4633-a48d-e1ad44203592
```

#### B. Percobaan dengan table users

No	1		
Deskripsi Membuat table users, lalu describe table			
Query CREATE TABLE users (     user_id int PRIMARY KEY,     fname text,     lname text			
	);		
	DESCRIBE users;		
Output	CREATE TABLE wijayaerick.users (     user_id int PRIMARY KEY,     fname text,     lname text ) WITH bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01     AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}     AND comment = ''     AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.SizeTieredCompactionStrategy', 'max_threshold': '32', 'min_threshold': '4'}     AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '64', 'class':		
	'org.apache.cassandra.io.compress.LZ4Compressor'}  AND crc_check_chance = 1.0  AND dclocal_read_repair_chance = 0.1  AND default_time_to_live = 0  AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000  AND max_index_interval = 2048  AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0  AND min_index_interval = 128  AND read_repair_chance = 0.0  AND speculative_retry = '99PERCENTILE';		

No	2			
Deskripsi	Insert data ke table users, lalu tampilkan isi tabel			
Query	<pre>INSERT INTO users (user_id, fname, lname) VALUES (1745, 'john', 'smith'); INSERT INTO users (user_id, fname, lname) VALUES (1744, 'john', 'doe'); INSERT INTO users (user_id, fname, lname) VALUES (1746, 'john', 'smith'); SELECT * FROM users;</pre>			
Output	user_id   fname   lname 			

No	3
Deskripsi	Buat indeks baru, lalu describe table
Query	CREATE INDEX ON users (lname); DESCRIBE users;
Output	CREATE TABLE wijayaerick.users (     user_id int PRIMARY KEY,     fname text,     lname text ) WITH bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01     AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}     AND comment = ''     AND compaction = {'class':     'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.SizeTieredCompactionStrategy',     'max_threshold': '32', 'min_threshold': '4'}     AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '64', 'class':     'org.apache.cassandra.io.compress.LZ4Compressor'}     AND crc_check_chance = 1.0     AND dclocal_read_repair_chance = 0.1     AND default_time_to_live = 0     AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000     AND max_index_interval = 2048     AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0     AND min_index_interval = 128     AND read_repair_chance = 0.0     AND speculative_retry = '99PERCENTILE'; CREATE INDEX users_lname_idx ON wijayaerick.users (lname);

No	4			
Deskripsi	Tampilkan semua yang memiliki nama belakang 'smith'			
Query	SELECT * FROM users WHERE lname = 'smith';			
Output	user_id   fname   lname			
	1745   john   smith			
	1746   john   smith			

# C. Percobaan Client API Cassandra (Python)

No	1			
Deskripsi	Memulai koneksi ke cluster			
Kode program	<pre>from cassandra.cluster import Cluster from cassandra import ReadTimeout</pre>			
	<pre>cluster = Cluster(['159.65.140.125', '167.99.67.66',</pre>			

No	2		
Deskripsi Mengeksekusi kueri select			
Kode program	<pre>rows = session.execute('SELECT user_id, fname, lname      FROM users') for (user_id, fname, lname) in rows:     print(user_id, fname, lname)</pre>		

Output	1745 john smith
1	1744 john doe
	1746 john smith

```
No 3

Deskripsi Mengeksekusi kueri insert into

Kode program

INSERT INTO users (user_id, fname, lname)

VALUES (%s, %s, %s)

""",
 (1234, "dog", "smith")
)
```

```
No
           4
Deskripsi
           Mengeksekusi kueri select secara async
           query = "SELECT * FROM users WHERE lname=%s ALLOW
Kode
           FILTERING"
program
           future = session.execute async(query, ["smith"])
               rows = future.result()
               for (user_id, fname, lname) in rows:
                   print(user_id, fname, lname)
           except ReadTimeout:
               log.exception("Query timed out:")
           1745 john smith
Output
           1746 john smith
           1234 dog smith
```

#### Kode program lengkap:

```
# http://datastax.github.io/python-driver/getting_started.html
from cassandra.cluster import Cluster
from cassandra import ReadTimeout
import logging as log
cluster = Cluster(['159.65.140.125', '167.99.67.66',
'206.189.40.171', '206.189.47.228'])
session = cluster.connect('wijayaerick')
rows = session.execute('SELECT user_id, fname, lname FROM users')
for (user_id, fname, lname) in rows:
    print(user_id, fname, lname)
session.execute(
"""
```

