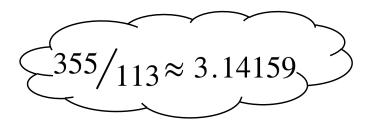
How to use the back calculator program "denomfind" for approximated proportions

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Terminology (1/2)



- A **fraction** is specified in the form of **numerator** / **denominator** .
- A proportion is the decimal value of a fraction.
 Its approximation is an approximated proportion, which would be simply called a proportion herein.
- $\mathbb{N} = \{1,2,3,...\}$: The set of all natural numbers.
- $\mathbb{Z} = \{0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, ...\}$: consists of integers.
- $\mathbb{R} = \{ x \mid -\infty < x < +\infty \}$: all the real numbers.

Terminology (2/2)

- There are many ways to round a number :
 - Round half up (most commonly used!)
 - Round up / Round down
 - Round half to even (ISO 31-0, JIS Z 8401, IEEE 754)
 - Round half to odd
- TSV is Tab-Separeted Values (cf. CSV with comma).

Regarding this document:

- Explains
 - how to use the command denomfind.
- Not explains
 - the internal design in detail.

"denomfind" is a CLI program.

- CLI = Command Line Interface. Not a GUI.
- "denomfind" is a program of a Perl script.
- You can install:
 - By "cpan" or "cpanm" command.
 - cpanm is recommendable considering the un-installment.
 - cpanm App::denomfind
 - cpanm –U App::denomfind # uninstall
 - Not only from metacpan.org but also from GitHub.

Examples 1 - 0.3, 0.33, and 33.3%

> denor	nfind 0.	3	> denomfind -M0 0.33			> denomfind -M0 -D-3% 33.3%			
denom	<u>fit</u>	0.3	denom	<u>fit</u>	0.33	<u>denom</u>	<u>fit</u>	<u>0.333</u>	
3	1	1/3	3	1	1/3	3	1	1/3033%	
4	1	1/4	40	1	13/40	400	1	133/400+.050%	
6.	1	2/6	43	1	14/43	403	1	134/403+.049%	
7	1	2/7	46	1	15/46	406	1	135/406+.049%	
8.	1	2/8	49	1	16/49	409	1	136/409+.048%	
9.	1	3/9	52	1	17/52	412	1	137/412+.048%	
10	1	3/10	55	1	18/55	415	1	138/415+.047%	
11	1	3/11	58	1	19/58	418	1	139/418+.046%	
12	1	3/12~4/12	61	1	20/61	421	1	140/421+.046%	
13	1	4/13	64	1	21/64	424	1	141/424+.045%	
14.	1	4/14	67	1	22/67	427	1	142/427+.045%	
15	1	4/15~5/15	70	1	23/70	430	1	143/430+.044%	

Each fraction is shown on each line.

- "denom" means denominator.
- 12 <u>denoms</u> ∈ N are <u>back calculated</u>
 with a <u>feasible numerator</u> ∈ Z
 regarding the given proportion is <u>rounded</u>.
- Each of *fraction form* is shown in cyan color.
- -D-3% on the most right image specifies to show the **gap** to the proportion.
- "fit" (red) will be explained in next page.

Regarding the reducible fractions:

- A *denom* with period (.): roughly means the fraction is **reducible**.
- To be more exactly (explained later):
 the numerators and its corresp. denominators all combined are divisible by their GCD > 1.
- "-M0" specifies:
 not to show the the "reducible" fraction
 i.e. 2/6 = 3/9 = 4/12 = .. are hidden.

Example 2: proportions with a common denominator

```
tabs -4
  denomfind -y3..4 -D5% 63.3% 54.6% 13.3% 10.3%
        fit 0.633
                    0.546
                            0.133
                                    0.103
denom
196 3
        124/196=63.26531%
                            107/196=54.59184%
                                                 26/196=13.26531%
                                                                     [20.09 20.286]
218 3
        138/218=63.30275%
                            119/218=54.58716%
                                                 29/218=13.30275%
                                                                     [22.345 22.563)
        152/240=63.33333%
240 3
                            131/240=54.58333%
                                                 32/240=13.33333%
                                                                     [24.6 24.84)
271 3
        [171.4075 171.6785) 148/271=54.61255%
                                                 36/271=13.28413%
                                                                     28/271=10.33210%
300 3
        190/300=63.33333%
                             [163.65 163.95) 40/300=13.33333%
                                                                 31/300=10.33333%
324 3
        205/324=63.27160%
                             177/324=54.62963%
                                                 43/324=13.27160%
                                                                     [33.21 33.534)
330 3
                             [180.015 180.345)
                                                 44/330=13.33333%
                                                                     34/330=10.30303%
        209/330=63.33333%
339 3
        [214.4175 214.7565] 185/339=54.57227%
                                                 45/339=13.27434%
                                                                     35/339=10.32448%
346 3
        219/346=63.29480%
                            189/346=54.62428%
                                                 46/346=13.29480%
                                                                     Γ35.465 35.811)
360 3
        228/360=63.33333%
                             [196.38 196.74] 48/360=13.33333%
                                                                 37/360=10.27778%
368 4
        233/368=63.31522%
                            201/368=54.61957%
                                                 49/368=13.31522%
                                                                     38/368=10.32609%
377 3
        [238.4525 238.8295) 206/377=54.64191%
                                                 50/377=13.26260%
                                                                     39/377=10.34483%
4 ratios are given. 12 denominators have found up to 377. (denomfind)
```

