# **Chapter 12**

# How to work with cookies and sessions

# **Objectives**

#### **Applied**

1. Use any of the functions and techniques presented in this chapter as you use cookies and session tracking in your applications.

#### Knowledge

- 1. Describe the use of cookies, and distinguish between per-session and persistent cookies.
- 2. Describe the use of session tracking.
- 3. Describe the use of the \$\_COOKIE and \$\_SESSION variables.
- 4. Describe the use of the functions for working with cookies and sessions.

# **Examples of cookies**

PHPSESSID=D1F15245171203E8670487F020544490 user\_id=87 email=jsmith@hotmail.com userName=jsmith passwordCookie=opensesame

#### **Terms**

- cookie
- per-session cookie
- persistent cookie

#### How cookies work

- A cookie is a name/value pair that is stored in a browser.
- On the server, a web application creates a cookie and sends it to the browser.
- On the client, the browser saves the cookie and sends it back to the server every time it accesses a page from that server.
- By default, cookies only last until the user closes his or her web browser. However, cookies can be set to persist in the user's browser for up to three years.
- Some users disable cookies in their browsers.
- Browsers generally accept only 20 cookies from each site and 300 cookies total.
- Browsers can also limit each cookie to 4 kilobytes.

# The syntax of the setcookie function

# Setting a cookie in the browser

```
$name = 'userid';
$value = 'rharris';
$expire = strtotime('+1 year');
$path = '/';
setcookie($name, $value, $expire, $path);
```

# The setcookie parameters:

- \$expire: default = 0; lasts until user closes browser window; a *per-session* cookie. Other timestamp values are *persistent* cookies.
- \$path: The server path the cookie is available to. If it is set to '/', the cookie is available to all directories on the server. The default value is the directory of the file setting the cookie.

# Getting the value of a cookie from the browser

```
$userid = $_COOKIE['userid']; // $userid is 'rharris'
```

**\$\_COOKIE** is an associative array, key->value where key is the cookie name and value is the cookie value.

# Deleting a cookie from the browser

```
$expire = strtotime('-1 year');
setcookie('userid', '', $expire, '/');
```

The setcookie function must be called before any HTML output is sent in the response.

#### How to enable or disable cookies in Firefox 3.6

- 1. Open the Tools menu and select the Options command.
- 2. Click on the Privacy tab.
- 3. Use the "Accept cookies from sites" check box to enable or disable cookies.

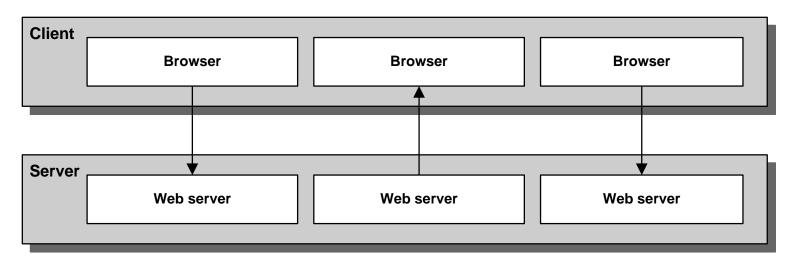
#### How to enable or disable cookies in IE 8

- 1. Open the Tools menu and select the Internet Options command.
- 2. Click the Privacy tab.
- 3. Use the slider control to enable or disable cookies. To disable cookies, set the security level to "Block All Cookies". To enable cookies, click the Default button to return to default privacy settings.

# How to reset default security settings in IE 8

- 1. Open the Tools menu and select the Internet Options command.
- 2. Click the Security tab.
- 3. If not disabled, click the "Reset all zones to default level" button.

# Why session tracking is difficult with HTTP



#### First HTTP Request:

The browser requests a page.

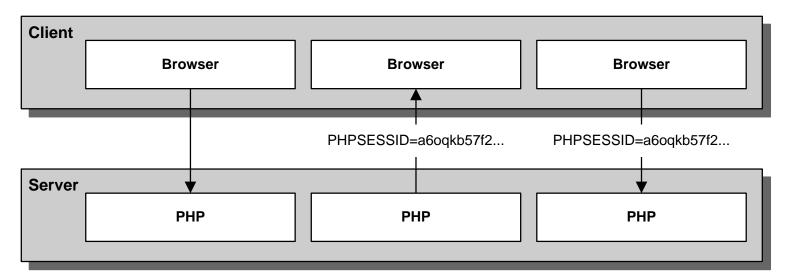
#### First HTTP Response:

The server returns the requested page and drops the connection.

#### **Following HTTP Requests:**

The browser requests a page. The web server has no way to associate the browser with its previous request.

# **How PHP keeps track of sessions**



#### **First HTTP Request:**

The browser requests a PHP page. PHP creates a session and assigns it an ID.

#### **First HTTP Response:**

The server returns the requested page and the ID for the session as a cookie.

#### **Following HTTP Requests:**

The browser requests a PHP page and sends the session ID cookie. PHP uses the session ID to associate the browser with its session.

