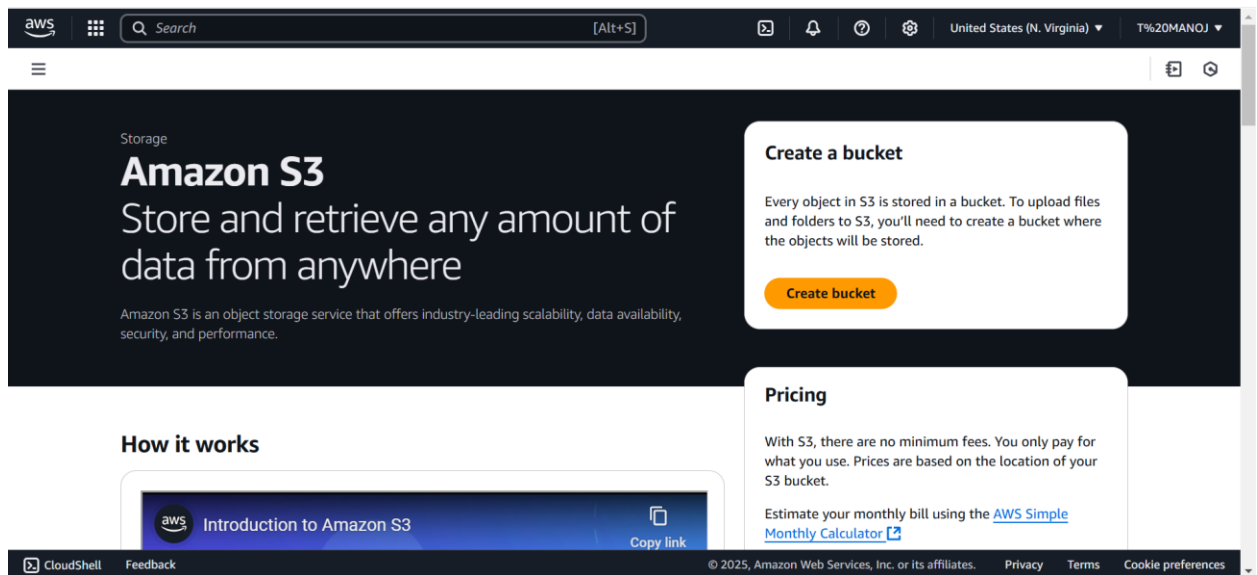


Deploying a static Website using Cloud Front with SSL Certificate

Step 1: Create S3 Buckets with WWW and NON-WWW

1. Go to AWS Console → S3 → Create bucket.



2. Create Public Bucket (www.manojconnects.space).
 - a. Bucket name: www.manojconnects.space.
 - b. Uncheck "Block all public access" (since this will be a public website).
 - c. Enable Static website hosting.
 - d. Set index document: `index.html`.
 - e. Click "Create bucket".

The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console for the bucket `www.manojconnects.space`. The **Properties** tab is selected, showing the bucket's overview, versioning status (disabled), and static website hosting configuration (enabled). The static website hosting section includes a note about public access requirements and a text input for the index document, which is currently set to `index.html`.

3. Create Private Bucket (manojconnects.space).
 - a. Bucket name: manojconnects.space.
 - b. Keep "Block all public access" enabled (default).
 - c. Enable Static website hosting.
 - d. Set redirect to <https://www.manojconnects.space>.
 - e. Click "Create bucket".

The screenshot shows the AWS console interface for the bucket 'manojconnects.space'. The top navigation bar includes the AWS logo, a search bar, and the region 'United States (N. Virginia)'. The breadcrumb trail is 'Amazon S3 > Buckets > manojconnects.space'. The 'Properties' tab is selected, displaying the 'Bucket overview' section with details: AWS Region (US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1), Amazon Resource Name (ARN) (arn:aws:s3:::manojconnects.space), and Creation date (February 14, 2025, 17:53:52 (UTC+05:30)). Below this, the 'Bucket Versioning' section shows it is 'Disabled' with an 'Edit' button. A 'Multi-factor authentication (MFA) delete' section provides information on securing bucket versions. The bottom part of the screenshot shows the 'Edit static website hosting' configuration. Under 'Static website hosting', 'Enable' is selected. For 'Hosting type', 'Redirect requests for an object' is chosen. The 'Host name' field contains 'www.manojconnects.space', and the 'Protocol' is set to 'http'. 'Cancel' and 'Save changes' buttons are at the bottom right.

Step 2: Configure Public Bucket Policy

1. Go to S3 → Buckets → www.manojconnects.space.
2. Permissions → Bucket Policy → Add Policy.
3. Use the following JSON policy:

