

DOCUMENTATION EUROPINIONS: Public opinion survey

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1. MAIN DOCUMENTATION OF PANEL SURVEY

1.1 PANELS

Design:

The design of the panel survey is a multi-wave multi-country study. The study includes ten EU member states, in which at least three and at the most seven survey waves have been conducted. Countries are distributed into three subprojects, which differ in the number of survey waves and the content of each respective questionnaire. Within each subproject, the questionnaires are the same across the respective countries. The three subprojects are the following:

Sub 1 (7 waves): The Netherlands (NL)

Sub 2 (4 waves): Denmark (DK), Germany (DE), Hungary (HU) and Spain (ES)

Sub 3 (3 waves): Czech Republic (CZ), Greece (GR), France (FR), Poland (PL) and Sweden (SE)

While the different subprojects have overall different starting dates for the respective first wave, the last three waves (w5-w7) have been conducted in parallel in all ten countries. These waves include the pre- and post-electoral waves for the 2019 European Parliament Elections (w5 & w6) and an additional final wave focusing especially on the topic of mis- and disinformation during the EP elections campaign (w7). The overall content in terms of questions asked in each subproject is largely similar, with the exception of several specific questions only asked in NL and fewer repetitions of the same questions in subprojects with fewer waves. Due to the different number of waves, not all variables have been asked in parallel waves across subprojects. While event-specific questions were always assessed in parallel (e.g., voting behaviour during the EP elections), other, less time-specific variables may be included in different waves per subproject (e.g., basic socio-demographics that were usually asked in the first waves only). All survey waves were conducted using Computer Assisted Web Interviewing (CAWI), relying on the same web interface provided by Kantar.

Sample:

The fieldwork was coordinated by Kantar TNS in Amsterdam and involved Kantar subsidiaries in each country. In every country, a sample was drawn from the respective databases. These databases rely on multiple recruitment strategies, including telephone, face-to-face, and online recruitment. Quotas (on age, gender, region and education) were enforced in sampling from the databases.

Questionnaire and translations:

The root questionnaire was developed in English (and Dutch) and translated into nine different national languages. The translations were carried out by Cetra and DaVinci (only Sub2 Wave 1) and Global Lingo (all remaining waves). The latter company's approach includes three stages: 1) translation by one linguist, 2) proofreading and editing by a second linguist, 3) followed by quality checks (numbers, names, formatting, spelling, etc.). All of the linguists involved were native speakers, had a minimum of 5 years' translation experience, had a professional qualification in translation, and were subject matter experts. The research team, in cooperation

with native speaking assistants, supervised and doublechecked the respective translations. Furthermore, several of the local Kantar/Lightspeed teams added another layer of language checking. Irregularities and problems arising from the translations were resolved by deliberation.

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Ethics:

The survey data collection underwent the ethical approval procedure at the department of Political Communication and Journalism at the University of Amsterdam. It was approved at August 28, 2017 and documented under the ERB number 2017-PCJ-8272.

Recruitment from online panels:

All respondents who took part in the survey were already members of online panels. These online panels consist of several thousand members per country. The following table provides an overview which online panels were used for each country, and the respective size of these panels:

Country	Kantar/TNS	LSR/GMI	Gallup	Tolluna	CINT	SSI	JTN
Netherlands	124k						
Denmark		11k	61k				
Germany		233k					
Hungary		3k		64k			
Spain		153k			1.758k	185k	
Czech Republic	45k						
France		277k					
Greece		15k			154k		42k
Poland		38k					
Sweden	100k	16k					

Members of these panels receive an incentive for each survey that they participate in. The payment of the incentive follows an internal system of earning points, which later can be exchanged for money, vouchers, gifts for charity organisations, etc. For the Europinions study, respondents who took part in more than one wave received an incremental amount of points for each extra wave. In the Netherlands, this was slightly different: Every respondent received an amount of points per wave, depending on interview length. The rate was 54 NIPOints per hour, with one NIPOint being worth 15 eurocents. Additionally, after wave 6, two vouchers worth € 100 were raffled among the Dutch respondents.

Survey invitation emails were sent out at the beginning of fieldwork. Respondents who had not yet participated in the survey were re-invited by reminder emails during the course of the fieldwork period. The respective dates of these repeated invitations were agreed upon between Kantar and the research team, depending upon the progress in response.

Fieldwork dates:

The first wave in Sub1 took place from 13th September to 1st October 2017, with the final waves across all three subprojects taking place from 1st to 12th July 2019. The exact fieldwork periods per subprojects are:

Waves	Sub 1	Sub 2	Sub 3
W1	13 Sep – 1 Oct 2017		
W2	16-28 Jan 2018		
W3	12-24 Jun 2018		
W4	7-27 Dec 2018	7 Dec 2018 – 14 Jan 2019	
W5	5-18 Apr 2019	5-24 Apr 2019	5-24 Apr 2019
W6	27 May – 9 Jun 2019	27 May – 10 Jun 2019	27 May – 5 Jun 2019
W7	1-10 Jul 2019	1-12 Jul 2019	1-12 Jul 2019

Fieldwork:

The data collection included a soft launch of some few hundred invited respondents only at the first day of the respective field period. This soft launch served as a security net to detect and correct potential problems before the full launch started. The soft launch never took more than the first day of each wave, often it only took some few hours before the full launch followed.

1.2 RESPONSE

Interviews completed:

The below table shows completed interviews per wave. This automatically implies that the respondent had also completed the previous waves, as only respondents having completed the interview in a given wave were re-invited to the subsequent wave. Following a data quality check of the raw data, some respondents had to be excluded, so that the presented numbers are the final numbers of interviews available for data analysis. The sample sizes for the “first” waves per country differ due to the expected country-specific attrition rates. The overall goal of the data collection was to have around 1000 respondents in the post-election wave (w6) and around 500 respondents in the final wave. Both goals have been reached with usually larger final numbers. Due to financial constraints, the fieldwork periods of wave 6 in Sub3 and wave 7 in all three subprojects were terminated even if the possible maximum number of respondents in these waves was not achieved. This is important to keep in mind for the subsequent information regarding response rates.

Country	Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3	Wave 4	Wave 5	Wave 6	Wave 7
Netherlands	3,026	2,648	2,236	1,942	1,637	1,299	1,067
Denmark				2,678	1,631	1,232	563
Germany				2,895	1,749	1,140	518
Hungary				2,746	1,289	881	586
Spain				2,867	1,579	1,172	552
Czech Republic					1,507	1,179	733
France					1,984	1,507	776
Greece					2,083	1,404	494
Poland					2,253	1,603	857
Sweden					1,315	971	497
TOTAL	3,026	2,648	2,236	13,128	17,027	12,388	6,643

Response rates:

In addition to the information about the absolute number of interviews per country and wave, see below for a summary table of the response rates and re-contact rates, respectively.

The response rate (RR) is calculated by dividing the number of completed interviews by the number of respondents invited to participate. We had to exclude some respondents in subproject 2 due to our internal data quality check of the raw data.¹ The re-contact rate (RCR) is calculated by dividing the number of completed interviews in wave t by the number of completed interviews in wave $t-1$, as all respondents having completed an interview were re-invited for the following wave. Remember that the fieldwork periods for sub3 in wave 6 and all countries in wave 7 was terminated early, as stated above.

Country	RR w1	RCR w2	RCR w3	RR/RCR w4	RR/RCR w5	RCR w6	RCR w7
Netherlands	71,8%	87,5%	84,4%	86,9%	84,3%	79,4%	82,1%
Denmark				15,1%	60,9%	75,5%	45,7%
Germany				9,5%	60,4%	65,2%	45,4%
Hungary				19,1%	46,9%	68,3%	66,5%
Spain				8,7%	55,1%	74,2%	47,1%
Czech Republic					25%	78,2%	62,2%
France					8%	76%	51,5%
Greece					32,3%	67,4%	35,2%
Poland					19,8%	71,7%	53,5%
Sweden					8,8%	73,8%	51,2%

¹ In detail, these exclusion numbers amount in wave 5 to 2 (DK), 28 (DE) and 1 (ES) respondents due to missing IDs. In wave 6, 103 (DK), 21 (DE) and 49 (ES) respondents were excluded due to missing IDs and erroneous invitations of wave 4 respondents who did not participate in wave 5. In wave 7, 77 (DK), 5 (ES) and 2 (HU) respondents were excluded due to duplicate IDs (one each for DK and HU) and erroneous invitations of wave 4/5 respondents who did not participate in wave 6.

1.3 SAMPLE COMPOSITION

The tables below show the sample compositions according to sex, age and education across waves, that is, the stability of the composition within each country sample (values=proportions). For the exact meaning of the education codes, see later description of variable Q90.

Netherlands							
	Wave1	Wave2	Wave3	Wave4	Wave5	Wave6	Wave7
Sex							
Female	50.0	50.0	50.6	49.6	49.5	49.8	50.1
Age							
17-30	19.0	18.6	18.6	17.4	17.0	17.1	16.9
31-45	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.3	26.5	27.8	27.9
46-60	28.6	28.9	29.4	30.0	29.8	30.2	30.3
60+	26.2	26.3	25.8	26.3	26.7	24.9	24.9
Education							
ES-ISCED I	3.5	3.4	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.3
ES-ISCED II	28.9	29.1	28.6	29.0	29.3	28.0	27.8
ES-ISCED IIIb	31.3	31.1	31.4	31.0	31.8	33.0	33.1
ES-ISCED IV	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.5	6.7	6.8
ES-ISCED V1	12.3	12.4	13.0	13.1	12.6	12.4	12.3
ES-ISCED V2	17.2	17.3	17.3	16.9	16.7	16.8	16.8

Denmark				
	Wave4	Wave5	Wave6	Wave7
Sex				
Female	49.9	47.9	48.0	44.2
Age				
18-30	17.3	11.5	11.6	10.1
31-45	24.3	23.6	24.4	23.8
46-60	24.5	25.8	25.8	24.5
60+	34.0	39.2	38.2	41.6
Education				
ES-ISCED I	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0
ES-ISCED II	17.1	16.7	17.4	18.1
ES-ISCED IIIb	36.0	37.0	37.7	38.5
ES-ISCED IV	13.5	12.5	12.7	14.4
ES-ISCED V1	21.6	21.3	20.6	18.7
ES-ISCED V2	8.8	9.6	8.6	7.3

Germany				
	Wave4	Wave5	Wave6	Wave7
Sex				
Female	49.8	51.3	49.8	47.5
Age				
18-30	10.3	7.9	6.6	6.6
31-45	24.6	23.3	21.8	19.3
46-60	37.0	41.1	42.9	44.4
60+	28.1	27.7	28.8	29.7
Education				
ES-ISCED I	1.0	0.6	0.3	0.4
ES-ISCED II	19.8	21.3	21.8	22.8
ES-ISCED IIIb	46.5	46.3	46.8	46.5
ES-ISCED IV	7.0	6.4	6.6	6.2
ES-ISCED V1	7.4	6.9	6.7	6.2
ES-ISCED V2	18.4	18.6	18.0	18.0

Hungary				
	Wave4	Wave5	Wave6	Wave7
Sex				
Female	51.6	51.1	49.8	49.3
Age				
18-30	20.2	13.4	12.0	10.4
31-45	28.8	30.2	28.5	31.1
46-60	28.9	31.3	32.9	34.0
60+	22.1	25.1	26.6	24.6
Education				
ES-ISCED I	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2
ES-ISCED II	2.7	1.9	1.6	1.0
ES-ISCED IIIb	25.5	23.5	23.8	23.6
ES-ISCED IIIa	18.1	17.2	17.6	16.9
ES-ISCED IV	17.6	19.0	17.7	19.3
ES-ISCED V1	22.3	22.5	23.6	23.2
ES-ISCED V2	13.4	15.8	15.4	15.9

Spain				
	Wave4	Wave5	Wave6	Wave7
Sex				
Female	46.7	46.6	46.6	48.6
Age				
18-30	15.4	11.8	11.0	9.2
31-45	29.6	31.9	33.1	37.9
46-60	36.6	40.1	40.6	42.9
60+	18.5	16.2	15.3	10.0
Education				
ES-ISCED I	4.2	5	4.6	3.4
ES-ISCED II	12.5	12.9	12.5	12.3
ES-ISCED IIIb	21.3	20.2	20.7	20.3
ES-ISCED IV	15.6	15.0	14.7	15.8
ES-ISCED V1	19.8	18.8	19.1	19.6
ES-ISCED V2	26.7	28.1	28.4	28.6

Czech Republic			
	Wave5	Wave6	Wave7
Sex			
Female	52.2	51.9	52.7
Age			
18-30	21.2	18.7	16.1
31-45	29.6	28.3	26.3
46-60	35.4	37.6	38.7
60+	13.8	15.4	18.8
Education			
ES-ISCED I	0.6	0.4	0.4
ES-ISCED II	9.4	9.2	8.6
ES-ISCED IIIb	41.7	41.7	43.0
ES-ISCED IIIa	16.5	17.1	16.8
ES-ISCED IV	15.7	15.5	14.7
ES-ISCED V1	5.4	4.5	3.8
ES-ISCED V2	10.9	11.6	12.7

France			
	Wave5	Wave6	Wave7
Sex			
Female	50.8	50.2	45.8
Age			
18-30	16.0	10.3	7.0
31-45	26.2	24.6	21.1
46-60	25.5	27.2	28.1
60+	32.3	37.9	43.8
Education			
ES-ISCED I	5.5	5.6	6.6
ES-ISCED II	7.2	7.0	8.0
ES-ISCED IIIb	34.0	35.2	34.3
ES-ISCED IIIa	9.1	9.1	10.2
ES-ISCED IV	20.9	21.2	21.1
ES-ISCED V1	6.9	6.4	6.6
ES-ISCED V2	16.5	15.5	13.3

Greece			
	Wave5	Wave6	Wave7
Sex			
Female	50.6	48.4	40.0
Age			
18-30	30.7	26.7	13.2
31-45	40.1	41.7	44.7
46-60	24.7	26.6	34.0
60+	4.5	5.1	8.1
Education			
ES-ISCED I	0.6	0.6	0.2
ES-ISCED II	1.2	1.1	1.4
ES-ISCED IIIb	21.0	20.0	18.4
ES-ISCED IIIa	4.8	4.1	4.1
ES-ISCED IV	14.4	14.0	17.6
ES-ISCED V1	38.0	38.8	35.8
ES-ISCED V2	20.2	21.4	22.5

Poland			
	Wave5	Wave6	Wave7
Sex			
Female	51.4	50.5	49.5
Age			
18-30	25.6	19.3	15.8
31-45	37.6	38.0	37.0
46-60	25.5	29.0	31.3
60+	11.3	13.7	16.0
Education			
ES-ISCED I	2.7	2.8	3.6
ES-ISCED II	5.3	4.7	4.1
ES-ISCED IIIb	24.9	22.7	23.1
ES-ISCED IIIa	10.1	9.4	9.0
ES-ISCED IV	9.8	10.7	11.0
ES-ISCED V1	13.6	13.4	12.5
ES-ISCED V2	33.8	36.3	36.8

Sweden			
	Wave5	Wave6	Wave7
Sex			
Female	50.4	47.8	47.1
Age			
18-30	22.2	21.4	18.1
31-45	25.1	25.6	23.3
46-60	24.7	25.0	25.8
60+	28.0	27.9	32.8
Education			
ES-ISCED I	1.2	1.0	1.8
ES-ISCED II	5.2	5.4	5.2
ES-ISCED IIIb	24.2	24.5	27.6
ES-ISCED IIIa	8.4	7.7	7.4
ES-ISCED IV	21.4	21.4	22.9
ES-ISCED V1	21.4	21.0	21.3
ES-ISCED V2	18.2	19.0	13.7

2. QUESTIONNAIRES PANEL **SURVEY - ENGLISH MASTER** **VERSION**

2.1 QUESTIONS OVERVIEW

Variable	Sub	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7
EU attitudes	1	Q1-18	Q1-18	Q1-18	Q1-18	Q1-18	Q1-18	
	2				Q1-18	Q1-18	Q1-18	
	3					Q1-18	Q1-18	
EU items	1	Q19-22	Q19-22	Q19-22	Q19-22	Q19-22	Q19-22	
	2				Q19-22	Q19-22	Q19-22	
	3					Q19-22	Q19-22	
EU exit referendum	1	Q23 ²	Q23	Q23	Q23	Q23	Q23	
	2				Q23	Q23	Q23	
	3					Q23	Q23	
EC president evaluation	1				Q24			
	2				Q24			
	3							
EU Turkey battery	1						Q25	
	2						Q25	
	3						Q25	
EP candidate evaluation	1					Q26		
	2					Q26		
	3					Q26		
EU solidarity	1		Q27	Q27	Q27	Q27	Q27	
	2				Q27	Q27	Q27	
	3					Q27	Q27	
Future EU scenarios	1		Q28 V1		Q28		Q28	
	2				Q28		Q28	
	3						Q28	
European integration (general)	1				Q29			
	2				Q29			
	3					Q29		
Propensity to vote	1	Q30			Q30		Q30	
	2				Q30		Q30	
	3					Q30	Q30	
Party identification	1	Q31			Q31			
	2				Q31			
	3					Q31		
Vote intention (national & EP)	1	Q32-33	Q32-33	Q32-33	Q32-33	Q32-33	Q32	
	2				Q32-33	Q32-33	Q32	
	3					Q32-33	Q32	
Political self-placement	1	Q34		Q34	Q34		Q34	
	2				Q34		Q34	
	3						Q34	

² Q23b not asked in this wave.

Variable	Sub	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7
Actual vote (national)	1	Q35						
	2				Q35		Q35 ³	Q35 ⁴
	3					Q35		
Vote choice/turnout EP	1						Q36	
	2						Q36	
	3						Q36	
Vote intention/choice (local & provincial elections)	1		Q37a-b	Q37a		Q37c		
	2							
	3							
Political participation	1		Q38				Q38	
	2						Q38	
	3						Q38	
Turnout intention EP elections	1				Q39	Q39		
	2				Q39	Q39		
	3					Q39		
Media exposure (full)	1	Q40-44			Q40-44		Q40-44	
	2				Q40-44		Q40-44	
	3						Q40-44	
Media exposure (basic)	1		Q45	Q45		Q45		
	2					Q45		
	3					Q45		
News attention	1	Q46				Q46		
	2					Q46		
	3							
Interpersonal communication	1		Q47				Q47	
	2				Q47		Q47	
	3						Q47	
News engagement/ participation (online)	1			Q48	Q48			
	2				Q48			
	3							
News personalization	1			Q49				
	2				Q49			
	3							
Political interest (general + Europe)	1	Q50 ⁵		Q50	Q50	Q50	Q50	
	2				Q50	Q50	Q50	
	3					Q50	Q50	
Political efficacy	1	Q51-52						
	2				Q51-52			
	3					Q51-52		

³ Spain only.⁴ Denmark only.⁵ Q50b not asked in this wave.