```
INSERT INTO users (user_id, fname, lname)
    VALUES (%s, %s, %s)
    """,
    (1234, "dog", "smith")
)

query = "SELECT * FROM users WHERE lname=%s ALLOW FILTERING"
future = session.execute_async(query, ["smith"])
try:
    rows = future.result()
    for (user_id, fname, lname) in rows:
        print(user_id, fname, lname)
except ReadTimeout:
    log.exception("Query timed out:")
```

#### D. Rumusan query untuk fitur-fitur

```
1
No
Deskripsi
              Membuat struktur data
              CREATE TABLE users (
Query
                  username text PRIMARY KEY,
                  password text
              );
              CREATE TABLE friends (
                  username text,
                  friend text,
                  since timestamp,
                  PRIMARY KEY (username, friend)
              );
              CREATE TABLE followers (
                  username text,
                  follower text,
                  since timestamp,
                  PRIMARY KEY (username, follower)
              CREATE TABLE tweets (
                  tweet_id uuid PRIMARY KEY,
                  username text,
                  body text
              CREATE TABLE userline (
                  username text,
                  time timeuuid,
                  tweet_id uuid,
                  PRIMARY KEY (username, time)
              ) WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (time DESC);
              CREATE TABLE timeline (
                  username text,
                  time timeuuid,
                  tweet_id uuid,
                  PRIMARY KEY (username, time)
              ) WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (time DESC);
```

No	2			
Deskripsi	Mendaftar user baru: insert row ke tabel users			
Query	<pre>INSERT INTO users (username, password) VALUES ('wijayaerick', '123456'); INSERT INTO users (username, password) VALUES ('micin', '123456'); INSERT INTO users (username, password) VALUES ('msg', '123456');</pre>			
Output	username   password 			

No	3				
Deskripsi	Follow a friend: insert row ke tabel friends dan followers				
Query	INSERT INTO friends (username, friend, since) VALUES ('wijayaerick', 'micin', '2018-10-20 16:20'); INSERT INTO friends (username, friend, since) VALUES ('micin', 'wijayaerick', '2018-10-20 16:20'); INSERT INTO followers (username, follower, since) VALUES ('wijayaerick', 'micin', '2018-10-20 16:20'); INSERT INTO followers (username, follower, since) VALUES ('micin', 'wijayaerick', '2018-10-20 16:20'); SELECT * FROM friends; SELECT * FROM followers;				
Output	username   friend   since				
	wijayaerick   micin   2018-10-20 16:20:00.000000+0000 micin   wijayaerick   2018-10-20 16:20:00.000000+0000				
	username   follower   since				
	wijayaerick   micin   2018-10-20 16:20:00.000000+0000 micin   wijayaerick   2018-10-20 16:20:00.000000+0000				

No	4				
Deskripsi	Tweet: insert row ke tabel tweet, userline, timeline dan timeline				
	semua follower				
Query	INSERT INTO tweets (tweet_id, username, body) VALUES (0000000-0000-0000-0000-0000-0000-0000				
Output	tweet_id   body   username				
_	00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000000				

username	time	tweet_id
wijayaerick	d2177dd0-eaa2-11de-a572-001b779c76e3	00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000
username	time	tweet_id
wijayaerick   micin	d2177dd0-eaa2-11de-a572-001b779c76e3 d2177dd0-eaa2-11de-a572-001b779c76e3	00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000001 00000000

No	5		
Deskripsi	Menampilkan tweet per user		
Query	SELECT * FROM tweets WHERE username='wijayaerick';		
Output	tweet_id	body	username
	0000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000000001	my first tweet	wijayaerick

No	6		
Deskripsi	Menampilkan timeline per user		
Query	SELECT * FROM timeline WHERE username='micin';		
Output	username   time	tweet_id	
-	micin   d2177dd0-eaa2-11de-a572-001b779c76e3	00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000001	

#### Referensi

http://cassandra.apache.org/

https://wiki.apache.org/cassandra/ClientOptions

http://datastax.github.io/python-driver/index.html

https://github.com/datastax/python-driver

https://github.com/tugas-itb-erick/cassandra-explore