json

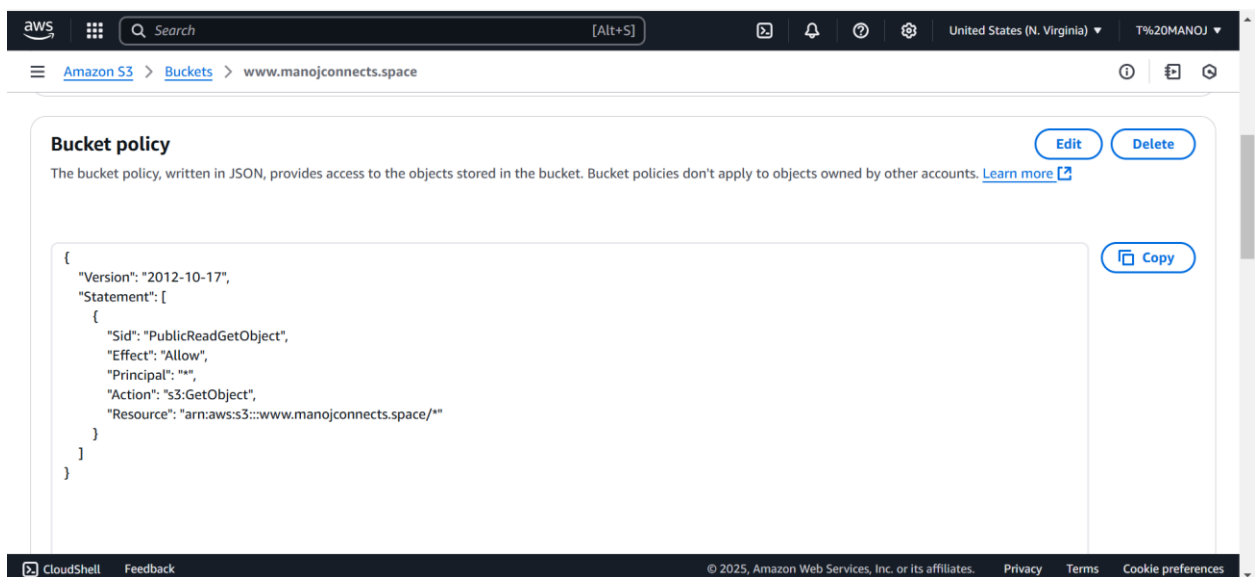
```
{  
  "Version": "2012-10-17",  
  "Statement": [  
    {
```

```

    "Effect": "Allow",
    "Principal": "*",
    "Action": "s3:GetObject",
    "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::www.manojconnects.space/*"
  }
]
}

```

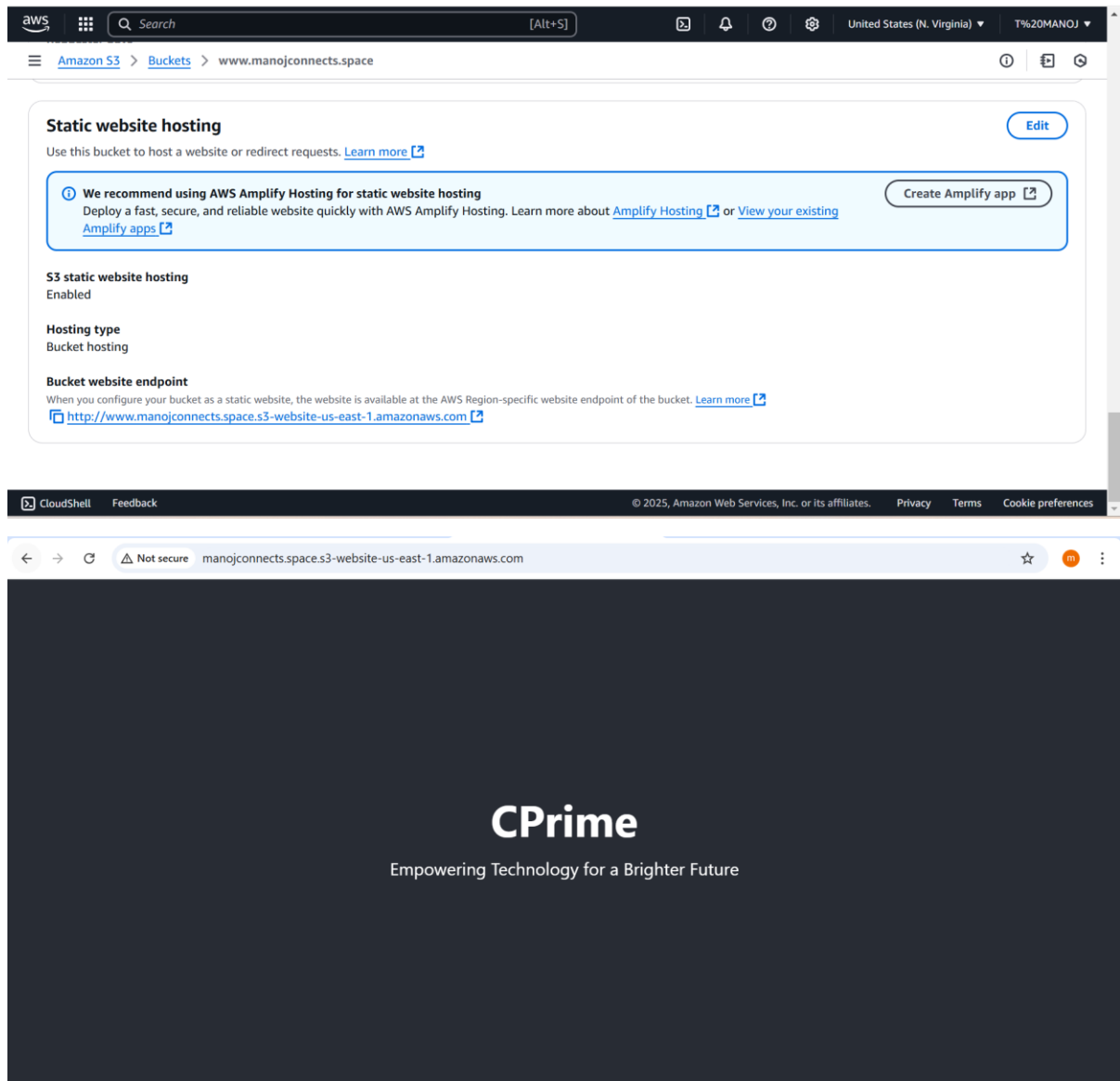
4. Save Changes.