Variable	Sub	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7
Political knowledge (general)	1	Q53						
	2				Q53			
	3					Q53		
Political knowledge (current)	1	Q54a	Q54b	Q54c	Q54d	Q54e	Q54f	
	2				Q54d	Q54e	Q54f	
	3					Q54e	Q54f	
Economy retrospective	1	Q55	Q55	Q55	Q55	Q55	Q55	
	2				Q55	Q55	Q55	
	3					Q55	Q55	
Economy prospective	1	Q56			Q56		Q56	
	2				Q56		Q56	
	3						Q56	
Satisfaction with government	1	Q57			Q57	Q57	Q57	
	2				Q57	Q57	Q57	
	3					Q57	Q57	
Satisfaction with democracy	1	Q58 ⁶			Q58	Q58	Q58	Q58
	2				Q58	Q58	Q58	Q58
	3					Q58	Q58	Q58
Political trust	1	Q60	Q60 ⁷	Q60	Q60 ⁷	Q60	Q60	
	2				Q60 ⁷	Q60	Q60	
	3					Q60	Q60	
Media trust	1		Q61 ⁸			Q61		Q61
	2					Q61		Q61
	3					Q61		Q61
Populist attitudes	1		Q62/3 ⁹			Q62/3 ⁹		Q62
	2					Q62		Q62
	3					Q62		Q62
Immigrant attitudes	1	Q64						
	2				Q64			
	3					Q64		
Globalization attitudes	1		Q66					
	2				Q66			
	3						Q66	
Political cynicism	1					Q67		
	2					Q67		
	3					Q67		
Civic duty to vote	1					Q68		
	2					Q68		
	3					Q68		

⁶ Q58b was not asked.

⁷ Split-ballot survey experiment: item order was partially varied between experimental groups (for more details see <https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/full/10.1177/1465116519896010>).

⁸ Only items a-e.

⁹ Long version (a-f) including national and EU level; in other subs/waves only Q62a-c included.

Variable	Sub	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7
Values (incl economic left-right)	1	Q70 ¹⁰		Q70 ¹¹				
	2						Q70	
	3						Q70	
Personality	1	Q71-75						
	2				Q71-75			
	3							
Need for cognition	1	Q76						
	2				Q76			
	3					Q76		
Need to evaluate	1	Q77						
	2				Q77			
	3					Q77		
Attachment to city/country/Europe	1		Q78					
	2							
	3							
Socio-demographics ¹²	1	Q80, 90	Q95		Q97			
	2				Q90-99 ¹³	Q90, 93 ¹⁴ & 96		
	3					Q90-99		
Issue ownership (competence, salience, level)	1			Q81-83		Q81-83		
	2					Q81-83		
	3					Q81-83		
Issue importance	1			Q85		Q85		
	2					Q85		
	3					Q85		
Altruism	1			Q86				
	2				Q86			
	3							
EU position in Catalonia conflict	1		Q200					
	2							
	3							
Privacy concern	1		Q201	Q201				Q201
	2							Q201
	3							Q201

¹⁰ Only items a-d.

¹¹ Only items a, e and f.

¹² Most of the socio-demographic information for subproject 1 (NL) stems directly from Kantar (TNS NIPObase) and was not measured in the survey. The overview thus only shows the actively asked survey items, while all socio-demographic information is also available for NL.

¹³ Please note that due to a mistake in the soft launch of the survey in subproject 2, the variables measuring education (Q90) and denomination (Q96) include some missing cases in wave 4. This is why both variables were again measured in the following wave 5.

¹⁴ Only repeated for Germany and Hungary due to some missings in wave 4.

Variable	Sub	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7
EU data directive	1		Q202-204	Q202-204				
	2							
	3							
Online self-efficacy	1							Q205
	2							Q205
	3							Q205
Data sharing	1							Q206
	2							Q206
	3							Q206
EP elections (citizen preferences)	1			Q210				
	2							
	3							
EU performance in refugee crisis	1			Q220				
	2				Q220			
	3							
EU immigration policy	1			Q221				
	2							
	3							
Policy positions (asylum and budget)	1				Q230			
	2				Q230			
	3							
Misinformation/ electoral integrity	1					Q240 ¹⁵		Q240
	2					Q240 ¹⁵		Q240
	3					Q240 ¹⁵		Q240
Regulation (election time)	1							Q241
	2							Q241
	3							Q241
Nieuwsuur EU items	1					Q250		
	2							
	3							
EU summit June 19 (EC president procedure)	1							Q260-2
	2							Q260-2
	3							Q260-2
Exposure to party communication (social media)	1		Q400					
	2							
	3							
Selmayr affair awareness	1			Q401				
	2							
	3							

¹⁵ Only items a and b.

Variable	Sub	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7
Zondag met Lubach exposure	1				Q402			
	2							
	3							
Political satire	1						Q403	
	2						Q403	
	3						Q403	
Brexit (dis)advantages	1						Q404	
	2						Q404	
	3						Q404	
UK participation EP elections	1						Q407	
	2						Q407	
	3						Q407	
Public broadcasting attitudes	1			Q410				
	2							
	3							
Attitudes to political microtargeting	1							Q411/2
	2							Q411/2
	3							Q411/2
Misinformation	1							Q440
	2							Q440
	3							Q440
Disinformation	1							Q441
	2							Q441
	3							Q441
Misinformation source	1							Q442
	2							Q442
	3							Q442
Disinformation source	1							Q443
	2							Q443
	3							Q443
Fake news susceptibility	1							Q444
	2							Q444
	3							Q444
Misinformation topics	1							Q445
	2							Q445
	3							Q445
Left-right bias information	1							Q446
	2							Q446
	3							Q446
Alternative media sources	1							Q447
	2							Q447
	3							Q447

Variable	Sub	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7
Factual versus opinion statements	1							Q450-2
	2							Q450-2
	3							Q450-2
ADM decision-making	1							Q480
	2							Q480
	3							Q480
ADM accuracy	1							Q481
	2							Q481
	3							Q481
Campaign exposure/ participation	1						Q800	
	2						Q800	
	3						Q800	
Importance of advertisement during campaign	1						Q801	
	2						Q801	
	3						Q801	

2.2 INTRODUCTION AND INFORMED CONSENT¹⁶

Dear participant,

You are invited to participate in a research study to be conducted under the auspices of the Amsterdam School of Communication Research (ASCoR), a part of the University of Amsterdam. ASCoR conducts research on media and communication in society.

The study for which we are requesting your cooperation is focused on media use and public opinion in [COUNTRY]. Your participation involves filling in an online questionnaire of approximately 20-30 minutes. In addition, we would like to invite you to participate four more times in the coming year for surveys of a shorter duration (two surveys of 5 minutes and two surveys of 20 minutes). We hope that you will be able to participate in the follow-up questionnaires as well.

The present questionnaire will take about 20-30 minutes to fill in. Participation will be rewarded with [PANEL SPECIFIC INFORMATION].

As this research is being carried out under the responsibility of the ASCoR, University of Amsterdam, we can guarantee that:

- 1) Your anonymity will be safeguarded, and that your personal information will not be passed on to third parties under any conditions, unless you first give your express permission for this.
- 2) You can refuse to participate in the research or cut short your participation without having to give a reason for doing so. You can also withdraw your permission to allow your answers or data to be used in the research at any time, until 7 days after you completed the last survey.
- 3) Participating in the research will not entail your being subjected to any appreciable risk or discomfort, the researchers will not deliberately mislead you, and you will not be exposed to any explicitly offensive material.

For more information about this research project and this invitation you can contact the contact person of the project, Erika van Elsas, ASCoR, University van Amsterdam, Nieuwe Achtergracht 166, 1018 WV te Amsterdam; [TELEPHONE]; [EMAIL].

Should you have any complaints or comments about the course of the research and the procedures it involves as a consequence of your participation in this research, you can contact the designated member of the Ethics Committee representing ASCoR, at the following address: ASCoR Secretariat, Ethics Committee, University of Amsterdam, *Postbus 15793, 1001 NG*, Amsterdam; +31205253680; ascor-secr-fmg@uva.nl. Any complaints or comments will be treated in the strictest confidence.

¹⁶ Due to the panel logic, the introduction texts differ between countries and waves. However, we kept the introduction texts as similar as possible including the same formulation of the informed consent as required by the ethical rules of the University of Amsterdam (UvA). We show one exemplary version for Sub2W4 here.

We hope that we have provided you with sufficient information. We would like to take this opportunity to thank you in advance for your assistance with this research, which we greatly appreciate.

Kind regards,
Erika van Elsas

(on behalf of the research team led by Prof. dr. Claes de Vreese)
Amsterdam School of Communication Research, University van Amsterdam

I hereby declare that I have been informed in a clear manner about the nature and method of the research, as described in the email invitation for this study.

I agree, fully and voluntarily, to participate in this research study. With this, I retain the right to withdraw my consent, without having to give a reason for doing so. I am aware that I may halt my participation in the survey at any time.

If my research results are used in scientific publications or are made public in another way, this will be done such a way that my anonymity is completely safeguarded. My personal data will not be passed on to third parties without my express permission.

If I wish to receive more information about the research, either now or in future, I can contact Erika van Elsas ([EMAIL])

Should I have any complaints about this research, I can contact the designated member of the Ethics Committee representing the ASCoR, at the following address: ASCoR secretariat, Ethics Committee, University of Amsterdam, Postbus 15793, 1001 NG Amsterdam; +31205253680; ascor-secr-fmg@uva.nl.

✓ I understand the text presented above, and I agree to participate in the research study.

2.3 SURVEY QUESTIONS

Q1 -18 EU attitudes

RANDOM ORDER

Here are a couple of statements about the European Union. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q1 I feel threatened by the European Union.
- Q2 I am angry about the EU.
- Q3 I am disgusted with the European Union.
- Q4 Being a citizen of the EU means a lot to me.
- Q5 I share a common tradition, culture, and history with other Europeans.
- Q6 The European flag means a lot to me.
- Q7 I trust the European Parliament.
- Q8 I trust the European Commission.
- Q9 I trust EU politicians.
- Q10 European integration should go further.
- Q11 The decision-making power of the EU should be extended.
- Q12 The EU should be allowed to collect tax money.
- Q13 The EU fosters peace and stability.
- Q14 [Country] has benefited from the membership in the EU.
- Q15 [Country's] membership in the EU is a good thing.
- Q16 The EU functions well as it is.
- Q17 The EU functions according to democratic principles.
- Q18 Leaders of member states work efficiently in taking decisions together.

Q19-22 EU items

RANDOM ORDER

Here are a couple of statements about the European Union. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q19 The EU should return to concentrating on economic issues.
- Q20 A group of core EU countries should work more closely together.
- Q21 More EU decisions should be taken through referenda.
- Q22 If Turkey fulfills the requirements, it should be allowed to become a member of the EU.

Q23 EU exit referendum

Q23a If there were a referendum today on whether [COUNTRY] should remain in or leave the European Union, how would you vote?

[1 Remain; 2 Leave; 3 Would not vote]

Q23b Sometimes there is discussion about the possibility for [NATIONALITY] citizens to express their opinion in a referendum on whether [COUNTRY] should remain in the EU or leave the EU. Are you in favour or against holding a referendum about [NATIONALITY] EU membership?

[1 Fully against holding a referendum... 4 Neither in favour nor against holding a referendum ... 7 Fully in favour of holding a referendum]

Q24 EC President evaluations

RANDOM ORDER – words in parentheses behind statements not displayed

In your opinion, how well does each of the following attributes describe the President of the European Commission, Jean-Claude Juncker? Please indicate in how far you agree or disagree with the statements.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q24a He is a strong leader [leadership]

Q24b He cares about European citizens [empathy]

Q24c He is trustworthy [reliability]

Q24d He is knowledgeable [competence]

Q24e He is charismatic [personal appeal]

Q25 EU Turkey Battery

Q25a To what extent are you in favour of or against Turkey becoming a member of the EU?

[1 Completely against ... 4 Neither against nor in favour ... 7 Completely in favour]

Regarding your opinion on possible future Turkish membership of the EU, to what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q25b Turkey can never become a member of the EU.

Q25c Turkish membership of the EU would have more negative than positive consequences for [COUNTRY].

Q25d Turkish membership of the EU would have more negative than positive consequences for the EU.

Q25e Turkish membership of the EU would have more negative than positive consequences for my personal situation.

Q25f Geographically, Turkey is part of Europe.

Q25g Economically, Turkey is part of Europe.

Q25h Culturally, Turkey is part of Europe.

Q26 EP candidate evaluation

There are a number of politicians running for President of the European Commission. Have you heard of the following candidates?

Q26_a_1 Manfred Weber [0 No; 1 Yes]

Q26_a_2 Frans Timmermans [0 No; 1 Yes]

Q26_a_3 Guy Verhofstadt [0 No; 1 Yes]

Q26_a_4 Margrethe Vestager [0 No; 1 Yes]

Q26_a_5 Bas Eickhout [0 No; 1 Yes]

Q26_a_6 Ska Keller [0 No; 1 Yes]

Q26_a_7 Jan Zahradil [0 No; 1 Yes]

In your opinion, how well does each of the following attributes describe [NAME CANDIDATE Q26A]? Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements.
[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

[ask Q26b for max. 3 candidates]

Selection rules for candidates:

- If 3 or fewer candidates have a "Yes" in Q26a: ask for all three
- If >3 candidates have a "Yes" in Q26a: always ask for Manfred Weber if Q26a_1==1 and/or Frans Timmermans if Q26a_2==1, plus second/third candidate selected at random from remaining candidates.
- If >3 candidates have a "Yes" in Q26a, but Q26a_1==0 and Q26a_2==0: select 3 candidates at random.

[Manfred Weber]

Q26_b_1 He/she is a strong leader

Q26_b_2 He/she cares about European citizens

Q26_b_3 He/she is trustworthy

Q26_b_4 He/she is knowledgeable

Q26_b_5 He/she is charismatic

[Frans Timmermans]

Q26_b_6 He/she is a strong leader

Q26_b_7 He/she cares about European citizens

Q26_b_8 He/she is trustworthy

Q26_b_9 He/she is knowledgeable

Q26_b_10 He/she is charismatic

[Guy Verhofstadt]

Q26_b_11 He/she is a strong leader

Q26_b_12 He/she cares about European citizens

Q26_b_13 He/she is trustworthy

Q26_b_14 He/she is knowledgeable

Q26_b_15 He/she is charismatic

[Margrethe Vestager]

Q26_b_16 He/she is a strong leader

Q26_b_17 He/she cares about European citizens

Q26_b_18 He/she is trustworthy

Q26_b_19 He/she is knowledgeable

Q26_b_20 He/she is charismatic

[Bas Eickhout]

Q26_b_21 He/she is a strong leader

Q26_b_22 He/she cares about European citizens

Q26_b_23 He/she is trustworthy

Q26_b_24 He/she is knowledgeable

Q26_b_25 He/she is charismatic

[Ska Keller]

Q26_b_26 He/she is a strong leader

Q26_b_27 He/she cares about European citizens

Q26_b_28 He/she is trustworthy

Q26_b_29 He/she is knowledgeable

Q26_b_30 He/she is charismatic

[Jan Zahradil]

Q26_b_31 He/she is a strong leader

Q26_b_32 He/she cares about European citizens

Q26_b_33 He/she is trustworthy

Q26_b_34 He/she is knowledgeable

Q26_b_35 He/she is charismatic

Q27 EU solidarity

(appeared in block with Q19-22 with same intro and randomization)

EU member states should help other member states facing economic difficulties.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q28 Future EU scenarios V1 (sub1 wave 2 only)

RANDOM ORDER

Recently there has been discussion about the future of the Netherlands in or outside the European Union. Considering the various possibilities, which would have your preference? Please make a top three out of the following options:

[Rank top three 1-2-3]

- a. Everything should stay as it is.
- b. NL should stay in the EU, but actively try to reform it.
- c. NL should use a potential Nexit to enforce special advantages for staying.
- d. The EU should dissolve and NL should aim for a smaller union with select countries.
- e. NL should leave the EU but keep economic ties (i.e. a status comparable to Norway and Switzerland).
- f. NL should leave and become completely independent of the EU.
- g. The EU should become one country.
- h. The EU should dissolve into completely independent countries.

[order of three choices displayed in additional variables Q28_ORDER_1/2/3]

Q28 Future EU scenarios

RANDOM ORDER; italic abbreviations behind items not displayed

Recently there has been discussion about the future of the EU. When you consider the different possible scenarios, which ones would you prefer? Please indicate your first three preferences out of the following options:

[Rank top three 1-2-3]

- a. The EU should dissolve into completely independent countries. (*EUdissolve*)
- b. [COUNTRY] should pursue a smaller union with a select number of countries. (*smallunion*)
- c. The EU should focus on being an economic union only. (*economy*)
- d. The EU should allow member states to choose how much more integration they want, resulting in an EU at different speeds. (*diffspeeds*).
- e. The EU should stay as it is, neither integrating further nor less. (*statusquo*)
- f. The EU needs democratic reforms (such as more power to the EP) before its integration process can continue. (*demreform*)
- g. The EU should continue the integration process in a wide range of areas. (*integration*)
- h. The EU should become a European state with a central government. (*EUstate*)

[order of three choices displayed in additional variables Q28_ORDER_1/2/3]

Q29 European integration (general)

What is your overall position towards European integration?

[1 Strongly opposed ... 7 Strongly in favour]

Q30 Propensity to vote

We have a number of political parties in [COUNTRY], each of which would like to get your vote. How probable is it that you will ever vote for the following parties? Please answer on a scale where '0' means "not at all probable" and '10' means "very probable".

[0 Not at all probable ... 10 Very probable]

[country specific party list]

Q31 Party identification

Q31a Do you consider yourself to be close to any particular political party? If so, which party do you feel close to?

[0. No, I do not feel close to any particular party.]

[country specific party list]

[20. Other party, namely: [open answer option]]

Filter: Skip Q31b if Q31a=0

Q31b How close do you feel to this party?

[1 Not very close ... 7 Very close]

Q32 Vote intention national

Q32a Which party would you vote for if there would be a national election tomorrow?

[country specific party list]

[20. Other party, namely: [open answer option]]

[21. I don't know (undecided)]

[22. I would not vote]

[23. I would vote blank]

Filter: Skip Q32b if Q32a=21|22|23

Q32b How certain are you that you would vote for this party?

[1 Very uncertain ... 7 Very certain]

Q33 Vote intention EP

Q33a Which party would you vote for if the European Parliament elections would be held tomorrow?

[country specific party list]

[20. Other party, namely: [open answer option]]

[21. I don't know (undecided)]

[22. I would not vote]

[23. I would vote blank]

Filter: Skip Q33b if Q33a=21|22|23

Q33b How certain are you that you would vote for this party?

[1 Very uncertain ... 7 Very certain]

Q34 Political self-placement

In political matters people talk of “the left” and “the right”. What is your position? Please indicate your views using any number on a scale from 0 to 10, where 0 means “left” and 10 means “right”.

[0 Left ... 10 Right]

Q35 Actual vote (national)

Which party did you vote for in the last general election¹⁷ ([DATE])?

[country specific party list]

[20. Other party: [open answer option]]

[21. I don't know]

[22. I did not vote]

[23. I voted blank]

¹⁷ The actual translations made sure to refer to parliamentary, not presidential, elections and used the respective expressions for each country, e.g., using the specific name of the country's parliament.

Q36 Vote choice/turnout EP

Q36a In talking to people about the European Parliament elections we often find that a lot of people were not able to vote due to lack of time, illness or other reasons. Which of the following statements best describes you?

- [1. I did not vote in the European Parliament elections in May this year.]*
- [2. I thought about voting this time - but didn't.]*
- [3. I usually vote, but didn't this time.]*
- [4. I am sure, I did vote in the European Parliament elections in May this year.]*

Filter: Skip Q36b if Q36a=1/2/3

Q36b Which party did you vote for in the European Parliament elections?

[country specific party list]

- [20. Other party: [open answer option]]*
- [21. I don't know]*
- [23. I voted blank]*

Q37 Vote intention/choice (local & provincial elections)

Q37a Which party would you vote for if there would be a local election tomorrow?

[country specific party list]

- [20. Other party, namely: [open answer option]]*
- [21. I don't know (undecided)]*
- [22. I would not vote]*
- [23. I would vote blank]*

Filter: Skip Q37b if Q37a=21/22/23

Q37b How certain are you that you would vote for this party in the local elections?