- The output forms a TSV table.
- The **right 4 columns** here corresponds with proportions 63.3%, 54.6%, 13.3%, 10.3%.
- The 2nd column *fit* means
 how many among the (4) proportions
 can get at least a <u>numerator ∈ Z</u>
 with each *denom* value.
- -y3..4 specifies filtering on fit.
 i.e. fit with the value 0,1,2 are omitted.

- -D5% specifies to show the retrieved fraction value with 5 decimal places in %.
- The intervals in faint color indicate the set of the possible numerator on $\mathbb R$, which does not contain any integer $\mathbb Z$.
- The command tabs -4 adjusts the screen setting of tab intervals.
- The smallest possible denominator ∈ N to yield the 4 rounded proportions is 368.

Usage of denomfind

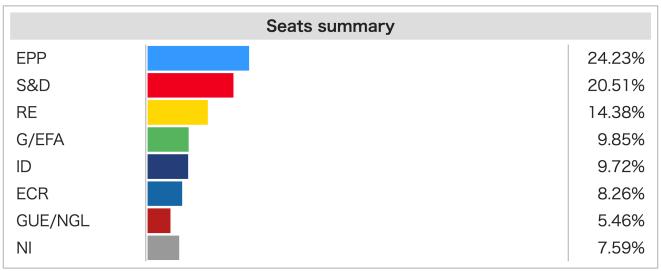
- 1. To **find** the possible denominator with given multiple rounded proportions.
 - One can check whether the sample size is large enough.
- 2. To <u>check</u> and to <u>correct</u> the numbers such as denominator and rounded proportions.
 - Quite often, numbers appearing on reports contain a small number of mistakes.
- 3. To know how the proportions are rounded.
 - If the <u>rounding half up</u> is performed on a number <u>twice</u> in a specific way, 3.45% can turn to be 4% via 3.5%.
 - Deciphering how the numbers are rounded may conclude how carefully the document is yielded.

Feature of denomfind

Simple interface despite the various options.

- How to interact with the program is intentionally designed.
- 1. Run such as denomfind 0.167 0.714 firstly.
- 2. The output is easily understandable.
- 3. You gradually increase functions to use such as options and other commands.
- 4. The necessary functions are abundantly provided.
- 5. Online manual is provided: denomfind --help
- 6. Demo is also provided. You can try denomfind -T1 (1 is changeable.)

Example 3. Seats summary of 2019 European Parliament Election



https://en.wikipedia.org/ wiki/2019 European Parl iament election

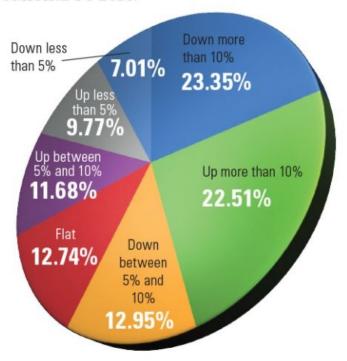
```
tabs -6
  denomfind -y, -g7 -% 24.23 20.51 14.38 9.85 9.72 8.26 5.46 7.59
denom fit
            0.2423
                         0.2051
                                     0.1438
                                                  0.0985
                                                                          0.0826
                                                                                       0.0546
                                                                                                   0.0759
                                                              0.0972
            182/751
                                                 74/751
                                                                          62/751
                         154/751
                                     108/751
                                                              73/751
                                                                                       41/751
                                                                                                   57/751
1502. 8
            364/1502
                                     216/1502
                                                 148/1502
                                                                                       82/1502
                                                                                                   114/1502
                         308/1502
                                                              146/1502
                                                                           124/1502
2253. 8
            546/2253
                         462/2253
                                     324/2253
                                                  222/2253
                                                              219/2253
                                                                           186/2253
                                                                                       123/2253
                                                                                                    171/2253
3004. 8
            728/3004
                         616/3004
                                     432/3004
                                                  296/3004
                                                              292/3004
                                                                          248/3004
                                                                                       164/3004
                                                                                                    228/3004
3755. 8
            910/3755
                         770/3755
                                     540/3755
                                                  370/3755
                                                              365/3755
                                                                           310/3755
                                                                                       205/3755
                                                                                                    285/3755
3900 8
            945/3900
                         800/3900
                                     561/3900
                                                  384/3900
                                                              379/3900
                                                                           322/3900
                                                                                       213/3900
                                                                                                    296/3900
4032 8
            977/4032
                         827/4032
                                     580/4032
                                                  397/4032
                                                              392/4032
                                                                           333/4032
                                                                                       220/4032
                                                                                                    306/4032
8 ratios are given. 7 denominators have found up to 4032. (denomfind)
```

The total seat number seems **751** (if < 1000) from the 8 proportion percentages.

