

AI VIET NAM – COURSE 2024

Python OOP – Exercise

Ngày 23 tháng 6 năm 2024

Ngày thực hiện:	22/06/2024
Người thực hiện:	Đinh Thị Tâm
Nguồn:	AIO2024 - Week3
Nguồn dữ liệu (nếu có):	Link of Data Sources
Từ khóa:	Data structure
Người tóm tắt:	Đinh Thị Tâm

I. Câu hỏi tự luận

1. Câu 1:

(a) Code

```
1 import torch
2 from torch import nn
3
4
5 class Softmax(nn.Module):
6     def __init__(self):
7         super().__init__()
8
9     def forward(self, x):
10         return torch.exp(x)/torch.sum(torch.exp(x))
11
12
13 class softmax_stable(nn.Module):
14     def __init__(self):
15         super().__init__()
16
17     def forward(self, x):
18         c = torch.max(x)
19         return torch.exp(x-c)/torch.sum(torch.exp(x-c))
20
21
22 # main
23 # Examples 1
24 data = torch.Tensor([1, 2, 3])
25 softmax = Softmax()
26 output = softmax(data)
27 print(output)
28 data = torch.Tensor([1, 2, 3])
29 softmax_stable = softmax_stable()
30 output = softmax_stable(data)
```

```
31 print(output)
```

(b) Kết quả thực thi

```
tensor([0.0900, 0.2447, 0.6652])
tensor([0.0900, 0.2447, 0.6652])
```

2. Câu 2

(a) Code

```
1 from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
2
3
4 class Person(ABC):
5     def __init__(self, name, yob):
6         self._name = name
7         self._yob = yob
8
9     def __str__(self):
10        return 'Name: {} - yob: {}'.format(self._name, self._yob)
11
12    @abstractmethod
13    def describe(self):
14        pass
15
16    def get_yob(self):
17        return self._yob
18
19
20 class Doctor(Person):
21     def __init__(self, name, yob, specialist):
22         super().__init__(name, yob)
23         self._specialist = specialist
24
25     def describe(self):
26         print(f'Doctor - {super().__str__()} ', end=' ')
27         print(f'- specialist: {self._specialist}')
28
29
30 class Student(Person):
31     def __init__(self, name, yob, grade):
32         super().__init__(name, yob)
33         self._grade = grade
34
35     def describe(self):
36         print(f'Student - {super().__str__()} - grade: {self._grade}')
37
38
39 class Teacher(Person):
40     def __init__(self, name, yob, subject):
41         super().__init__(name, yob)
42         self._subject = subject
43
44     def describe(self):
45         print(f'Teacher - {super().__str__()} - subject: {self._subject}')
46
47
48 class Ward:
49     def __init__(self, name):
```

```
50     self.__lst_person = []
51     self.__name = name
52
53     def add_person(self, person):
54         self.__lst_person.append(person)
55
56     def describe(self):
57         print(f'Ward: {self.__name}, co cac person sau:')
58         for x in self.__lst_person:
59             x.describe()
60
61     def __call__(self, name):
62         self.__name = name
63
64     def count_doctor(self):
65         count = 0
66         for x in self.__lst_person:
67             if type(x) is Doctor:
68                 count += 1
69         return count
70
71     def get_name(self):
72         return self.__name
73     # sort theo tuoi
74
75     def sort_age(self):
76         self.__lst_person.sort(key=lambda x: x._yob)
77
78     def compute_average_teacher(self):
79         count_teacher = 0
80         sum_age = 0
81         for x in self.__lst_person:
82             if isinstance(x, Teacher):
83                 count_teacher += 1
84                 sum_age += x.get_yob()
85         if count_teacher > 0:
86             return sum_age/count_teacher
87         return None
88
89
90 # main
91 # (2a)
92 student1 = Student(name=" studentA ", yob=2010, grade="7")
93 student1.describe()
94 teacher1 = Teacher(name=" teacherA ", yob=1969, subject=" Math ")
95 teacher1.describe()
96 doctor1 = Doctor(name=" doctorA ", yob=1945, specialist=" Endocrinologists ")
97 doctor1.describe()
98 # (2b)
99 print()
100 teacher2 = Teacher(name=" teacherB ", yob=1995, subject=" History ")
101 doctor2 = Doctor(name=" doctorB ", yob=1975, specialist=" Cardiologists ")
102 # tao Ward
103 ward = Ward('HCM')
104 ward.add_person(student1)
105 ward.add_person(teacher1)
106 ward.add_person(teacher2)
107 ward.add_person(doctor1)
108 ward.add_person(doctor2)
109 ward.describe()
```

```

110 # in danh sach cac doctor
111 print(f'Trong {ward.get_name()} co {ward.count_doctor()} bac si')
112 print('Danh sach sau khi sap xep:')
113 ward.sort_age()
114 ward.describe()
115 print(f'Trung binh nam sinh cac teacher trong Ward ', end=' ')
116 print(f'{ward.get_name()} la: {ward.compute_average_teacher()}')

