## In [1]: pip install matplotlib rasterio

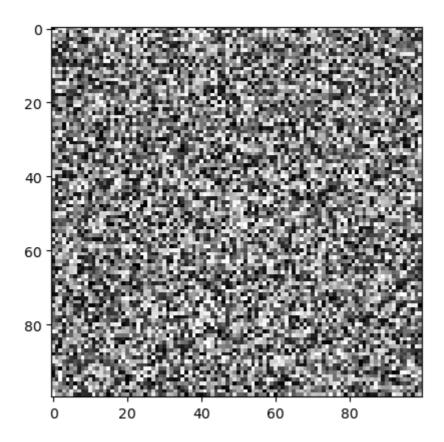
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\91947\anaconda3\lib \site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib) (1.16.0) Downloading rasterio-1.3.9-cp311-cp311-win\_amd64.whl (23.4 MB) ----- 0.0/23.4 MB ? eta -:--:------- 0.0/23.4 MB 660.6 kB/s eta 0:00:36 ----- 0.1/23.4 MB 656.4 kB/s eta 0:00:36 ----- 0.1/23.4 MB 491.5 kB/s eta 0:00:48 ----- 0.1/23.4 MB 853.3 kB/s eta 0:00:28 ----- 0.2/23.4 MB 787.7 kB/s eta 0:00:30 ----- 0.2/23.4 MB 692.4 kB/s eta 0:00:34 ----- 0.3/23.4 MB 811.7 kB/s eta 0:00:29 ----- 0.3/23.4 MB 819.2 kB/s eta 0:00:29

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [3]:
        from matplotlib.widgets import RectangleSelector
        from matplotlib.patches import Rectangle
        import numpy as np
        class RasterViewer:
            def __init__(self, raster_data):
                self.raster_data = raster_data
                self.fig, self.ax = plt.subplots()
                self.img = self.ax.imshow(self.raster_data, cmap='gray')
                self.selector = RectangleSelector(self.ax, self.on_select,
                                                    drawtype='box', useblit=True,
                                                    button=[1], minspanx=5, minspany=
                                                    spancoords='pixels', interactive=
                plt.connect('scroll_event', self.on_scroll)
                plt.show()
            def on select(self, eclick, erelease):
                x1, y1 = int(eclick.xdata), int(eclick.ydata)
                x2, y2 = int(erelease.xdata), int(erelease.ydata)
                selected_region = self.raster_data[y1:y2, x1:x2]
                plt.figure()
                plt.imshow(selected_region, cmap='gray')
                plt.show()
            def on_scroll(self, event):
                if event.button == 'up':
                    self.zoom(1.1)
                elif event.button == 'down':
                    self.zoom(0.9)
            def zoom(self, scale):
                xlim = self.ax.get_xlim()
                ylim = self.ax.get_ylim()
                x_center = np.mean(xlim)
                y center = np.mean(ylim)
                new_width = (xlim[1] - xlim[0]) * scale
                new_height = (ylim[1] - ylim[0]) * scale
                self.ax.set_xlim(x_center - new_width / 2, x_center + new_width / 2)
                self.ax.set_ylim(y_center - new_height / 2, y_center + new_height /
                plt.draw()
        # Example usage
        if __name__ == "__main__":
            # Load raster data (replace this with your own raster data loading mecha
            raster_data = np.random.rand(100, 100)
            # Create and display the raster viewer
            viewer = RasterViewer(raster data)
```

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TypeError
                                          Traceback (most recent call las
t)
Cell In[3], line 49
     46 raster_data = np.random.rand(100, 100)
     48 # Create and display the raster viewer
---> 49 viewer = RasterViewer(raster_data)
Cell In[3], line 11, in RasterViewer.__init__(self, raster_data)
     9 self.fig, self.ax = plt.subplots()
     10 self.img = self.ax.imshow(self.raster_data, cmap='gray')
---> 11 self.selector = RectangleSelector(self.ax, self.on_select,
     12
                                           drawtype='box', useblit=True,
     13
                                           button=[1], minspanx=5, minspan
y=5,
     14
                                           spancoords='pixels', interactiv
e=True)
     15 plt.connect('scroll_event', self.on_scroll)
     16 plt.show()
```

TypeError: RectangleSelector.\_\_init\_\_() got an unexpected keyword argument
'drawtype'