Step 3: Upload Website Files

1. Go to S3 → Buckets → [www.manojconnects.space](#).
2. Click "Upload" → Select `index.html` and other files.

3. Click "Upload".



Step 4: Set Up Route 53 Hosted Zone

1. Go to AWS Console → Route 53 → Hosted zones.
2. Click "Create hosted zone".
 - a. Domain name: manojconnects.space.
 - b. Type: Public Hosted Zone.
3. Click "Create".

4. Copy Name Server (NS) records and update them in Hostinger Name Servers.

The screenshot shows the AWS Route 53 'Get started' page. The breadcrumb navigation is 'Route 53 > Get started'. The page title is 'Get started Info'. Under the heading 'Choose your starting point', there are six options, each with an icon and a brief description:

- Register a domain** (selected): Register the name, such as example.com, that your users use to access your application. Icon: A shield with '53' and a laptop.
- Transfer domain**: You can transfer domain names to Route 53 that you registered with another domain registrar. Icon: A shield with '53' and a document.
- Create hosted zones**: A hosted zone tells Route 53 how to respond to DNS queries for a domain such as example.com. Icon: A shield with '53' and a cloud.
- Configure health checks**: Health checks monitor your applications and web resources, and direct DNS queries to healthy resources. Icon: A shield with '53' and a heartbeat line.
- Configure traffic flow**: A visual tool that lets you easily create policies for multiple endpoints in complex configurations. Icon: A shield with '53' and a network diagram.
- Configure resolvers**: A regional service that lets you route DNS queries between your VPCs and your network. Icon: A shield with '53' and a server rack.

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The screenshot shows the AWS Route 53 'Create hosted zone' page. The breadcrumb navigation is 'Route 53 > Hosted zones > Create hosted zone'. The page title is 'Create hosted zone Info'. The section is 'Hosted zone configuration'. A description states: 'A hosted zone is a container that holds information about how you want to route traffic for a domain, such as example.com, and its subdomains.'

Domain name | Info
This is the name of the domain that you want to route traffic for.
Input field: `manojconnects.space`
Valid characters: a-z, 0-9, ! * # \$ % & ' () + , - . / : ; < = > ? @ [\] ^ _ ` { | } . ~

Description - optional | Info
This value lets you distinguish hosted zones that have the same name.
Input field: `The hosted zone is used for...`
The description can have up to 256 characters. 0/256

Type | Info
The type indicates whether you want to route traffic on the internet or in an Amazon VPC.
☒ **Public hosted zone** ☐ Private hosted zone

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The screenshot shows the AWS Route 53 console for the hosted zone 'manojconnects.space'. The breadcrumb navigation is 'Route 53 > Hosted zones > manojconnects.space'. A green notification banner at the top states: 'manojconnects.space was successfully created. Now you can create records in the hosted zone to specify how you want Route 53 to route traffic for your domain. modes go to settings.'

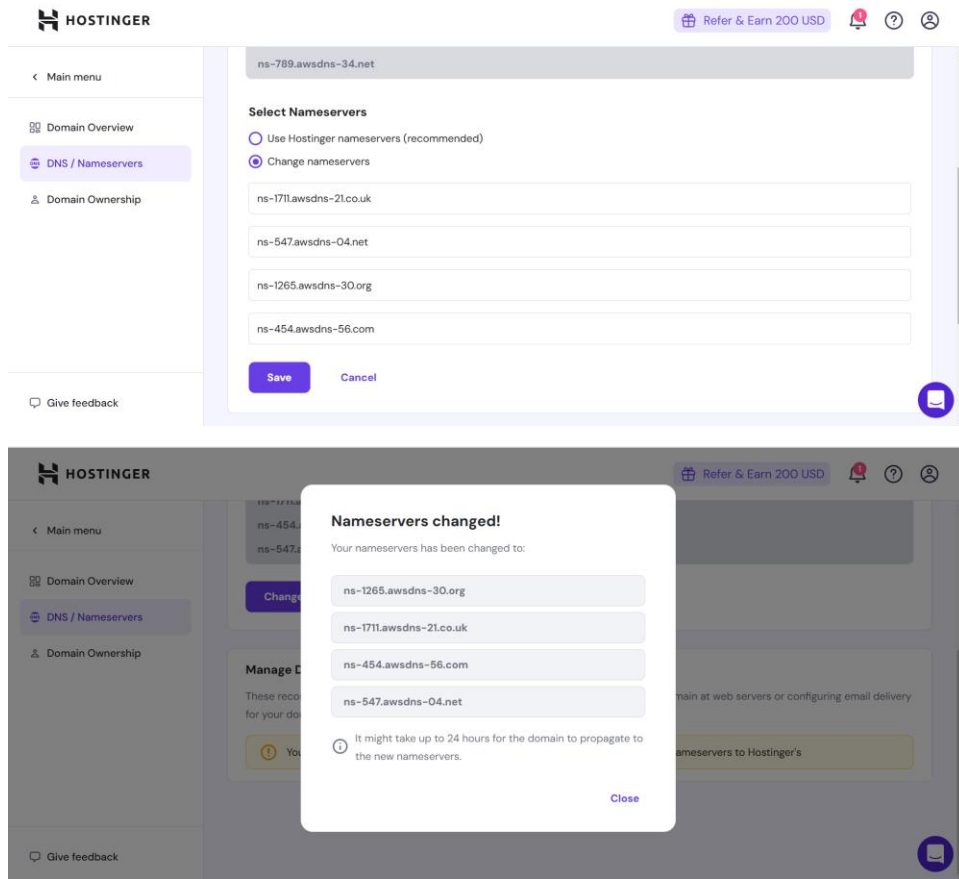
On the right, it says '0 records selected' and 'Select a record to see its details'.

On the left, there is a sidebar with navigation links: Dashboard, Hosted zones, Health checks, Profiles, IP-based routing, Traffic flow, Domains, and Resolver.

The main content area shows a table of records. The table has columns: Differ..., Alias, Value/Route traffic to, TTL (s...), and Health..

Differ...	Alias	Value/Route traffic to	TTL (s...)	Health..
-	No	ns-1711.awsdns-21.co.uk, ns-547.awsdns-04.net, ns-1265.awsdns-30.org, ns-454.awsdns-56.com.	172800	-
-	No	ns-1711.awsdns-21.co.uk. a...	900	-

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Step 5: Create Route 53 Records

1. Go to AWS Console → Route 53 → Hosted Zones → manojconnects.space.
2. Create record for www.manojconnects.space:
 - a. Name: www.
 - b. Type: A.
 - c. Select Alias → Choose CloudFront Distribution.
3. Click "Create".
4. Create record for manojconnects.space:
 - a. Name: manojconnects.space.
 - b. Type: A.
 - c. Select Alias → Choose CloudFront Distribution.
5. Click "Create".

us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/route53/v2/hostedzones?region=us-east-1#CreateRecordSet/Z011752131LKV37GF8Y3P?stepIndex=1&routingPolicy=SIMPLE

Route 53 > Hosted zones > manojconnects.space

Choose routing policy

Step 2

Configure records

Record type

Info

The DNS type of the record determines the format of the value that Route 53 returns in response to DNS queries.

A – Routes traffic to an IPv4 address and some AWS resources

Choose when routing traffic to AWS resources for EC2, API Gateway, Amazon VPC, CloudFront, Elastic Beanstalk, ELB, or S3. For example: 192.0.2.44.

Value/Route traffic to

Info

The option that you choose determines how Route 53 responds to DNS queries. For most options, you specify where you want to route internet traffic.

Alias to S3 website endpoint

US East (N. Virginia)

s3-website-us-east-1.amazonaws.com

Evaluate target health

Select Yes if you want Route 53 to use this record to respond to DNS queries only if the specified AWS resource is healthy.

No

Cancel

Define simple record

- Step 1
- Choose routing policy
- Step 2
- Configure records

Configure records

You can create multiple records at a time that have the same routing policy.

Simple routing records to add to manojconnects.space

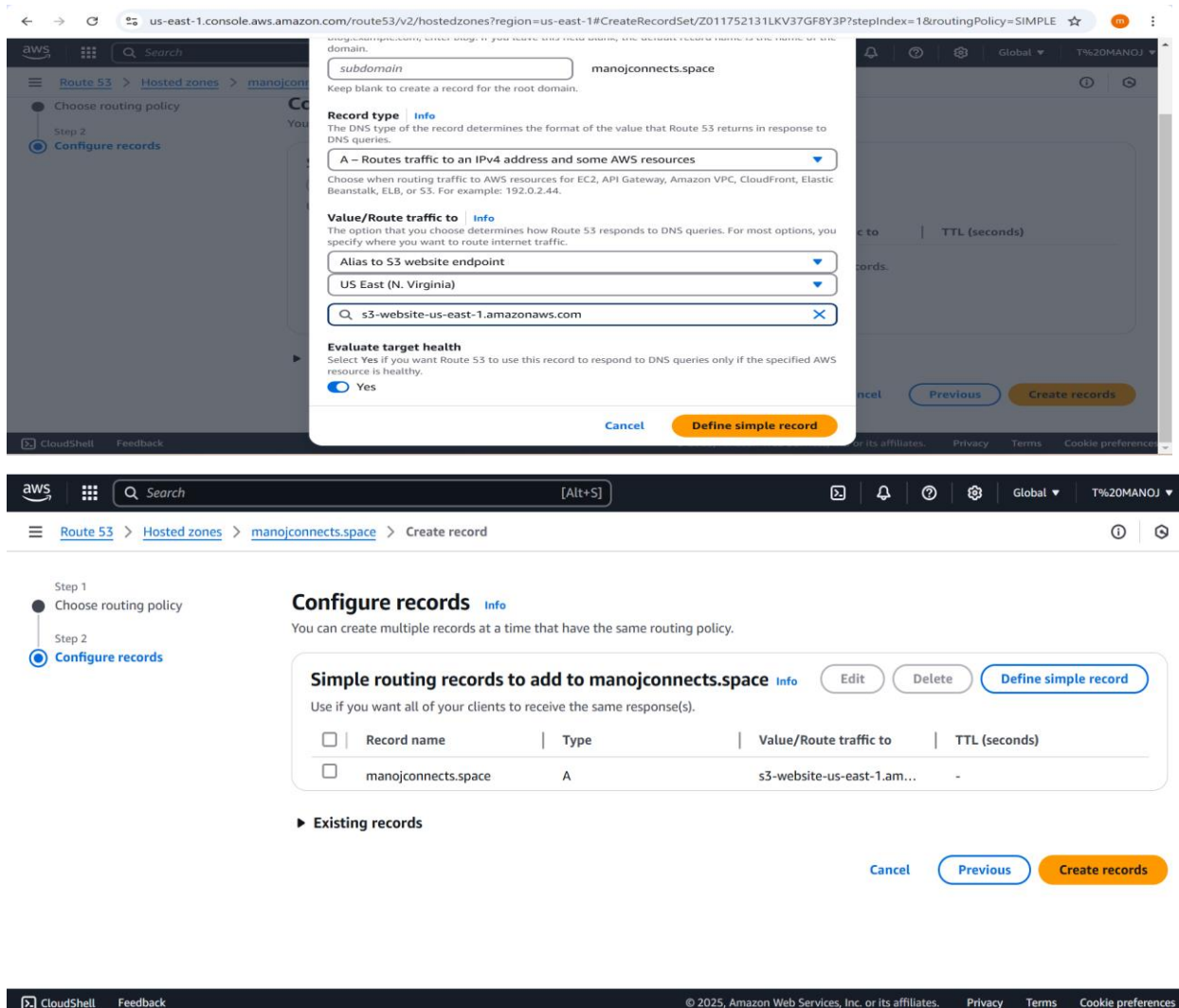
[Info](#)[Edit](#)[Delete](#)[Define simple record](#)

