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Câu hởi 2
Đúng
```

Give a positive integer x, implement recursive function

```
void printHailstone(int number){}
```

to print the Hailstone Sequence of a given number upto 1 (no space at the end).

Hailstone Sequences follow these rules:

- If a number is even, divide it by 2
- If a number is odd, multiply it by 3 and add 1.

Example:

```
If number = 5. 5 is odd number so next number is 5*3 + 1 = 16. 16 is even number so next number is 16/2 = 8... Finally, we get Hailstone sequence: 5 16 8 4 2 1.
```

You can find more information at: https://diendantoanhoc.net/topic/89145-d%C3%A3y-s%E1%BB%91-hailstone/

Note: Please note that you can't using key work for, while, goto (even in variable names, comment).

You can implement other recursive functions if needed.

For this exercise, we have #include <iostream> and using namespace std;

For example:

Test	Result
<pre>printHailstone(32);</pre>	32 16 8 4 2 1

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 void printHailstone(int number){
        if(number==1)
 2
 3 ▼
 4
             cout<<number;</pre>
 5
             return;
 6
 7 •
        if(number%2==0) {
             cout<<number<<" ";
 8
             printHailstone(number/2);
 9
10
        }
11 ,
         else{
             cout<<number<<" ";</pre>
12
13
             printHailstone(number*3+1);
14
         }
15 }
```

Chọn

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>printHailstone(32);</pre>	32 16 8 4 2 1	32 16 8 4 2 1	~

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>printHailstone(23);</pre>	23 70 35 106 53 160 80 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1	23 70 35 106 53 160 80 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1	~
~	<pre>printHailstone(13);</pre>	13 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1	13 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1	~
~	printHailstone(12);	12 6 3 10 5 16 8 4 2 1	12 6 3 10 5 16 8 4 2 1	~
~	<pre>printHailstone(22); cout << "a";</pre>	22 11 34 17 52 26 13 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1a	22 11 34 17 52 26 13 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1a	~

Passed all tests! 🗸