

Student Name-Surname: .....

Grade:.....

# Experiment 2

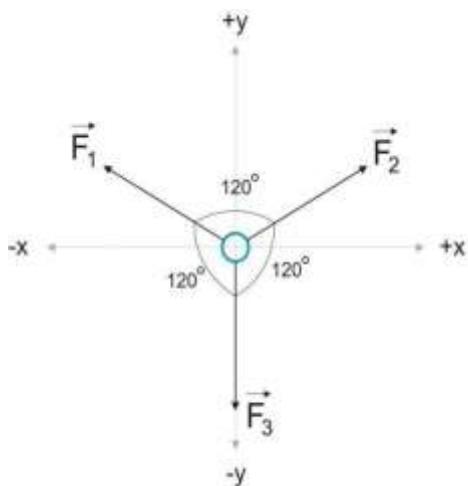
## Vectors on a Force Table

### The Aim of Experiment:

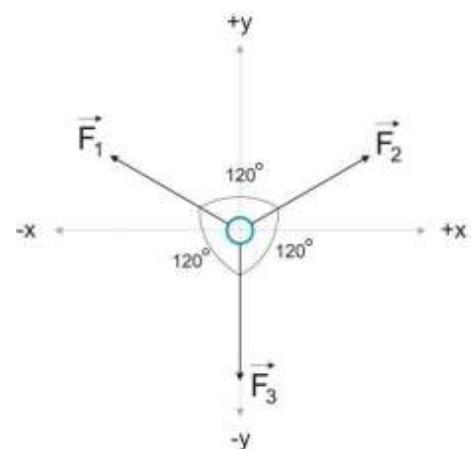
### Measurements and Results:

### PART I:

Calculate the equilibrium state by determining the components of the forces by using Equation 6.



$$\begin{aligned}|\vec{F}_1| &= |\vec{F}_2| = |\vec{F}_3| = \dots \\F_{1x} &= \dots \\F_{2x} &= \dots \\F_{3x} &= \dots \\F_{1y} &= \dots \\F_{2y} &= \dots \\F_{3y} &= \dots\end{aligned}$$



## PART II:

- 1)** Set the three angles  $\alpha, \theta, \beta$ , keep the balance by adding masses to ropes. (Make sure that the ring doesn't touch with center point). Then fill the Table 1 by calculating the Forces in Newtons (N).
- 2)** Draw the Forces acting on the ring and show each three angles on a millimetric paper as shown in Figure 3 (handout). Specify the x- and y-axis components of each Forces,  $F_1, F_2, F_3$ .
- 3)** Calculate all the x and y components for each Forces at the equilibrium. Write your results. Show your two calculations.

Table 1

Pulley 1, $\alpha (90^\circ)$		Pulley 2, $\theta (240^\circ)$		Pulley 3, $\beta(0^\circ)$	
$F_1$ (N)	Additional masses(g)	$F_2$ (N)	Additional masses(g)	$F_3$ (N)	Additional masses(g)

$$F_{1_x} = \dots$$

$$F_{2_x} = \dots$$

$$F_{3_x} = \dots$$

$$F_{1_y} = \dots$$

$$F_{2_y} = \dots$$

$$F_{3_y} = \dots$$

## PART III:

- 1) Find the new equilibrium positions and angles according to the additional masses (T.A will add). Fill the Table 2 and calculate the components of each Forces,  $F_1$ ,  $F_2$ ,  $F_3$ .

Table 2

Pulley 1		Pulley 2		Pulley 3	
$F_1$ (N)	$\alpha$ ( $^{\circ}$ )	$F_2$ (N)	$\theta$ ( $^{\circ}$ )	$F_3$ (N)	$\beta$ ( $^{\circ}$ )

- 2) Draw the forces acting on the ring on a millimetric paper (graph sheet) of paper as shown in Figure 3.
- 3) Calculate the equilibrium by using the Equation 6. Write your results and your two calculation.

$$F_{1x} = \dots$$

$$F_{2x} = \dots$$

$$F_{3x} = \dots$$

$$F_{1y} = \dots$$

$$F_{2y} = \dots$$

$$F_{3y} = \dots$$

## Conclusion: