

Tu Lam

CS 472 / Justin Goins

April 11<sup>th</sup>, 2021

## Homework #1

(Amicable Pair)

**Question 1-4** were on about making sure the code that was written is compile and run for every test cases.

**5.** *Review the `x86_64bit.asm` file. How many lines of assembly instructions were utilized inside the **`check_amicable`** function?*

**Answer:** In total of the `x86_64bit.asm` file, there is a total of 56 lines in the code. But due to labels or directives we won't be counting those as assembly language. So, there is a total of 16 labels/directives. So, subtracting we get  $56 - 16 = \mathbf{40 \text{ lines}}$  of assembly codes.

**6.** *Use the `time` utility (included as part of `BASH`) to determine the amount of CPU time spent in user mode to execute the `x86_64bit.exe` file. Round your answer to the nearest millisecond.*

**Answer:** When running the `x86_64bit.exe` file using the `time` utility, the time that was given is was 7.964 seconds (0:07.964 seconds).

**Question 7** is a simple instruction to create an `.asm` file to run faster

8. Review the `x86_64bit_s.asm` file. How many lines of assembly instructions were utilized inside the **check\_amicable** function? How much more efficient (in terms of assembly instructions) is the optimized code?

**Answer:** There is a total of 34 lines of code and 15 lines of directives/labels. So, the total assembly instruction is  $34 - 15 = 19$  **lines** of assembly instructions.

9. Use the same process as step 6 to measure the user mode CPU time of `x86_64bit_s.exe` (Which version of code executes faster? By how much?)

**Answer:** This time with this file, the time came out to be 7.893 seconds (0:07.893 seconds). To compare the performance rate, this file run faster by  $7.964 - 7.893 = 0.071$  **seconds'** differences.

**Question 10** ask us to create another set of .asm and .exe file to see if it run a better performance to compare with the other files we created.

11. As before, use the time utility (from BASH) to measure the user-mode CPU time of `x86_32bit_3.exe` and `x86_64bit_3.exe` (generated in step 10). Which version executes faster, and by how much?

**Answer:** The file with `x86_32bit_3.exe` have a CPU time of **7.498 seconds** (0:07.498 seconds) while the `x86_64bit_3.exe` have a CPU time of **7.523 seconds** (0:07.523 seconds). In comparison to both files, the version that execute faster is the **x86\_32bit\_3.exe** file.

**12.** *x86 assembly commonly uses eight 32-bit registers. They are: eax, ebx, ecx, edx, esi, edi, ebp, and esp. Which of these registers are used in the x86\_32bit\_3.asm file that was generated in step 10?*

**Answer:** In the x86\_32bit\_3.asm file, the file contains the registers of **edi, esi, ebx, esp, ecx, eax, and edx.**

**Question 13** ask users to run and generate a MIPS assembly code.

**14.** *How many lines of MIPS assembly instructions were utilized to implement the **check\_amicable** function? How does this compare to the number of instructions used to implement the same function in the x86\_32bit\_3.asm file (the 32-bit x86 code)?*

**Answer:** The MIPS file gave us a total of 67 lines of code - 44 directives/labels give us **20 lines of instruction codes.** Comparing to x86\_32bit\_3.asm file have 48 instruction codes. This means that MIPS uses less line of instructions than the x86 32bit .asm file.

**15.** *As noted in the textbook, MIPS has 32 32-bit registers (see page one of the MIPS reference card). Which of these registers are used in the assembly code generated in step 13?*

**Answer:** In the MIPS file, the registers that were spot seeing in the code is register **\$29, \$31, \$3, \$2, \$0, \$6, \$4, \$7, and \$5.**

**Question 16** ask use to implement a faster version with another C file

*17. Once you have ensured that your code is working correctly, compile an optimized 64-bit version (using the -O3 flag as demonstrated in step 10). Be sure to use values of 1982313333 and 1892277387 for num\_a and num\_b. Use the BASH time utility to measure the user-mode execution time and compare your results to the values from step 10. How much faster is version 2, compared to version 1?*

**Answer:** When creating the x86\_64bit\_v2.exe, the CPU time was given is **0.001 seconds** (0:00.001 seconds). Comparing it to the version 1 with 7.523 seconds (0:07.523 seconds, version 2 is faster by **7.522 seconds** from the first version.