Start a new session or resume a previous session with the default cookie parameters:

session\_start();

If the session is new, a session ID and session cookie will be created.

To control the session cookie, use the function: session\_set\_cookie\_params(\$lifetime, \$path, \$domain, \$secure, \$httponly)

- \$lifetime: of the cookie in seconds; required parameter
- \$path: the sever path that the cookie is available to; default is current directory of the script setting the cookie.
- The other three parameters don't usually need to be changed.

# Start a session with custom cookie parameters:

\$lifetime = 60 \* 60 \* 24 \* 365; // 1 year in seconds

session\_set\_cookie\_params(\$lifetime, '/');

session\_start();

Note: this must occur before any HTML code is returned and session\_set\_cookie\_params() must precede session\_start();

The global \$\_SESSION variable: an associative array that stores the data for the session.

## How to set and get scalar variables

- Set a variable in a session\$\_SESSION['product\_code'] = 'MBT-1753';
- Get a variable from a session\$product\_code = \$\_SESSION['product\_code'];

# How to set and get arrays

#### Set an array in a session

```
if (!isset($_SESSION['cart'])) {
    $_SESSION['cart'] = array();
}
```

#### Add an element to an array that's stored in a session

```
$_SESSION['cart']['key1'] = 'value1';
$_SESSION['cart']['key2'] = 'value2';
```

#### Get and use an array that's stored in a session

```
$cart = $_SESSION['cart'];
foreach ($cart as $item) {
    echo '' . $item . '';
}
```

#### How to remove variables from a session

- Remove a session variable unset(\$\_SESSION['cart']);
- Remove all session variables
  - **\$\_SESSION** = array();
- Note: don't use unset on the entire \$\_SESSION array, as it causes unpredictable results
- As the application runs the \$\_SESSION array is stored in memory
- When it ends PHP saves the contents of the \$\_SESSION array in a file on the web server.
- PHP deleted the session data when the session expires which by default is after 24 minutes of inactivity.
- In general it is safe to store strings, numbers, Bools, and arrays.
- Storing objects requires additional manipulation and will be discussed in Chapter 14.

### How to end a session

\$\_SESSION = array(); //clear session data from memory session\_destroy(); //clean up the session ID

However: this doesn't delete the session cookie from the user's browser.

# How to completely remove the session data from both the client and the server:

```
Delete the session cookie from the browser
$name = session_name(); // Get name of session cookie
// Create expire date in past
$expire = strtotime('-1 year');
// Get session params
$params = session_get_cookie_params();
$path = $params['path'];
$domain = $params['domain'];
$secure = $params['secure'];
$httponly = $params['httponly'];
setcookie($name, '', $expire, $path, $domain,
     $secure, $httponly);
```

# **Functions to manage sessions**

```
session_name()
session_id([$id])
session_write_close()
session_regenerate_id()
```