[1 Very uncertain ... 7 Very certain]

Q37c Which party did you vote for in the local elections of 20 March, 2019?

[country specific party list]

- [20. Other party, namely [open answer option]]*
- [21. I don't know (undecided)]*
- [22. I did not vote]*
- [23. I voted blank]*

Q38 Political participation

Please indicate if you have done/participated in the following activities in the last year.

[0 No; 1 Yes]

- a. Take part in demonstrations, strike actions or other protest events.
- b. Volunteer in an organization or community in your neighborhood (e.g. a civic organization or urban garden).
- c. Maintain common facilities in your neighborhood (e.g. kindergartens, waterworks, parks, roads).
- d. In a status update on Facebook or similar social media express your opinion on a political or societal matter.
- e. On Facebook or similar social media share other users' updates concerning a political or societal matter.
- f. Contact a politician to express your opinion (in person, via email or social media).
- g. Sign an online petition.
- h. Buy or boycott products for political, ethical or environmental reasons.

Q39 Turnout intention EP elections

As you may know, elections for the European Parliament will be held in May 2019. Many people will not vote in these elections, while others will. If you think of the upcoming European Parliamentary elections in May 2019, will you vote?

[1 I certainly will not vote ... 7 I will certainly vote]

Q40 Media exposure [newspapers]

We would like to ask some questions about the media you use. On how many days during a typical week do you read the following newspapers?

[0 days per week ... 7 days per week]

[List of newspapers]¹⁸

Q40z another daily newspaper

Q41 Media exposure [television]

On how many days during a typical week do you watch the following TV news programs?

¹⁸ The selection of newspapers, TV programs (Q41) and online news sources (Q42) is based on the Reuters Institute Digital News Report 2018 and doublechecked with country experts. The final country-specific lists include the most important and most widely consumed outlets per media type for each country.

[0 days per week ... 7 days per week]

[List of TV programs]

Q41z another TV news program

Q42 Media exposure [online]

And on how many days during a typical week do you read about politics on a website or news app from the following sources?

[0 days per week ... 7 days per week]

[List of online news sources]

Q42z another news website or news app

Q43 Media exposure [social media]

How often do you encounter political news on the following platforms?

[0 days per week ... 7 days per week]

Q43a Facebook

Q43b Twitter

Q43c Instagram

Q43d Snapchat

Q43e YouTube

Q43f Reddit

Q44 Media exposure [social media]

Do you receive notifications (push messages) on incoming news and events on your smartphone or computer?

[0 No; 1 Yes]

Q45 Media exposure (basic)

In the past weeks, how much news would you say you used on the following platforms?

[1 Much less than normally ... 4 About the same as normally ... 7 Much more than normally]

Q45a Television news

Q45b National newspapers

- Q45c Regional newspapers
- Q45d Online news sources
- Q45e News via social media
- Q45f Radio news

Q46 News attention

How much attention would you say you pay to news about the following topics?

[1 Not at all ... 7 A lot]

- Q46a Domestic politics
- Q46b EU
- Q46c Environment
- Q46d Sports
- Q46e Immigration and refugees

Q47 Interpersonal communication

How often do you discuss EU politics with ...

[1 Never ... 7 Very often]

- Q47a your family and/or close friends?
- Q47b colleagues, acquaintances and/or neighbours?
- Q47c people online (e.g., on social media)?

Filter: Skip Q47d if Q47a=1 | Skip Q47e if Q47b=1 | Skip Q47f if Q47c=1

When you talk to people in your surrounding about the EU, how often do you encounter opinions that are NOT in line with your own opinion?

[1 Never ... 7 Very often]

- Q47d your family and/or close friends
- Q47e colleagues, acquaintances and/or neighbours
- Q47f people online (e.g., on social media)?

Q48 News engagement/participation (online)

During an average week, in which, if any, of the following ways do you share or participate in news coverage? Please select all that apply

- Q48a Rate, like or favourite a news story on a Social Network (e.g., Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, Snapchat, YouTube, Reddit)

- Q48b Comment on a news story on a Social Network
- Q48c Share a news story via a Social Network
- Q48d Comment on a news story on a news website
- Q48e Write a blog post on a news item or political issue
- Q48f Post or send a picture or video to a news website/news organization
- Q48g None of these

Q49 News personalization

Now when thinking about more personalised news, please indicate your level of agreement with the following statements.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q49a I worry that more personalised news may mean that I miss out on important information.
- Q49b I worry that more personalised news may mean that I miss out on challenging viewpoints.
- Q49c I worry that more personalised news may mean that my privacy is placed at greater risk.

Q50 Political interest (general + Europe)

- Q50a How interested would you say you are in politics?

[1 Not at all interested ... 7 Very interested]

- Q50b How interested would you say you are in EU politics?

[1 Not at all interested ... 7 Very interested]

Q51 Political efficacy (internal)

We continue with a number of questions about politics. Please indicate whether you agree or disagree with each of the following statements

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q51a I consider myself well-qualified to participate in politics.
- Q51b I feel that I have a pretty good understanding of the important political issues facing our country.
- Q51c Sometimes politics seems so complicated that people like me cannot really understand what's going on.
- Q51d I think that I am as well-informed about politics and government as most people.

Q52 Political efficacy (external)

Please indicate whether you agree or disagree with each of the following statements

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q52a People like me don't have any say about what the government does.

Q52b I don't think public officials care much what people like me think.

Q52c Generally speaking, those we elect to public office lose touch with the people pretty quickly.

Q52d Parties are only interested in people's votes but not in their opinions.

Q53 Political knowledge (general)

RANDOM ANSWER ORDER – “Don’t know” always last option

Q53a Which party came out as the largest in the last national elections?
[country-specific answer options]

Q53b Who is the current minister of finance of [COUNTRY]?¹⁹
[country-specific answer options]

Q53c How long is a government term in [COUNTRY]?²⁰
[1. 3 years]
[2. 4 years]*
[3. 5 years]*
[4. 6 years]
[5. 8 years]
[6. Don’t know]

Q53d How many member states does the European Union have?
[1. 25]
[2. 26]
[3. 27]
[4. 28]*
[5. 29]
[6. Don’t know]

Q53e Who is currently the president of the European Commission?
[1. Jean-Claude Juncker]*
[2. Martin Schulz]
[3. Donald Tusk]

¹⁹ In Spain, this variable has been asked in an erroneous way in wave 4 (wrong translation of the minister title) and thus had to be repeated with the right wording in wave 5.

²⁰ In presidential systems, we clarified by asking for the “formal/usual legislative term [for the parliament]”.

- [4. José Manuel Barroso]
- [5. Frans Timmermans]
- [6. Don't know]

*represent correct answers (Q53c differs across countries).

[The dataset further includes already pre-coded dummy variables of correct-incorrect answers and related knowledge scales for the first waves respectively. Additionally, the dataset includes timestamps (in seconds) for each knowledge question]

Q54 Political knowledge (current)

RANDOM ANSWER ORDER – “Don't know” always last option

- Q54a Which parties are involved in the current coalition negotiations?
- [1. VVD-D66-CDA-PvdA]
 - [2. VVD-D66-CDA-ChristenUnie]*
 - [3. VVD-D66-PvdA-ChristenUnie]
 - [4. VVD-D66-CDA-GroenLinks]
 - [6. Don't know]
- Q54b Every half year, an EU member state is chair of the EU. Which country will be the temporary chair from 1 January [2018]?
- [1. Bulgaria]*
 - [2. Romania]
 - [3. Estonia]
 - [4. The Netherlands]
 - [5. United Kingdom]
 - [6. Don't know]
- Q54c What measure has the EU presented to protect the environment?
- [1. A ban on the use of disposable plastic]*
 - [2. The introduction of a tax on meat consumption]
 - [3. Regulating water use of toilets]
 - [4. Higher subsidies for electric cars]
 - [5. Stricter energy labels for household appliances]
 - [6. Don't know]
- Q54d Which country's budget plan has recently been rejected by the European Commission?
- [1. Italy]*
 - [2. Greece]
 - [3. Poland]
 - [4. Portugal]
 - [5. Estonia]
 - [6. Don't know]

Q54e Which policy area is addressed in an article that has been passed by the European Parliament at the end of March [2019]?

- [1. Parties' campaign spending for the upcoming EP elections]
- [2. Protection and use of copyrighted material on online platforms]*
- [3. Labelling of nutrition facts on breakfast cereals]
- [4. Obligatory separation of plastic and paper garbage across the EU]
- [5. Lifting restrictions for the use of streaming services across EU member states]
- [6. Don't know]

Q54f Which European political group is now the biggest in the European Parliament after the European elections?

- [1. EPP (European People's Party)]*
- [2. S&D (Progressive Alliance of Socialists and Democrats)]
- [3. ALDE (Alliance of Liberals and Democrats for Europe)]
- [4. ECR (European Conservatives and Reformists)]
- [5. Greens-EFA (Greens–European Free Alliance)]
- [6. Don't know]

*represent correct answers.

Q55 Economy retrospective

What do you think about the economy? How do you evaluate the general economic situation as compared to 12 months ago...

[1 Is a lot worse ... 4 Has stayed the same ... 7 Is a lot better]

55a In [COUNTRY]?

55b In the EU?

55c For you personally?

Q56 Economy prospective

And in the next 12 months, how do you think the general economic situation will be...

[1 Will be a lot worse ... 4 Will stay the same ... 7 Will be a lot better]

56a In [COUNTRY]?

56b In the EU?

56c For you personally?

Q57 Satisfaction with government

Q57a Now thinking about the [NATIONALITY] government, how satisfied are you with the way it is doing its job?

[1 Extremely dissatisfied ... 7 Extremely satisfied]

Q57b And how satisfied are you with the government's handling of European integration?

[1 Extremely dissatisfied ... 7 Extremely satisfied]

Q58 Satisfaction with democracy

Q58a On the whole, how satisfied are you with the way democracy works in [COUNTRY]?

[1 Extremely dissatisfied ... 7 Extremely satisfied]

Q58b And how satisfied are you, on the whole, with the way democracy works in the European Union?

[1 Extremely dissatisfied ... 7 Extremely satisfied]

Q60 Political trust

RANDOM ORDER

Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q60a I trust the parliament

Q60b I trust politicians

Q60c I trust political parties

Q60d I trust the legal system

Q60e I trust the police

Q60f I trust the government

Q60g I trust the EU

Q61 Media trust

Thinking about the news media in [COUNTRY], to what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q61a I think you can trust the news most of the time.

- Q61b I think you can trust most news organisations most of the time.
Q61c I think you can trust journalists most of the time.
Q61d The news media are independent from undue political or government influence most of the time.
Q61e The news media are independent from undue business or commercial influence most of the time.
Q61f The news media are far removed from ordinary people's opinions.
Q61g The news media promote their own political agenda.
Q61h The news media give a biased view of reality.

Q62 Populist attitudes

Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q62a The ordinary people instead of politicians should make our most important policy decisions.
Q62b Politicians in the government are corrupt.
Q62c Politicians make decisions that harm the interests of the ordinary people.
Q62d Immigrants are threatening the purity of our culture.
Q62e Our Dutch borders should be closed for immigrants.
Q62f Social benefits, such as unemployment benefits and health insurance benefits, are given to people who don't really deserve it.

Q63 Euro-populist attitudes

Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- 63a The ordinary people instead of EU politicians should make our most important policy decisions.
63b EU Politicians are corrupt.
63c EU Politicians make decisions that harm the interests of the ordinary people.
Exclusionism
63d EU Immigrants are threatening the purity of our culture.
63e Our Dutch borders should be closed for EU immigrants.
63f Social benefits, such as unemployment benefits and health insurance benefits, are given to people EU citizens who don't really deserve it.

Q64 Immigration attitudes

Now we would like to hear your opinion on immigrants in [COUNTRY]. Could you indicate for each of the following statements to what extent you agree or disagree with them?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q64a Immigrants abuse [COUNTRY]'s social welfare system, because they take more out than they put in.
- Q64b Immigrants are a threat to the security of [NATIONALITY] people.
- Q64c The religious practices of immigrants enrich the [NATIONALITY] way of life and its traditions.
- Q64d Immigrants are an important cause of crime in [COUNTRY].
- Q64e Immigration is good for the [NATIONALITY] labour market.

Q66 Globalization attitudes

To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q66a People like me experience mostly disadvantages of the opening up of the world economy.
- Q66b I feel threatened by globalization.
- Q66c Because of globalization, [COUNTRY] is at risk of losing too much of its individuality.
- Q66d Globalization is a threat to [COUNTRY'S] employment.

Q67 Political cynicism

Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q67a Almost all politicians will sell out their ideals or break their promises if it will increase their power.
- Q67b Most politicians are in politics for what they can get out of it personally.
- Q67c Most politicians are truthful with the voters.
- Q67d Most politicians are dedicated and we should be grateful to them for the work they do.

Q68 Civic duty to vote

Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q68a It's every citizen's duty to vote in an election.
Q68b I would be seriously neglecting my duty as a citizen if I didn't vote.
Q68c I feel a sense of satisfaction when I vote.
Q68d I would feel very guilty if I didn't vote in an election.

Q70 Values (incl. economic left-right)

Now we continue with a couple of statements about politics and society. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q70a Large differences in people's incomes are acceptable to properly reward differences in talents and efforts.
Q70b Gay men and lesbians should be free to live their own life as they wish.
Q70c People who break the law should be given much harsher sentences than they are these days.
Q70d Ideally, there would be no borders in the world.
Q70e The government should take measures to reduce differences in income levels.
Q70f The government should cut social services to be able to lower taxes.

Q71-75 Personality

RANDOM ORDER; trait name in parantheses not displayed

In the following, we show you some statements that describe people's behaviour. Use the scale to indicate how accurately each expression describes you as a person. Describe yourself as you generally are now, not as you wish to be in the future. Describe yourself as you honestly see yourself, in relation to other people you know of the same sex as you are, and roughly your same age. So that you can describe yourself in an honest manner, your responses will be kept in absolute confidence. Indicate for each statement whether it is:

[1 Very inaccurate ... 4 Neither accurate nor inaccurate ... 7 Very accurate]

[Openness]

- Q71a Have a vivid imagination
Q71b Am not interested in abstract ideas
Q71c Have difficulty understanding abstract ideas
Q71d Do not have a good imagination

[Conscientiousness]

- Q72a Get chores done right away
Q72b Like order
Q72c Make a mess of things
Q72d Often forget to put things back in their proper place

[Extraversion]

- Q73a Am the life of the party
- Q73b Talk to a lot of different people at parties
- Q73c Don't talk a lot
- Q73d Keep in the background

[Agreeableness]

- Q74a Sympathize with others' feelings
- Q74b Feel others' emotions
- Q74c Am not interested in other people's problems
- Q74d Am not really interested in others

[Neuroticism]

- Q75a Get upset easily
- Q75b Have frequent mood swings
- Q75c Am relaxed most of the time
- Q75d Seldom feel blue

Q76 Need for cognition

RANDOM ORDER

For each of the statements below, please indicate to what extent the statement is characteristic of you.

[1 Very inaccurate ... 4 Neither accurate nor inaccurate ... 7 Very accurate]

- Q76a I find satisfaction in deliberating hard and for long hours.
- Q76b The notion of thinking abstractly is appealing to me.
- Q76c I really enjoy a task that involves coming up with new solutions to problems.
- Q76d I like tasks that require much thought and mental effort.

Q77 Need to evaluate

RANDOM ORDER

For each of the statements below, please indicate to what extent the statement is characteristic of you.

[1 Very inaccurate ... 4 Neither accurate nor inaccurate ... 7 Very accurate]

- Q77a I want to know exactly what is good and bad about everything.
- Q77b I have many more opinions than the average person.
- Q77c It bothers me to remain neutral.
- Q77d I would rather have a strong opinion than no opinion at all.

Q78 Attachment to city/country/Europe

Please indicate how attached you feel to...

[1 Not at all ... 7 Very much]

78a Your city/town/village

78b [COUNTRY]

78c Europe

Q80 Country of birth²¹

80a In which country were you born?

80b In which country was your father born?

80c In which country was your mother born?

[1. The Netherlands]

[2. Turkey]

[3. Morocco]

[4. Suriname]

[5. Antilles/Aruba]

[6. Indonesia]

[7. Germany]

[8. Belgium]

[9. North American country]

[10. South or Central American country]

[11. Another European country]

[12. Another African country]

[13. Another Asian country]

[14. Australia or New Zealand]

[109. Don't know/prefer not to say]

Q81 Issue ownership (salience)

RANDOM ORDER

Can you indicate how important each of the following issues is when you decide whom to vote for in the upcoming EP elections?

[1 Very unimportant ... 7 Very important]

Q81a Europe

Q81b Immigration

Q81c Social welfare

²¹ The dataset includes a more detailed list of countries than the shortened list presented here.

- Q81d Economy
- Q81e Terrorism

Q82 Issue ownership (competence)

ISSUES PRESENTED IN SAME ORDER AS Q81

How suitable do you think each of the following parties is to deal with the issue of ...?

[1 Completely unsuited ... 7 Completely suited]

- Q82a Europe
[country specific party list]
- Q82b Immigration
[country specific party list]
- Q82c Social welfare
[country specific party list]
- Q82d Economy
[country specific party list]
- Q82e Terrorism
[country specific party list]

Q83 Issue ownership (level)

ISSUES PRESENTED IN SAME ORDER AS Q81

On which level do you think that today the most relevant and influential decisions are taken for the following five issues?

[1 National level ... 4 Equally on both levels ... 7 European level]

- Q83a Europe
- Q83b Immigration
- Q83c Social welfare
- Q83d Economy
- Q83e Terrorism

Q85 Issue importance

Please indicate for each of the following issues how important it is for you personally.

[1 Very unimportant ... 7 Very important]

- Q85a The European Union
- Q85b The environment
- Q85c Social welfare
- Q85d Economy
- Q85e Immigration

Q85f Education

Q86 Altruism

To what extent do you feel concerned about the living conditions of:

[1 Not at all ... 7 Very much]

- Q86a Your immediate family
- Q86b People in your neighborhood
- Q86c Your fellow countrymen
- Q86d Europeans
- Q86e All humans all over the world
- Q86f Elderly people in [COUNTRY]
- Q86g Immigrants in [COUNTRY]
- Q86h Unemployed people in [COUNTRY]

Q90-99 Socio-demographics

Education

Q90 Which is the highest degree you have finished (so far)?
[country-specific list]

Please note:

For cross-country comparisons, the data comprises three recoded education variables following the ESS (European Social Survey) and ISCED (International Standard Classification of Education) coding schemes:

- EDULVLB
(three digit codes)
- ISCED11
 0. Less than primary
 1. Primary
 2. Lower secondary
 3. Upper secondary
 4. Post-secondary non tertiary
 5. Short-cycle tertiary
 6. Bachelor or equivalent
 7. Master or equivalent
 8. Doctoral or equivalent
- ESISCED
 1. ES-ISCED I, less than lower secondary
 2. ES-ISCED II, lower secondary
 3. ES-ISCED IIIb, lower tier upper secondary
 4. ES-ISCED IIIa, upper tier upper secondary

5. ES-ISCED IV, advanced vocational, sub-degree
6. ES-ISCED V1, lower tertiary education, BA level
7. ES-ISCED V2, higher tertiary education, >= MA level]

Gender

- Q91 Are you ...?
[1. Male]
[2 Female]

Age

- Q92 In which year were you born?
[number field with possible numbers from 1910-2001]
[data includes variable "age" with recoded age in years]

Region

- Q93 In which region/state do you live?
[country-specific list of administrative divisions following the NUTS Level 1 or 2 schemes from eurostat]

Urbanization²²

- Q94 Which of the following best describes the area where you live?
[1. A big city]
[2. The suburbs or outskirts of a big city]
[3. A town or a small city]
[4. A country village]
[5. A farm or home in the countryside]

Religiosity

- Q95 Regardless of whether you belong to a particular religion, how religious would you say you are?
[1 not at all religious ... 7 very religious]

Denomination

- Q96 Regardless of whether you practice or not, which religious description applies to you?
[Do not belong to any religion]
[country-specific list of denominations]
[Do not want to say]

Income (subjective)

- Q97 Taking everything into account, at about what level is your household's standard of living? If you think of a scale from 1 to 7, where 1 means a poor household, 7 a rich

²² In Sub1, this information was recoded from existing information from the TNS NIPObase measuring urbanization with five levels of population density according to the CBS (Statistics Netherlands) coding.

household, and the other numbers are for the positions in between, about where would you place your household?

