## Natural Language Inference

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#### Causal Inference & NLI

**Causal inference** is the process of determining if a causal relationship exists between two events.

In NLI, the relationship between a premise and a hypothesis can be classified into one of 3 categories:

- 1. Entailment
- 2. **Neutrality**
- 3. Contradiction

#### Textual Entailment

For example, the premise "Peter and Shira are presenting their NLP project"

**Entails** that Peter and Shira are on the zoom call

**Contradicts** that Peter and Shira are sleeping through class

Is *neutral* on whether they are having fun

...we're having fun we promise!

#### **MNLI**

The MultiNLI (MNLI) dataset, sourced from the Open American National Corpus, encompasses both spoken and written premise/hypothesis pairs across 10 genres.

- These genres include transcriptions of face-to-face conversations, government documents, the 9/11 Commission report, articles from Slate Magazine, telephone conversations, etc.
- A distinctive aspect of MNLI is that only half of the genres are included in the training set, with the remaining unseen genres serving to test a model's ability to generalize to new text sources.

<pre>premise string · lengths</pre>	<pre>premise_binary_parse string · lengths</pre>	<pre>premise_parse string · lengths</pre>	hypothesis string · lengths	hypothesis_binary_parse string · lengths	hypothesis_parse string · lengths	genre string · classes	label class label
5 1.82k	6 3.43k	23 6.45k	1 393	1 669	19 1.15k	5 values	3 classes
The other men shuffled.	( ( The ( other men ) ) ( shuffled . ) )	(ROOT (S (NP (DT The) (JJ other) (NNS men)) (VP (VBD shuffled)) (	The other men were shuffled around.	( ( The ( other men ) ) ( ( were ( shuffled	(ROOT (S (NP (DT The) (JJ other) (NNS men))	fiction	0 entailment
States must show reasonable	( States ( ( must ( show ( (	(ROOT (S (NP (NNPS States)) (VP (MD must) (VP (VB show) (NP (NP (JJ	Itis not necessary for there to be	( ( [ Itis ( not necessary ) ) ( for (	(ROOT (S (VP (VB Itis) (ADJP (RB not) (JJ	government	2 contradiction
well it's been very interesting	( well ( it ( 's ( been ( very	(ROOT (ADJP (RB well) (SBAR (S (NP (PRP it)) (VP (VBZ 's) (VP (VBN	It has been very intriguing.	( It ( ( has ( been ( very intriguing ) ) )	(ROOT (S (NP (PRP It)) (VP (VBZ has) (VP (VBN	telephone	0 entailment
He started slowly back to the	( He ( ( ( started ( slowly back ) ) (	(ROOT (S (NP (PRP He)) (VP (VBD started) (ADVP (RB slowly) (RB	He returned slowly to the bunkhouse.	( He ( ( returned slowly ) ( to ( the	(ROOT (S (NP (PRP He)) (VP (VBD returned) (ADV	fiction	0 entailment
and it's it's quite a bit i	( and ( it ( 's ( ( ( ( ( ( it ( ( 's (	(ROOT (PRN (CC and) (S (NP (PRP it)) (VP (VBZ 's) (S (S (NP (PRP it)) (V		( I ( ( ( do not ) ( know ( ( exactly wher	(ROOT (S (NP (PRP I)) (VP (VBP do) (RB not)	telephone	1 neutral
They're made from a secret recipe	( They ( ( 're ( made ( from ( ( a	(ROOT (S (NP (PRP They)) (VP (VBP 're) (VP (VBN made) (PP (IN from)	The recipe passed down from	( ( ( The recipe ) ( ( passed down ) ( from	(ROOT (S (NP (NP (DT The) (NN recipe)) (VP	travel	2 contradiction
yeah well you're a student right	( yeah ( well ( you ( 're ( a ( studen…	(ROOT (S (VP (VB yeah) (S (ADVP (RB well)) (NP (PRP you)) (VP (VBP 're)	Well you're a mechanics student	( Well ( you ( ( 're ( a ( mechanics ( stude	(ROOT (S (ADVP (RB Well)) (NP (PRP you))	telephone	1 neutral



 We are using the mDeBERTa-v3-base-xnli-multilingual-nli-2mil7 model, developed by Microsoft, for our project.

 Built on the mDeBERTa-v3-base architecture and pre-trained on the CC100 dataset, this model supports natural language inference (NLI) in 100 languages and is ideal for multilingual zero-shot classification tasks.

We are evaluating model performance with validation accuracy.

### Training Our Model

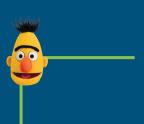
 Determining Optimal Subset to Train: Given that our model is already pre-trained on some natural language, we wanted to determine where our validation accuracy begins to plateau in order to optimize our runtime without sacrificing performance.

 Gradient Clipping: This prevents the gradients from exploding, which is crucial for maintaining stable training dynamics.

• **Learning Rate Scheduler**: Adjusts the learning rate throughout training, which can help in converging to a better minimum.

Epoch 1: Average Loss: 0.37268252827463644 Epoch 2: Average Loss: 0.08028289416642298 Epoch 3: Average Loss: 0.017550210266130135 Epoch 4: Average Loss: 0.010786756653004208

Validation Accuracy: 85.26%



# Demo