Use if you want all of your clients to receive the same response(s).

<input type="checkbox"/>	Record name	Type	Value/Route traffic to	TTL (seconds)
<input type="checkbox"/>	www.manojconnects.space	A	s3-website-us-east-1.am...	-

Existing records

[Cancel](#)[Previous](#)[Create records](#)



Step 6: Request SSL Certificate in ACM

1. Go to AWS Console → ACM (Certificate Manager).
2. Click "Request a Certificate" → Public Certificate.
3. Add domain names:
 - a. manojconnects.space
 - b. www.manojconnects.space
4. Choose DNS Validation.
5. Click "Request".
6. Validate Certificate:
 - a. Copy CNAME record from ACM.

- b. Go to Route 53 → Hosted Zone → manojconnects.space → Create record.
 - c. Paste CNAME record and save.
7. Wait for validation to complete.

The image shows two screenshots of the AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) console. The top screenshot is the main dashboard for ACM, titled 'AWS Certificate Manager (ACM)' under the 'Security, Identity, & Compliance' section. It features a large heading 'AWS Certificate Manager' with the subtext 'Easily provision, manage, deploy, and renew SSL/TLS certificates'. On the right, there's a 'New ACM managed certificate' section with two buttons: 'Request a certificate' (orange) and 'Import a certificate' (blue). The left sidebar lists options: 'List certificates', 'Request certificate', 'Import certificate', and 'AWS Private CA'. The bottom screenshot shows the 'Request certificate' page. It has a breadcrumb trail: 'AWS Certificate Manager > Certificates > Request certificate'. The main heading is 'Request certificate'. Under 'Certificate type', there are two options: 'Request a public certificate' (selected with a blue dot) and 'Request a private certificate' (unselected with a grey dot). A note states: 'Requesting a private certificate requires the creation of a private certificate authority (CA). To create a private CA, visit AWS Private Certificate Authority'. At the bottom right, there are 'Cancel' and 'Next' buttons.

Top Screenshot: AWS Certificate Manager Dashboard

Security, Identity, & Compliance

AWS Certificate Manager

Easily provision, manage, deploy, and renew SSL/TLS certificates

New ACM managed certificate

Request a public certificate from Amazon or a private certificate from your organization's certificate authority (CA).

[Request a certificate](#)

Import certificates that you obtained outside of AWS

[Import a certificate](#)

Bottom Screenshot: Request certificate page

Request certificate

Certificate type [Info](#)

ACM certificates can be used to establish secure communications access across the internet or within an internal network. Choose the type of certificate for ACM to provide.

- ☒ **Request a public certificate**
Request a public SSL/TLS certificate from Amazon. By default, public certificates are trusted by browsers and operating systems.
- ☐ **Request a private certificate**
No private CAs available for issuance.

Requesting a private certificate requires the creation of a private certificate authority (CA). To create a private CA, visit [AWS Private Certificate Authority](#)

[Cancel](#) [Next](#)

aws

Search

[Alt+S]

United States (N. Virginia)

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AWS Certificate Manager

Certificates

Request certificate

Request public certificate

Request public certificate

Domain names

Provide one or more domain names for your certificate.

Fully qualified domain name

Info

www.manojconnects.space

Remove

manojconnects.space

Remove

Add another name to this certificate

You can add additional names to this certificate. For example, if you're requesting a certificate for "www.example.com", you might want to add the name "example.com" so that customers can reach your site by either name.