[1 poor household ... 7 rich household]

Work situation²³

Q98 Which one of the following best describes your employment status?

Please choose the answer option that most accurately describes your situation.

[1. In permanent full-time employment]

[2. In permanent part-time employment]

[3. Self-employed / Freelance]

[4. Retired]

[5. Student (in school or internship)]

[6. House wife / House husband]

[7. Unable to work / disabled]

[8. Without work and looking for work]

[9. Without work and not looking for work]

[10. Temporary, seasonal or occasional work]

[11. In unpaid employment (e.g. voluntary work) or full-time care of other household member]

[12. Prefer not to say]

Occupation (ISCO)²⁴

Filter: Skip Q99 if Q98=5|6|7|8|9|11|12

Q99 What is your current/has been your last main occupation?

[1. Legislator, Senior Official, or Manager]

[2. Professional (engineer, doctor, teacher, clergy, etc.)]

[3. Technician or Associate Professional (inspector, finance dealer, etc.)]

[4. Clerk (secretary, cashier, etc.)]

[5. Service or sales worker (cook, travel guide, shop salesperson, etc.)]

[6. Agricultural or fishery worker (vegetable grower, livestock producer, etc.)]

[7. Craft or trades worker (carpenter, painter, jewelry worker, butcher, etc.)]

[8. Plant/machine operator or assembler (equipment assembler, sewing-machine operator, driver, etc.)]

[9. Elementary worker (street food vendor, shoe cleaner, etc.)]

[10. Armed forces (government military)]

²³ In Sub1, this information was recoded from existing information from the TNS NIPObase with similar categories. More information is available upon request.

²⁴ In Sub1, this information stems directly from the respective ISCO codes available from the TNS NIPObase. If unavailable for the respondent (e.g., because they were still studying), the category of the head of household was used in Sub1.

Q200 EU position in Catalonia conflict

Q200a We now come to the independence movement of Catalonia in Spain. Some people argue that the EU should take a more active role to solve the conflict between Spain and Catalonia, whereas others argue that it is not the responsibility of the EU to get involved as it is an internal Spanish conflict. Do you think the EU should interfere in the conflict?

[1 No, EU should not interfere; 2 Only interfere if EU law is violated; 3 Yes, EU should interfere]

Q200b If the EU were to interfere in the conflict between Spain and Catalonia, it could take different positions in the conflict. Which position do you think the EU should take in this conflict? Please indicate your position on a 1 to 7 scale, where 1 means that “the EU should back the position of the Spanish government against Catalan independence” and 7 means “the EU should back the Catalan request for a democratic process towards independence”.

[1 Back the Spanish government ... 7 Back the Catalan request]

Q201 Privacy concern

RANDOM ORDER

To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q201a I am concerned that my personal information (such as my online search behavior, name, and location) can be misused by others when I visit websites.

Q201b When I visit websites I have the feeling that others keep track of where I click.

Q201c I am afraid that my personal information that I share online is not safely stored.

Q201d I am concerned that my personal information that I share online can be shared with other companies.

Q201e I am concerned that my personal information that I share online is seen by others I don't know.

Q202 EU data directive (awareness)

In May 2018, the general data protection regulation (GDPR) of the EU goes into effect. Have you heard of this new European regulation?

[1 Yes, I am fully aware of this; 2 Yes, have heard of it; 3 No, have never heard of it]

Q203 EU data directive (knowledge)

RANDOM ANSWER ORDER – “Don't know” always last option

What is the main purpose of the new EU regulation?

- [1. Make companies and governments handle personal data more securely]**
- [2. Launching a new EU institute for data protection]*
- [3. Centrally storing of data in Brussels]*
- [4. Making it easier for member states to exchange data]*
- [5. Enable international data exchange on crime]*
- [6. Don't know]*

Q204 Data directive (evaluation)

To what extent do you agree with the following statement?

“The introduction of the general data protection regulation is a good thing.”

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q205 Online self-efficacy

To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q205a I am able to protect my personal information, such as my browsing behavior, on the Internet.

Q205b I feel confident that I can secure my privacy on the Internet.

Q205c I can ensure that companies cannot collect my personal information and behavior on the Internet.

Q206 Data sharing

Currently, there is a debate about whether researchers should gain access to social media data for research purposes. Such research would not be possible without the understanding and support of users, and their willingness to provide access to their data. How likely would you be to share your Facebook social media data with researchers under the following conditions?

[1. Very unlikely ... 7. Very likely / 8. I do not have a Facebook account]

Q206a If you were to download the data from Facebook yourself and share it with researchers.

Q206b If you were to provide researchers with the right to request your Facebook data on your behalf.

Q206c If you were to access a secure online environment in which your Facebook data were made available to researchers.

Q210 EP elections (citizen preferences)

The European Parliamentary elections will be held again in May 2019. Here are a couple of statements about the organization of these elections. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q210a The indirect election of the next president of the European Commission through the so-called “Spitzenkandidat” system is a good thing.

Q210b The president of the European Commission should be elected directly by citizens.

Q210c The electoral lists should include European parties and their candidates, rather than national parties and candidates.

Q210d Parties who want their country to leave the EU should be excluded from participating in the European Parliament elections.

Q220 EU performance in refugee crisis

Over the past years, the EU has worked on common policies to deal with the influx of refugees in Europe. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q220a Generally speaking, the European Union is dealing with the refugee crisis in a good way.

Q220b The EU is not doing enough to make refugees’ journeys to Europe safe.

Q220c The EU is not protecting its borders enough against refugees

Q220d The EU is accepting too many refugees who do not really qualify for asylum status.

Q220e The EU is not accepting enough refugees who are in need of protection.

Q221 EU immigration policy

Here are a couple of statements about the refugee policy of the EU. Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with these statements.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q221a Countries should be allowed to say no to taking refugees arriving in the EU.

Q221b All EU countries should be obliged take their fair share of refugees arriving in the EU.

Q221c Countries that do not want to take their share of refugees should pay other countries to take their share.

Q221d Countries that do not want to take its share of refugees should get less money from the EU.

Q221e The Netherlands itself should decide how many refugees arriving in the EU it should take.

Q230 Policy positions (asylum and budget)

Q230a Now, we would like to hear your opinion about two EU policies: We start with EU policy toward asylum seekers. Some political parties support the development of a common policy on asylum seekers across EU member states, whereas other parties oppose this. What is your personal opinion about this?

[1 Strongly opposed to common EU asylum policy ... 7 Strongly in favour of common EU asylum policy]

Q230b Turning to EU economic and budgetary policy. Some political parties support greater EU authority over member states' economic and budgetary policies, whereas other parties oppose it. What is your personal opinion about this?

[1 Strongly opposed to greater EU authority ... 7 Strongly in favour of greater EU authority]

Q240 Misinformation/electoral integrity²⁵

Pre-election wording (wave 5):

Q240a To what extent do you think that actors from countries like Russia and China influence the campaign for the European Parliament elections?

[1 Not at all ... 7 Very much]

Q240b To what extent do you think that the European Parliament elections will be held in a fair way?

[1 Not at all ... 7 Very much]

Post-election wording (wave 7):

To what extent do you think that...

[1 Not at all ... 7 Very much]

Q240a Actors from countries like Russia and China have influenced the campaign for the European Parliament elections?

Q240b The European Parliament elections were held in a fair way?

Q240c Voters were influenced by (so-called) “fake news” in the EP 19 elections?

Q240d (So-called) “fake news” is a threat to the functioning of democracy?

Q240e A government agency should verify the accuracy of information online?

²⁵ To avoid order/context effects, Q240b was asked before Q240a in both waves.

Q241 Regulation (election time)

To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q241a Companies like Facebook, YouTube and Twitter should themselves ensure that political content on their platforms is accurate.

Q241b National governments should ensure that information during an election campaign is accurate by using an Election Oversight Committee.

Q241c The EU should take an initiative for a pan European body to monitor election campaigns and identify false information.

Q241d Citizens themselves are responsible for identifying false information.

Q241e There should be a ban on actors from other countries to spread information before a national election.

Q250 Nieuwsuur EU items

To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q250a Prime Minister Mark Rutte is the most suitable/best candidate to succeed Jean-Claude Juncker as President of the European Commission.

Q250b The European Union must have a joint European army.

Q250c The open borders within the EU are a good thing.

Q250d Migrant workers from other EU countries are good for our economy.

Q250e Dutch citizens should be able to work anywhere in the EU.

Q250f For sake of the climate, an additional tax on airline tickets should be introduced for flights within Europe.

Q260 EU summit June 19 (awareness)

On June 20/21, the European leaders met for a regular council meeting in which they discussed, among others, the new president of the EU Commission. Have you heard about that summit?

[1. Yes, I have heard a lot about it]

[2. Yes, but I have heard only a bit about it]

[3. No, I have not heard anything about it]

[4. I don't know]

Q261 EU summit June 19 (EC president candidates)

Which of the following candidates would you prefer to be the new EC president?

- [1. Ska Keller]*
- [2. Frans Timmermans]*
- [3. Margrethe Vestager]*
- [4. Manfred Weber]*
- [5. Jan Zahradil]*
- [6. Other, please specify [open answer option]]*

Q262 EU summit June 19 (process)

How satisfied are you with the process leading to the selection of a new EC president?

[1 Extremely dissatisfied ... 7 Extremely satisfied]

Q400 Exposure to party communication

Do you regularly follow any [COUNTRY] politicians or political parties on...

- [0. No, I don't follow any politicians or parties]*
- [1. Yes, I follow 1 politician or party.]*
- [2. Yes, I follow 2 politicians or parties.]*
- [3. Yes, I follow 3 politicians or parties.]*
- [4. Yes, I follow 4 politicians or parties.]*
- [5. Yes, I follow 5 or more politicians or parties.]*
- [7. I don't have an account on this social media platform.]*

Q400a Facebook

Q400b Twitter

Q400c Instagram or Snapchat

Q401 Selmayr affair awareness

Recently, Martin Selmayr has been appointed as Secretary-General of the European Commission. Have you heard about this appointment?

[1 Yes, I am fully aware of this; 2 Yes, I've have heard about this; 3 No, never heard of this]

Q402 Zondag met Lubach exposure

In a regular month, how often do you watch "Zondag met Lubach"?

[0 Never; 1 One time; 2 Two times; 3 Three times; 4 Four times (every episode)]

Q403 Political Satire

On average, how frequently do you watch [NATIONALITY] comedy programs that present political topics in a humorous way, for example [2 country specific examples], etc.?

[1 Never, 2 Rarely, 3 Occasionally, 4 Often, 5 Always]

Q404 Brexit (dis)advantages

Do you think that the UK leaving the EU will have more advantages or disadvantages for...

[1 Only disadvantages ... 7 Only advantages]

Q404a The UK?

Q404b The EU?

Q404c [COUNTRY]?

Q407 UK participation EP elections

As you might know, due to the ongoing negotiations about Brexit, the United Kingdom (UK) has participated in the EP elections. To what extent do you think that the UK's participation in the elections was good or bad for the European Union?

[1 Very bad ... 4 Neither bad nor good ... 7 Very good]

Q410 Public broadcasting attitudes

Now we turn to a couple of statements about public broadcasting. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q410a A strong public broadcaster is important for a well-functioning democracy.

Q410b News provided by the public broadcaster in the Netherlands is politically biased towards the left.

Q410c The news of the public broadcaster can be trusted.

Q410d The news of the public broadcaster should give all political viewpoints equal time in the news shows.

Q410e A committee should be instituted to monitor the contents and balance of public broadcasting news.

Q411-Q412 Attitudes to political microtargeting

Q411 To what extent do you think that information about your online behavior is used for political advertising purposes?

[1 Not at all ... 7 Very much]

To what extent do you agree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q412a I have no problem if a political party tries to find out my political opinions based on my online surf behaviour.

Q412b If political parties received my personal data and online behavior from a website, I would not visit that website anymore.

Q412c If a website showed me personalized advertisements from political parties, I would be angry.

Q440 Misinformation

RANDOM ORDER

Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q440a The news media do not report accurately on facts that happened.

Q440b To understand real-life events, you cannot rely on the news media.

Q440c The news media are an unreliable source of factual information.

Q440d The news media insufficiently rely on expert sources.

Q441 Disinformation

RANDOM ORDER

Please indicate to what extent you agree or disagree with the following statements.

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

Q441a The news media have a bias against my political views.

Q441b The news media are an enemy of the ordinary people.

Q441c The news media are deliberately lying to the people.

Q441d The news media only serve their own interest.

Q442 Misinformation source

RANDOM ORDER

In your opinion, how often do the following sources of news spread inaccurate or false information?

[1 Never ... 7 All the time ... 8 I do not know]

- Q442a The news media
- Q442b The national government
- Q442c [NATIONALITY] politicians
- Q442d Corporations
- Q442e Ordinary citizens
- Q442f Foreign countries

Q443 Disinformation source

SAME ORDER AS Q442

And in your opinion, how often do the following sources of news deliberately mislead citizens on a 1-7 scale?

[1 Never ... 7 All the time ... 8 I do not know]

- Q443a The news media
- Q443b The national government
- Q443c [NATIONALITY] politicians
- Q443d Corporations
- Q443e Ordinary citizens
- Q443f Foreign countries

Q444 Fake news susceptibility

To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q444a I am generally sceptical of information from the news.
- Q444b On average, I am less susceptible to false information than other citizens are.
- Q444c I am able to distinguish between accurate and false information.

Q445 Misinformation topics

RANDOM ORDER

In your opinion, how much inaccurate or dishonest information is there in the media on the following issues?

[1 None at all ... 7 Very much]

- Q445a European Union
- Q445b Environment
- Q445c Social welfare

Q445d Economy
Q445e Immigration
Q445f Education
Q445g International politics
Q445h Terrorism

Q446 Left-right bias of information

Please use the following scale to indicate the extent to which you think that left or right-wing issues get relatively more coverage in the media.

[1 Left issues get more coverage than right issues ... 4 Left and right issues get equal coverage ... 7 Right issues get more coverage than left issues ... 8 Do not know]

Q447 Alternative media sources

Many people get news from social media such as Facebook or YouTube. How about you? In a typical week, do you encounter posts related to political news on social media posted by...?

[0 No; 1 Yes]

Q447a Family and friends
Q447b Acquaintances and colleagues
Q447c Online connections (i.e. people you do not know in real life)
Q447d Politicians and political parties
Q447e Journalists and news organizations
Q447f Celebrities
Q447g Comedians and satirists
Q447h Forums (incl. Reddit)
Q447i Facebook groups
Q447j YouTubers
Q447k Other, namely [open answer option]

Q450 Factual vs opinion (identification)

RANDOM ORDER - each statement immediately followed by respective 451A or 451B before continuing to the next

You will now see a series of statements that have been taken from news stories. Regardless of how knowledgeable you are about the topic, would you consider this statement to be a **factual statement** (whether you think it is accurate or not) or an **opinion statement** (whether you agree with it or not)?

[1 Factual; 2 Opinion]

Q450a Some member states contribute too little to the EU budget.

Q450b Climate change is one of the biggest challenges for the EU today.

Q450c A minimum wage of 10.50 Euro/hour across the EU is essential for the economy.

Q450d The amount of refugees coming to the EU has decreased significantly since 2016.*

Q450e Turnout at the 2019 EP elections was the highest in 20 years.*

Q450f Spending on agricultural subsidies makes up the largest portion of the EU's budget.*

* represent factual statements.

Q451 Factual vs opinion (agreement)

Filter: if Q450[a-f] = 1, display/continue with Q451A, if Q450[a-f] = 2, display/continue with Q451B; repeat six times (for each statement either version A or B)

Q451a_[a-f] To the best of your knowledge, do you think the factual statement is accurate or inaccurate?

[0 Inaccurate; 1 Accurate]

Q451b_[a-f] Do you tend to agree or disagree with the opinion statement?

[0 Disagree; 1 Agree]

Q452 Factual vs opinion (misleading)

SAME ORDER AS Q450-451

To what extent do you think that the statements are misleading?

[1 Not at all misleading ... 7 Very misleading]

Q452a Some member states contribute too little to the EU budget.

Q452b Climate change is one of the biggest challenges for the EU today.

Q452c A minimum wage of 10.50 Euro/hour across the EU is essential for the economy.

Q452d The amount of refugees coming to the EU has decreased significantly since 2016.

Q452e Turnout at the 2019 EP elections was the highest in 20 years.

Q452f Spending on agricultural subsidies makes up the largest portion of the EU's budget.

Q480 ADM by AI evaluation

We would now like to understand how you feel about automated decision-making by Artificial Intelligence (AI). This type of decision-making takes place when computers or AI make decisions that were previously made by people. These decisions are done automatically, are based on data, and will become more common in the coming years. Since these AI techniques are fairly new, not all people are familiar with them. Please answer to the best of your knowledge.

To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements when it comes to the impact of Artificial Intelligence on society as a whole?

[1 Fully disagree ... 4 Neither agree nor disagree ... 7 Fully agree]

- Q480a It will be useful
- Q480b It will improve life
- Q480c It will be efficient
- Q480d It will be risky
- Q480e It will lead to bad results
- Q480f It will lead to uncertain outcomes
- Q480g It will cause worry
- Q480h It will lead to anxiety
- Q480i It will lead to fairer decisions
- Q480j It will lead to people being treated more objectively
- Q480k It will lead to people being treated more equally
- Q480l It will lead to manipulation

Q481 ADM in News - Accuracy

When you think about the following *tasks*, who would take a more accurate decision: A human professional (e.g., journalist, editor, moderator), or an AI?

[1 Human professional ... 4 No difference ... 7 AI]

- Q481a Recommending news
- Q481b Creating news articles
- Q481c Deleting a social media post because it contains false information
- Q481d Banning a user from a social media platform because he/she posts false information too often

Q800 Campaign exposure/participation

How often did you do any of the following during the past weeks?

[1 Never ... 7 Daily]

- 800a See something about the European Parliamentary elections on TV.
- 800b Read something about the European Parliamentary elections in a newspaper.
- 800c Hear something about the European Parliamentary elections on the radio.
- 800d See something about the European Parliamentary elections on social media, such as Facebook or Twitter.
- 800e Attend a meeting or campaign event about the European Parliamentary elections.
- 800f Search for information on the European Parliamentary elections on a website.
- 800g Visit a political party's European section on their website.
- 800h Read material from political parties about the European Parliamentary elections.

- 800i See political parties' advertising for the European Parliamentary elections on social media.
- 800j See parties' political poster advertisements for the European Parliamentary elections.
- 800k Read a tweet about the European Parliamentary elections.
- 800l Post something on the internet or on social media about the European Parliamentary elections.
- 800m Mention something on social media regarding which party you will vote for in the European Parliamentary elections.
- 800n Try to persuade someone else why they should vote in the European Parliamentary elections.
- 800o Try to persuade someone else of your political opinion regarding the European Parliamentary elections.