```

(b) Kết quả thực thi

```

Student - Name: studentA - yob: 2010 - grade: 7
Teacher - Name: teacherA - yob: 1969 - subject: Math
Doctor - Name: doctorA - yob: 1945 - specialist: Endocrinologists

Ward: HCM, có các person sau:
Student - Name: studentA - yob: 2010 - grade: 7
Teacher - Name: teacherA - yob: 1969 - subject: Math
Teacher - Name: teacherB - yob: 1995 - subject: History
Doctor - Name: doctorA - yob: 1945 - specialist: Endocrinologists
Doctor - Name: doctorB - yob: 1975 - specialist: Cardiologists
Trong phố HCM có 2 bác sĩ
Danh sach sau khi sap xep:
Ward: HCM, có các person sau:
Doctor - Name: doctorA - yob: 1945 - specialist: Endocrinologists
Teacher - Name: teacherA - yob: 1969 - subject: Math
Doctor - Name: doctorB - yob: 1975 - specialist: Cardiologists
Teacher - Name: teacherB - yob: 1995 - subject: History
Student - Name: studentA - yob: 2010 - grade: 7
Trung binh năm sinh của teacher trong quận HCM là: 1982.0

```

3. Câu 3

(a) Code

```

1 class MyStack:
2     def __init__(self, capacity=5):
3         self.__stack = []
4         self.__capacity = capacity
5
6     def is_empty(self):
7         return (len(self.__stack) == 0)
8
9     def is_full(self):
10        return (len(self.__stack) == self.__capacity)
11
12    def describe(self):
13        print(self.__stack)
14
15    def push(self, x):
16        if (self.is_full()):
17            return 'Stack is full. Do not thing'
18        self.__stack.append(x)
19
20    def pop(self):
21        if (self.is_empty()):
22            return 'Stack is empty. Do not thing'

```

```
23         return self.__stack.pop(-1)
24
25     def top(self):
26         if (self.is_empty()):
27             return 'Stack is empty. Do not thing'
28         return self.__stack[-1]
29
30
31 # test
32 stack1 = MyStack()
33 stack1.push(1)
34 stack1.push(2)
35 print(stack1.is_full())
36 print(stack1.top())
37 print(stack1.pop())
38 print(stack1.top())
39 print(stack1.pop())
40 print(stack1.is_empty())
41
```

(b) Kết quả thực thi

```
False
2
2
1
1
True
```

4. Câu 4

(a) Code

```
1 class MyQueue:
2     def __init__(self, capacity=5):
3         self.__queue = []
4         self.__capacity = capacity
5
6     def is_empty(self):
7         return (len(self.__queue) == 0)
8
9     def is_full(self):
10        return (len(self.__queue) == self.__capacity)
11
12    def describe(self):
13        print(self.__queue)
14
15    def enqueue(self, x):
16        if (self.is_full()):
17            return 'Queue is full. Do not thing'
18        self.__queue.append(x)
19
20    def dequeue(self):
21        if (self.is_empty()):
22            return 'Queue is empty. Do not thing'
23        return self.__queue.pop(0)
24
25    def front(self):
26        if (self.is_empty()):
```

```
27         return 'Queue is empty. Do not thing'
28         return self.__queue[0]
29
30
31 # test
32 queue1 = MyQueue(capacity=5)
33
34 queue1.enqueue(1)
35 queue1.enqueue(2)
36 print(queue1.is_full())
37 print(queue1.front())
38 print(queue1.dequeue())
39 print(queue1.front())
40 print(queue1.dequeue())
41 print(queue1.is_empty())
42
```

(b) Kết quả thực thi

```
False
1
1
2
2
True
```

II. Câu hỏi trắc nghiệm

1. Câu 1:

```
1 import torch
2 import torch.nn as nn
3 data = torch.Tensor([1, 2, 3])
4 softmax_function = nn.Softmax(dim=0)
5 output = softmax_function(data)
6 assert round(output[0].item(), 2) == 0.09
7 print(output)
```

2. Câu 2:

```
1 import torch
2 import torch.nn as nn
3
4
5 class MySoftmax(nn.Module):
6     def __init__(self):
7         super().__init__()
8
9     def forward(self, x):
10         # Your Code Here
11         return torch.exp(x)/torch.sum(torch.exp(x))
12
13     # End Code Here
14 data = torch.Tensor([5, 2, 4])
15 my_softmax = MySoftmax()
16 output = my_softmax(data)
17 assert round(output[-1].item(), 2) == 0.26
18 print(output)
```