Validation method

Info

Select a method for validating domain ownership.

DNS validation - recommended

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AWS Certificate Manager

Certificates

5982cda1-677a-49cb-b60f-6d54a4b52daf

AWS Certificate Manager (ACM)

List certificates

Request certificate

Import certificate

AWS Private CA

Certificate status

Identifier

5982cda1-677a-49cb-b60f-6d54a4b52daf

Status

Pending validation

Info

ARN

arn:aws:acm:us-east-1:491085415620:certificate/5982cda1-677a-49cb-b60f-6d54a4b52daf

Type

Amazon Issued

Domains (2)

Create records in Route 53

Export to CSV

1

Domain	Status	Renewal status	Type	CNAME
www.manojconnects.space	Pending validation	-	CNAME	_714a3d... ects.spa

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AWS Certificate Manager

Certificates

5982cda1-677a-49cb-b60f-6d54a4b52daf

Create DNS records in Amazon Route 53

Successfully requested certificate with ID 5982cda1-677a-49cb-b60f-6d54a4b52daf

A certificate request with a status of pending validation has been created. Further action is needed to complete the validation and approval of the certificate.

View certificate

Create DNS records in Amazon Route 53 (2/2)

Search domains

2 matches

Validation status = Pending validation

Validation status = Failed

Is domain in Route 53? = Yes

Clear filters

1

Domain	Validation status	Is domain in Route 53?
www.manojconnects.space	Pending validation	Yes
manojconnects.space	Pending validation	Yes

Cancel

Create records

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Route 53

Hosted zones

manojconnects.space

0 records selected

Select a record to see its details

Route 53

Dashboard

Hosted zones

Health checks

Profiles

IP-based routing

Traffic flow

Domains

Resolver

Record for manojconnects.space was successfully created.

Route 53 propagates your changes to all of the Route 53 authoritative DNS servers within 60 seconds. Use "View status" button to check propagation status.

View status

Record ...	Type	Routin...	Differ...	Alias	Valu
<input type="checkbox"/> manojcon...	A	Simple	-	Yes	s3-w
<input type="checkbox"/> manojcon...	NS	Simple	-	No	ns-1 ns-5 ns-1 ns-4
<input type="checkbox"/> manojcon...	SOA	Simple	-	No	ns-1
<input type="checkbox"/> _883d34b...	CNAME	Simple	-	No	_185
<input type="checkbox"/> www.man...	A	Simple	-	Yes	s3-w
<input type="checkbox"/> _714a3db...	CNAME	Simple	-	No	_bbC

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Search

[Alt+S]

Route 53

Hosted zones

manojconnects.space

0 records selected

Select a record to see its details

Route 53

Dashboard

Hosted zones

Health checks

Profiles

IP-based routing

Traffic flow

Domains

Resolver

Record for manojconnects.space was successfully created.

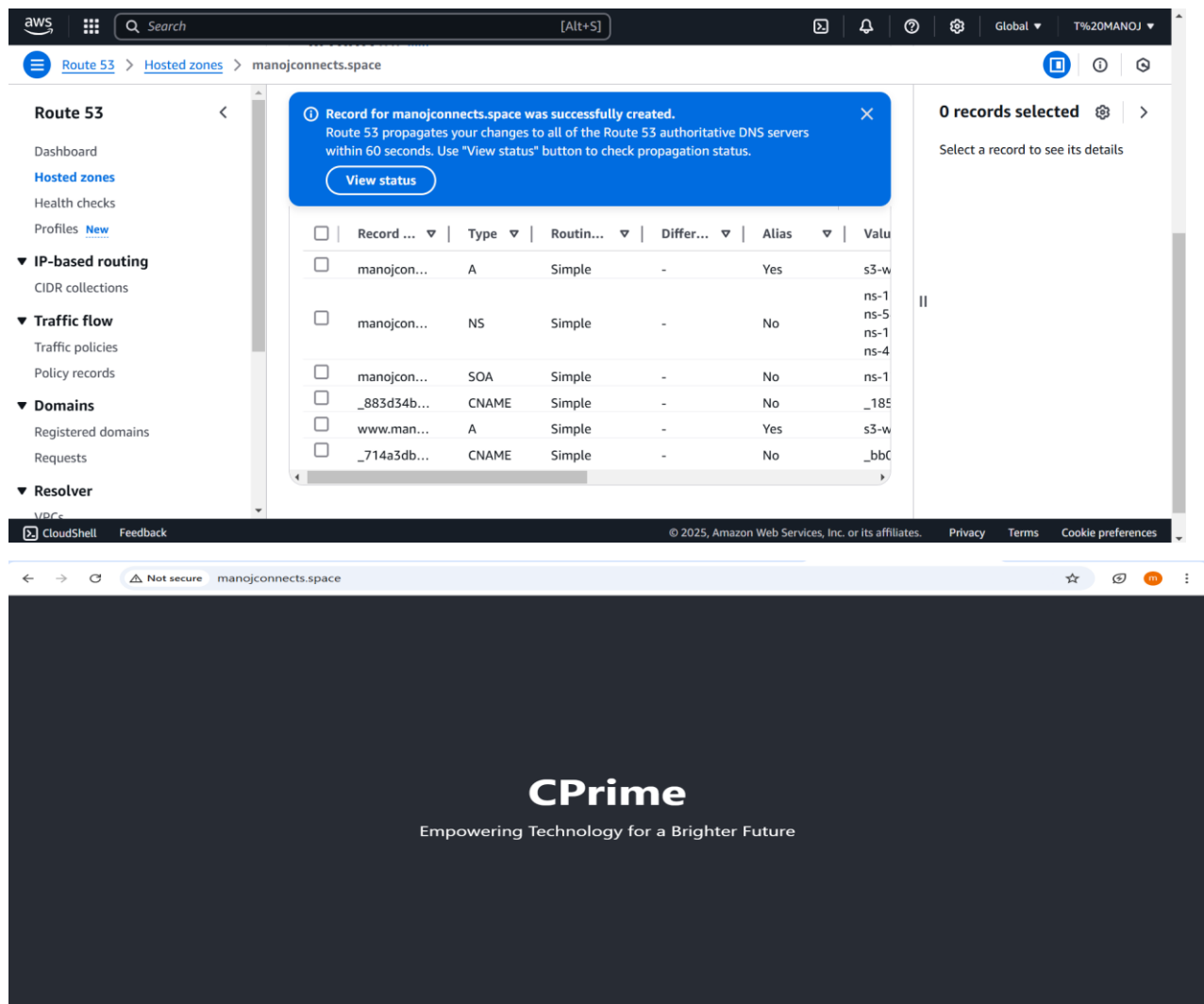
Route 53 propagates your changes to all of the Route 53 authoritative DNS servers within 60 seconds. Use "View status" button to check propagation status.