#### Get the name of the session cookie

#### Get the value of the session ID

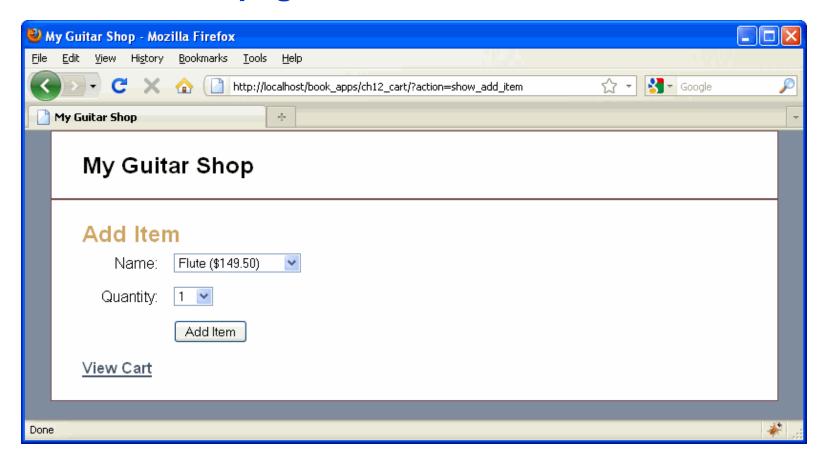
```
$id = session id();
```

#### Set the session ID

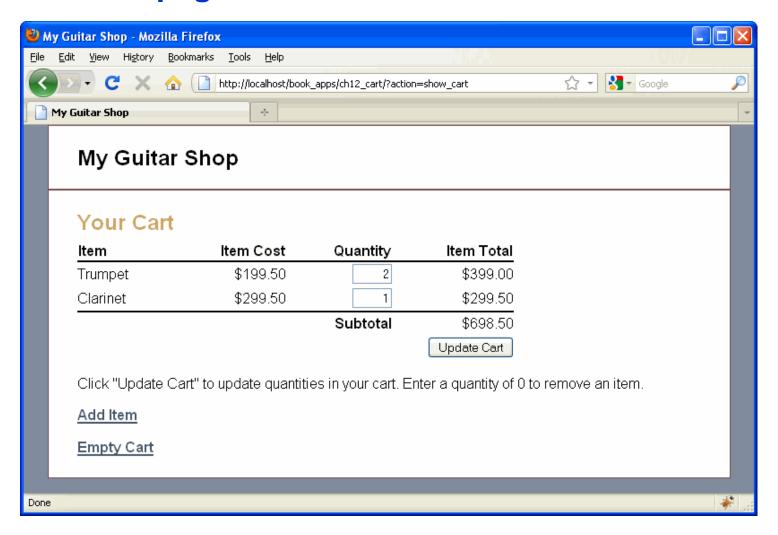
```
session id('abc123');
```

# **A Simple Shopping Cart Application**

# The Add Item page



# The Cart page



# The index.php file

```
<?php
// Start session management with a persistent cookie
$lifetime = 60 * 60 * 24 * 14;  // 2 weeks in seconds
session set cookie params($lifetime, '/');
session start();
// Create a cart array if needed
if (empty($ SESSION['cart12']))
    $ SESSION['cart12'] = array();
// Create a table of products
$products = array();
$products['MMS-1754'] =
    array('name' => 'Flute', 'cost' => '149.50');
$products['MMS-6289'] =
    array('name' => 'Trumpet', 'cost' => '199.50');
$products['MMS-3408'] =
    array('name' => 'Clarinet', 'cost' => '299.50');
```

# The index.php file (continued)

```
// Include cart functions
require once('cart.php');
// Get the action to perform
if (isset($ POST['action'])) {
    $action = $ POST['action'];
} else if (isset($_GET['action'])) {
    $action = $_GET['action'];
} else {
    $action = 'show add item';
// Add or update cart as needed
switch($action) {
    case 'add':
        add item($ POST['productkey'], $ POST['itemqty']);
        include('cart view.php');
       break:
```

# The index.php file (continued)

```
case 'update':
    $new qty list = $ POST['newqty'];
    foreach($new_qty_list as $key => $qty) {
        if ($ SESSION['cart12'][$key]['qty'] != $qty) {
            update item($key, $qty);
    include('cart view.php');
    break;
case 'show cart':
    include('cart view.php');
   break;
case 'show add item':
    include('add item view.php');
    break;
case 'empty cart':
    unset($ SE['cart12']);
    include('cart view.php');
    break;
```

# The cart.php file

```
<?php
// Add an item to the cart
function add_item($key, $quantity) {
    global $products;
    if ($quantity < 1) return;

    // If item already exists in cart, update quantity
    if (isset($_SESSION['cart12'][$key])) {
        $quantity += $_SESSION['cart12'][$key]['qty'];
        update_item($key, $quantity);
        return;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
// Get cart subtotal
function get_subtotal () {
    $subtotal = 0;
    foreach ($_SESSION['cart12'] as $item) {
        $subtotal += $item['total'];
    }
    $subtotal = number_format($subtotal, 2);
    return $subtotal;
}
```

# The add\_item\_view.php file

# The add\_item\_view.php file (continued)

```
<h1>Add Item</h1>
<form action="." method="post">
    <input type="hidden" name="action"</pre>
           value="add"/>
    <label>Name:</label>
    <select name="productkey">
    <?php foreach($products as $key => $product) :
        $cost = number format($product['cost'], 2);
        $name = $product['name'];
        $item = $name . ' ($' . $cost . ')';
    ?>
        <option value="<?php echo $key; ?>">
            <?php echo $item; ?>
        </option>
    <?php endforeach; ?>
    </select><br />
```

# The add\_item\_view.php file (continued)

```
<label>Quantity:</label>
                <select name="itemqty">
                <?php for($i = 1; $i <= 10; $i++) : ?>
                    <option value="<?php echo $i; ?>">
                        <?php echo $i; ?>
                    </option>
                <?php endfor; ?>
                </select><br />
                <label>&nbsp;</label>
                <input type="submit" value="Add Item"/>
            </form>
            <a href=".?action=show cart">
               View Cart</a>
        </div><!-- end main -->
   </div><!-- end page -->
</body>
</html>
```

# The cart\_view.php file

```
<?php foreach( $ SESSION['cart12']</pre>
       as $key => $item ) :
   $cost = number format($item['cost'], 2);
   $total = number format($item['total'], 2);
?>
   <?php echo $item['name']; ?>
       $<?php echo $cost; ?>
       <input type="text"</pre>
            class="cart qty"
            name=
              "newqty[<?php echo $key; ?>]"
            value=
              "<?php echo $item['qty']; ?>"/>
```

```
$<?php echo $total; ?>
       <?php endforeach; ?>
     <b>Subtotal</b>
     $<?php echo get subtotal(); ?>
     <input type="submit"</pre>
              value="Update Cart"/>
       Click "Update Cart" to update quantities.
    Enter a quantity of 0 to remove an item.
  </form>
<?php endif; ?>
```