# **LAB 5-6**

## I. Lab5-Q1: <Given: Folder: Lab5-Q1 attached>

Design and code a class named **Teacher** that holds information of a Teacher:

Teacher	
-name:String	
-salary:double	
+Teacher ()	
+Teacher (name:String,salary:double)	
+getName():String	
+getSalary():double	
+setSalary(salary:double):void	
+toString():String	

- 1. getName(): String return a name of the teacher where every letters are in uppercase.
- 2. getSalary(): double return a salary of the teacher
- 3. setSalary(salary:double): void set current salary of the teacher is to a given salary.
- 4. toString():String return value of a Teacher as a string *name salary*

Do not format the result

The program output might look something like:

No of	Correct output
test case	
1	Enter Teacher name: Anton Enter Teacher salary: 2500  1. TC = 1 - test getName()  3. TC = 2 - test setSalary()  3. TC = 3 - test toString() Enter TC: 1 OUTPUT: ANTON

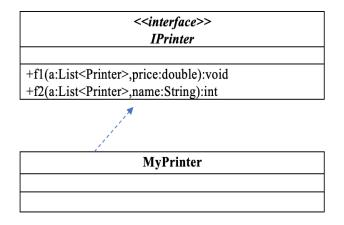
	Fotos Tooskan names Anton
12	Enter Teacher name: Anton
_	Enter Teacher salary: 2500
	<pre>1. TC = 1 - test getName()</pre>
	<pre>3. TC = 2 - test setSalary()</pre>
	<pre>3. TC = 3 - test toString()</pre>
	Enter TC: 2
	Enter new salary: 3700
	OUTPUT:
	3700.0
3	Enter Teacher name: Anton
	Enter Teacher salary: 2500
	1. TC = 1 - test getName()
	3. TC = 2 - test setSalary()
	3. TC = 3 - test toString()
	Enter TC: 3
	OUTPUT:
	Anton 2500.0

## II. Lab5-Q2: <Given: Folder: Lab5-Q2 attached>

Design and code a class named Printer that holds information about a Printer.

Printer	Where:
-price:double	1. getName():String – return name of a
-name:String	Printer
+Printer()	2. getPrice():double—return price of a
+Printer(name:String,price:double)	Printer
+getName():String	
+getPrice():double	

The interface IPrinter is given (DO NOT CREATE THIS ONE). Design and code a class named MyPrinter which will implement interface IPrinter and complete 2 methods which were declared in IPrinter:



- void f1(List<Printer> a, double price) remove from the list of printers "a" all printers which has price less than or equals to given price.
- int f2(List<Printer> a, String name) count and return number of printers which are in the list "a" and has name contains given name. *The comparison must ignores the case during comparison*.

Given some data which is added to list "a" in the Main already:

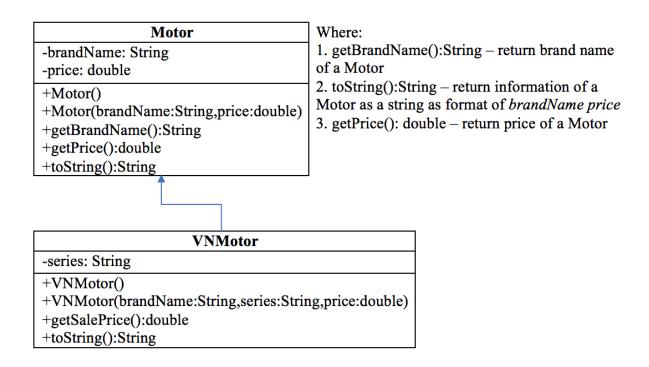
Printer name	Printer
	price
HP 200J	110
HP 2000G	150
Canon G1240	120

By using given data, the program output might look something like:

Add more how many printer: 1	Add more how many printer: 1
Printer name: Canon PX2100 Printer price: 180.0	Printer name: Canon PX2100 Printer price: 180.0
Enter test function (1-f1;2-f2): 1 Enter given printer price: 130	Enter test function (1-f1;2-f2): 2 Enter given printer name: Canon
OUTPUT: HP 2000G Canon PX2100	OUTPUT: 2

#### III. Lab6-Q1: <Given: Folder: Lab6-Q1 attached>

Design and code a class named **Motor** that holds information about a **Motor and** class named **VNMotor** which is derived from **Motor**.



- toString():String return information of a VNMotor as a string as format of *brandName series price*
- getSalePrice():double use to determine sale fare of a Motor, *sale price* = *original price discount*, where:
  - discount = 5 percent out of original price if original price < 3000.</li>
  - otherwise discount = 10 percent out of original price.

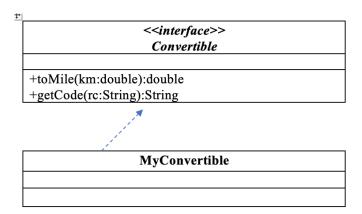
Do not format the format the result.

The program output might look something like:

Correct output	Correct output
Enter brand name of a motor: Honda Future	Enter brand name of a motor: Honda Future
Enter series of a motor: FX500	Enter series of a motor: FX500
Enter price of a motor: 1300	Enter price of a motor: 3000
1. TC = 1 - test toString function	1. TC = 1 - test toString function
2. TC = 2 - test getSalePrice function	2. TC = 2 - test getSalePrice function
3. TC = 3 - test getBrandName function	<pre>3. TC = 3 - test getBrandName function</pre>
Enter TC: 2	Enter TC: 2
OUTPUT:	OUTPUT:
1235.0	2700.0

#### IV. Lab6-Q2: <Given: Folder: Lab6-Q2 attached>

You are given an interface named **Convertible (DO NOT CREATE THIS ONE)**. Design a class **MyConvertible** which will implement the interface Convertible.



- 1. double to Mile(km:double) used to convert a km value to mile value. Given 1km = 0.621371 mile
- 2. String getCode(rc:String) assuming that length of Reservation code is dividable by 3; this function return code of RC as the rule:
  - Code of RC = separate a RC into groups, each group has exactly 3 characters with same order of original RC, groups are separated by character "-", eg A12-BE2-CM5

The program output might look something like:

No of	Correct output		
test case			
1	<pre>1. TC = 1 - test toMile() 2. TC = 2 - test getCode() Enter TC: 1 Enter a value in km: 16.5 OUTPUT: 10.25</pre>		
2	<pre>1. TC = 1 - test toMile() 2. TC = 2 - test getCode() Enter TC: 2 Enter a value of rc: K2M762 OUTPUT: K2M-762</pre>		