View status

Record ...	Type	Routin...	Differ...	Alias	Valu
<input type="checkbox"/> manojcon...	A	Simple	-	Yes	s3-w
<input type="checkbox"/> manojcon...	NS	Simple	-	No	ns-1 ns-5 ns-1 ns-4
<input type="checkbox"/> manojcon...	SOA	Simple	-	No	ns-1
<input type="checkbox"/> _883d34b...	CNAME	Simple	-	No	_185
<input type="checkbox"/> www.man...	A	Simple	-	Yes	s3-w
<input type="checkbox"/> _714a3db...	CNAME	Simple	-	No	_bbC

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Step 7: Create CloudFront Distributions

1. For www.manojconnects.space:
 - a. Go to AWS Console → CloudFront → Create Distribution.
 - b. Origin Settings:
 - i. Origin domain: www.manojconnects.space.s3-website-us-east-1.amazonaws.com.
 - ii. Protocol: HTTP only.
 - c. Default Behavior:
 - i. Viewer Protocol Policy: Redirect HTTP to HTTPS.

- ii. Allowed HTTP Methods: GET, HEAD.
 - d. Add SSL Certificate:
 - i. Choose Custom SSL Certificate.
 - ii. Select the certificate created in ACM.
 - e. Click "Create Distribution".
- 2. For manojconnects.space (Redirect to www):
 - a. Go to AWS Console → CloudFront → Create Distribution.
 - b. Origin Settings:
 - i. Origin domain: manojconnects.space.s3-website-us-east-1.amazonaws.com.
 - ii. Protocol: HTTP only.
 - c. Default Behavior:
 - i. Viewer Protocol Policy: Redirect HTTP to HTTPS.
 - ii. Allowed HTTP Methods: GET, HEAD.
 - d. Add SSL Certificate:
 - i. Choose Custom SSL Certificate.
 - ii. Select the certificate created in ACM.
 - e. Click "Create Distribution".

aws

Search

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Global

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Networking & Content Delivery

Amazon CloudFront

Securely deliver content with low latency and high transfer speeds

Amazon CloudFront is a fast content delivery network (CDN) service that securely delivers data, videos, applications, and APIs to customers globally with low latency and high transfer speeds.

Get started with CloudFront

Enable accelerated, reliable and secure content delivery for Amazon S3 buckets, Application Load Balancers, Amazon API Gateway APIs, and more in 5 minutes or less.

Create a CloudFront distribution

Benefits and features

Reduce latency

Improve security

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CloudFront > Distributions > Create

Create distribution

Origin

Origin domain
Choose an AWS origin, or enter your origin's domain name. [Learn more](#)

www.manojconnects.space.s3-website-us-east-1.amazonaws.com

Enter a valid DNS domain name, such as an S3 bucket, HTTP server, or VPC origin ID.

Protocol [Info](#)

☒ HTTP only
☐ HTTPS only
☐ Match viewer

HTTP port
Enter your origin's HTTP port. The default is port 80.

80

Origin path - optional

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CloudFront > Distributions > Create

Viewer protocol policy

☐ HTTP and HTTPS
☒ Redirect HTTP to HTTPS
☐ HTTPS only

Allowed HTTP methods

☒ GET, HEAD
☐ GET, HEAD, OPTIONS
☐ GET, HEAD, OPTIONS, PUT, POST, PATCH, DELETE

Restrict viewer access
If you restrict viewer access, viewers must use CloudFront signed URLs or signed cookies to access your content.

☒ No
☐ Yes

Cache key and origin requests
We recommend using a cache policy and origin request policy to control the cache key and origin requests.

☒ Cache policy and origin request policy (recommended)
☐ Legacy cache settings

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CloudFront > Distributions > Create

www.manojconnects.space

Remove

Add item

To add a list of alternative domain names, use the [bulk editor](#).