Q801 Importance of advertisement during campaign

During the past weeks, you may have seen advertisements by one or more parties campaigning for the European elections in the media. Personally, how important were such advertisements for you in forming your voting decision?

[1 Not at all important ... 7 Very important, 0 Didn't see any]

3. APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: GENERAL OVERVIEW PARTY CODES PER COUNTRY²⁶

NL

1. *Volkspartij voor Vrijheid en Democratie (VVD)*
2. *Partij voor de Vrijheid (PVV)*
3. *Christen-Democratisch Appel (CDA)*
4. *Democraten 66 (D66)*
5. *GroenLinks (GL)*
6. *Socialistische Partij (SP)*
7. *Partij van de Arbeid (PvdA)*
8. *ChristenUnie (CU)*
9. *Partij voor de Dieren (PvdD)*
10. *50Plus*
11. *Staatkundig Gereformeerde Partij (SGP)*
12. *DENK*
13. *Forum voor Democratie (FvD)*
14. *Volt Nederland*
15. *Vanderegio & Piratenpartij*

DE

201. *CDU*
202. *CSU*
203. *SPD*
204. *AfD*
205. *FDP*
206. *Die Linke*
207. *Bündnis 90/Die Grünen*
208. *PIRATEN*
209. *NPD*
210. *Freie Wähler*
211. *Tierschutzpartei*
212. *ÖDP*
213. *Familien-Partei Deutschlands*
215. *Die PARTEI (Partei für Arbeit, Rechtsstaat, Tierschutz, Elitenförderung und basisdemokratische Initiative)*

ES

401. *Partido Popular (PP)*
402. *Partido Socialista Obrero Español (PSOE)*
403. *Unidos Podemos (Podemos-IU-Equo, incluyendo colaboraciones regionales) / Unidos Podemos cambiar Europa*
404. *Podemos*
405. *Izquierda Unida (IU)*
406. *Equo*
407. *Unión Progreso y Democracia (UPyD)*
408. *Ciudadanos (Cs)*
409. *Esquerra Republicana de Catalunya (ERC)*

DK

101. *Socialdemokratiet*
102. *Dansk Folkeparti*
103. *Venstre*
104. *Enhedslisten*
105. *Liberal Alliance*
106. *Alternativet*
107. *Radikale Venstre*
108. *Socialistisk Folkeparti*
109. *Det Konservative Folkeparti*
110. *Kristendemokraterne*
111. *Folkebevægelsen mod EU*
112. *Nye Borgerlige*
113. *Klaus Riskær Pedersen*
114. *Stram Kurs*

HU

301. *Magyar Polgári Szövetség (Fidesz) / Kereszténydemokrata Néppárt (KDNP)*
302. *Jobbik Magyarországért Mozgalom (Jobbik)*
303. *Magyar Szocialista Párt (MSZP)*
304. *Demokratikus Koalíció (DK)*
305. *Lehet Más a Politika (LMP)*
306. *Párbeszéd Magyarországért (PM)*
307. *Momentum Mozgalom (MM)*
308. *Magyar Kétfarkú Kutya Párt (MKKP)*
309. *Magyarországi Németek Országos Önkormányzata (MNOÖ)*
310. *Magyar Liberális Párt (MLP) / Liberálisok*
311. *Magyar Munkáspárt*
312. *Együtt – a Korszakváltók Pártja*
313. *Mi Hazánk Mozgalom*

CZ

601. *ANO 2011*
602. *ODS (Občanská demokratická strana)*
603. *Piráti (Česká pirátská strana)*
604. *SPD (Svoboda a přímá demokracie)*
605. *KSČM (Komunistická strana Čech a Moravy)*
606. *ČSSD (Česká strana sociálně demokratická)*
607. *KDU-ČSL (Křesťanská a demokratická unie – Československá strana lidová)*
608. *TOP 09*
609. *STAN (Starostové a nezávislí)*
610. *TOP 09/STAN (Starostové a nezávislí)*

²⁶ Generally, party alliances received additional codes to the single parties, as necessary for specific party related questions. However, in few cases for party alliances of smaller parties, these did not receive a specific party code, but were coded under the header of the bigger party. Furthermore, due to changes in party names over time or different names in national vs. EP elections, the exact labels used in specific questions might slightly differ to the overview here. Please check the respective party related variables in the following.

- 410. *Partit Demòcrata Europeu Català (PDeCAT) / Junts per Catalunya (JxCat)*
- 411. *Euzko Alderdi Jeltzalea/Partido Nacionalista Vasco (EAJ/PNV)*
- 412. *Euskal Herria Bildu (EH Bildu)*
- 413. *Coalición Canaria-Partido Nacionalista Canario (CC-PNC)*
- 414. *Partido Animalista Contra el Maltrato Animal (PACMA)*
- 415. *Coalición por Europa (CEU) / Coalición por una Europa Solidaria (CEUS)*
- 416. *L'Esquerra pel Dret a Decidir (EPDD)*
- 417. *Los Pueblos Deciden (LPD)*
- 418. *Primavera Europea (PE)*
- 419. *VOX*
- 420. *Ahora Repúblicas (ERC, EH Bildu, BNG)*
- 421. *En Comú Podem*
- 422. *Compromís*
- 423. *Compromiso por Europa (CxE)*

FR

- 701. *La République en marche (REM)*
- 702. *La République en marche (REM)/Mouvement démocrate (MoDem)/Agir*
- 703. *Les Républicains (LR)*
- 704. *Rassemblement National (RN) (Front National (FN))*
- 705. *Mouvement démocrate (MoDem)*
- 706. *Parti socialiste (PS)*
- 707. *La France insoumise (FI)*
- 708. *Europe Écologie - Les Verts (EELV)*
- 709. *Union des Démocrates et Indépendants (UDI)*
- 710. *Parti communiste français (PCF)*
- 711. *Parti radical de gauche (PRG)*
- 712. *Debout la France (DLF)*
- 713. *Mouvement radical, social et libéral (MR)*
- 714. *Génération.s (G.s)*
- 715. *Les Patriotes (LP)*
- 716. *Nouveau Parti anticapitaliste (NPA)*
- 717. *Agir, la droite constructive*
- 718. *Union populaire républicaine (UPR)*
- 719. *Lutte Ouvrière (LO)*
- 720. *Ralliement d'initiative citoyenne (gilets jaunes)*
- 721. *Parti animaliste (PA)*

PL

- 901. *Prawo i Sprawiedliwość (PiS)*
- 902. *Platforma Obywatelska (PO)*
- 903. *Kukiz '15 (K'15)*
- 904. *Nowoczesna (.N)*
- 905. *Polskie Stronnictwo Ludowe (PSL)*
- 906. *Konfederacja KORWiN Braun Lirów Narodowcy (Wolność)*
- 907. *Sojusz Lewicy Demokratycznej (SLD)*
- 908. *Koalicja Europejska PO PSL SLD .N Zieloni (KE)*
- 909. *Zjednoczona Lewica (ZL)*
- 910. *Razem*
- 911. *Twój Ruch (TR)*

- 611. *Strana svobodných občanů*
- 612. *Strana zelených*
- 613. *Strana zdravého rozumu*
- 614. *Realisté*
- 615. *Svobodní*

GR

- 801. *Radical Left Coalition (SYRIZA)*
- 802. *New Democracy (SW)*
- 803. *Golden Dawn (AS)*
- 804. *Democratic Compatriotism (DISY / PASOK-DIMAR)*
- 805. *Change Movement (KINAL)*
- 806. *Communist Party of Greece (KKE)*
- 807. *The River*
- 808. *Union of Centers (EC)*
- 809. *Independent Greeks (ANEL)*
- 810. *Popular Unity (LAE)*
- 811. *ANSARAYA*
- 812. *Front of European Realistic Disobedience (MPA25)*
- 813. *Course of Freedom*
- 814. *Greek Solution*
- 815. *Ecologists Greens*

SE

- 1001. *Socialdemokraterna*
- 1002. *Moderaterna*
- 1003. *Sverigedemokraterna*
- 1004. *Miljöpartiet de Gröna*
- 1005. *Centerpartiet*
- 1006. *Vänsterpartiet*
- 1007. *Liberalerna*
- 1008. *Kristendemokraterna*
- 1009. *Piratpartiet*
- 1010. *Feministiskt initiativ*

912. *Polska Partia Socjalistyczna (PPS)*
 913. *Unia Pracy (UP)*
 914. *Partia Zieloni (PZ)*
 915. *Wiosna*
 916. *Lewica Razem (UP Razem RSS)*

APPENDIX B: PROPENSITY TO VOTE (Q30)

NL

1. *Volkspartij voor Vrijheid en Democratie (VVD)*
 2. *Partij voor de Vrijheid (PVV)*
 3. *Christen-Democratisch Appel (CDA)*
 4. *Democraten '66 (D66)*
 5. *GroenLinks (GL)*
 6. *Socialistische Partij (SP)*
 7. *Partij van de Arbeid (PvdA)*
 8. *ChristenUnie (CU)*
 10. *50plus*
 13. *Forum voor Democratie*

DE

201. *CDU*
 202. *CSU*
 203. *SPD*
 204. *AfD*
 205. *FDP*
 206. *Die Linke*
 207. *Bündnis 90/Die Grünen*

ES

401. *Partido Popular (PP)*
 402. *Partido Socialista Obrero Español (PSOE)*
 404. *Podemos*
 405. *Izquierda Unida (IU)*
 408. *Ciudadanos (Cs)*
 409. *Esquerra Republicana de Catalunya (ERC)*
 415. *Coalición por Europa (CEU)*²⁷
 419. *VOX*

FR

701. *La République en marche (REM)*
 703. *Les Républicains (LR)*
 704. *Rassemblement National (RN)/Front National (FN)*
 705. *Mouvement démocrate (MoDem)*
 706. *Parti socialiste (PS)*
 707. *La France insoumise (FI)*
 708. *Europe Écologie - Les Verts (EELV)*
 710. *Parti communiste français (PCF)*

DK

101. *Socialdemokratiet*
 102. *Dansk Folkeparti*
 103. *Venstre*
 104. *Enhedslisten*
 105. *Liberal Alliance*
 106. *Alternativet*
 107. *Radikale Venstre*
 108. *Socialistisk Folkeparti*
 109. *Det Konservative Folkeparti*
 110. *Kristendemokraterne*

HU

301. *Magyar Polgári Szövetség (Fidesz) / Kereszténydemokrata Néppárt (KDNP)*
 302. *Jobbik Magyarországért Mozgalom (Jobbik)*
 303. *Magyar Szocialista Párt (MSZP)*
 304. *Demokratikus Koalíció (DK)*
 305. *Lehet Más a Politika (LMP)*
 306. *Párbeszéd Magyarországért (PM)*
 307. *Momentum Mozgalom (MM)*

CZ

601. *ANO 2011*
 602. *ODS (Občanská demokratická strana)*
 603. *Piráti (Česká pirátská strana)*
 604. *SPD (Svoboda a přímá demokracie)*
 605. *KSČM (Komunistická strana Čech a Moravy)*
 606. *ČSSD (Česká strana sociálně demokratická)*
 607. *KDU-ČSL (Křesťanská a demokratická unie – Československá strana lidová)*
 608. *TOP 09*
 609. *STAN (Starostové a nezávislí)*

GR

801. *Radical Left Coalition (SYRIZA)*
 802. *New Democracy (SW)*
 803. *Golden Dawn (AS)*
 805. *Change Movement (KINAL)*
 806. *Communist Party of Greece (KKE)*
 807. *The River*
 808. *Union of Centers (EC)*
 809. *Independent Greeks (ANEL)*
 810. *Popular Unity (LAE)*

²⁷ W6 only

PL

- 901. Prawo i Sprawiedliwość (PiS)
- 902. Platforma Obywatelska (PO)
- 903. Kukiz '15 (K'15)
- 904. Nowoczesna (.N)
- 905. Polskie Stronnictwo Ludowe (PSL)
- 906. Konfederacja KORWiN Braun Lirio Narodowcy (Wolność)
- 907. Sojusz Lewicy Demokratycznej (SLD)
- 910. Razem
- 915. Wiosna

SE

- 1001. Socialdemokraterna
- 1002. Moderaterna
- 1003. Sverigedemokraterna
- 1004. Miljöpartiet de Gröna
- 1005. Centerpartiet
- 1006. Vänsterpartiet
- 1007. Liberalerna
- 1008. Kristendemokraterna

APPENDIX C: PARTY IDENTIFICATION (Q31A)

NL

- 1. Volkspartij voor Vrijheid en Democratie (VVD)
- 2. Partij voor de Vrijheid (PVV)
- 3. Christen-Democratisch Appel (CDA)
- 4. Democraten '66 (D66)
- 5. GroenLinks (GL)
- 6. Socialistische Partij (SP)
- 7. Partij van de Arbeid (PvdA)
- 8. ChristenUnie (CU)
- 9. Partij voor de Dieren (PvdD)
- 10. 50plus
- 11. Staatkundig Gereformeerde Partij (SGP)
- 12. DENK
- 13. Forum voor Democratie

DK

- 101. Socialdemokratiet
- 102. Dansk Folkeparti
- 103. Venstre
- 104. Enhedslisten
- 105. Liberal Alliance
- 106. Alternativet
- 107. Radikale Venstre
- 108. Socialistisk Folkeparti
- 109. Det Konservative Folkeparti
- 110. Kristendemokraterne
- 112. Nye Borgerlige

DE

- 201. CDU
- 202. CSU
- 203. SPD
- 204. AfD
- 205. FDP
- 206. Die Linke
- 207. Bündnis 90/Die Grünen

HU

- 301. Magyar Polgári Szövetség (Fidesz) / Kereszténydemokrata Néppárt (KDNP)
- 302. Jobbik Magyarországért Mozgalom (Jobbik)
- 303. Magyar Szocialista Párt (MSZP)
- 304. Demokratikus Koalíció (DK)
- 305. Lehet Más a Politika (LMP)
- 306. Párbeszéd Magyarországért (PM)
- 307. Momentum Mozgalom (MM)
- 308. Magyar Kétfarkú Kutya Párt (MKKP)
- 309. Magyarországi Németek Országos Önkormányzata (MNOÖ)
- 310. Magyar Liberális Párt (MLP) / Liberálisok
- 311. Magyar Munkáspárt

ES

- 401. Partido Popular (PP)
- 402. Partido Socialista Obrero Español (PSOE)
- 404. Podemos
- 405. Izquierda Unida (IU)
- 406. Equo
- 407. Unión Progreso y Democracia (UPyD)
- 408. Ciudadanos (Cs)
- 409. Esquerra Republicana de Catalunya (ERC)
- 410. Partit Demòcrata Europeu Català (PDeCAT) / Junts per Catalunya (JxCat)

CZ

- 601. ANO 2011
- 602. ODS (Občanská demokratická strana)
- 603. Piráti (Česká pirátská strana)
- 604. SPD (Svoboda a přímá demokracie)
- 605. KSČM (Komunistická strana Čech a Moravy)
- 606. ČSSD (Česká strana sociálně demokratická)
- 607. KDU-ČSL (Křesťanská a demokratická unie – Československá strana lidová)
- 608. TOP 09
- 609. STAN (Starostové a nezávislí)

- 411. Euzko Alderdi Jeltzalea/Partido Nacionalista Vasco (EAJ/PNV)
- 412. Euskal Herria Bildu (EH Bildu)
- 413. Coalición Canaria-Partido Nacionalista Canario (CC-PNC)
- 414. Partido Animalista Contra el Maltrato Animal (PACMA)
- 419. VOX

FR

- 701. La République en marche (REM)
- 703. Les Républicains (LR)
- 704. Rassemblement National (RN) (Front National (FN))
- 705. Mouvement démocrate (MoDem)
- 706. Parti socialiste (PS)
- 707. La France insoumise (FI)
- 708. Europe Écologie - Les Verts (EELV)
- 709. Union des Démocrates et Indépendants (UDI)
- 710. Parti communiste français (PCF)
- 712. Debout la France (DLF)
- 713. Mouvement radical, social et liberal (MR)
- 714. Génération.s (G.s)
- 715. Les Patriotes (LP)
- 716. Nouveau Parti anticapitaliste (NPA)
- 717. Agir, la droite constructive
- 718. Union populaire républicaine (UPR)
- 719. Lutte Ouvrière (LO)

PL

- 901. Prawo i Sprawiedliwość (PiS)
- 902. Platforma Obywatelska (PO)
- 903. Kukiz '15 (K'15)
- 904. Nowoczesna (.N)
- 905. Polskie Stronnictwo Ludowe (PSL)
- 906. Konfederacja KORWiN Braun Liroy Narodowcy (Wolność)
- 907. Sojusz Lewicy Demokratycznej (SLD)
- 910. Razem
- 911. Twój Ruch (TR)
- 912. Polska Partia Socjalistyczna (PPS)
- 913. Unia Pracy (UP)
- 914. Partia Zieloni (PZ)
- 915. Wiosna

- 611. Strana svobodných občanů
- 612. Strana zelených
- 613. Strana zdravého rozumu
- 614. Realisté

GR

- 801. Radical Left Coalition (SYRIZA)
- 802. New Democracy (SW)
- 803. Golden Dawn (AS)
- 805. Change Movement (KINAL)
- 806. Communist Party of Greece (KKE)
- 807. The River
- 808. Union of Centers (EC)
- 809. Independent Greeks (ANEL)
- 810. Popular Unity (LAE)
- 811. ANSARAYA

SE

- 1001. Socialdemokraterna
- 1002. Moderaterna
- 1003. Sverigedemokraterna
- 1004. Miljöpartiet de Gröna
- 1005. Centerpartiet
- 1006. Vänsterpartiet
- 1007. Liberalerna
- 1008. Kristendemokraterna

APPENDIX D: VOTE INTENTION NATIONAL (Q32A)

NL

- 1. Volkspartij voor Vrijheid en Democratie (VVD)
- 2. Partij voor de Vrijheid (PVV)
- 3. Christen-Democratisch Appel (CDA)
- 4. Democraten 66 (D66)
- 5. GroenLinks (GL)
- 6. Socialistische Partij (SP)
- 7. Partij van de Arbeid (PvdA)
- 8. ChristenUnie (CU)

DK

- 101. Socialdemokratiet
- 102. Dansk Folkeparti
- 103. Venstre
- 104. Enhedslisten
- 105. Liberal Alliance
- 106. Alternativet
- 107. Radikale Venstre
- 108. Socialistisk Folkeparti

- 9. *Partij voor de Dieren (PvdD)*
- 10. *50Plus*
- 11. *Staatkundig Gereformeerde Partij (SGP)*
- 12. *DENK*
- 13. *Forum voor Democratie (FvD)*

DE

- 201. *CDU*
- 202. *CSU*
- 203. *SPD*
- 204. *AfD*
- 205. *FDP*
- 206. *Die Linke*
- 207. *Bündnis 90/Die Grünen*
- 208. *PIRATEN*
- 209. *NPD*
- 210. *Freie Wähler*
- 211. *Tierschutzpartei*
- 212. *ÖDP*