In [4]: #q2

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [16]:
         from matplotlib.widgets import RectangleSelector, Dropdown
         import numpy as np
         class RasterViewer:
             def __init__(self, raster_data):
                 self.raster_data = raster_data
                 self.num bands = self.raster data.shape[2] if len(self.raster data.shape[2])
                 self.current_band_indices = list(range(self.num_bands))
                 self.fig, self.ax = plt.subplots()
                 self.img = self.ax.imshow(self.get_display_data(), cmap='gray')
                 self.selector = RectangleSelector(self.ax, self.on_select,
                                                     drawtype='box', useblit=True,
                                                     button=[1], minspanx=5, minspany=
                                                     spancoords='pixels', interactive=
                 plt.connect('scroll_event', self.on_scroll)
                 self.band_dropdown = Dropdown(plt.axes([0.1, 0.92, 0.1, 0.05]), 'Bar
                 self.band dropdown.on changed(self.on band change)
                 plt.show()
             def get_display_data(self):
                 return self.raster_data[:, :, self.current_band_indices]
             def update display(self):
                 self.img.set_data(self.get_display_data())
                 plt.draw()
             def on_select(self, eclick, erelease):
                 x1, y1 = int(eclick.xdata), int(eclick.ydata)
                 x2, y2 = int(erelease.xdata), int(erelease.ydata)
                 selected_region = self.get_display_data()[y1:y2, x1:x2]
                 plt.figure()
                 plt.imshow(selected_region, cmap='gray')
                 plt.show()
             def on_scroll(self, event):
                 if event.button == 'up':
                      self.zoom(1.1)
                 elif event.button == 'down':
                      self.zoom(0.9)
             def zoom(self, scale):
                 xlim = self.ax.get xlim()
                 ylim = self.ax.get_ylim()
                 x_center = np.mean(xlim)
                 y_center = np.mean(ylim)
                 new_width = (xlim[1] - xlim[0]) * scale
                 new height = (ylim[1] - ylim[0]) * scale
                 self.ax.set_xlim(x_center - new_width / 2, x_center + new_width / 2)
                 self.ax.set_ylim(y_center - new_height / 2, y_center + new_height /
                 plt.draw()
             def on band change(self, index):
                 self.current_band_indices = [index]
                 self.update_display()
         # Example usage
         if __name__ == "__main__":
             # Load raster data (replace this with your own raster data loading mecho
```

```
# Assuming raster_data is a 3D numpy array (height x width x bands)
raster_data = np.random.rand(100, 100, 3) # Example random 3-band raste
# Create and display the raster viewer
viewer = RasterViewer(raster_data)
```

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In [ ]: #q3
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```
In [15]: import geopandas as gpd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # Load shapefile
         def load_shapefile(file_path):
             return gpd.read_file(file_path)
         # Generate charts for attribute data
         def generate_charts(data):
             # Example: Create a bar chart for a categorical attribute
             attribute_counts = data['attribute_column'].value_counts()
             attribute counts.plot(kind='bar')
             plt.title('Attribute Data Distribution')
             plt.xlabel('Attribute Values')
             plt.ylabel('Frequency')
             plt.show()
         # Interactive exploration (optional)
         def interactive exploration(data):
             # Example: Allow users to select attribute column interactively
             attribute_column = input("Enter attribute column name: ")
             if attribute_column in data.columns:
                 generate_charts(data[[attribute_column]])
             else:
                 print("Invalid attribute column name!")
```

In [11]: pip install geopandas

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Requirement already satisfied: packaging in c:\users\91947\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from geopandas) (23.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=1.4.0 in c:\users\91947\anaconda3 \lib\site-packages (from geopandas) (1.5.3)

Collecting pyproj>=3.3.0 (from geopandas)

Obtaining dependency information for pyproj>=3.3.0 from https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/79/95/eb68113c5b5737c342bde1bab92705dabe69c16299c5a122616e50f1fbd6/pyproj-3.6.1-cp311-win\_amd64.whl.metadata (https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/79/95/eb68113c5b5737c342bde1bab92705dabe69c16299c5a122616e50f1fbd6/pyproj-3.6.1-cp311-cp311-win\_amd64.whl.metadata)

Downloading pyproj-3.6.1-cp311-cp311-win\_amd64.whl.metadata (31 kB) Collecting shapely>=1.8.0 (from geopandas)

Obtaining dependency information for shapely>=1.8.0 from https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/9e/39/029c441d8af32ab423b229c4525ce5ce6707318155b59634811a4c56f5c4/shapely-2.0.2-cp311-cp311-win\_amd64.whl.metadata(https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/9e/39/029c441d8af32ab423b229c45

In [ ]: #q2

```
import rasterio
In [14]:
         import numpy as np
         # Load raster data into NumPy array
         def load raster(file path):
             with rasterio.open(file_path) as src:
                 raster_array = src.read() # Read raster data into NumPy array
             return raster_array
         # Perform mathematical transformation on raster data
         def transform raster(raster array):
             # Example: Normalize raster data
             min_val = np.min(raster_array)
             max_val = np.max(raster_array)
             normalized_array = (raster_array - min_val) / (max_val - min_val)
             return normalized_array
         # Filter raster data using convolution
         def filter_raster(raster_array):
             # Example: Apply a simple averaging filter
             kernel = np.ones((3, 3)) / 9 # 3x3 averaging kernel
             filtered_array = np.zeros_like(raster_array)
             for i in range(raster_array.shape[0]):
                 filtered_array[i] = np.convolve(raster_array[i], kernel, mode='same
             return filtered_array
         # Perform statistical analysis on raster data
         def analyze_raster(raster_array):
             # Example: Calculate mean and standard deviation
             mean_val = np.mean(raster_array)
             std_dev = np.std(raster_array)
             return mean_val, std_dev
```

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In [ ]:
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