Machine Learning: Regression

In this lab exercise you will perform supervised machine learning with Spark. The exercises are split into the following parts:

• Exercise 1: Logistic Regression

• Exercise 2: Verifying Alarms

Exercise 1: Logistic Regression

In this exercise, you perform a machine learning analysis using logistic regression. Given a training set and a test set, you will evaluate the performance using MLlib's provided functionality (data set: Iris_modified6_5mod.csv). The exercise demonstrates that MLlib enables a whole machine learning pipeline with only a few lines of code.

Note: The first column is the label, the columns a0 and a1 are IDs, the remaining columns are features

The instructions for this exercise can be found directly in the notebook: **LogisticRegression.ipynb**

Exercise 2: Verifying Alarms

In this exercise, you experiment with logistic regression to verify alarms provided by the London Firebrigade (data set: LFB Incident data from January 2017.csv). You can approach the problem as follows:

- Analyze the data set.
- Load it into a DataFrame.
- Use logistic regression to predict (verify) the outcome of the information stored in the **column "Incident Group"**.
- Apply logistic regression to see if you can verify true/false alarms.
- Experiment with different parameters.
- Analyze the performance of the models.

The instructions for this exercise can be found directly in the notebook:

LogisticRegressionLFD_1File.ipynb

Note: Logistic Regression can only be used with numerical features, therefore we need to first index columns that are of String type in order to be able to use them. For this purpose, use a StringIndexer for every String feature. Study the example below and apply it accordingly to your data set.

This line is an example of how to construct a string indexer on the Postcode_district column:

indexer_ZipCode = StringIndexer(inputCol="Postcode_district", outputCol="Postcode_district_indexed")

To apply the transformation, you can use the following code: df = indexer ZipCode.fit(df).transform(df).drop("Postcode district")