ES

- 401. *Partido Popular (PP)*
- 402. *Partido Socialista Obrero Español (PSOE)*
- 403. *Unidos Podemos (Podemos-IU-Equo, incluyendo colaboraciones regionales) / Unidas Podemos cambiar Europa*
- 407. *Unión Progreso y Democracia (UPyD)*
- 408. *Ciudadanos (Cs)*
- 409. *Esquerra Republicana de Catalunya (ERC)*
- 410. *Partit Demòcrata Europeu Català (PDeCAT) / Junts per Catalunya (JxCat)*
- 411. *Euzko Alderdi Jeltzalea/Partido Nacionalista Vasco (EAJ/PNV)*
- 412. *Euskal Herria Bildu (EH Bildu)*
- 413. *Coalición Canaria-Partido Nacionalista Canario (CC-PNC)*
- 414. *Partido Animalista Contra el Maltrato Animal (PACMA)*
- 415. *Coalición por Europa (CEU) / Coalición por una Europa Solidaria (CEUS)³⁰*
- 419. *VOX*
- 422. *Compromís²⁹*

FR

- 701. *La République en marche (REM)*
- 703. *Les Républicains (LR)*
- 704. *Rassemblement National (RN) (Front National (FN))*
- 705. *Mouvement démocrate (MoDem)*
- 706. *Parti socialiste (PS)*
- 707. *La France insoumise (FI)*

- 109. *Det Konservative Folkeparti*
- 110. *Kristendemokraterne*
- 112. *Nye Borgerlige*
- 113. *Klaus Riskær Pedersen²⁹*
- 114. *Stram Kurs²⁸*

HU

- 301. *Magyar Polgári Szövetség (Fidesz) / Kereszténydemokrata Néppárt (KDNP)*
- 302. *Jobbik Magyarországért Mozgalom (Jobbik)*
- 303. *Magyar Szocialista Párt (MSZP)*
- 304. *Demokratikus Koalíció (DK)*
- 305. *Lehet Más a Politika (LMP)*
- 306. *Párbeszéd Magyarországért (PM)*
- 307. *Momentum Mozgalom (MM)*
- 308. *Magyar Kétfarkú Kutya Párt (MKKP)*
- 309. *Magyarországi Németek Országos Önkormányzata (MNOÖ)*
- 310. *Magyar Liberális Párt (MLP) / Liberálisok*
- 311. *Magyar Munkáspárt*
- 313. *Mi Hazánk Mozgalom²⁹*

CZ

- 601. *ANO 2011*
- 602. *ODS (Občanská demokratická strana)*
- 603. *Piráti (Česká pirátská strana)*
- 604. *SPD (Svoboda a přímá demokracie)*
- 605. *KSČM (Komunistická strana Čech a Moravy)*
- 606. *ČSD (Česká strana sociálně demokratická)*
- 607. *KDU-ČSL (Křesťanská a demokratická unie – Československá strana lidová)*
- 608. *TOP 09*
- 609. *STAN (Starostové a nezávislí)*
- 611. *Strana svobodných občanů*
- 612. *Strana zelených*
- 613. *Strana zdravého rozumu*

GR

- 801. *Radical Left Coalition (SYRIZA)*
- 802. *New Democracy (SW)*
- 803. *Golden Dawn (AS)*
- 805. *Change Movement (KINAL)*
- 806. *Communist Party of Greece (KKE)*
- 807. *The River*

²⁸ Only W6

²⁹ Only W5 and W6

³⁰ Only W4

708. Europe Écologie - Les Verts (EELV)
 709. Union des Démocrates et Indépendants (UDI)
 710. Parti communiste français (PCF)
 712. Debout la France (DLF)
 713. Mouvement radical, social et liberal (MR)
 714. Génération.s (G.s)
 715. Les Patriotes (LP)
 716. Nouveau Parti anticapitaliste (NPA)
 717. Agir, la droite constructive
 718. Union populaire républicaine (UPR)
 719. Lutte Ouvrière (LO)

PL

901. Prawo i Sprawiedliwość (PiS)
 902. Platforma Obywatelska (PO)
 903. Kukiz '15 (K'15)
 904. Nowoczesna (.N)
 905. Polskie Stronnictwo Ludowe (PSL)
 906. Konfederacja KORWiN Braun Lirny Narodowcy
 (Wolność)
 907. Sojusz Lewicy Demokratycznej (SLD)
 910. Razem
 911. Twój Ruch (TR)
 912. Polska Partia Socjalistyczna (PPS)
 913. Unia Pracy (UP)
 914. Partia Zieloni (PZ)
 915. Wiosna

808. Union of Centres (EC)
 809. Independent Greeks (ANEL)
 810. Popular Unity (LAE)
 811. ANSARAYA
 812. Front of European Realistic Disobedience (MPA25)³¹
 814. Greek Solution³¹

SE

1001. Socialdemokraterna
 1002. Moderaterna
 1003. Sverigedemokraterna
 1004. Miljöpartiet de Gröna
 1005. Centerpartiet
 1006. Vänsterpartiet
 1007. Liberalerna
 1008. Kristendemokraterna

APPENDIX E: VOTE INTENTION EP (Q33A)

NL

1. Volkspartij voor Vrijheid en Democratie (VVD)
 2. Partij voor de Vrijheid (PVV)
 3. Christen-Democratisch Appel (CDA)
 4. Democraten 66 (D66)
 5. GroenLinks (GL)
 6. Socialistische Partij (SP)
 7. Partij van de Arbeid (PvdA)
 8. ChristenUnie-SGP (CU-SGP)
 9. Partij voor de Dieren (PvdD)
 10. 50Plus
 12. DENK
 13. Forum voor Democratie (FvD)

DE

201. CDU
 202. CSU
 203. SPD
 204. AfD
 205. FDP

DK

101. Socialdemokratiet
 102. Dansk Folkeparti
 103. Venstre
 104. Enhedslisten
 105. Liberal Alliance
 106. Alternativet
 107. Radikale Venstre
 108. Socialistisk Folkeparti
 109. Det Konservative Folkeparti
 110. Kristendemokraterne³²
 111. Folkebevægelsen mod EU
 112. Nye Borgerlige
 113. Klaus Riskær Pedersen³³

HU

301. Magyar Polgári Szövetség (Fidesz) /
 Kereszténydemokrata Néppárt (KDNP)
 302. Jobbik Magyarországért Mozgalom (Jobbik)
 303. Magyar Szocialista Párt (MSZP)
 304. Demokratikus Koalíció (DK)

³¹ Only W6

³² Only W4

206. *Die Linke*
 207. *Bündnis 90/Die Grünen*
 208. *PIRATEN*
 209. *NPD*
 210. *Freie Wähler*
 211. *Tierschutzpartei*
 212. *ÖDP*
 213. *Familien-Partei Deutschlands*
 215. *Die PARTEI (Partei für Arbeit, Rechtsstaat, Tierschutz, Elitenförderung und basisdemokratische Initiative)*

ES

401. *Partido Popular (PP)*
 402. *Partido Socialista Obrero Español (PSOE)*
 403. *Unidos Podemos (Podemos-IU-Equo, incluyendo colaboraciones regionales) / Unidos Podemos cambiar Europa*
 407. *Unión Progreso y Democracia (UPyD)*
 408. *Ciudadanos (Cs)*
 409. *Esquerra Republicana de Catalunya (ERC)*³²
 410. *Partit Demòcrata Europeu Català (PDeCAT) / Junts per Catalunya (JxCat)*³³
 414. *Partido Animalista Contra el Maltrato Animal (PACMA)*
 415. *Coalición por Europa (CEU) / Coalición por una Europa Solidaria (CEUS)*
 416. *L'Esquerra pel Dret a Decidir (EPDD)*
 417. *Los Pueblos Deciden (LPD)*
 418. *Primavera Europea (PE)*
 419. *VOX*
 420. *Ahora Repúblicas (ERC, EH Bildu, BNG)*³³

FR

702. *La République en marche (REM)/Mouvement démocrate (MoDem)/Agir*
 703. *Les Républicains (LR)*
 704. *Rassemblement National (RN) (Front National (FN))*
 706. *Parti socialiste (PS)*
 707. *La France insoumise (FI)*
 708. *Europe Écologie - Les Verts (EELV)*
 709. *Union des Démocrates et Indépendants (UDI)*
 710. *Parti communiste français (PCF)*
 712. *Debout la France (DLF)*
 713. *Mouvement radical, social et liberal (MR)*
 714. *Génération.s (G.s)*
 715. *Les Patriotes (LP)*
 716. *Nouveau Parti anticapitaliste (NPA)*
 717. *Agir, la droite constructive*
 718. *Union populaire républicaine (UPR)*
 719. *Lutte Ouvrière (LO)*
 720. *Ralliement d'initiative citoyenne (gilets jaunes)*

305. *Lehet Más a Politika (LMP)*
 306. *Párbeszéd Magyarorszáért (PM)*
 307. *Momentum Mozgalom (MM)*
 308. *Magyar Kétfarkú Kutya Párt (MKKP)*
 309. *Magyarországi Németek Országos Önkormányzata (MNOÖ)*
 310. *Magyar Liberális Párt (MLP) / Liberálisok*
 311. *Magyar Munkáspárt*
 313. *Mi Hazánk Mozgalom*³³

CZ

601. *ANO 2011*
 602. *ODS (Občanská demokratická strana)*
 603. *Piráti (Česká pirátská strana)*
 604. *SPD (Svoboda a přímá demokracie)*
 605. *KSČM (Komunistická strana Čech a Moravy)*
 606. *ČSSD (Česká strana sociálně demokratická)*
 607. *KDU-ČSL (Křesťanská a demokratická unie – Československá strana lidová)*
 610. *TOP 09/STAN (Starostové a nezávislí)*
 612. *Strana zelených*
 615. *Svobodní*

GR

801. *Radical Left Coalition (SYRIZA)*
 802. *New Democracy (SW)*
 803. *Golden Dawn (AS)*
 805. *Change Movement (KINAL)*
 806. *Communist Party of Greece (KKE)*
 807. *The River*
 808. *Union of Centers (EC)*
 809. *Independent Greeks (ANEL)*
 810. *Popular Unity (LAE)*
 811. *ANSARAYA*

³³ Only W5

PL

- 901. Prawo i Sprawiedliwość (PiS)
- 903. Kukiz '15 (K'15)
- 906. Konfederacja KORWiN Braun Lirioy Narodowcy (Wolność)
- 908. Koalicja Europejska PO PSL SLD .N Zieloni (KE)
- 911. Twój Ruch (TR)
- 912. Polska Partia Socjalistyczna (PPS)
- 915. Wiosna
- 916. Lewica Razem (UP Razem RSS)

SE

- 1001. Socialdemokraterna
- 1002. Moderaterna
- 1003. Sverigedemokraterna
- 1004. Miljöpartiet de Gröna
- 1005. Centerpartiet
- 1006. Vänsterpartiet
- 1007. Liberalerna
- 1008. Kristendemokraterna

APPENDIX F: ACTUAL VOTE – NATIONAL (Q35)

NL

- 1. Volkspartij voor Vrijheid en Democratie (VVD)
- 2. Partij voor de Vrijheid (PVV)
- 3. Christen-Democratisch Appel (CDA)
- 4. Democraten 66 (D66)
- 5. GroenLinks (GL)
- 6. Socialistische Partij (SP)
- 7. Partij van de Arbeid (PvdA)
- 8. ChristenUnie (CU)
- 9. Partij voor de Dieren (PvdD)
- 10. 50Plus
- 11. Staatkundig Gereformeerde Partij (SGP)
- 12. DENK
- 13. Forum voor Democratie (FvD)

DK

- 101. Socialdemokratiet
- 102. Dansk Folkeparti
- 103. Venstre
- 104. Enhedslisten
- 105. Liberal Alliance
- 106. Alternativet
- 107. Radikale Venstre
- 108. Socialistisk Folkeparti
- 109. Det Konservative Folkeparti
- 110. Kristendemokraterne
- 112. Nye Borgerlige³⁴
- 113. Klaus Riskær Pedersen³⁴
- 114. Stram Kurs³⁴

DE

- 201. CDU
- 202. CSU
- 203. SPD
- 204. AfD
- 205. FDP
- 206. Die Linke
- 207. Bündnis 90/Die Grünen
- 208. PIRATEN
- 209. NPD
- 210. Freie Wähler
- 211. Tierschutzpartei
- 212. ÖDP

HU

- 301. Magyar Polgári Szövetség (Fidesz) / Kereszténydemokrata Néppárt (KDNP)
- 302. Jobbik Magyarországért Mozgalom (Jobbik)
- 303. Magyar Szocialista Párt (MSZP)
- 304. Demokratikus Koalíció (DK)
- 305. Lehet Más a Politika (LMP)
- 306. Párbeszéd Magyarországért (PM)
- 307. Momentum Mozgalom (MM)
- 308. Magyar Kétfarkú Kutya Párt (MKKP)
- 309. Magyarországi Németek Országos Önkormányzata (MNOÖ)
- 310. Magyar Liberális Párt (MLP) / Liberálisok
- 311. Magyar Munkáspárt
- 312. Együtt – a Korszakváltók Pártja

ES

- 401. Partido Popular (PP)
- 402. Partido Socialista Obrero Español (PSOE)
- 403. Unidos Podemos (Podemos-IU-Equo, incluyendo colaboraciones regionales) / Unidas Podemos cambiar Europa
- 407. Unión Progreso y Democracia (UPyD)³⁵

CZ

- 601. ANO 2011
- 602. ODS (Občanská demokratická strana)
- 603. Piráti (Česká pirátská strana)
- 604. SPD (Svoboda a přímá demokracie)
- 605. KSČM (Komunistická strana Čech a Moravy)
- 606. ČSSD (Česká strana sociálně demokratická)

³⁴ Only W7

³⁵ Only W4

- 408. *Ciudadanos (Cs)*
- 409. *Esquerra Republicana de Catalunya (ERC)*
- 410. *Partit Demòcrata Europeu Català (PDeCAT) / Junts per Catalunya (JxCat)*
- 411. *Euzko Alderdi Jeltzalea/Partido Nacionalista Vasco (EAJ/PNV)*
- 412. *Euskal Herria Bildu (EH Bildu)*
- 413. *Coalición Canaria-Partido Nacionalista Canario (CC-PNC)*
- 414. *Partido Animalista Contra el Maltrato Animal (PACMA)*
- 419. *VOX³⁶*
- 421. *En Comú Podem³⁶*
- 422. *Compromís³⁶*

FR

- 701. *La République en marche (REM)*
- 703. *Les Républicains (LR)*
- 704. *Rassemblement National (RN) (Front National (FN))*
- 705. *Mouvement démocrate (MoDem)*
- 706. *Parti socialiste (PS)*
- 707. *La France insoumise (FI)*
- 708. *Europe Écologie - Les Verts (EELV)*
- 709. *Union des Démocrates et Indépendants (UDI)*
- 710. *Parti communiste français (PCF)*
- 711. *Parti radical de gauche (PRG)*
- 712. *Debout la France (DLF)*

PL

- 901. *Prawo i Sprawiedliwość (PiS)*
- 902. *Platforma Obywatelska (PO)*
- 903. *Kukiz '15 (K'15)*
- 904. *Nowoczesna (.N)*
- 905. *Polskie Stronnictwo Ludowe (PSL)*
- 906. *Konfederacja KORWiN Braun Liroy Narodowcy (Wolność)*
- 909. *Zjednoczona Lewica (ZL)*
- 910. *Razem*

- 607. *KDU-ČSL (Křesťanská a demokratická unie – Československá strana lidová)*
- 608. *TOP 09*
- 609. *STAN (Starostové a nezávislí)*
- 611. *Strana svobodných občanů*
- 612. *Strana zelených*

GR

- 801. *Radical Left Coalition (SYRIZA)*
- 802. *New Democracy (SW)*
- 803. *Golden Dawn (AS)*
- 804. *Democratic Compatriot (DISY / PASOK-DIMAR)*
- 806. *Communist Party of Greece (KKE)*
- 807. *The River*
- 808. *Union of Centers (EC)*
- 809. *Independent Greeks (ANEL)*
- 810. *Popular Unity (LAE)*

SE

- 1001. *Socialdemokraterna*
- 1002. *Moderaterna*
- 1003. *Sverigedemokraterna*
- 1004. *Miljöpartiet de Gröna*
- 1005. *Centerpartiet*
- 1006. *Vänsterpartiet*
- 1007. *Liberalerna*
- 1008. *Kristendemokraterna*

APPENDIX G: VOTE CHOICE – EP (Q36B)

NL

- 1. *Volkspartij voor Vrijheid en Democratie (VVD)*
- 2. *Partij voor de Vrijheid (PVV)*
- 3. *Christen-Democratisch Appel (CDA)*
- 4. *Democraten 66 (D66)*
- 5. *GroenLinks (GL)*
- 6. *Socialistische Partij (SP)*
- 7. *Partij van de Arbeid (PvdA)*
- 8. *ChristenUnie (CU) - Staatkundig Gereformeerde Partij (SGP)*
- 9. *Partij voor de Dieren (PvdD)*

DK

- 101. *Socialdemokratiet*
- 102. *Dansk Folkeparti*
- 103. *Venstre*
- 104. *Enhedslisten*
- 105. *Liberal Alliance*
- 106. *Alternativet*
- 107. *Radikale Venstre*
- 108. *Socialistisk Folkeparti*
- 109. *Det Konservative Folkeparti*
- 111. *Folkebevægelsen mod EU*

³⁶ Only W6

- 10. 50Plus
- 12. DENK
- 13. Forum voor Democratie (FvD)
- 14. Volt Nederland
- 15. Vanderegio & Piratenpartij

DE

- 201. CDU
- 202. CSU
- 203. SPD
- 204. AfD
- 205. FDP
- 206. Die Linke
- 207. Bündnis 90/Die Grünen
- 208. PIRATEN
- 209. NPD
- 210. Freie Wähler
- 211. Tierschutzpartei
- 212. ÖDP
- 215. Die PARTEI (Partei für Arbeit, Rechtsstaat, Tierschutz, Elitenförderung und basisdemokratische Initiative)

ES

- 401. Partido Popular (PP)
- 402. Partido Socialista Obrero Español (PSOE)
- 403. Unidos Podemos (Podemos-IU-Equo, incluyendo colaboraciones regionales) / Unidas Podemos cambiar Europa
- 408. Ciudadanos (Cs)
- 410. Partit Demòcrata Europeu Català (PDeCAT) / Junts per Catalunya (JxCat)
- 414. Partido Animalista Contra el Maltrato Animal (PACMA)
- 415. Coalición por Europa (CEU) / Coalición por una Europa Solidaria (CEUS)
- 419. VOX
- 420. Ahora Repúblicas (ERC, EH Bildu, BNG)
- 423. Compromiso por Europa (CxE)

FR

- 702. La République en marche (REM)/Mouvement démocrate (MoDem)/Agir
- 703. Les Républicains (LR)
- 704. Rassemblement National (RN) (Front National (FN))
- 706. Parti socialiste (PS)
- 707. La France insoumise (FI)
- 708. Europe Écologie - Les Verts (EELV)
- 709. Union des Démocrates et Indépendants (UDI)
- 710. Parti communiste français (PCF)
- 712. Debout la France (DLF)
- 714. Génération.s (G.s)
- 715. Les Patriotes (LP)
- 718. Union populaire républicaine (UPR)
- 719. Lutte Ouvrière (LO)
- 720. Ralliement d'initiative citoyenne (gilets jaunes)
- 721. Parti animaliste (PA)

HU

- 301. Magyar Polgári Szövetség (Fidesz) / Kereszténydemokrata Néppárt (KDNP)
- 302. Jobbik Magyarországért Mozgalom (Jobbik)
- 303. Magyar Szocialista Párt (MSZP)
- 304. Demokratikus Koalíció (DK)
- 305. Lehet Más a Politika (LMP)
- 306. Párbeszéd Magyarországért (PM)
- 307. Momentum Mozgalom (MM)
- 308. Magyar Kétfarkú Kutya Párt (MKKP)
- 310. Magyar Liberális Párt (MLP) / Liberálisok
- 313. Mi Hazánk Mozgalom

