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EEEN 322 Spring 2019

QUIZ #1

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(Section 02)

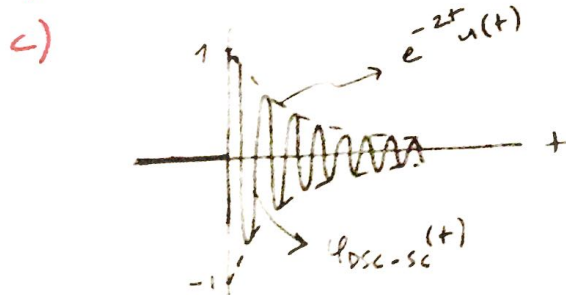
Suppose you perform DSB-SC modulation and the modulated signal is $\varphi_{DSB-SC}(t) = e^{-2t} \cos(2 \times 10^8 \pi t) u(t)$.

- Give the mathematical expression of the message signal $m(t)$. (20p)
- Give the value of the carrier frequency in Hz. (10p)
- Sketch $\varphi_{DSB-SC}(t)$. (20p)
- Can we use an envelope or rectifier detector circuit for demodulation here (for the specific message signal of this question)? Why? Give a brief and neat explanation. (20p)
- Write the mathematical expression of the spectrum $\Phi_{DSB-SC}(\omega)$. (30p)

(You may find the attached reference sheets useful)

a) $m(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$

b) $\omega_c = 2 \times 10^8 \pi = 2\pi f_c \Rightarrow f_c = 10^8 \text{ Hz} = 100 \text{ MHz}$



- d) Yes we can, because $m(t) \geq 0 \forall t$, hence, the envelope of $\varphi_{DSB-SC}(t)$ is $m(t)$ itself.

e) $\varphi_{DSB-SC}(t) = m(t) \cos \omega_c t$

$$\Rightarrow \Phi_{DSB-SC}(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} [M(\omega - \omega_c) + M(\omega + \omega_c)]$$

Note that $m(t) = e^{-2t} u(t) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} M(\omega) = \frac{1}{2 + j\omega}$

(see the attached table)

$$\Rightarrow \Phi_{DSB-SC}(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2 + j(\omega - 2 \times 10^8 \pi)} + \frac{1}{2 + j(\omega + 2 \times 10^8 \pi)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2 + j\omega}{(2 + j\omega)^2 + 4 \times 10^{16} \pi^2}$$