3. Câu 3:

```
1     import torch
2 import torch.nn as nn
3
4
5 class MySoftmax (nn.Module):
6     def __init__(self):
7         super().__init__()
8
9     def forward(self, x):
10        # Your Code Here
11        return torch.exp(x)/torch.sum(torch.exp(x))
12
13    # End Code Here
14 data = torch.Tensor ([1 , 2, 300000000])
15 my_softmax = MySoftmax()
16 output = my_softmax(data)
17 assert round ( output [0]. item () , 2) == 0.0
18 print(output)
```

4. Câu 4:

```
1     import torch
2 import torch.nn as nn
3
4
5 class SoftmaxStable (nn.Module):
6     def __init__(self):
7         super().__init__()
8
9     def forward(self, x):
10        x_max = torch .max(x, dim=0, keepdims=True)
11        x_exp = torch .exp(x - x_max . values)
12        partition = x_exp .sum(0, keepdims=True)
13        return x_exp / partition
14
15
16 data = torch.Tensor([1, 2, 3])
17 softmax_stable = SoftmaxStable()
18 output = softmax_stable(data)
19 assert round(output[-1]. item(), 2) == 0.67
20 print(output)
21
```

5. Câu 5:

```
1     from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
2
3
4 class Person(ABC):
5     def __init__(self, name, yob):
6         self._name = name
7         self._yob = yob
8
9     def __str__(self):
10        return 'Name: {}, yob: {}'.format(self._name, self._yob)
11
12    @abstractmethod
13    def describe(self):
14        pass
```

```
15
16     def get_yob(self):
17         return self._yob
18
19
20 class Student(Person):
21     def __init__(self, name, yob, grade):
22         super().__init__(name, yob)
23         self._grade = grade
24
25     def describe(self):
26         print(f'Student - {super().__str__()}, grade: {self._grade}')
27
28
29 # test
30 student1 = Student(name=" studentZ2023 ", yob=2011, grade="6")
31 assert student1._yob == 2011
32 student1.describe()
```

6. Câu 6:

```
1 from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
2
3
4 class Person(ABC):
5     def __init__(self, name, yob):
6         self._name = name
7         self._yob = yob
8
9     def __str__(self):
10         return 'Name: {}, yob: {}'.format(self._name, self._yob)
11
12     @abstractmethod
13     def describe(self):
14         pass
15
16     def get_yob(self):
17         return self._yob
18
19
20 class Teacher(Person):
21     def __init__(self, name, yob, subject):
22         super().__init__(name, yob)
23         self._subject = subject
24
25     def describe(self):
26         print(f'Teacher - {super().__str__()}, subject: {self._subject}')
27
28
29 teacher1 = Teacher(name=" teacherZ2023 ", yob=1991, subject=" History ")
30 assert teacher1._yob == 1991
31 teacher1.describe()
```

7. Câu 7:

```
1     from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
2
3
4 class Person(ABC):
5     def __init__(self, name, yob):
```



```
6         self._name = name
7         self._yob = yob
8
9     def __str__(self):
10         return 'Name: {}, yob: {}'.format(self._name, self._yob)
11
12     @abstractmethod
13     def describe(self):
14         pass
15
16     def get_yob(self):
17         return self._yob
18
19
20 class Doctor(Person):
21     def __init__(self, name, yob, specialist):
22         super().__init__(name, yob)
23         self._specialist = specialist
24
25     def describe(self):
26         print(f'Doctor - {super().__str__()}, specialist: {self._specialist}')
27
28 doctor1 = Doctor ( name =" doctorZ2023 ", yob =1981 , specialist ="
29                 Endocrinologists ")
30 assert doctor1 . _yob == 1981
31 doctor1.describe ()
```