- -y, filters the *fit* number being the largest (8; the number of proportions).
- -g7 specifies to get 7 candidates. -% specifies percentages are given.

Example4. From a pie chart.





> denomf	ind	-M0 -	-a0.01% -	-y, -% 23.	.35 22.51	12.95 12.	74 11.68	9.77 7.01	
<u>denom</u>	<u>fit</u>		<u>0.2335</u>	0.2251	0.1295	0.1274	0.1168	<u>0.0977</u>	0.0701
471	7		110/471	106/471	61/471	60/471	55/471	46/471	33/471
2270	7		530/2270	511/2270	294/2270	289/2270	265/2270	222/2270	159/2270
2425	7		566/2425	546/2425	314/2425	309/2425	283/2425	237/2425	170/2425
2510	7		586/2510	565/2510	325/2510	320/2510	293/2510	245/2510	176/2510
2527	7		590/2527	569/2527	327/2527	322/2527	295/2527	247/2527	177/2527
2612	7		610/2612	588/2612	338/2612	333/2612	305/2612	255/2612	183/2612
2639	7		616/2639	594/2639	342/2639	336/2639	308/2639	258/2639	185/2639
2724	7		636/2724	613/2724	353/2724	347/2724	318/2724	266/2724	191/2724
2741	7		640/2741	617/2741	355/2741	349/2741	320/2741	268/2741	192/2741
2835	7		662/2835	638/2835	367/2835	361/2835	331/2835	277/2835	199/2835
2866	7		669/2866	645/2866	371/2866	365/2866	335/2866	280/2866	201/2866
2879	7		672/2879	648/2879	373/2879	367/2879	336/2879	281/2879	202/2879
7 ratios	are	giver	n. 12 deno	ominators	have four	nd up to 2	2879. (der	nomfind)	
>									

The total number of answerer seems to be 471.

"The response was overwhelming, as 750 of you weighed in — including 545 growers — providing valuable insight in an online survey."

Various options in rounding

Assuming the rounding

- "round down" (floor; e.g. $0.345 \rightarrow 0.34$): -f
- "round up" (ceil; e.g. $0.345 \rightarrow 0.35$): -c
- "round half up" is done twice (e.g. 0.345 \rightarrow 0.35 \rightarrow 0.4): -5 2
- "round half to even" (e.g. 0.335 and 0.345 → 0.34): -5 e
- "round half to odd" (e.g. 0.345 and 0.355 → 0.35): -5 o
- Allowing the error within $\pm 1\%$: -a 0.01 or -a 1%

Options in the denominator filtering

- -g 100: getting 100 candidates in denominators from the smallest (1).
- -g 123,100 : getting 100 candidates in denominators from the 123.
- -g 123,-10 : getting 10 candidates from the 123 in descending order.
- -y .. : showing every denominator as long as specified by -g option.
- -y , : only showing the denominators when **every given proportion** has at least one corresponding integer numerator.
- -y 1.. : showing the denominators when at least one of given proportion has the corresponding integer numerator. (**Default**)
- -y -2.. : showing the denominators when every given proportion has the corresponding integer numerator allowing the **exceptions** within 2 of the proportions.

N..M means the numerical range. N.. means n to the maximum. ..M means zero to M. When N or M is negative, it means (the maximum)-abs(N or M). Those types of range or a single number can be combined by comma(,).

Options in output

- -D0: showing the fraction form such as 10/33. (Default ※)
- -D3: showing also with 3 decimal places such as 10/33=.303
- -D4%: in 4 decimal places in percentage such as 10/33=30.3030%
- -D-5: showing the difference to realize the given proportion with 5 decimal places 10/33-.00003 for a given proportion 0.303
- -D-6%: showing the difference to realize the given proportion with 6 decimal places such as 10/33-. 00303% for a proportion 0.303
- -I : showing the interval of possible numerators on \mathbb{R} , not only \mathbb{Z} . If the interval contains any integer it is shown in green color.
- -Q: showing the numerators in a simplest way.
 Extra1. When only one proportion is given,
 the denominator is shown with its prime factorization as well.
 Extra2. To see all the numerators are odd (2q+1) or even (2q),
 if they have a common reminder R against a devisor D,
 they are shown with a form "(Dq+R)" as well.
- \times If -D, -I and -Q are not given, -D0 is regarded to be specified internally.