CZ

- 601. ANO 2011
- 602. ODS (Občanská demokratická strana)
- 603. Piráti (Česká pirátská strana)
- 604. SPD (Svoboda a přímá demokracie)
- 605. KSČM (Komunistická strana Čech a Moravy)
- 606. ČSSD (Česká strana sociálně demokratická)
- 607. KDU-ČSL (Křesťanská a demokratická unie – Československá strana lidová)
- 610. TOP 09/STAN (Starostové a nezávislí)

GR

- 801. Radical Left Coalition (SYRIZA)
- 802. New Democracy (SW)
- 803. Golden Dawn (AS)
- 805. Change Movement (KINAL)
- 806. Communist Party of Greece (KKE)
- 807. The River
- 808. Union of Centers (EC)
- 809. Independent Greeks (ANEL)
- 810. Popular Unity (LAE)
- 812. Front of European Realistic Disobedience (MPA25)
- 813. Course of Freedom
- 814. Greek Solution
- 815. Ecologists Greens

PL

- 901. Prawo i Sprawiedliwość (PiS)
- 903. Kukiz '15 (K'15)
- 906. Konfederacja KORWiN Braun Lirów Narodowcy (Wolność)
- 908. Koalicja Europejska PO PSL SLD .N Zieloni (KE)
- 911. Twój Ruch (TR)
- 915. Wiosna
- 916. Lewica Razem (UP Razem RSS)

SE

- 1001. Socialdemokraterna
- 1002. Moderaterna
- 1003. Sverigedemokraterna
- 1004. Miljöpartiet de Gröna
- 1005. Centerpartiet
- 1006. Vänsterpartiet
- 1007. Liberalerna
- 1008. Kristendemokraterna
- 1009. Piratpartiet
- 1010. Feministiskt initiativ

APPENDIX H: VOTE INTENTION/CHOICE - LOCAL & PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS (Q37A & Q37C)

NL

- 1. Volkspartij voor Vrijheid en Democratie (VVD)
- 2. Partij voor de Vrijheid (PVV)
- 3. Christen-Democratisch Appel (CDA)
- 4. Democraten 66 (D66)
- 5. GroenLinks (GL)
- 6. Socialistische Partij (SP)
- 7. Partij van de Arbeid (PvdA)
- 8. ChristenUnie (CU)
- 9. Partij voor de Dieren (PvdD)
- 10. 50Plus
- 11. Staatkundig Gereformeerde Partij (SGP)
- 12. DENK
- 13. Forum voor Democratie (FvD)
- 19. a local party

APPENDIX I: MEDIA EXPOSURE - NEWSPAPERS (Q40)

NL

- a. De Telegraaf
- b. Algemeen Dagblad
- c. de Volkskrant
- d. NRC Handelsblad
- e. Trouw
- f. Metro
- g. Regionale krant

DK

- a. Politiken
- b. Jyllands Posten
- c. Ekstra Bladet
- d. BT
- e. Berlingske
- f. Børsen

DE

- a. Bild
- b. Süddeutsche Zeitung
- c. Frankfurter Allgemeine
- d. Welt
- e. taz
- f. Frankfurter Rundschau

HU

- a. Blikk
- b. Népszava
- c. Bors

ES

- a. El País
- b. El Mundo

CZ

- a. Metro
- b. Blesk

- c. ABC
- d. La Razón
- e. El Punt Avui
- f. La Vanguardia
- g. El Periódico
- h. El Correo
- i. Berria
- j. Deia
- k. La voz de Galicia

- c. Mladáfronta DNES
- d. Právo
- e. Deník

FR

- a. Le Figaro
- b. Le Monde
- c. 20 Minutes
- d. CNews
- e. Le Parisien/ Aujourd'hui en France
- f. Ouest-France

GR

- a. Real news
- b. Daily
- c. First Subject
- d. The Step
- e. The News
- f. Journal of the Editors
- g. Dawn

PL

- a. Fakt
- b. Gazeta Wyborcza
- c. Super Express
- d. Rzeczpospolita
- e. Dziennik Gazeta Prawna
- f. Przegląd Sportowy
- g. Puls Biznesu
- h. Parkiet

SE

- a. Dagens Nyheter
- b. Svenska Dagbladet
- c. Aftonbladet
- d. Expressen
- e. Metro
- f. Göteborgs-Posten

APPENDIX J: MEDIA EXPOSURE – TELEVISION (Q41)

NL

- a. NOS Achtuurjournaal
- b. Nieuwsuur
- c. EenVandaag
- d. RTL Nieuws van 19.30
- e. Hart van Nederland
- f. De wereld draait door
- g. RTL Late Night³⁷
- h. Pauw

DK

- a. DR Nyheder
- b. TV2 Nyheder

DE

- a. ARD Tagesschau/
Tagesthemen
- b. ZDF Heute/Heute Journal
- c. RTL Aktuell
- d. n-tv Nachrichten
- e. ProSieben Newstime
- f. Sat1 Nachrichten
- g. RTL II News
- h. Kabel Eins News
- i. ARTE Journal

HU

- a. RTL Híradó
- b. M1 Híradó
- c. M2 Híradó

³⁷ This TV program was discontinued and therefore not available during W6.

ES

- a. Antena 3 Noticias
- b. Telediario/TVE
- c. Noticias Cuatro
- d. Informativos Telecinco
- e. La Sexta Noticias
- f. Etb2 Teleberri
- g. Canal Sur Noticias
- h. TV3 Telenotícies
- i. Television de Galicia (TVG) Telexornal

FR

- a. TF1 20h
- b. France 2 20h
- c. France3 20h
- d. BFM TV
- e. Le 1945 (M6)
- f. CNews
- g. LCI

PL

- a. Fakty TVN
- b. Polsat News
- c. TVP1 Wiadomości
- d. TVP2 Panorama
- e. TVP1 Teleexpress

CZ

- a. Česká televize Události (19:00)
- b. Nova Televizní noviny (19:30)
- c. Prima VELKÉ ZPRÁVY (18:55)
- d. TV Barrandov Moje zprávy

GR

- a. SKAI
- b. ANT1
- c. ALPHA
- d. Star
- e. ERT
- f. OpenBeyond TV

SE

- a. SVT Rapport
- b. SVT Aktuell
- c. TV4-Nyheter

APPENDIX K: MEDIA EXPOSURE – ONLINE (Q42)

NL

- a. telegraaf.nl
- b. ad.nl
- c. vk.nl
- d. nrc.nl
- e. trouw.nl
- f. nos.nl
- g. nu.nl
- h. geenstijl.nl
- i. Google news
- j. Blendle
- k. De Correspondent
- l. parool.nl
- m. metronieuws.nl

DE

- a. Spiegel online
- b. t-online
- c. focus.de
- d. bild.de
- e. sueddeutsche.de
- f. faz.de
- g. welt.de
- h. taz.de

DK

- a. DR.dk
- b. TV2 online
- c. Ekstra Bladet online
- d. BT online
- e. Politiken online
- f. Berlingske online
- g. Jyllands Posten online
- h. Børsen online

HU

- a. Index.hu
- b. Origo.hu
- c. 24.hu
- d. blikk.hu
- e. nepszava.hu
- f. HVG.hu
- g. rtl.hu

i. zeit.de
j. Frankfurter Rundschau online
k. ARD online
(z. B. Tagesschau.de)
l. ZDF online
m. RTL online
n. ntv.de
o. prosieben.de
p. sat1.de
q. rtl2.de
r. kabeleins.de
s. arte.de

ES

a. elpais.com
b. elmundo.es
c. elconfidencial.com
d. eldiario.es
e. elespanol.com
f. abc.es
g. antena3.com
h. rtve.es
i. cuatro.es
j. telecinco.es
k. lasexta.es
l. elpuntavui.cat
m. ara.cat
n. El Periódico online
o. elcorreo.com
p. berria.eus
q. deia.eus

FR

a. 20 minutes en ligne
b. France Info en ligne
c. Le Monde en ligne
d. Le Figaro en ligne
e. MSN News
f. HuffPost
g. BGM TV en ligne
h. Yahoo! News
i. L'Express en ligne
j. Le Point en ligne
k. TF1 en ligne
l. L'Obs (nouvelobs.com)
m. Libération en ligne

CZ

a. seznam.cz
b. Aktualne.cz
c. iDnes.cz
d. Super.cz
e. iHned.cz
f. Lidovky.cz
g. Reflex.cz
h. Tyden.cz
i. iRozhlas.cz
j. Novinky.cz
k. metro.cz
l. blesk.cz
m. mfdnes.cz
n. pravo.cz
o. denik.cz
p. ceskatelevize.cz
q. tn.nova.cz
r. iprima.cz
s. barrandov.tv
t. Parlamentnilisty.cz

GR

a. Newsbomb.gr
b. in.gr
c. news247.gr
d. Skai online
e. newsit.gr
f. Zougla.gr
g. mixanitouxronou.gr
h. Yahoo! news
i. Newsbeast.gr
j. lefimerida.gr
k. Daily online
l. First Topic online
m. Lifo.gr
n. Enikos.gr
o. ERT News online
p. CNN Greece
q. Tro-ma-ktiko
r. Makeleio.gr
s. Pronews.gr
t. Olympia.gr
u. Left.gr

v. tvxs.gr

PL

- a. onet.pl
- b. wp.pl
- c. tvn24.pl
- d. interia.pl
- e. wyborcza.pl
- f. RMF24.pl
- g. TVP.info
- h. Gazeta.pl
- i. fakt.pl
- j. O2.pl
- k. polsatnews.pl
- l. Money.pl
- m. Radiozet.pl
- n. Newsweek online

SE

- a. Dagens Nyheter online
- b. Svenska Dagbladet online
- c. Aftonbladet.se
- d. Expressen.se
- e. Metro online
- f. SVT.se
- g. Nyheter24.se
- h. TV4.se
- i. sverigesradio.se
- j. Göteborgs-Posten online
- k. Dagens Industri online
- l. sydsvenskan.se

APPENDIX L: POLITICAL KNOWLEDGE – GENERAL (Q53A)³⁸

NL

1. VVD*
2. PVV
3. D66
4. CDA
5. PvdA
99. Don't know

DK

1. Socialdemokratiet*
2. Dansk Folkeparti
3. Venstre
4. Enhedslisten
5. Liberal Alliance
99. Don't know

DE

1. SPD*
2. AfD
3. CDU/CSU
4. Bündnis 90/Die Grünen
5. FDP
99. Don't know

HU

1. Fidesz-KDNP*
2. Jobbik
3. LMP
4. MSZP-P
5. DK
99. Don't know

ES

1. PP*
2. PSOE
3. Unidos Podemos
4. C's
5. ERC
99. Don't know

CZ

1. ANO 2011*
2. ODS
3. Piráti
4. SPD
5. KSČM
99. Don't know

FR

1. La République en marche (REM)*
2. Les Républicains (LR)
3. Front National (FN)
4. Parti socialiste (PS)

GR

1. Synaspismós Rizospastikís Aristerás (SYRIZA)*
2. Nea Dimokratia (ND)
3. Chrysí Avgí (XA)
4. Dimokratiki Symparataxi (DISI)

³⁸ Please note differences between the number labels in this documentation and the respective numbers in the data for all of the following country-specific answer categories (up to Q403). For simplicity reasons, here we numbered all country-specific labels starting from 1.

5. *La France insoumise (FI)*
99. *Don't know*

PL

1. *Prawo i Sprawiedliwość (PiS)**
2. *Platforma Obywatelska (PO)*
3. *Kukiz '15 (K'15)*
4. *Nowoczesna (.N)*
5. *Polskie Stronnictwo Ludowe (PSL)*
99. *Don't know*

5. *Kommounistikó Kómma Elládas (KKE)*
99. *Don't know*

SE

1. *Socialdemokraterna**
2. *Moderaterna*
3. *Sverigedemokraterna*
4. *Miljöpartiet*
5. *Centerpartiet*
99. *Don't know*

APPENDIX M: POLITICAL KNOWLEDGE - GENERAL (Q53B)

NL

1. *Jeroen Dijsselbloem**
2. *Henk Kamp*
3. *Jeanine Hennis-Plasschaert*
4. *Lodewijk Asscher*
5. *Ronald Plasterk*
99. *Don't know*

DK

1. *Kristian Jensen**
2. *Claus Hjort Frederiksen*
3. *Simon Emil Ammitzbøll-Bille*
4. *Mette Bock*
5. *Anders Samuelsen*
99. *Don't know*

DE

1. *Peter Altmaier**
2. *Olaf Scholz*
3. *Peer Steinbrück*
4. *Jens Spahn*
5. *Hubertus Heil*
99. *Don't know*

HU

1. *Varga Mihály**
2. *Benkő Tibor*
3. *Kásler Miklós*
4. *Gulyás Gergely*
5. *Pintér Sándor*
99. *Don't know*

ES

1. *María Jesús Montero**
2. *Dolores Delgado*
3. *Josep Borrell*
4. *Magdalena Valerio*
5. *Luis Planas*
99. *Don't know*

CZ

1. *Alena Schillerová**
2. *Adam Vojtěch*
3. *Marta Nováková*
4. *Lubomír Metnar*
5. *Jana Maláčová*
99. *Don't know*

FR

1. *Bruno Le Maire**
2. *Christophe Castaner*
3. *Muriel Pénicaud*
4. *Didier Guillaume*
5. *Nicole Belloubet*
99. *Don't know*

GR

1. *Efklidis Tsakalotos**
2. *Panagiotis Kouroumbilis*
3. *Giorgos Stathakis*
4. *Evangelos Apostolakis*
5. *Nikos Filis*
99. *Don't know*

PL

1. *Teresa Czerwińska**
2. *Jacek Czaputowicz*
3. *Elżbieta Rafalska*
4. *Mariusz Błaszczak*
5. *Zbigniew Ziobro*
99. *Don't know*

SE

1. *Magdalena Andersson**
2. *Jennie Nilsson*
3. *Ylva Johansson*
4. *Åsa Lindhagen*
5. *Ann Linde*
99. *Don't know*

APPENDIX N: ISSUE OWNERSHIP - COMPETENCE (Q82)

NL

1. VVD
2. PVV
3. CDA
4. D66
5. GL
6. SP
7. PvdA
13. FvD

DK

101. Socialdemokratiet
102. Dansk Folkeparti
103. Venstre
104. Enhedslisten
107. Radikale Venstre
108. Socialistisk Folkeparti

DE

201. CDU/CSU
203. SPD
204. AfD
205. FDP
206. Die Linke
207. Bündnis 90/Die

HU

301. Fidesz/KDNP
302. Jobbik
303. Magyar Szocialista Párt (MSZP)
304. Demokratikus Koalíció (DK)
305. Lehet Más a Politika (LMP)
307. Momentum Mozgalom (MM)

ES

401. Partido Popular (PP)
402. Partido Socialista Obrero Español (PSOE)
403. Unidos Podemos
408. Ciudadanos (Cs)
409. Esquerra Republicana de Catalunya (ERC)
419. VOX

CZ

601. ANO
602. ODS
603. Piráti
604. SPD
605. KSČM
606. ČSSD

FR

701. La République en marche (REM)
703. Les Républicains (LR)
704. Rassemblement National (RN)
707. La France insoumise (FI)
706. Parti socialiste (PS)
708. Europe Écologie - Les Verts (EELV)

GR

801. Radical Left Coalition (SYRIZA)
802. New Democracy (SW)
803. Golden Dawn (AS)
805. Change Movement (KINAL)
806. Communist Party of Greece (KKE)
808. Union of Centers (EC)

PL

901. Prawo i Sprawiedliwość (PiS)
902. Platforma Obywatelska (PO)
903. Kukiz '15
915. Wiosna
905. Polskie Stronnictwo Ludowe (PSL)
907. Sojusz Lewicy Demokratycznej (SLD)

SE

1001. Socialdemokraterna
1002. Moderaterna
1003. Sverigedemokraterna
1006. Vänsterpartiet
1005. Centerpartiet
1008. Kristendemokraterna

APPENDIX O: EDUCATION (Q90)

NL

1. Basisschool niet afgemaakt
2. Alleen basisschool afgemaakt.
3. LBO, VBO, LEAO, LTS ambachtsschool, huishoudschool,

DK

1. Ingen skolegang, Børnehaveklasse. 1.-5. klasse
2. Folkeskole 6.-8. klasse
3. 9. - 10. klasse

LHNO, VMBO (niveaus 1-3; basisberoepsgericht, kaderberoepsgericht, gemengd) afgemaakt
 4. MULO, ULO, MAVO, VMBO (niveau 4; theoretische leerweg); HAVO jaar 3-4; VWO jaar 3-5 afgemaakt
 5. MBO niveau 1 afgemaakt (duur < 2 jaar)
 6. HAVO, MMS, MSVM afgemaakt
 7. VWO, HBS, atheneum, gymnasium afgemaakt
 8. KMBO, leerlingwezen, MEAO, MTS afgemaakt (duur 2-3 jaar)
 9. MBO niveau 2 en 3 afgemaakt (duur 2-3 jaar)
 10. MBO niveau 4 afgemaakt (duur 4 jaar)
 11. MBO-plus voor havisten
 12. Propedeuse WO, OU-certificaat
 13. Korte HBO-opleiding eindexamen (2 of 3 jaar)
 14. Bachelor HBO, kweekschool, PABO, conservatorium, MO-akten afgemaakt
 15. Bachelor universiteit afgemaakt
 16. HBO: Master's degree, tweede fase opleidingen; Post HBO-opleidingen, pre-master onderwijs voor HBO
 17. WO/universiteit: Master's degree, tweede fase opleidingen; ingenieur, meester, doctorandus
 18. Doctoraat / gepromoveerd

DE

1. Kein Abschluss
 2. Grundschulabschluss
 3. Volks- oder Hauptschulabschluss bzw. Polytechnische Oberschule der ehem. DDR mit Abschluss der 8. oder 9. Klasse
 4. Mittlere Reife, Realschulabschluss, Fachoberschulreife, Mittlerer Schulabschluss bzw. Polytechnische Oberschule der ehem. DDR mit Abschluss der 10. Klasse
 5. Fachhochschul-reife (Abschluss einer Fachoberschule etc.)
 6. Abitur, allgemeine oder fachgebundene Hochschulreife bzw. Erweiterte Oberschule der ehem. DDR mit Abschluss
 12. Klasse
 7. Abschlusszeugnis Berufsgrundbildungsjahr, Berufsfachschule; medizinische Hilfsberufe
 8. Beruflich-betriebliche Anlernzeit mit Abschlusszeugnis, aber keine Lehre; Teilfacharbeiterabschluss
 9. Abschlusszeugnis für medizinische Assistenten, Krankenschwestern/-pfleger
 10. Laufbahnprüfung für den mittleren Dienst
 11. Abgeschlossene gewerbliche oder landwirtschaftliche Lehre
 12. Abgeschlossene kaufmännische Lehre
 13. Berufsqualifizierender Abschluss einer Berufsfachschule/Kolleg
 14. Meister-/Techniker- oder gleichwertiger Fachschulabschluss; Abschluss einer Fachakademie
 15. Diplom Berufsakademie
 16. Bachelor (Verwaltungs-/Fachhochschule, Berufsakademie)
 17. Bachelor (Universität)
 18. Diplom, Master (FH)
 19. Diplom, Master, Magister, Staatsexamen (Universität, Kunst-, Musik- und pädagogische Hochschule)