8. Câu 8:

```
1 from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
2
3
4 class Person(ABC):
5     def __init__(self, name, yob):
6         self._name = name
7         self._yob = yob
8
9     def __str__(self):
10         return 'Name: {}, yob: {}'.format(self._name, self._yob)
11
12     @abstractmethod
13     def describe(self):
14         pass
15
16     def get_yob(self):
17         return self._yob
18
19
20 class Doctor(Person):
21     def __init__(self, name, yob, specialist):
22         super().__init__(name, yob)
23         self._specialist = specialist
24
25     def describe(self):
26         print(f'Doctor - {super().__str__()}, specialist: {self._specialist}')
27
28
29 class Student(Person):
30     def __init__(self, name, yob, grade):
31         super().__init__(name, yob)
32         self._grade = grade
```

```
33
34     def describe(self):
35         print(f'Student - {super().__str__()}, grade: {self.__grade}')
36
37
38 class Teacher(Person):
39     def __init__(self, name, yob, subject):
40         super().__init__(name, yob)
41         self.__subject = subject
42
43     def describe(self):
44         print(f'Teacher - {super().__str__()}, subject: {self.__subject}')
45
46
47 class Ward:
48     def __init__(self, name):
49         self.__lst_person = []
50         self.__name = name
51
52     def add_person(self, person: Person):
53         self.__lst_person.append(person)
54
55     def describe(self):
56         print(f'Ward: {self.__name}, co cac person sau:')
57         for x in self.__lst_person:
58             x.describe()
59
60     def __call__(self, name):
61         self.__name = name
62
63     def count_doctor(self):
64         count = 0
65         for x in self.__lst_person:
66             if type(x) is Doctor:
67                 count += 1
68         return count
69
70     def get_name(self):
71         return self.__name
72     # sort theo tuoi
73
74     def sort_age(self):
75         self.__lst_person.sort(key=lambda x: x._yob)
76
77     def compute_average(self):
78         sum_age = sum(item._yob for item in self.__lst_person)
79         return sum_age/len(self.__lst_person)
80
81
82 # main
83 student1 = Student(name=" studentA ", yob=2010, grade="7")
84 teacher1 = Teacher(name=" teacherA ", yob=1969, subject=" Math ")
85 teacher2 = Teacher(name=" teacherB ", yob=1995, subject=" History ")
86 doctor1 = Doctor(name=" doctorA ", yob=1945, specialist=" Endocrinologists ")
87 doctor2 = Doctor(name=" doctorB ", yob=1975, specialist=" Cardiologists ")
88 ward1 = Ward(name=" Ward1 ")
89 ward1.add_person(student1)
90 ward1.add_person(teacher1)
91 ward1.add_person(teacher2)
92 ward1.add_person(doctor1)
```

```
93 assert ward1 . count_doctor() == 1
94 ward1.add_person(doctor2)
95 print(ward1 . count_doctor())
```

9. Câu 9:

```
1 class MyStack:
2     def __init__(self, capacity=5):
3         self.__stack = []
4         self.__capacity = capacity
5
6     def is_full(self):
7         return (len(self.__stack) == self.__capacity)
8
9     def push(self, value):
10        if (self.is_full()):
11            return 'Stack is full. Do not thing'
12        self.__stack.append(value)
13
14
15 # test
16 stack1 = MyStack(capacity=5)
17 stack1 . push(1)
18 assert stack1 . is_full() == False
19 stack1 . push(2)
20 print(stack1 . is_full())
21
```

10. Câu 10:

```
1 class MyStack:
2     def __init__(self, capacity=5):
3         self.__stack = []
4         self.__capacity = capacity
5
6     def is_full(self):
7         return (len(self.__stack) == self.__capacity)
8
9     def push(self, value):
10        if (self.is_full()):
11            return 'Stack is full. Do not thing'
12        self.__stack.append(value)
13
14    def top(self):
15        if (len(self.__stack) == 0):
16            return 'Stack is empty. Do not thing'
17        return self.__stack[-1]
18
19
20 # test
21 stack1 = MyStack(capacity=5)
22 stack1 . push(1)
23 assert stack1 . is_full() == False
24 stack1 . push(2)
25 print(stack1.top())
26
```

11. Câu 11:

```
1 class MyQueue:
```

```
2     def __init__(self, capacity=5):
3         self.__queue = []
4         self.__capacity = capacity
5
6     def is_full(self):
7         return (len(self.__queue) == self.__capacity)
8
9     def enqueue(self, x):
10        if (self.is_full()):
11            return 'Queue is full. Do not thing'
12        self.__queue.append(x)
13
14 queue1 = MyQueue ( capacity =5)
15 queue1 . enqueue (1)
16 assert queue1 . is_full () == False
17 queue1 . enqueue (2)
18 print ( queue1 . is_full ())
```

12. Câu 12:

```
1 class MyQueue:
2     def __init__(self, capacity=5):
3         self.__queue = []
4         self.__capacity = capacity
5
6     def is_empty(self):
7         return (len(self.__queue) == 0)
8
9     def is_full(self):
10        return (len(self.__queue) == self.__capacity)
11
12    def dequeue(self):
13        if (self.is_empty()):
14            return 'Queue is empty. Do not thing'
15        return self.__data.pop(0)
16
17    def enqueue(self, x):
18        if (self.is_full()):
19            return 'Queue is full. Do not thing'
20        self.__queue.append(x)
21
22    def front(self):
23        if (self.is_empty()):
24            return 'Queue is empty. Do not thing'
25        return self.__queue[0]
26
27
28 queue1 = MyQueue(capacity=5)
29 queue1 . enqueue(1)
30 assert queue1 . is_full() == False
31 queue1 . enqueue(2)
32 print(queue1.front())
33
```