Custom SSL certificate - optional

Associate a certificate from AWS Certificate Manager. The certificate must be in the US East (N. Virginia) Region (us-east-1).

www.manojconnects.space (5982cda1-677a-49cb-b60f-6d54a4b52daf)

www.manojconnects.space Request certificate

Legacy clients support - \$600/month prorated charge applies. Most customers do not need this.

CloudFront allocates dedicated IP addresses at each CloudFront edge location to serve your content over HTTPS.

Enabled

Security policy

The security policy determines the SSL or TLS protocol and the specific ciphers that CloudFront uses for HTTPS connections with viewers (clients).

TLSv1.2_2021 (recommended)

TLSv1.2_2019

TLSv1.2_2018

TLSv1.1_2016

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CloudFront > Distributions > E2QJ6E9MPEQS7

Introducing the CloudFront Security Dashboard

The new security tab is a unified place to configure, manage, and monitor security for your CloudFront distribution. The built-in dashboard gives you visibility into top security trends, allowed and blocked traffic, as well as visibility and controls for bots. CloudFront geographic restrictions are now part of the security dashboard.

Successfully created new distribution.

To get in-depth monitoring information for your distribution's internet traffic, [create an Internet Monitor](#).

Do you have 30 seconds to share your experience? [Help us improve CloudFront.](#)

Details

Distribution domain name

d28xscedul3vwn.cloudfront.net

ARN

arn:aws:cloudfront::491085415620:distribution/E2QJ6E9MPEQS7

Last modified

Deploying

Settings

Edit

Description

Alternate domain names

Standard logging

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CloudFront > Distributions > Create

Create distribution

Origin

Origin domain

Choose an AWS origin, or enter your origin's domain name. [Learn more](#)

manojconnects.space.s3-website-us-east-1.amazonaws.com

Protocol

Info

HTTP only

HTTPS only

Match viewer

HTTP port

Enter your origin's HTTP port. The default is port 80.

80

Origin path - optional

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The screenshot shows the AWS CloudFront console. The top section is the 'Create' distribution page. It has two radio buttons for 'Use only North America and Europe' and 'Use North America, Europe, Asia, Middle East, and Africa'. Below this is the 'Alternate domain name (CNAME) - optional' section, which includes a text input field with 'manojconnects.space' and a 'Remove' button. There is an 'Add Item' button and a note: 'To add a list of alternative domain names, use the bulk editor.' The 'Custom SSL certificate - optional' section shows a dropdown menu with 'www.manojconnects.space (5982cda1-677a-49cb-b60f-6d54a4b52daf)' and a 'Request certificate' link. The 'Legacy clients support' section has a checkbox for 'Enabled'. The 'Security policy' section has a note about the security policy determining the SSL or TLS protocol.

The bottom section is the 'Distributions (2)' list. It has a search bar and a table with columns: ID, Description, Type, Domain name, Alternate d..., Origins, Status, and Last modified. There are two distributions listed:

ID	Description	Type	Domain name	Alternate d...	Origins	Status	Last modified
E3LEOQ110VWCGX	-	Production	d1fp59ivnrf1...	manojconnects.spai	manojconnects.spai	Enabled	February 14, ...
E2QJ6E9MPEQXS7	-	Production	d28xscedul3v...	www.manojconnect	www.manojconnect	Enabled	February 14, ...

Step 8: Update Route 53 for CloudFront

1. Go to AWS Console → Route 53 → Hosted Zone → manojconnects.space.
2. Edit www.manojconnects.space record:
 - a. Select Alias → CloudFront Distribution (for www).
3. Edit manojconnects.space record:
 - a. Select Alias → CloudFront Distribution (for root domain).
4. Click "Save Changes".

The image shows two screenshots of the AWS management console. The top screenshot is from the Route 53 console, specifically the 'Hosted zones' page for the zone 'manojconnects.space'. It displays a table of DNS records, including an A record for 'manojcon...' pointing to 'd1f...'. The bottom screenshot is from the CloudFront console, showing a list of distributions. Two distributions are listed, both in 'Production' status and 'Enabled' state, with origins pointing to 'manojconnects.space'.

Route 53 Hosted zones: manojconnects.space

Record ...	Type	Routin...	Differ...	Alias	Val
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> manojcon...	A	Simple	-	Yes	d1f...
<input type="checkbox"/> manojcon...	NS	Simple	-	No	ns-...
<input type="checkbox"/> manojcon...	SOA	Simple	-	No	ns-...
<input type="checkbox"/> _883d34b...	CNAME	Simple	-	No	_18...
<input type="checkbox"/> www.man...	A	Simple	-	Yes	s3-...
<input type="checkbox"/> _714a3db...	CNAME	Simple	-	No	_bb...

CloudFront Distributions (2)

ID	Description	Type	Domain na...	Alternate d...	Origins	Status	Last modified
E3LEOQ110VWCGX	-	Production	d1fp59ivnrf1...	manojconnects.spa...	manojconnects.spa...	Enabled	February 14, ...
E2QJ6E9MPEQXS7	-	Production	d28xscedul3v...	www.manojconnect	www.manojconnect	Enabled	February 14, ...

Step 9: Test & Verify

1. Open www.manojconnects.space in a browser → The website should load.
2. Open manojconnects.space → It should redirect to www.manojconnects.space.
3. Test HTTPS connection → It should be secure.