4. Gymnasiale uddannelser, studentereksamen, HF, HHX, HTX
 5. Kort erhvervsuddannelse under 1-2 års varighed, F.eks. AMU Arbejdsmarkedsuddannelser, Basisår på Erhvervsfaglige uddannelser
 6. Faglig uddannelse (håndværk, handel, landbrug mv.), F.eks. Faglærte, Social- og sundhedsassistent-uddannelsen og tilsvarende
 7. Kort videregående uddannelse af op til 2-3 års varighed, F.eks. Erhvervsakademiuddannelser f.eks. datamatiker, tandplejer, byggetekniker, installatør, HD
 8. Mellemlang videregående uddannelse af 3-4 års varighed. Professionsbachelor, F.eks. Diplomingeniør, sygeplejerske, skolelærer, pædagog, journalist, HA
 9. Universitetsbachelor. 1. del af kandidatuddannelsen
 10. Lang videregående uddannelse. Kandidatuddannelser af 5.-6. års varighed, F.eks. cand.mag., cand.jur., cand.polyt. etc.
 11. Licentiat
 12. Forskeruddannelse. Ph.d., doktor

HU

1. Nem járt iskolába; 1-3 osztályos elemi iskola vagy azzal egyenértékű
 2. 4-7 osztályos elemi iskola vagy azzal egyenértékű
 3. Befejezett általános iskola vagy azzal egyenértékű
 4. Szakmunkásképző, szakiskola
 5. 10. évfolyamra épülő szakképzés
 6. Érettségi, befejezett szakközépiskola
 7. Érettségi, befejezett gimnázium
 8. Érettségire épülő felsőfokra nem akkreditált szakképzés, középfokú technikum
 9. Felsőfokú akkreditált szakképzés, felsőfokú technikum
 10. Felsőfokú diploma vagy felsőfokú alapképzési szak – BA/BSc
 11. Egyetemi alapképzési szak – BA /BSc
 12. Felsőfokú mesterképzési szak – MA/MSz
 13. Egyetemi diploma vagy egyetemi mesterképzési szak – MA/MSc
 14. Felsőfokú végzettség tudományos fokozattal

20. Promotion; Habilitation

ES

1. Sin estudios
2. Estudios primarios sin completar (menos de 5 años)
3. Antigua Educación Primaria (Certificado de Estudios Primarios)
4. Hasta 5º de EGB
5. Educación Primaria (LOGSE)
6. Grado Elemental en Música y Danza
7. Bachillerato Elemental
8. EGB
9. ESO
10. Bachillerato Superior, BUP
11. PREU, COU
12. Bachillerato (LOGSE)
13. F.P. de Iniciación
14. Programas de garantía social, Programas de Cualificación Profesional Inicial (PCPI)
15. F.P. Oficialía
16. F.P. de 1er Grado (FP I)
17. C.F. de Grado Medio (Técnico Medio)
18. C.F. de Grado Medio en Artes Plásticas y Diseño
19. Grado Medio en Música y Danza
20. F.P. Maestría
21. F.P. de 2º Grado (FP II)
22. C.F. de Grado Superior (Técnico Superior)
23. C.F. de Grado Superior en Escuelas de Arte
24. Peritaje, Enfermería, Magisterio, Asistente Social
25. Diplomado, Ingeniero o Arquitecto Técnico, 3 años de licenciatura, Grado (Bolonía), Título Superior en Diseño
26. Licenciado, Ingeniero Superior, Arquitecto, Máster (Bolonía), Título Superior en Música, Danza o Arte Dramático
27. Doctorado

FR

1. Non scolarisé ou école primaire non achevée
2. Ecole primaire uniquement
3. Certificat d'études primaires
4. Scolarité suivie de la 6ème à la 3ème
5. Brevet élémentaire, Brevet d'étude du premier cycle, Brevet des collèges
6. Scolarité suivie de la 2nde à la Terminale
7. CAP, BEP, examen de fin d'apprentissage artisanal
8. Diplôme d'aide soignante, auxiliaire de puériculture, aide médico-pédagogique, aide à domicile
9. Baccalauréat professionnel, Brevet de technicien
10. Baccalauréat technologique, Baccalauréat de technicien, BEA, BEC, BEI, BES
11. Baccalauréat général, Brevet supérieur
12. Diplôme de la capacité en droit, Diplôme d'accès aux études universitaires (DAEU)
13. Diplôme de moniteur-éducateur, éducateur technique spécialisé, Brevet Professionnel
14. Diplôme universitaire du premier cycle (DEUG), Classes préparatoires aux grandes écoles

CZ

1. Nedokončené základní vzdělání, neukončený 1. stupeň školní docházky (méně než 5 let)
2. Nedokončené základní vzdělání (5 nebo více let školní docházky, dokončen pouze 1. stupeň ZŠ, SZS, ZZS, obecná škola)
3. Základní vzdělání (měšťanská škola)
4. Střední vzdělání s výučním listem, střední vzdělání bez maturity
5. Středoškolské vzdělání bez maturity (závěrečná zkouška), po níž následovalo další stadium zakončené závěrečnou zkouškou (učební obory, rekvalifikační studium, studium jazyků apod.)
6. Učební obor s maturitou, Úplné střední odborné vzdělání s maturitou
7. Střední vzdělání s maturitou následované studiem s maturitou (nástavba, kvalifikační pomaturitní studium atd.)
8. Střední všeobecné vzdělání s maturitou (gymnázia)
9. Pomaturitní vzdělání s diplomem: Vyšší odborná škola (DiS), 5 a 6 ročník konzervatoře (absolutorium)
10. Vysokoškolské bakalářské vzdělání
11. Vysokoškolské magisterské vzdělání (Mgr., Ing., Ing. arch., MUDr., MDDr., MVDr., ...)
12. Vědecká výchova, postgraduální vzdělání (Ph.D., Th.D., CSc., ...)

GR

1. Merikes taxeis Dimotikou
2. Apolytirio Dimotikou
3. Apolytirio Gymnasiou
4. Apolytirio Genikou Lykeiou
5. Ptychio Epangelmatikis Ekpedefsis
6. Apolytirio Epangelmatikou Lykeiou
7. Pistopoitiko Epangelmatikis Katartisis epipedou 1
8. Diploma epagematikis katartisis epipedou metadefterovathmias epangelmatikis katar
9. Ptychio (Sxoles Anoteris Epaggelmatikis Ekpaidefsis)
10. Ptychio (ATEI)
11. Ptychio (AEI)
12. Metaptychiako diploma idikefsis (ATEI)
13. Ptychio (AEI, Polytechniou)
14. Metaptychiako diploma idikefsis (AEI, Polytechniou)
15. Didaktoriko Diploma

15. *Diplôme universitaire de technologie (DUT), Brevet de technicien supérieur (BTS)*
16. *Certificat d'aptitude pédagogique (instituteur), Diplôme d'éducateur spécialisé, Diplôme d'assistante sociale, Diplôme paramédical (laborantin, infirmier, etc.)*
17. *Licence professionnelle*
18. *License*
19. *Diplôme d'école d'ingénieur*
20. *DESS, Master deuxième année professionnel*
21. *Maîtrise, CAPES, CRPE (professeur des écoles)*
22. *DEA, DES, Master deuxième année recherche, Agrégation*
23. *Diplômes professionnels supérieurs divers (notaire, architecte, vétérinaire, journaliste...)*
24. *Diplôme des grandes écoles (hors écoles d'ingénieur)*
25. *Doctorat en médecine ou équivalents (Médecine, Dentaire, Pharmacie, Vétérinaire)*
26. *Doctorat*

PL

1. *Nieukończona szkoła podstawowa*
2. *Świadectwo ukończenia szkoły podstawowej 6-klasowej (lub 4-klasowej przed wojną)*
3. *Świadectwo ukończenia szkoły podstawowej 7 lub 8-klasowej*
4. *Świadectwo ukończenia gimnazjum*
5. *Świadectwo ukończenia szkoły zawodowej lub szkoły przysposobienia rolniczego (bez ukończenia szkoły podstawowej)*
6. *Świadectwo ukończenia szkoły zasadniczej zawodowej lub szkoły przysposobienia rolniczego (po szkole podstawowej)*
7. *Świadectwo ukończenia szkoły zasadniczej zawodowej (po gimnazjum)*
8. *Świadectwo ukończenia liceum ogólnokształcącego bez matury*
9. *Matura uzyskana po ukończeniu liceum ogólnokształcącego*
10. *Świadectwo ukończenia średniej szkoły zawodowej (technikum, liceum zawodowe, liceum profilowane) lub dyplom technika bez matury*
11. *Matura uzyskana po średniej szkole zawodowej (technikum, liceum zawodowe, liceum profilowane)*
12. *Dyplom technika lub świadectwo ukończenia szkoły pomaturalnej lub policealnej*
13. *Dyplom ukończenia kolegium lub studium nauczycielskiego*
14. *Dyplom licencjacki lub dyplom inżynierski*
15. *Dyplom magistra lub dyplom lekarza*
16. *Stopień naukowy doktora, doktora habilitowanego, lub tytuł profesora*

SE

1. *Ej avslutad folkskola/grundskola skolår 1-6*
2. *Avslutad Folkskola, Grundskolan skolår 7-8*
3. *Avslutad Grundskola skolår 9*
4. *Fackskola (1963-1970) - 2-årig gymnasielinje, 2-årig yrkesskola*
5. *Studieförberedande gymnasieprogram (3 år)*
6. *Gamla gymnasieutbildningar på två år*
7. *Yrkesinriktade gymnasieprogram (3 år)*
8. *4-årig gymnasielinje (före 1995)/Tekniskt basår*
9. *Universitet/Högskola, 1 år, med examen*
10. *Eftergymnasial utbildning, ej Universitet/Högskola, 1 år (t ex KY-utbildning, militärutbildning)*
11. *Universitet/Högskola, 2 år, med examen (högskoleexamen)*
12. *2-3 år KY-utbildning, Eftergymnasial utbildning, ej Universitet/Högskola 3 år*
13. *Kandidat och/eller yrkesexamen från Högskola, 3-4 år*
14. *Kandidat och/eller yrkesexamen från Universitet, KTH, CTH, Handelshögskolan, 3-4 år*
15. *Magisterexamen och/eller yrkesexamen från Högskola, >4 år*
16. *Masterexamen från Högskola*
17. *Magisterexamen och/eller yrkesexamen från universitet, KTH, CTH, Handelshögskolan >4 år*
18. *Masterexamen från Universitet, KTH, CTH, Handelshögskolan*
19. *Forskarutbildning: Licentiatexamen*
20. *Forskarutbildning: Doktorsexamen*

APPENDIX P: REGION (Q93)

NL

1. Groningen
2. Friesland
3. Drenthe
4. Overijssel
5. Gelderland
6. Utrecht
7. Noord-Holland
8. Zuid-Holland
9. Zeeland
10. Flevoland
11. Noord-Brabant
12. Limburg

DK

1. Nordjylland
2. Midtjylland
3. Hovedstaden
4. Sjælland
5. Syddanmark

DE

1. Baden-Württemberg
2. Bayern
3. Berlin
4. Brandenburg
5. Bremen
6. Hamburg
7. Hessen
8. Mecklenburg-Vorpommern
9. Niedersachsen
10. Nordrhein-Westfalen
11. Rheinland-Pfalz
12. Saarland
13. Sachsen
14. Sachsen-Anhalt
15. Schleswig-Holstein
16. Thüringen

HU

1. Észak-Magyarország
2. Észak-Alföld
3. Dél-Alföld
4. Közép-Magyarország
5. Közép-Dunántúl
6. Nyugat-Dunántúl
7. Dél-Dunántúl

ES

1. Andalucía
2. Catalunya
3. Comunidad de Madrid
4. Comunitat Valenciana
5. Galicia/Galiza
6. Castilla y León
7. Euskadi/País Vasco
8. Castilla-La Mancha
9. Islas Canarias
10. Región de Murcia
11. Aragón
12. Extremadura
13. Illes Balears/Islands Balears
14. Asturias
15. Navarra
16. Cantabria
17. La Rioja

CZ

1. Hlavní město Praha
2. Středočeský kraj
3. Jihočeský kraj
4. Plzeňský kraj
5. Karlovarský kraj
6. Ústecký kraj
7. Liberecký kraj
8. Královéhradecký kraj
9. Pardubický kraj
10. Kraj Vysočina
11. Jihomoravský kraj
12. Olomoucký kraj
13. Zlínský kraj
14. Moravskoslezský kraj

FR

1. Ile-De-France
2. Centre - Val De Loire
3. Bourgogne-Franche-Comté
4. Normandie
5. Nord-Pas De Calais-Picardie
6. Alsace-Champagne-Ardenne-Lorraine
7. Pays De La Loire
8. Bretagne
9. Aquitaine-Limousin-Poitou-Charentes
10. Languedoc-Roussillon-Midi-Pyrénées
11. Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes
12. Provence-Alpes-Côte D'azur
13. Corse

GR

1. ATTIKI
2. NISIA AIGAIUO, KRITI
3. VOREIA ELLADA
4. KENTRIKI ELLADA

PL

1. Małopolskie
2. Śląskie
3. Wielkopolskie
4. Zachodniopomorskie
5. Lubuskie
6. Dolnośląskie
7. Opolskie
8. Kujawsko-pomorskie
9. Warmińsko-mazurskie
10. Pomorskie
11. Łódzkie
12. Świętokrzyskie
13. Lubelskie
14. Podkarpackie
15. Podlaskie
16. Warszawski stołeczny
17. Mazowiecki regionalny

SE

1. Stockholms län
2. Uppsala län
3. Södermanlands län
4. Östergötlands län
5. Örebro län
6. Västmanlands län
7. Jönköpings län
8. Kronobergs län
9. Kalmar län
10. Gotlands län
11. Blekinge län
12. Skåne län
13. Hallands län
14. Västra Götalands län
15. Värmlands län
16. Dalarnas län
17. Gävleborgs län
18. Västernorrlands län
19. Jämtlands län
20. Västerbottens län

APPENDIX Q: DENOMINATION (Q96)

NL

1. Rooms Katholiek
2. PKN (Protestantse Kerk Nederland)
3. Anders Christelijk
4. Moslim
5. Joods
6. Boeddhist
7. Hindoe
8. Atheïst (geen kerkelijke gezindte, geen geloof, geloof niet)
9. Agnostisch (weet niet of er een God is)
10. Anders
11. Weet niet

DK

1. Romersk-katolsk
2. Protestant
3. Presbyterianer
4. Lutheraner
5. Calvinist
6. Reformeret
7. Baptist
8. Anden protestantisk kirke
9. Anden ortodoks kirke
10. Ortodoks
11. Jøde
12. Muslim
13. Buddhist
14. Hindu
15. Sikh

DE

1. Römisch-Katholisch
2. Evangelisch/ Protestantisch
3. Östlich-orthodox
4. Christlich, aber fühle mich keiner spezifischen Religionsgemeinschaft zugehörig
5. Jüdisch
6. Muslimisch
7. Östliche Religionsgemeinschaft (Buddhismus, Hinduismus, Sikh, Shinto, Tao)
8. Andere Religions-gemeinschaft

ES

1. Católica
2. Protestante
3. Ortodoxa
4. Otras confesiones cristianas
5. Judía
6. Musulmana
7. Religiones orientales (budista, hindú, sij, sintoísta, taoísta)
8. Otras religiones no cristianas

FR

1. Catholique (romain)
2. Protestante
3. Orthodoxe (église russe, grecque)
4. Autre religion chrétienne
5. Juive
6. Musulmane
7. Religions asiatiques
8. Autre religion non chrétienne

PL

1. Kościół Rzymskokatolicki
2. Kościół Greckokatolicki
3. Kościół Ormiański
4. Inne katolickie

16. Anden ikke-kristen religion
17. Agnostiker
18. Ateist

HU

1. Római katolikus
2. Görög katolikus
3. Más (római) katolikus
4. Baptista
5. Evangélikus (lutheránus)
6. Metodista
7. Pünkösdistá
8. Református (kálvinista)
9. Más protestáns felekezet
10. Unitárius
11. Keleti ortodox
12. Mormon
13. Jehova tanúi
14. Más keresztény felekezet
15. Adventista
16. Hit Gyülekezete
17. Izraelita
18. Muszlim
19. Buddhista
20. Hindu
21. Más keleti vallás/felekezet
22. Krisna tudatú hívo
23. Más nem keresztény felekezet

CZ

1. Římskokatolickému
2. Protestantskému
3. Východnímu ortodoxnímu
4. Jinému křesťanskému
5. Židovskému
6. Islámu
7. Východnímu náboženství
8. Jinému mimokřesťanskému náboženství

GR

1. Greek Orthodox
2. Catholic/Roman-Catholic
3. Muslim/Islamic
4. Jewish
5. Protestant
6. Other Christian
7. Hinduism
8. Other Eastern religion
9. Other non-Christian

SE

1. Katolska kyrkan
2. Svenska Kyrkan
3. Annan protestantisk församling (t.ex. frikyrka)
4. Ortodoxa kyrkan

5. *Baptyści*
6. *Kościół Kongregacyjny*
7. *Kościół Wolnych Chrześcijan (Anabaptyści)*
8. *Kościół Ewangelicko-Augsburski (Luteranizm)*
9. *Kościół Ewangelicko-Metodystyczny (Metodyści)*
10. *Kościół Zielonoświątkowy, Ewangeliczna Wspólnota Zielonoświątkowa*
11. *Kościół Ewangelicko-Reformowany (Kalwinizm)/
Prezbiterianie*
12. *Adwentyści Dnia Siódmego*
13. *Inne protestanckie*
14. *Rosyjski Kościół Ortodoksyjny*
15. *Polski Kościół Ortodoksyjny*
16. *Polski Autokefaliczny Kościół Prawosławny*
17. *Wschodni Kościół Staroobrzędowców w RP*
18. *Inne prawosławno-ortodoksyjne*
19. *Kościół Jezusa Chrystusa Świętych Dni Ostatnich
(Mormoni)*
20. *Świadkowie Jehowy*
21. *Kościół Starokatolicki Mariawitów*
22. *Kościół Polskokatolicki*
23. *Kościół Katolicki Mariawitów*
24. *Kościół Starokatolicki*
25. *Inne chrześcijańskie*
26. *Judaizm*
27. *Islam/Muzułmanie*
28. *Religie wschodu (Buddyzm, Hinduizm,
Międzynarodowe Towarzystwo Świadomości Kryszny,
Tao, Zen itp.)*
29. *Inne niechrześcijańskie*

5. *Annan kristen församling*
6. *Judisk*
7. *Islam*
8. *Österländsk religion (t.ex. Buddhism, Hinduism, Sikh,
Shinto, Tao etc.)*
9. *Annan icke-kristen religion*

APPENDIX R: POLITICAL SATIRE (Q403)

NL

1. *Zondag met Lubach*
2. *Even tot Hier*

DE

1. *Die Heute-Show*
2. *Extra 3*

CZ

1. *Šťastné pondělí*
2. *Kancelář Blaník*

FR

1. *Quotidien*
2. *C'est Canteloup*

PL

DK

1. *Ugen plus the løse med Huxi Bach*
2. *Quizzen med Gyrith Cecilie Ross*

HU

1. *Heti Dörgés Villám Gézával*
2. *Showder Klub*

ES

1. *El Intermedio*
2. *Polònia*

GR

1. *Radio Arvyla*
2. *Al Tsantiri News*

SE

EUROPINIONS: Public Opinion Survey

1. *Ucho Prezesa*
2. *SNL Polska*

1. *Svenska nyheter*
2. *Parlamentet*